"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair, warmer to-day; cloudy, warmer Thursday; southerly winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,002. * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

FISK & ROBINSON, BOND HOUSE, FAIL

Big Wall Street Firm Admits Insolvency, with $7,000,000 Assets.

LIABILITIES ARE AS MUCH

Financing of Buffalo & Susquehanna Caused the Failure—Firm Bought $17,000,000 Panama Bonds.

Fisk & Robinson, one of the best-known bond houses in Wall Street, dealing in United States bonds, New York City and other municipal bonds, and prominently connected with the financing of several railroad undertakings, admitted yesterday their inability to meet their obligations, and after the close of banking hours a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the firm in the United States District Court. Bronson Winthrop was appointed receiver by Judge Hand, and immediately took the firm's affairs in charge. A statement issued through Philbin, Beekman, Menken & Griscom, counsel to the receiver, placed the liabilities of the firm at a little less than $7,000,000, with estimated assets slightly in excess of that sum. The assets include, however, several large blocks of securities not readily salable. These were the cause of the failure.

Among the railroad enterprises which Fisk & Robinson had undertaken to finance was the Buffalo & Susquehanna. Large amounts of the securities of this road were taken by them, and in turn have pledged for loans from a number of banks here and in other cities.

These securities have depreciated in value, the road proving less profitable than had been anticipated, and many banks from which Fisk & Robinson had borrowed money called for additional security until finally the firm concluded that, for the protection of its creditors, it was best to be placed in bankruptcy. The petition filed against the firm, while in form technically a petition in involuntary bankruptcy, had the full approval of the members of the firm. The petitioners were Henry Clark of 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, John H. Thompson of 400 West 118th Street, and Joseph Stanley-Brown, office manager of the firm. The aggregate claims of these creditors were $1,929. The principal creditors besides those who have money deposited with the firm are banks from which loans were obtained. The character and extent of the firm's assets and liabilities were indicated in this statement issued last night by Receiver Winthrop:

The Receiver's Statement.

ASSETS.	
Cash	$61,915
Loans receivable	2,122,358
Securities	4,428,444
Accounts receivable	225,250
Furniture and fixtures	10,000
Total	$6,847,968
LIABILITIES.	
Loans payable	$5,276,570
Deposits	1,212,349
Accounts payable	246,405
Balance excess of assets	112,644
Total	$6,847,968

In explanation of conditions Mr. Winthrop says:

"It has been impossible as yet to ascertain the exact amount of secured and unsecured obligations of the firm, but it is estimated that the secured obligations will amount to about $5,000,000 and the unsecured debts to over $1,000,000.

"The cause of the failure is attributed by the members of the firm to the shrinkage in market value of the 4½ per cent. bonds of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Company and the preferred stock of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad Company, of which the firm was carrying a large amount. These securities were all in loans, and as the market value diminished the lenders holding these securities as collateral have from time to time required additional collateral.

"There are other securities owned by the firm which have not as yet a general market and could not be realized on in time to meet the demands for additional margin on the secured loans and the demands of unsecured creditors. It is hoped that the creditors of the firm whose claims are secured by the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway bonds and Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad stock will withhold sale of the same until a plan can be devised to conserve the value of these securities. If the Buffalo & Susquehanna securities are thrown on the market both the creditors who hold them as security and the estate will be greatly damaged."

Included in the firm's security holdings are about $1,250,000 of Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway bonds and about $800,000 of the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad 4 per cent. preferred stock. The relations between this railroad and Fisk & Robinson were further weakened as a result of the death, two years ago, of F. H. Goodyear, who left an estate of about $10,000,000, and who was said to have been the Buffalo & Susquehanna's chief financial backer. The Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway extends from Buffalo to a connection with the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railroad. The "railway" was built as an extension of the "railroad," and it was the financing of this extension which taxed the resources of the firm beyond their strength. The railway has $6,000,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds and $10,000,000 of stock outstanding, and the railroad $9,510,000 of bonds and $4,000,000 of preferred stock, upon which 4 per cent. dividends have been paid, the last payment having been made in December. The preferred stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, where yesterday is was offered at 70, compared with offers on Saturday at 90. The bonds are not listed.

The firm of Fisk & Robinson was formed March 23, 1899. Harvey E. Fisk is a son of the late Harvey Fisk, founder of the banking house of Harvey Fisk & Sons, and is a brother of Pliny Fisk, present head of the house of Harvey Fisk & Sons. Harvey E. Fisk was a partner in this firm until he withdrew in 1899 and formed the firm which has just failed. The only other partner in the firm is George H. Robinson, who is the Stock Exchange member. Mr. Robinson was brought up with Harvey Fisk & Sons. There is no financial connection between the two firms, and their operations in the bond market have been carried on entirely independent of each other.

Fisk & Robinson purchased nearly all of the Panama Canal 2 per cent. bonds sold by Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw in July, 1906. The bankers were awarded about $17,000,000 out of the total issue of $30,000,000, and later acquired about $10,000,000 more of the bonds from other successful bidders, including Samuel Byerley, then a clerk of the American Express Company, who was allotted $5,800,000 of the bonds.

Undertakings which the firm financed

Continued on Page 2.

Give office employees good air—get better work. See "Ventilation," page 2—Adv.

MAZARIN FAINTS AT ELEKTRA.

Swoons Before the Curtain at Close as Big Audience Shouts Approval.

A sensational incident occurred at the finish of the first performance of "Elektra" at the Manhattan Opera House last night when the huge audience present stood and called out its approval in the loudest bravos. First, Mme. Mazain, Mme. Baron, and Mr. Hubereau came before the curtain. Next the entire company was dragged out, and to these were added Mr. de la Fuente and Mr. Coini, the stage manager. Mr. Hammerstein followed in the next group. As the principals lined up in front of the red velvet curtain for the fourth time, without warning Mme Mazarin fell in a faint. She was standing next to Mr. Huberdeau and he caught her and she was dragged back off the stage. An instant hush fell over the house, which a moment before had been in an uproar.

Dr. Rice, who was on the stage, was immediately with the singer in her dressing room and she recovered in a short time. In the meantime, however, the audience stood and waited for nearly ten minutes, until the reassurance spread through the house that the singer had recovered. She was unable, however, to come before the curtain again.

One of the first to visit her in her dressing room after her recovery was Mrs. Patrick Campbell, who, it will be remembered, acted the title part when Von Hofmannsthal's drama was done in English in New York.

"It is a most extraordinary performance that Mme. Mazarin gives," she said. "I do not know when I have been so moved. The play without the music is tearing on one's nerves, and with the singing it must be tremendous. How Mme. Mazarin has been able to go through with daily rehearsals and give a performance like this to-night I can't think."

Then Mrs. Campbell wanted to meet Mr. Hammerstein, and she shook his hand warmly.

LOUISE TO DEFEND FORTUNE.

Belgian Princess Will Fight Attempt to Impose a Guardianship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Now that Princess Louise of Belgium, who has been living quietly in the Avenue du Bois de Boulogne since shortly after the death of her father, King Leopold II., is paying her debts, amounting, as is well known, to many millions, a movement is threatened to place her newly inherited property in the hands of a judicial committee. Duke Ernest Gonthier of Schleswig-Holstein, her son-in-law, has made the demand.

In an interview the Princess says he is less qualified than any one else to question her ability to manage her own affairs, since he is so deeply in debt himself that he has been obliged to put the badges of the princely orders to which he belongs in pawn.

"I can well understand," says the Princess, "that he should wish to get my fortune into his possession under the mere obligation of paying me a modest annuity, but let him beware! I shall be able to defend myself. If either of us requires a guardian, I can assure you it is not I."

PEARY MAY GET HIGH RANK.

Congress to be Asked to Reward Him—May Be Made Rear Admiral.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—A movement is afoot in the House of Representatives, among the members of the Maine delegation, to give Congressional recognition to Commander Robert E. Peary in consideration of his discovery of the north pole. A meeting of the delegation is to be held some time this week at which will be discussed the question of the form of official testimonial to be given to the explorer.

In speaking of the movement to-day, Mr. Allen called attention to the fact that Mr. Peary made a sacrifice in his efforts which was greater than the mere physical discomforts incident to life in the far north; that he has given to a solitary form of endeavor the best years of his life, and that in so remaining away from his regular duty in the navy he has been passed in grade by officers in the service who formerly were his juniors.

It is likely that after the matter has been talked over at the meeting one of the members of the delegation from Mr. Peary's home State will introduce a resolution providing that the rank of Rear Admiral be conferred upon the explorer.

The orders assigning Mr. Peary to regular duty in the navy have not yet been issued, and undoubtedly will not be until Mr. Peary has returned to Washington and called upon the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Rear Admiral Hollyday. Mr. Peary, it is said, had made arrangements to go to Europe in April and remain there until June. On that account there is a possibility that he will obtain leave of absence for six months.

DOCTOR'S AUTO KILLS A BOY.

On His Way to a Candy Shop When Run Down.

Edward A. Merwin, the 8-year-old son of Thomas F. Merwin, an engineer in the Forest Park pumping station, Queens, was promoted in school yesterday and he ran home to his mother at 99 First Street, Union Course, to tell her of his good luck. The mother was delighted and gave the youngster some pennies.

He ran out to buy candy and started across Jamaica Avenue at Shaw Avenue. An automobile in which was Dr. John Reb of 328 Jay Street, Brooklyn, and his chauffeur, Clarence La Porte of 272 Gold Street, was coming down the avenue. The chauffeur sounded a warning on his horn and slowed up. The boy saw the car and stepped back on to the sidewalk.

Seeing the car slow down the lad started again across the street, this time just as the chauffeur put on power again. Once more La Porte applied his brakes, but the wheels of his car skidded on the icy pavement and two of them passed over the boy's head, fracturing his skull.

His 10-year-old brother saw the accident and ran to the pumping station to tell his father. The terrified father reached a small stationery store into which Edward had been carried just as the boy died. Coroner Schafer, who came along, allowed the father to carry the small body home, and he did so, weeping. The mother was heartbroken.

9:25 P. M. DAILY—MEMPHIS SPECIAL Via Southern Railway. Drawing-room sleeping, observation and dining cars. Connect to Memphis and the West. N. Y. Office, 1200 Broadway.—Adv.

DEMOCRAT ELECTED BY HEAVY MAJORITY

De Armond's Old District in Missouri Carried by 3,783—Anti-Cannon Vote Figures.

A SCARE FOR REPUBLICANS

Washington Fears That the Result Portends Disaster in the Coming Congressional Elections.

Special to The New York Times.

CLINTON, Mo., Feb. 1.—Ex-State Senator Clement C. Dickinson of Clinton was to-day elected as the successor of the late Congressman David A. De Armond by a majority of 3,783 over Phil S. Griffith of Greenfield, his Republican opponent. The Democratic majority is the largest ever received in the Sixth District, and is believed by Democratic leaders to portend victory at the next general election.

Although Mr. De Armond was a National figure, he was re-elected in 1908 by a plurality of only 1,893, with four candidates in the field. Only two candidates were in the field at to-day's election.

The election of Dickinson is taken as a direct slap at Speaker Cannon, who was especially interested in the choice of Griffith as a candidate. The campaign was made on National issues and by National leaders. Cannonism played an important part in the race, and it is by the vote of hundreds of anti-Cannon Republicans that the Democratic candidate piled up such a majority.

Gov. Hadley and Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel stumped the district for Griffith, while ex-Govs. D. R. Francis and J. W. Folk, United States Senator W. J. Stone, Congressman Champ Clark, and J. A. Reed of Kansas City were among the prominent Democrats who took part in the campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—News here that Clement C. Dickinson, Democrat, has been elected to succeed Mr. De Armond, Democrat, in the House as Representatives from Missouri by a majority of 3,700 is causing much alarm among Republicans. It is recalled that Mr. De Armond, who was a man of National reputation, carried his district by small majorities, varying from 83 to about 2,000, while his successor, though not particularly well known, after a year of the present Administration, has practically doubled that majority.

These figures are taken to mean that at the next election Missouri will drop back solidly into the Democratic column. How far this will apply to other doubtful States is not known, but the news from Missouri has brought sadness to many Republicans to-night. No one will discuss the Missouri election for quotation, but it is felt that the course of the tariff fight combined with the continuance of Mr. Cannon in unchecked control of the powers of the Speakership will explain the slump away from the Republican standard.

DULUTH IS DEMOCRATIC.

Republican Mayor in Minnesota Ousted by a Plurality of 791.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 1.—Dr. Marcus B. Cullo, Democratic candidate for Mayor, to-day defeated the present incumbent, R. D. Haven, Republican, by a majority of 791.

Eight Aldermen were elected, of whom five are Democrats, two Republicans, and one independent. This makes the City Council Democratic by 11 to 4.

AUTO HITS A BOY; SPEEDS ON.

Injured Lad Didn't Want to Go to the Hospital.

Thirteen-year-old Joseph Clayman, while playing in front of 1,662 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, last evening, was run over by an automobile, the occupants of which evidently did not see the youngster. The boy was left lying in the roadway with a broken right ankle while the auto continued northward.

Young Clayman's home is at 1,659 Bathgate Avenue, and his mother was notified at the same time that Patrolman O'Rourke called an ambulance from Fordham Hospital. When Dr. Hoy arrived the boy objected to being removed to the institution, but when Mrs. Clayman arrived she persuaded him to go.

Louis Schankman of 1,519 Washington Avenue, driver of a soda water wagon, saw the accident, and told the police the number of the automobile. The register showed it to be that of a machine owned by Dr. I. C. Barnhart of 218 Arlington Avenue, Brooklyn.

The Bronx Detective Bureau communicated with the Liberty Avenue Station in Brooklyn and a detective went to see Dr. Barnhart. He said he had owned an automobile, but had sold it some time ago, turning over the license to the purchaser, whose name he could not remember.

The number of the car now owned by Dr. Barnhart is not the same as that given by Schankman.

SNUBS SENATOR TILLMAN.

Senate of South Carolina Refuses to Invite Him to Speak.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 1.—It has been a time-honored custom for the Legislature to invite Senator Tillman to make a speech whenever he is in Columbia during sessions. To-day the House passed a joint resolution to this effect, but the Senate refused to concur. The House then invited the Senator to address it. At the hour appointed there were twenty persons in the gallery and about forty on the floor. Senator Tillman caused an announcement to be made that he could not speak on account of "recent occurrences."

Senator Tillman, since the State dispensary law, his pet measure, was repealed on account of corruption revealed by the Lyon investigation, has favored prohibition. The Senate to-night by a decisive vote, killed a State-wide prohibition bill.

Insure your family's health by ventilating your home. See adv., page 2.—Adv.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

SURPRISE IN SENATE AS PURCELL APPEARS

New Senator from North Dakota, Unheralded, Presents His Credentials and Is Sworn In.

THOMPSON OUT, DISAPPEARS

Ambition of Gov. Burke for Judicial Seat Leads to Appointment of a Strong Democrat from His State.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—To the surprise of the Senate, the resignation of Fountain L. Thompson, lately appointed Senator from North Dakota, was announced this morning, and immediately an unnoticed man rose and, through the mouth of Senator McCumber from that State, demanded admittance to the Senate as Mr. Thompson's successor. He had with him his credentials in due form, though nothing had been heard of his appointment. In spite of Senator Burrows's protest at the unusual proceeding, he was at once sworn in. The new Senator is W. E. Purcell of Wappeton, N. D.

Persons familiar with the proceedings in the Senate say that they do not remember a similar instance in the history of the body. Back of it all is the story of State politics in North Dakota and Gov. Burke's ambitions for the future, though the only reason assigned for Mr. Thompson's resignation is ill-health. As a matter of fact, Mr. Thompson has been in poor health for years, but the details of this particular breakdown were all arranged when Gov. Burke visited Washington a short time ago to attend the meeting of the House of Governors.

Senator Thompson was not in his seat when his resignation was announced to the Senate by the minority leader, Mr. Money of Mississippi. Having left word that he was suffering from attacks of hemorrhages, he left Washington Saturday for San Antonio, Texas, where it is expected he will remain for some time. His successor arrived quietly in Washington last evening, but except for Mr. Money and a few of his friends nobody was prepared for the sudden shift of Senators.

Mr. Thompson was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Martin N. Johnson, and he took his seat when Congress convened on Dec. 6. The appointment of Mr. Thompson caused a storm of protest from politicians all over North Dakota. Gov. Burke is a Democrat, and so was Mr. Thompson, but Mr. Thompson was unknown politically in the State, and was entirely without following. It is said in some quarters that Gov. Burke made the appointment for that reason, wishing to remain the only prominent Democrat in public life from North Dakota. However that may be, the appointment proved a political failure and the Governor's friends told him that something must be done to relieve the situation. Gov. Burke is said to be looking forward to a fight for re-election with an ultimate view to the Supreme Court bench of his State. Mr. Purcell is described as one of the most prominent Democrats in the State, and it looked as if he and all his following would oppose the Governor. Mr. Purcell has practiced law in Wappeton since 1881, and has for a number of years been a member of the State Senate.

The appointment of Mr. Purcell was accordingly decided on. The Governor came to Washington and a definite understanding, it is said, was reached concerning Thompson's retirement.

Those who know about North Dakota politics say that it is still uncertain that Mr. Purcell and his strong faction have been placated, though his acceptance of the appointment seems to indicate it. The only objection made to his assuming office to-day was raised by Mr. Burrows on the ground that his credentials were addressed not to the Senate, as is customary, but to Mr. Purcell personally. Mr. Burrows is Chairman of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and he withdrew his objections on request of Senator Money.

SAVED ONLY TO DIE IN FIRE.

Barge Captain Perished in Flames After He Was Rescued from Drowning

Capt. Owen Ward of the coal barge Ada, moored at the foot of West Forty-ninth Street, was saved from death by drowning yesterday afternoon, only to lose his life in a fire that gutted the cabin of his barge at midnight.

While walking on the deck of the barge yesterday afternoon Capt. Ward, who is 65 years old, tripped over a line and went head first into the icy waters of the North River. He yelled for help, and Charles Kena of 347 Fiftieth Street got a line around the Captain's shoulders and drew him to the dock.

Dr. Jillson of Flower Hospital worked over Ward for half an hour to rally him. Ward was then carried to his bunk in the cabin.

At 11:30 last night Thomas Palmer, Captain of the coal barge Edmund, moored at the same dock, saw flames bursting from the cabin of the Ada and turned in an alarm.

The fire had gained so much headway that he could not enter the cabin. When the firemen arrived they also made several attempts to get through the smoke and flame, but without success. When the fire was out they found Ward's body lying in his bunk burned to a crisp.

It is supposed that the cabin was set on fire by the overturning of an oil stove.

The Ada is owned by M. & J. Tracy of 1 Broadway.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived: Steamship Vaderland, Antwerp Jan. 22; steamship Stavangeren, Havana Jan. 26.

Fresh air admitted; foul air removed, office or home. See "Ventilation," page 2.—Adv.

MYSTIFYING THEFTS AT THE BUCKINGHAM

Valuables Strangely Disappear and the Managers Think a Woman Is the Thief.

$100 STOLEN AT GOTHAM

Fashionably Attired Woman Took a Purse, Returning It Empty with a Scented Note.

A series of strange thefts, in which a woman is believed to be concerned, has been puzzling the management of the Hotel Buckingham for several weeks, although the facts in the case were only revealed yesterday.

The thefts have been remarkable in their boldness, and not only have valuable pieces of silverware and bric-à-brac disappeared, but a Louis XV. clock, of costly workmanship, was stolen from the public reception room of the hotel last week.

The thefts have all been apparently committed in daylight and in the public rooms on the ground floor of the hotel, and have continued with singular regularity despite the fact that a woman detective, disguised as a servant, has been keeping faithful vigil for what the management believe to be a woman thief.

Owing to the nearness of St. Patrick's Cathedral it has long been the custom for many of the women worshippers to stop in the hotel for a cup of tea and quiet sociability before and after service. Frequently the reception room is quite crowded with women, who have made it a habit to stop in the hotel for half an hour or so.

It is believed by the management that the thief in question has been taking advantage of this gathering, and has committed the various thefts with such ingenuity as to escape the notice of hotel patrons. The clock, it was said yesterday, was so large that it could not possibly have been removed without attracting attention, unless concealed under a cape or furs.

The last article of value to disappear was a large hammered silver piece, which belonged to the silver water set and has ornamented the main reception room for several years. The silver pitcher, which always contains ice water, was left, but the next piece in size disappeared mysteriously one afternoon.

The strange side to the daylight thievery is that it has kept on even when the detective employed to catch the culprit has been exercising great vigilance. After the first investigation suspicion no longer rests on the servants, and the case is said to be an outside one.

A connecting link was established yesterday by William R. Wood of the Hotel Gotham, who, in partnership with Charles L. Wetherbee, has also managed the Buckingham for some years, between the mysterious thefts at the latter hotel and one which occurred last week at the Gotham.

A woman guest at the hotel reported that, while sitting at one of the writing desks in the red room late in the afternoon, her silver chatelaine bag, containing $100 in bills, had mysteriously disappeared. At the same time she reported that while she was writing a fashionably attired woman heavily veiled had seated herself at the writing desk opposite her.

According to the woman guest at the hotel, whose name is withheld, she laid her purse on the top of the desk while she finished her writing. When she looked up a few moments later the purse, as well as the woman, had disappeared.

Mr. Wood is of the opinion that the woman who stole the purse at the Gotham, which is only five blocks distant from the Buckingham, is the same one who has been mystifying the detectives at the latter house.

Strangely enough, the chatelaine purse was returned to the Gotham just the other day, addressed to the manager, and carefully wrapped up in a pasteboard box, but minus the $100. With the purse was inclosed a note in decidedly feminine handwriting, and on perfumed pink paper. It went on to say that the writer had stolen the purse from a purely anarchistic point of view.

"I love pretty clothes and jewelry," the note went on to relate, "and I stole this purse because I could not content myself with the varying condition between myself and the richly gowned and bejeweled woman to whom it belonged. I must struggle and yet she has everything. I return the purse, however, and as to what I have done or will do rests entirely between myself and my Maker."

Since this incident a strict watch has been kept over women who might enter the hotel and presume to enjoy the privileges of the writing room. Extra vigilance is also being exerted at the Buckingham, and the management has declared that once the thief is detected it will see that she is punished to the fullest extent of the law, even though she be socially prominent.

The hotel parlors are filled with costly antiques, and the French clock which was stolen, was among one of the most valuable in the collection.

FOURTEEN LOST IN WRECK.

The Schooner Frances from New York Pounded to Pieces on Hatteras.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 1.—With a northwest wind blowing a fifty-two-mile-an-hour gale and heavy weather prevailing, the three-masted schooner Frances, Capt. Coombs, from New York to Jacksonville, Fla., was washed ashore on the treacherous Hatteras coast early this morning and was pounded to pieces by the raging seas. Before life-savers from Hatteras and Big Kinnakest Life-Saving Station could reach the vessel, fourteen men were lost, it is believed, in the furious seas. None of the bodies has been washed ashore.

The life-savers report that there was no possible chance to rescue those aboard. The wreck was discovered from the Big Kinnakest Station a short time after daybreak to-day.

The Frances was employed in the lumber carrying trade between Florida and Northern ports.

New, stylish eyeglasses called 'Ilikit,' with Bi-sight or Toric Pebbles. Spencer's, 31 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

MAILLARD'S VANILLA CHOCOLATE, Choicest of all confections made, and as a drink is unequalled for dainty luncheons.—Adv.

CROWD BALKS PAULHAN.

Swarms Over the Field in Denver—Only One Short Flight Made.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 1.—Thirty thousand people swarmed into Overland Park today to see Louis Paulhan in an exhibition flight in his Farman biplane.

After three preliminary attempts Paulhan twice circled the course. That the exhibition was not more successful was due to the crowd itself. The spectators broke down fences and swarmed over the field, and the police with difficulty cleared sufficient space to allow the machine to start.

MINISTER AND EDITOR GUILTY.

Libeled a Mayor by Saying He Was Intoxicated, Court Holds.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—Editor George H. Pratt of The Somerville Sun, and the Rev. Eben Bayliss, a fellow-campaigner in the last municipal contest in Somerville, were found guilty to-day of criminal libel in announcing and publishing a statement that Mayor John M. Woods was intoxicated at a holiday celebration.

Sentence was postponed until to-morrow. The penalty is a fine of $1,000, or three years' imprisonment, or both.

FRIGHT BLINDS A GIRL.

Typewriter Desk Closes with a Bang—She May Recover Slowly.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Feb. 1.—As the result of a sudden fright from a swiftly closing typewriter desk, Miss Christine Canfield, a stenographer, 21 years old, has been totally blind since last Friday.

On that day her desk started voluntarily to close. Anticipating the crash, Miss Canfield placed her hands over her eyes. The desk banged shut and Miss Canfield took her hands from her eyes to darkness. A local surgeon believes she will recover her sight gradually.

WILL SPEND $30,000,000.

Canadian Pacific to Make Extensive Improvements in the West.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Feb. 1.—It was announced here to-day by General Manager Bury of the Canadian Pacific Railway that the company would spend $30,000,000 in Western Canada this year.

The money will provide extensions into new settlements, bridges, shops, and double tracking of the main line.

CLARK COLLEGE'S NEW HEAD.

Dr. E. C. Sanford Is Inaugurated President of Worcester, Mass., Institution.

WORCESTER, Mass., Feb. 1.—Dr. Edmund Clark Sanford was inducted to-day into the Presidency of Clark College. He succeeds the late Carroll D. Wright.

The induction ceremonies began at 10:30 A. M. with an academic procession to the college gymnasium, where the formal exercises were held. Thirty-eight American colleges and universities were represented at the inauguration.

CARNEGIE HELPS CORNELL.

Gives $50,000 for Enlargement of Laboratory for Chemical Research.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 1.—A gift of $50,000 to Cornell University from Andrew Carnegie was reported at the President's office to-day. The announcement came to ex-President Andrew D. White.

The gift is to be used for the enlargement of the laboratory for chemical research if 100 additional students can be enrolled. Mr. Carnegie's only other gift to Cornell was during a typhoid fever epidemic in 1903, when he gave $140,000 for a filtration plant and student relief.

ROCKEFELLER IN AUGUSTA.

Standard Oil Man Will Golf and Motor for Two Months There.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Feb. 1.—John D. Rockefeller arrived in Augusta to-day to spend his fourth consecutive Winter visit here. He was accompanied by his physician, Dr. H. F. Biggar of Cleveland, Ohio. He went to his suite, which consists of eleven rooms in the Bon Air Hotel, immediately on his arrival, and denied himself to all callers for the evening.

W. C. Rudd, his brother-in-law, is also in the city, and is stopping at the Bon Air with Mr. Rockefeller. The latter will spend most of his time in Augusta in automobiling and golfing, and will remain here about two months.

DR. MORGAN DECLINES CALL.

London Pastor Not Coming to Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, pastor of the Westminster Congregational Chapel, Buckingham Gate, London, has declined to accept a call to the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York. He considers the work at Westminster too important for him to withdraw.

The Rev. John Henry Jowett, pastor of Carr's Lane Congregational Church of Birmingham, recently declined a call to the pastorate of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York. This was anticipated and a committee of three, all of which were in London at the time, was named to extend the call to the Rev. Dr. Morgan.

Dr. Morgan delivered a series of lectures in New York under the auspices of the New York Bible Teachers' Training School in 1908.

223 ALLEGED HEIRS LOSE.

Ohio Court Decides That $200,000 Reilly Fortune Is the State's.

LISBON, Ohio, Feb. 1.—A squabble of international proportions over the estate of Gen. James W. Reilly of Wellsville, a bachelor, was terminated here to-day so far as the lower courts were concerned, when Common Pleas Judge W. W. Pole awarded the entire property, valued at $200,000, to the State. The Judge held that Reilly died intestate and without heirs.

Eight lines of heirs, comprising 223 persons, entered upon the fight for the property, the most interesting figures being Miss James McVeigh, a school teacher, of London, England. The belief is general that Reilly made a will and some one stole it. The case will be appealed.

FLORIDA — QUICKEST AND BEST SERVICE via Penna. and Atlantic Coast Line, "N. Y. & Florida Special." Leaves 1:25 P. M. Superior roadway & Equipment. 1218 B'way.—Adv.

DEWEY'S SPARKLING MOSELLE. Just like Champagne. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

ANNOYED BY COWLES, MISS HESLER SAYS

Once He Asked Her to Meet Him and Suggested Candy and Flowers, She Testifies.

ATTACK COWLES'S RECORD

Mrs. Cowles Tells How She Got Lodge to Have Case Reopened—Miss Swift Suspected Trouble at a Hop.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—Three women were the principal witnesses to-day at the court-martial of Paymaster George P. Auld for conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, falsehood, and maltreatment of Dr. Edward S. Cowles. The one who attracted most attention was Miss Dorothy Hesler, the retention of whose photograph by Dr. Cowles, it has been testified, together with alleged boasts by Dr. Cowles, led to the fight at the hop at the Charlestown Navy Yard.

Miss Hesler said Dr. Cowles had been objectionable to her, but "on only one occasion," when he had asked her to telephone to meet him.

Miss Virginia Swift, daughter of Rear Admiral Swift, told of conversations with Miss Ames, in which the gossip concerning Dr. Cowles and Miss Hesler was discussed.

Dr. Cowles's wife told how she went to Washington to see that the charges were not hushed up. She declared that Secretary Meyer wanted the matter dropped, but Senator Lodge caused it to be brought to trial.

Dr. Cowles's record was attacked by the defense, which brought several witnesses to swear that he practiced medicine improperly.

One of the first questions asked of Miss Hesler when she took the stand was:

"Did Dr. Cowles ever render himself objectionable to you?"

"Yes, Sir," she replied.

"In what way?" was the next question.

"Well, after I had written a note to Mrs. Cowles, telling her I could not go to her house," Miss Hesler said, "the doctor came to me and wanted to know my real reason. I said that my real reason was in the note that I had written to Mrs. Cowles. I said that I would call on Mrs. Cowles some time before I left. He wanted me to set a time when I would call. Then he wanted to know if I would telephone him or meet him at Sullivan's Square. He said something about flowers and candy. I said 'No, I would not; of course I wouldn't.'"

Her examination continued thus:

"Did Dr. Cowles make himself unpleasant at the dance next preceeding that of Dec. 11?"

"I don't think so."

"When did you have to get up and go to the other end of the room?"

"I don't remember that incident."

"Do you remember when Dr. Cowles took your photograph?"

"No, I don't. I wasn't at home."

"Did he keep it with your approbation?"

"No."

"Did you ever urge him to return it?"

"Yes; I wrote and I called Mrs. Cowles over the 'phone, and she said she would deliver the message."

"Do you know where he had the photograph?"

"Only by hearsay. I was told that he first had it on his desk and then on his dresser."

"Did Miss Margaret Ames ever talk the matter over with you?"

"I got all the information from Miss Ames."

Cowles's Letter to Miss Hesler.

Counsel for the defense, Major Leonard, then offered in evidence a letter written by Dr. Cowles to Miss Hesler, which accompanied the picture when it was returned. Miss Hesler identified the letter. A part of it is:

> My Dear Miss Hesler: I am returning to you the little kodak picture. I picked it up the day that Mrs. Cowles and my brother took you autoing, with full intention of joking you of it, and giving it back to you before we left the machine. I put the thing in my overcoat pocket, however, and forgot all about it. It was later taken out and put on the bureau. It was such a little, trifling thing that I didn't give it a moment's serious thought, and was quite surprised when you took the trouble to write for it.
>
> I should have returned it upon your request, but it had in some way been misplaced and I was myself unable to find it. The day that I found it I got a telephone call from Dr. Robnett demanding its immediate return and making vile and desperate threats if I didn't return it by first mail.
>
> Dr. Robnett's threat as to what he and his friends would do if the picture was not returned by the earliest mail was just enough to make me keep the picture a few days longer.
>
> I refused to discuss the matter with Dr. Robnett, and so far as I can see, it is none of his business. Now that the threat over the telephone, like the man, has proven cowardly to the core, I gladly return your picture.
>
> The vile language that Dr. Robnett used over the telephone in regard to my action at the dance stamped him as beyond redemption. I am sorry that you found it necessary to make so much fuss over a thing so absolutely trifling, and I am also sorry that you thought it necessary to resort to the method that you have evidently resorted to in regard to regaining your picture. You are entirely welcome to it.
>
> With all good wishes, I am respectfully,
> EDWARD COWLES.
>
> Dec. 14, 1909.

Miss Swift Heard Stories.

Miss Swift, who preceded Miss Hesler on the stand, testified that she had heard stories which led her to consider Dr. Cowles an improper person to invite to the navy dances. She had heard such statements from Miss Ames, she said.

Miss Swift then gave on the stand this résumé of a conversation which took place, she said, at her house the Tuesday before the Dec. 11 dance between Miss Ames and herself:

In the afternoon, Miss Ames said, she had a little secret and scandal to talk about with her. Miss Ames asked her if she knew of any events on the trip to the dance at Fort Warren, in November. Miss Swift knew nothing about this trip of any consequence.

"Haven't you heard of Miss Hesler's objections to Dr. Cowles?" Miss Ames asked.

"I was there and saw nothing objectionable at all," Miss Swift replied.

"Then it must have been on the trip coming back," Miss Ames said.

Miss Swift said "No, I was there."

Miss Ames then said there must be something to it as Florence (Mrs. Cowles) had told her.

The conversation ended when Miss Swift

said to Miss Ames that she did not care to hear any more on the matter.

At another time Miss Ames said she had more to tell. Miss Swift went on and stated that Miss Hesler had given her picture to Dr. Cowles.

"I asked if she had seen it," said Miss Swift on the stand. "She said 'No,' but that Mrs. Cowles had told her so. She also said that Miss Hesler had sent Dr. Cowles notes and had telephoned to him."

Major Catlin asked Miss Swift:

"Do you know of any undesirable attentions paid by Dr. Cowles to Miss Hesler?"

"Not of my own knowledge."

"Of any unpleasant attentions of your own knowledge?"

"No. Miss Ames had occasion to call at Dr. Cowles's house regarding something said by him about both of us. She dropped into my house on returning. She said she saw Dr. Cowles and told him, 'If it wasn't for your wife, I would never notice you again.'"

Miss Swift said that at her house on Dec. 9 she had a conversation with Paymaster Auld regarding the desirability of Dr. Cowles as a guest. She was not present at first, but was called by Miss Ames, who said that she was not an admirer of Dr. Cowles, but was a good friend of his wife.

"Did you ever hear Miss Ames characterize Dr. Cowles as 'an insignificant little toad'?" Major Leonard asked.

"Never heard it," promptly replied Miss Swift.

Miss Swift said that on arriving at the courtroom to-day she had met and talked with Miss Ames, who said:

"You have been drawn into this, too; I don't suppose you expect to repeat confidences."

Miss Swift said that at one dance at the yard Dr. Cowles and Miss Hesler were sitting on a bench in a corner of the hall. Miss Hesler got up, her face flushed.

"I knew something was wrong," Miss Swift testified. "I went to Dr. Robnett and said that if he had any influence over Miss Hesler he should endeavor to prevent her dining with the Cowleses the following week, as I did not think they were her friends."

"Did Miss Ames ever say anything about or lead any one to believe that she would sanction the use of her name in withdrawing an invitation to Dr. Cowleses?" the witness was asked.

"She said she would rather have no part in the matter owing to her friendship for Mrs. Cowles," Miss Swift replied.

She was asked about Miss Ames's general attitude to Dr. Cowles. Miss Swift said she never saw Miss Ames with the Cowleses.

On cross-examination Miss Swift stated that, so far as she knew, no objectionable incident occurred on the trip to Fort Warren. Miss Hesler was every moment under her observation.

"Did you hear Miss Ames give Paymaster Auld any authority to use her name, or in any way give Paymaster Auld any impression that she was agreeable to any withdrawal of the invitation?" was asked.

"No," the witness replied.

Mrs. Edward S. Cowles, wife of the complainant, was the last of the women to testify. She was on the stand yesterday, but was reccalled by the defense. She first told of her trip to Washington "to see that the matter was not hushed up."

"I heard that the incident was closed," she testified. "I went to Washington and I called on Secretary Meyer. I asked him why no action had been taken in the case. He said that the affair was the most scandalous in the navy and that he did not want to take any action.

"The Secretary said that the matter ought not to be aired; that it was bad enough as it was. He said that he did not know Auld, but that he and Admiral Swift were friends and that he did not care to take any action in the matter. Secretary Meyer said he thought Auld deserved all that was coming to him.

"Then I went to see Senator Lodge. He read the charges and he told me to wait until 5 o'clock that evening and that he would take care of things with Secretary Meyer.

"That afternoon at 5 o'clock Senator Lodge's secretary 'phoned me that everything was all right. I went the next day to see Secretary Meyer again. He asked his secretary if the letter he had written in that Boston matter had been sent, and the secretary said it had not. He told the man to hold it up and he would write another letter.

"I saw Senator Lodge again that day, and he told me the matter had been referred to the Judge Advocate General. I went to Washington instead of my husband, as a woman can see where a man can't."

Mrs. Cowles testified she was not directly insulted at the navy dance, but only through the offense to her husband.

"Did Auld strike Dr. Cowles, or just take hold of him?" was asked.

"Auld struck Dr. Cowles on the head," she replied.

Among other witnesses of the day was Albert L. Wilbur, owner of the Majesty Theatre in Boston, who testified that Dr. Cowles, the complainant, treated his brother for a time, declared there was nothing the matter with the man, although he died from paresis, and brought in a bill for $1,700.

"All Dr. Cowles did," declared Mr. Wilbur, "was to hold up a lead pencil in front of my brother's face and ask him if he knew whether it was a lead pencil or a knife."

Dr. Cowles admitted on the stand yesterday that he was not legally entitled to practice medicine in this State, and that he did not practice. Major Leonard, for Auld, announced that he proposed to introduce several witnesses to show that Cowles was untruthful.

Dr. Edward B. Harvey, Secretary of the State Board of Registration in Medicine, testified that in the examination which Dr. Cowles took, and which he failed to pass, the board suspected him of "cribbing."

Dr. John W. Sanborn, also of the State board, said he considered Dr. Cowles a "medical quack."

Charles A. Vinal, a wool merchant of Newton Centre, testified that he attended the hop at the navy yard.

"I had gone to the smoking room," said he, "when Auld and a civilian entered. They talked in a low tone. They moved to the door and stood by the outside corner. I heard nothing Auld said, but the other man, who I now know is Cowles, said: 'I'm a Southerner and I can give you a thrashing.' He also said: 'Make that personal.'

"Next I heard a shuffling outside and I went out. Paymaster Auld was just rising from the blow and going out of the door. I assisted Dr. Cowles to his feet. A woman, whom I had not noticed previously, asked me to call a taxicab, which I did."

"Did you see the blow struck?"

"I don't think I saw a blow struck."

"Did you hear Cowles call Auld a contemptible cur?"

"I heard him say words which meant a contemptible cur."

Several naval officers testified to the good character of Paymaster Auld.

Dr. Robnett was on the stand again to-day for a brief time. Under examination he repeated his testimony of yesterday that Dr. Cowles had boasted of having made an impression on Miss Hesler of Evanston, to whom Robnett was engaged.

A SOMERS POINT ROMANCE.

Some One Comes Along and Digs Up a Capt. Kidd Treasure.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 1.—Somers Point, in Great Egg Harbor Bay, about ten miles from this city, is wild with excitement to-day over the discovery that somebody has dug up and uncovered a brick cave. The supposition freely heard is that whoever did the digging took from there a haul of treasure, greater or less.

The more romantic are disposed to the belief that it was money and silver and gold buried by the notorious Capt. Kidd, while those of a less romantic temperament think that the treasure uncovered was silver and gold plate and valuables hidden by residents of Sommers Point in Revolutionary days.

The opened cave was discovered this morning not 500 yards from the residence of County Judge E. A. Higbee. There were fresh wagon tracks, and the imprint of a long and apparently heavy box or chest in the soft soil. The wagon tracks were followed to the main road that leads to Pleasantville, where they were lost.

Mayor John M. Campbell started an investigation, and believes he will be able to learn the identity of the persons who carted away the treasure. Some of the older residents of Somers Point have vivid recollections of persons who have been there looking for Kidd treasure and of at least one person who lost his life in the effort.

This was an Englishman, who came to the place with a collection of maps and diagrams, which he carefully guarded from sight of the curious. He did a great deal of measuring and staking. He attempted to cross the bay one stormy night in a rowboat. The boat was upset, and he was drowned. The maps are supposed to have floated away in the swift current, for they were never found.

Somer's Point was a seaport in the days of the Revolution, and at times British ships sailed in there. It was believed that the ships were sent there to rob and plunder the wealthy residents, of which there were many. It is a known fact that many of the colonists did bury their plate, and there is every reason to believe that many of them never recovered it. It is this which many suppose the uncoverers of the cave found and took away with them. Some of the old sea Captains believe the treasure-seekers made their find and got away last Saturday night during the storm.

Hundreds of curious people gathered about the cave to-day, which is well built, and was so situated in the side of a hill that no one would have suspected its presence. Several of the visitors found old coins in use in Revolutionary days.

Oil-Burning Warship Here for Fuel.

The Italian warship Sterope yesterday received its final supply of fuel oil at the Standard Oil plant in Bayonne, and to-day will sail for Italy. She is one of the largest ships in the Italian Navy and was chosen by the Government to test the value of oil as a fuel.

The METROSTYLE: An Indispensable Guide to Artistic Interpretation

Every person who buys a Player-piano has a right to expect—*and should demand*—these two vital features:

FIRST—That the instrument shall be intrinsically capable of as wide a range of expression when played by roll as when played by hand.

SECOND—That the instrument shall have a clear, detailed *GUIDE to expression.*

The only instrument on the market that perfectly answers this description is the PIANOLA Piano. The *Metrostyle* is so thoroughly protected by patent that no other manufacturer has succeeded *in even approximating it.*

Some Player-pianos offer better means of expression than others. But not one (excepting only the PIANOLA Piano) offers any real help to the performer in the *USE of expression.*

It is all very well to say (as some manufacturers do). "You can put in your own expression—you can exercise your own taste." But suppose you do not happen to be a trained musician—suppose you have no idea as to what is correct expression—suppose the piece is an unfamiliar one—*then* what is going to be the result? Certainly nothing that will be satisfactory to either hearer or performer.

The *Metrostyle* is a guide to expression but *not* an arbitrary guide. You can use it in whole or in part. If you feel *sure* that you know the right expression, you can exercise your own ideas but—when in doubt—there is Paderewski or some other great musician ready to assist you to an artistic interpretation.

A Player-piano may be either a musical instrument or it may be a machine—all according to how it is played. The PIANOLA Piano alone has the METROSTYLE and it is therefore always a musical instrument, no matter who plays it.

The Steinway Pianola Piano

The Aeolian Company have the exclusive selling rights for the entire world of the STEINWAY PIANOLA PIANO, produced under special arrangement with Messrs. Steinway & Sons. The only other pianos containing the genuine PIANOLA are the Weber, the Steck, the Wheelock and the Stuyvesant.

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY AEOLIAN HALL, 362 Fifth Avenue
Near 34th Street, - NEW YORK

INSURGENTS PLEDGE THEIR HELP TO TAFT

Cannon's Opponents Tell President They Will Support the Administration Programme.

NEW YORK MEN APPROVE IT

Delegation Declares for Fulfillment of the Party's Promises—Fight on the Speaker Delayed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Two different organizations in the House to-day indorsed the legislative policies of President Taft and placed themselves on record as being in favor of early enactment of them into law. On behalf of the insurgents Mr. Hayes of California and Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts called on the President and assured him that they would work with him to bring about the changes he desired to make in the existing laws. The Republican members of the New York delegation, at a caucus adopted a resolution to the effect that they would support the programme of Mr. Taft and the platform on which he was elected.

That part of the Administration programme to which the insurgents have pledged their support consists of the measures regarding railroad legislation, conservation, postal savings banks, and the restriction of the injunction power of the courts. It is understood that the matter of agreeing on their attitude on ship subsidies and Federal incorporation has been left in abeyance for the present. At their meeting the insurgents talked over the advisability of holding a Republican caucus to take action regarding the enlargement of the Rules Committee and the elimination of the Speaker from the Chairmanship of it, but an understanding is said to have been reached that for the present they would not keep up the agitation in this direction. They will, however, watch for a chance to attack the rules on the floor of the House, and if they see any parliamentary opportunity to change them they will use it for all it is worth.

President Taft to-night gave out the following statement:

> The President this afternoon received a visit from Messrs. Gardner and Hayes, who had been appointed to call upon him as a committee at a meeting of the so-called insurgents of the House, held last night. Messrs. Gardner and Hayes said that they called on behalf of their associates to assure the President of their good will toward him and their earnest desire to aid him in the passage of the Postal Savings bill, the conservation measures, the Injunction bill, and the Inter-State Commerce bill recommended by him in conformity with the pledges of the Republican Party platform.
>
> The President was very much pleased with their assurances.

The resolution adopted by the Republican members of the New York delegation announced an earnest desire for prompt consideration of the legislation proposed and recommended by the President and presented to the people in the party platform. It was resolved that the members of the delegation would endeavor to bring about a caucus of the party in the House for the adoption of a programme of legislation at the present session in conformity with the desires of Mr. Taft, and that they would favor further caucuses from time to time for consideration of the separate phases of legislation as they came before the House.

There was one unexpected development in the caucus of the New York men. It had been supposed that, aside from Mr. Parsons and Mr. Fish, the delegation was not infected with the anti-rules idea which has recently made considerable headway in the ranks of the so-called regulars. It is known, however, that a resolution was introduced favoring an enlargement of the membership of the Rules Committee and the consequent dilution of the power of Speaker Cannon upon it. The resolution brought forth a thorough discussion, in the course of which it became apparent that the enlargement had the favor of at least seven members of the delegation—Messrs. Parsons, Fish, Driscoll, Calder, Foelker, Law, and Cocks. Some of these favored the holding of a caucus of the majority side of the House on the matter, while others, although supporting that idea, believed it should not have precedence over the legitimate work before the House. A decision finally prevailed that the delegation would not participate in the agitation, as any such participation at this time might be incompatible with the intention previously expressed to help see the Taft programme given bon voyage in the lower branch of Congress.

This attitude on the part of the insurgents and the New York Republicans in the House is taken also by Mr. Foster of Vermont, who called to-day on the President and talked over the general situation. Mr. Foster is the man who, at the dinner of the Congressional Campaign Committee recently, spoke out against the Cannon régime and declared that in the present state of the public mind he could not carry the Cannon incubus through the next Congressional campaign, and he doubted if any other Representative from a New England district could safely do it. Mr. Foster, in spite of his convictions in this direction, holds that what the people want just now is legislative action and that the question of the change in the rules should be relegated to later consideration.

Had the New York delegation voted to sustain the Rules Committee as at present constituted, as party leaders sought to have the caucus do, it is reported an effort would be made to have the same action taken all along the line in the various State delegations. Pennsylvania members are talking about a caucus of the delegation, but nothing definite has been done in that direction.

OPERATED IN TROLLEY CAR.

Surgeon Cut Off B. R. T. Lineman's Leg in Bridge Car.

Following the amputation of his right leg just below the hip, which took place on the floor of a surface car at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge early yesterday morning, Patrick McGraney of 75 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn, died a few hours later in St. Gregory's Hospital. The man had been crushed in an accident on the bridge, following a collision between a car and a repair wagon.

Assisted by employes of the railroad, Dr. Weinberg performed the operation. McGraney was unconscious when the operation started, but revived, and, looking at the surgeon, said:

"Go ahead, doctor. Do the best you can."

Then McGraney lapsed into unconsciousness, and the operation was completed. He was carried to the hospital, where at first it was thought that he might survive, but he died a few hours later.

McGraney was employed by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company as a lineman, and early this morning he with George Collins of 90 Hill Street, Brooklyn, and another lineman, went to the structure with their wagon to relieve the tension on the overhead wires. The wagon, known as a "spider," has a platform built over the rear to allow the men to reach the overhead wires. It was stopped near the Manhattan end of the structure on the north roadway. McGraney stayed on the seat while Collins and the other employe went to the platform. The wagon was only a few feet from the track.

Several cars passed the wagon, and the work was nearly completed when a Flatbush Avenue car in charge of Thomas Evelyn of 360 Baltic Street, Brooklyn, approached. The car went along slowly, and as it passed the wagon the horse near the tracks was struck. The animal reared and then bolted and started toward the Manhattan end.

As the reins fell from McGraney's hands he fell forward and then tried to grasp them. As he did so he lost his balance and fell between the wheels and the framework of the structure, and was pulled along for several feet. His right leg was caught and was badly crushed.

SHERMAN'S PLEA FOR SENATOR

Asks West Virginia Voters to Return Scott, Whom Hubbard Is Fighting.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—James S. Sherman to-day came out of the semi-seclusion usually associated with his office, and as Vice President followed the example of recent Presidents by taking a hand in a State campaign. The State he chose for his first exercise was West Virginia, and he started his campaign to-day by issuing a typewritten statement in support of Senator Scott, who is now fighting for re-election against the vigorous tactics of Representative Hubbard and a strong contingent of the Republican Party in that State.

Mr. Sherman gave out his statement to-day in the form of an interview with an imaginary newspaperman. The hypothetical questions of the reporter are not set down, but Mr. Sherman's "replies" are given in the breezy, colloquial phrasing statesmen are supposed to use when talking for publication.

Presumably Mr. Sherman's intangible interlocutor asked him casually what he knew about West Virgina, and according to the typewritten statement Mr. Sherman replied:

"What do I know about West Virgina? I do not know as much about the State as I do about the representation that State has in the Congress of the United States. I have for some time noticed the ardor and ability with which the Senators from that State have cared for all its varied and great interests."

"A campaign is on the way now, you tell me, by some people to prevent the return of Senator Scott to the Senate. Such a statement is almost incredible. Senator Scott's service in the Senate has been long, useful, effective."

The Vice President goes on to inform the voters of West Virginia that before he came to the Senate "as its presiding officer" it was his "province to observe much of Senator Scott's legislative career." Of that career Mr. Sherman speaks enthusiastically, and while admitting that Mr. Scott is not "a polished orator in the ordinary acceptation of the term," insists that his sincerity, &c., have given him convincing power. In conclusion Mr. Sherman says:

"West Virginia would indeed be short-sighted if she failed to avail herself of the opportunity to retain the services of a business man, who at all times has looked after the interests of the State in every way possible to advance the great development that is now taking place. Such a Senator is Mr. Scott, and, in my opinion, it would be a misfortune not to continue in the Senate such an earnest Republican and so influential a legislator."

INVENTS NEW LIFE BUOY.

Frank P. Brust Has an Apparatus Which Distributes Life Belts.

Frank P. Brust arrived in New York yesterday from Seattle with a life-saving and wreck-marking apparatus which he has patented. The device consists of a metal buoy, surmounted by a bell, with twelve regulation life belts attached by slip rings, which fit into a base made fast to the deck of the ship. Inside the base there is a tank containing a coil of thin cable, which is made fast at one end to the metal buoy, so that when the water pours over the sinking ship the top part floats automatically to the surface with the life belts as the coil unwinds itself. There is also a watertight compartment in the metal buoy for the reception of ship's papers, to keep them intact.

FISK & ROBINSON, BOND HOUSE, FAIL

Continued from Page 1.

in whole or in part besides the Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway included the Gulf & Ship Island Railroad, the Louisiana & Arkansas Railway, the Kansas City Viaduct and Terminal Company, and the Keystone Telephone Company. Harvey E. Fisk is a voting Trustee of the Louisiana & Arkansas and of the Kansas City Viaduct & Terminal Railway. He is also a Trustee of the North River Savings Bank.

The offices of Fisk & Robinson are at 35 Cedar Street, on the ground floor of the building at the northeast corner of Cedar and William Streets. The firm also maintained a branch at Chicago and others at Boston and Worcester, Mass. Its business was entirely of an investment character, the firm never having handled margin accounts or done a general Stock Exchange business.

SAY THE ROAD IS ALL RIGHT.

Officials Speak for Buffalo & Susquehanna—Drafts Made on Failed Firm.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Knowing that the New York banking house of Fisk & Robinson was in financial difficulties the Buffalo & Susquehanna turned over to the Knickerbocker Trust Company several days ago drafts for its interest payments due Feb. 1.

Officials of the road to-night said most emphatically that the Buffalo & Susquehanna is in better financial condition now than it had been in the last ten years.

M'CAFFERTY GOING, THE POLICE BELIEVE

Expect to See Another, Maybe McClusky, Managing the Detective Bureau Soon.

BAKER IS NON-COMMITTAL

"It May Be That His Best Is Not Good Enough," Commissioner Says of the Chief Sleuth.

Police Headquarters heard yesterday, and accepted it as true, that Inspector McCafferty, who has been at the head of the Detective Bureau for nearly three years, is to be displaced. Inspector McClusky is talked of among several as his successor. McClusky has been there before.

"Inspector McCafferty is one of the hardest worked men in the department," said Commissioner Baker, "and he has done good work. But it may be that his best is not good enough. In two or three days there will be some changes, but about them I will not speak now."

The Commissioner, however, denied that there would be any cataclysmic rending of the department, as was often the case in the Bingham régime. Asked if McCafferty was to go out at once, he said:

"Why, you see in this paper here that I am to be removed. There's nothing in that. When I came to be Commissioner Inspector McCafferty asked me for a free hand in his bureau. I let him have it. He has had absolute control."

Things have been piling up against McCafferty for several weeks. Whether it can be scientifically demonstrated or not, many policemen believe, and will argue to prove, that crime comes in waves. McCafferty's friends say that the present "crime wave" is just the Inspector's misfortune and not in any way a result of his inefficiency. On the other hand, it is said that though the crime wave may not be a result of inefficiency in the Detective Bureau it has shown how weak that organization is when it has to deal with anything out of the ordinary.

It is said that the Inspector is undiplomatic enough to antagonize many of the rank and file of his bureau, so that they are not loyal and not co-operative. It has long been known that, under the present arrangement, the precinct detectives are jealous of the Central Office men, and not only fail to co-operate with them, but now and then do things to block them. The Inspector stigmatizes some of his men with whom he is compelled to work as "fools," it is said, and such things always get to the men.

The Inspector said yesterday that every man in the bureau of any account was loyal to him. There might be some, he thought, who felt that they were barely hanging on to their places, and might talk against him in the hope of aiding a change for their own benefit. But all the good men in the bureau were McCafferty men, he was sure.

It is said that the organization of the Central Office is faulty, and that its work rarely fits in with that of the precinct sleuths. It is pointed out that last week when the old wine peddler was found murdered in the upper east side and a few days before that when three Italians were found murdered in an apartment on the lower east side, both places were overrun by an army of young detectives from Central Office, from the local precincts, from branch detective offices, and from the offices of the Inspectors having charge of those two districts.

In both these cases the squad of sleuths remained in the rooms for several hours, possibly trampling over evidence, getting in one another's way, and certainly not co-operating with each other. Both cases suffered from the number of detectives with different interests to work for.

The murder of the two boys in Highbridge Park has been solved, Inspector McCafferty said, and Herbert Jerome Denison is the guilty man. He said he got more evidence yesterday. The Gootman murder is unsolved. The man who threw carbolic acid into the face of Miss Priester last week, near Highbridge Park, is still uncaught. The assailant of the five-year-old girl in Second Avenue the same day is still at large. And yesterday, it was declared, complaints of fifty-two robberies came in.

Inspector McCafferty had nothing to say about his reported resignation or transfer.

"I am here only to obey orders," he said. "I will not talk about those things."

He would let his record as head of the Detective Bureau speak for itself, he went on. Last year, he declared, more convictions were obtained for felonies than in the years from 1902 to 1906 put together, and the same was true of his other full year as head of the bureau, 1908.

These figures were obtained as to reported felonies and misdemeanors and convictions: 16,599 cases reported and 7,007 convictions for 1909; 17,538 cases and 3,439 convictions for 1908; 11,350 cases and 2,338 convictions for 1907, only three months of which McCafferty was head of the bureau; 9,328 cases and 1,431 convictions for 1906, under McLaughlin; 3,619 cases and 1,032 convictions for 1905, under O'Brien, and 3,733 cases and 616 convictions for 1904, under McClusky.

McCafferty joined the force as a patrolman in 1886, and was first stationed in the Mulberry Street precinct. He did work as a patrolman in the East Thirty-fifth Street and West 152d Street Stations, and was assigned to the Central Office in 1891 by Inspector Byrnes. Six years later he was made a Detective Sergeant, and ten years later head of the Detective Bureau by Gen. Bingham.

That was on April 19, 1907. It has been said that Gen. Bingham wanted to keep his hands on the Detective Bureau and to manage it a good deal from his office, and, needing a figurehead, he selected McCafferty. If that was true of Gen. Bingham it has not been true of Mr. Baker, who has let him have full swing.

McCafferty is sober, hard working, and has never been suspected of crookedness. He is not within several years of the retiring age, and if anything happens to him it must be a transfer. District Attorney Jerome once said that McCafferty's "intelligence was limited." If he falls that will be the cause, not graft charges of lack of zeal, it is said.

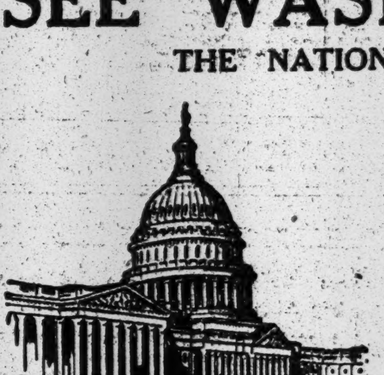
There have been rumors for several days that Commissioner Baker contemplated the transfer of Inspector John Daly from the Second District, which includes the lower east side and Chinatown. It is said that gamblers of Chinatown are laying odds against his remaining there, and have rented quarters three months in advance.

In significant contrast to his words about McCafferty, Commissioner Baker said he was satisfied with Inspector Daly's work and that he was going to let him stay there. He was particularly pleased, he said, with the way he had handled the shirtwaist strike situation in his district.

Illinois House for Direct Primaries.

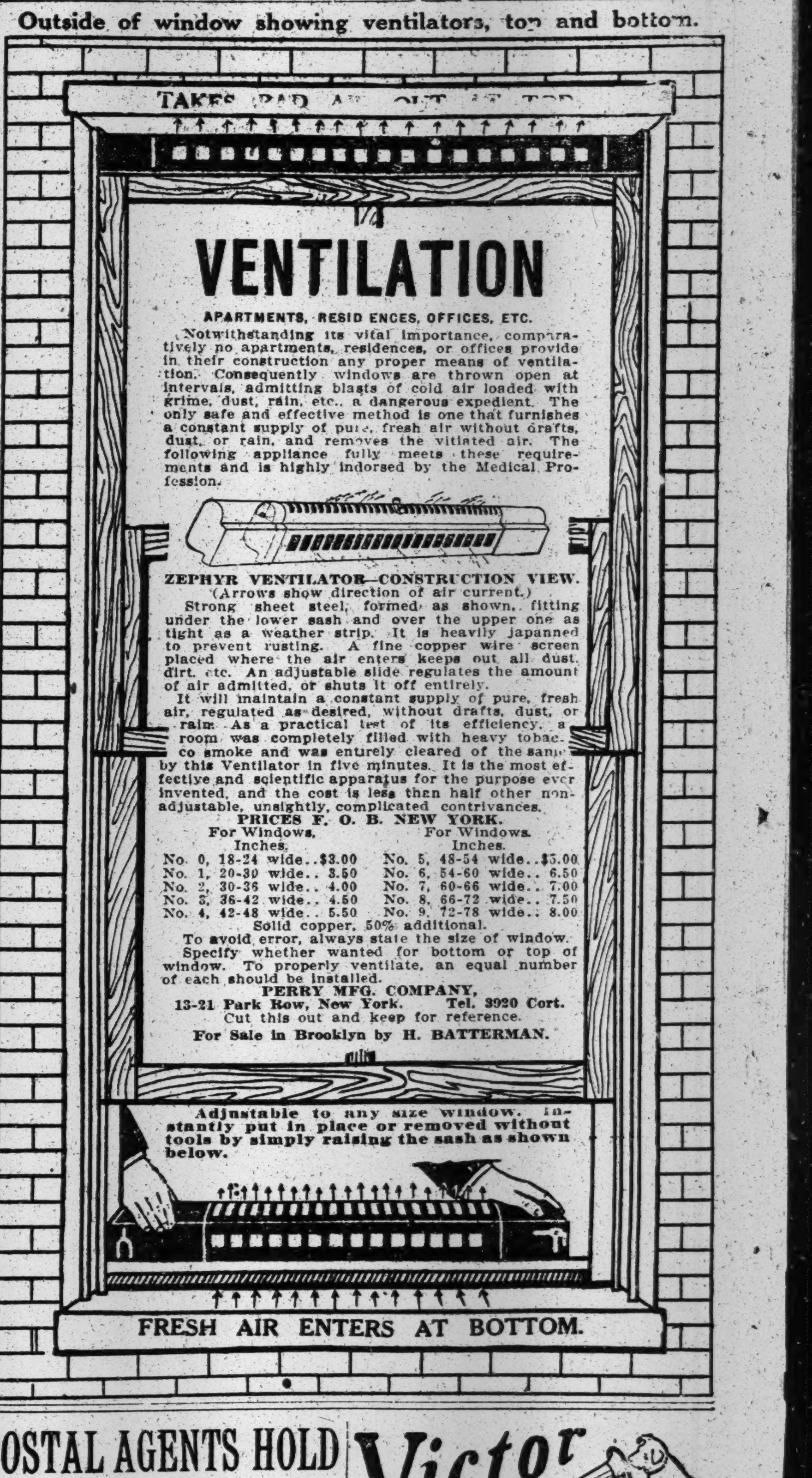
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 1.—The House to-day, by a vote of 100 to 39, passed the Direct Primary Election bill. The bill now goes to the Senate.

Atlantic City
LENTEN OUTINGS
VIA
Pennsylvania R.R.
Every Saturday
February 5 to March 19, inclusive
$10 or $12
according to hotel selected
Covers round-trip transportation and two days' board
Through trains leave New York at 9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week-days; 7:55 A. M. Sundays.
Consult Ticket Agents, or C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Ave., New York.



SEE WASHINGTON
THE NATION'S CAPITAL
Pennsylvania Railroad TOURS
February 3, 17, March 3, 21, April 7, 21, and May 5, 1910
$12.00 and $14.50 from New York
Covers all necessary expenses
Itineraries, tickets, and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents; C. Studds, D. P. A., 263 Fifth Avenue, New York, or
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Outside of window showing ventilators, top and bottom.


TAKES BAD AIR OUT AT TOP
FRESH AIR ENTERS AT BOTTOM.

VENTILATION
APARTMENTS, RESIDENCES, OFFICES, ETC.
Notwithstanding its vital importance, comparatively no apartments, residences, or offices provide in their construction any proper means of ventilation. Consequently windows are thrown open at intervals, admitting blasts of cold air loaded with grime, dust, rain, etc., a dangerous expedient. The only safe and effective method is one that furnishes a constant supply of pure, fresh air without drafts, dust, or rain, and removes the vitiated air. The following appliance fully meets these requirements and is highly indorsed by the Medical Profession.
ZEPHYR VENTILATOR—CONSTRUCTION VIEW.
(Arrows show direction of air current.)
Strong sheet steel, formed as shown, fitting under the lower sash and over the upper one as tight as a weather strip. It is heavily japanned to prevent rusting. A fine copper wire screen placed where the air enters keeps out all flies, dirt, etc. An adjustable slide regulates the amount of air admitted, or shuts it off entirely.
It will maintain a constant supply of pure, fresh air, regulated as desired, without drafts, dust or rain. As a practical test of its efficiency a room was completely filled with heavy tobacco smoke and was entirely cleared of same by this Ventilator in five minutes. It is the most effective and scientific apparatus for the purpose ever invented, and the cost is less than half other non-adjustable, unsightly, complicated contrivances.
PRICES F. O. B. NEW YORK.
For Windows, Inches. For Windows, Inches.
No. 0, 18-24 wide..$3.00 No. 5, 48-54 wide..$5.00
No. 1, 20-30 wide.. 3.50 No. 6, 54-60 wide.. 6.00
No. 2, 30-36 wide.. 4.00 No. 7, 60-66 wide.. 7.00
No. 3, 36-42 wide.. 4.50 No. 8, 66-72 wide.. 8.00
No. 4, 42-48 wide.. 5.50 No. 9, 72-78 wide.. 9.00
Solid copper, 50% additional.
To avoid error, always state the size of window.
Specify whether wanted for bottom or top of window. To properly ventilate, an apparatus of each should be installed.
PERRY MFG. COMPANY, Tel. 3920 Cort.
13-21 Park Row, New York.
Cut this out and keep for reference.
For Sale in Brooklyn by H. BATTERMAN.
Adjustable to any size window, instantly put in place or removed without tools by simply raising the sash as shown below.

POSTAL AGENTS HOLD C. E. ELLIS FOR FRAUD

Man Whose Wife Was Burned to Death in Martin's Charged with Misuse of Mails.

ORGANIZED KORNIT CO.

Ellis and E. R. Graves Charged with Operating a Scheme to Defraud—The Concern Bankrupt.

Charles E. Ellis, whose wife was mortally burned New Year's Eve in the Café Martin, was arrested yesterday by Post Office Inspector Frank A. O'Brien and Detective Lieuts. Cassassa and McKenna on a charge of using the mails to defraud. Later, Inspector O'Brien and the two Lieutenants arrested Edwin R. Graves on a similar charge. Both men were accused of having operated through the Kornit Manufacturing Company of 649 West Forty-third Street.

These two arrests complete a cleanup that Inspector in Chief Mayer of the local Post Office force and Inspector O'Brien have been at work on for many months. Ellis was President of the Kornit Manufacturing Company and Graves was Vice President and Treasurer of that concern, which manufactured a preparation out of the horns and hoofs of cattle and went into a receiver's hands last August.

But in addition to the Kornit Company, Ellis and Graves ran a number of publications, some of which have been already outlawed by the Post Office authorities. The combination occupied the entire building at 649 West Forty-third Street.

Inspector Mayer and Inspector O'Brien had been on the trail of the whole Ellis establishment, and when the Kornit Manufacturing Company went into the hands of a receiver last August, they were ready to make the arrests as soon as a Grand Jury could indict on the evidence in their possession. Bankruptcy proceedings were started, however, which have now progressed to the point of putting the creditors in a position to discover what assets remained for them, and accordingly the matter was presented to the present Grand Jury.

An indictment in three counts was handed down yesterday, and the arrests were made forthwith. Ellis was taken at the office of the Kornit Manufacturing Company and Graves at the Hotel Frederick, in West Fifty-sixth Street, which he is said to own. Both men were brought before Judge Ray, in the United States Circuit Court, and were held in $10,000 bail each, which they subsequently furnished before Commissioner Shields. In connection with these proceedins, Ellis's counsel, John J. Vous, remarked that his client was worth $200,000.

Evidence enough was accumulated by last Summer to justify the arrests, in the opinion of the postal authorities, but what has since developed in the bankruptcy proceedings with reference to the true condition of the Kornit Company has confirmed strongly the ideas that Inspectors Mayer and O'Brien previously entertained. The Post Office authorities also have records of other enterprises against which fraud orders have been issued, conducted by the same parties.

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New 1910 catalogue of "Victor" Records free on request.
The house for "Victors" exclusively.
"Victor" for every purse.
No obligation attaches to a visit.
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CHINESE CURIO COMPANY
CHINESE JADE AND ORIENTAL ART JEWELRY
The above shows a few of our many unusual designs of Jewelry and "Jade" now on exhibition. Send for Booklet "T."
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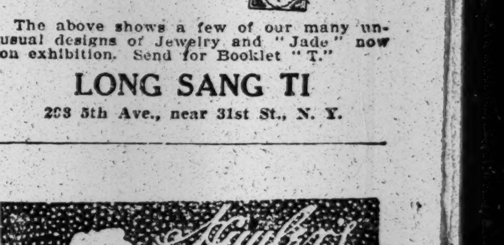
293 5th Ave., near 31st St., N. Y.



BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Instantly relieve Sore Throat, Hoarseness and Coughs. Unexcelled for clearing the voice. Absolutely free from opiates or anything harmful. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Sample sent on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

PARIS IS RESUMING ITS NORMAL ASPECT

River Has Fallen Four Feet and Water Is Receding from Streets.

MORE LOOTERS ARE KILLED

Authorities to Give Work to Unemployed and Aid in Restocking Stores—More Funds from America.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—The height of the water at midnight at Pont Royal was 27 feet 3 inches, a fall of nearly four feet from the highest point, and the flood continues to recede at the rate of about three-quarters of an inch an hour. The waters are also retreating from the streets.

Streets that had been closed to traffic were in many instances repoened to-day, and in the heart of the city things resumed a more normal appearance. More tramways were in operation to-day, as were the new sections of the subway. An attempt to resume the railroad service before the electric signal system had been restored has resulted in a dozen train collisions.

The Foreign Office is now free of water, but is without gas, electricity, telegraph, or telephone service.

Some difficulty is being experienced in restraining the residents of the flooded districts from returning to their homes immediately on the recession of the water, without waiting for the disinfection of the premises.

Despite the flood, the Academy of Sciences held its regular meeting to-day and discussed with great interest the scientific phenomena of the disaster and the recently discovered comet. The members arrived and left in boats.

In the outskirts and in the inundated regions above and below the city the greatest distress still prevails, despite the efforts toward relief and the prodigal distribution of food supplies. Hundreds of persons are found on the verge of starvation, and thousands who lost everything must be aided for months. It is estimated that more than 250,000 persons have been affected by the floods. Freezing temperature adds to the misery of the unfortunates.

Troops Kill More Looters.

Soldiers have been sent to the various outlying districts to prevent the wholesale pillage which is still going on. A boat patrol surprised a band of Apaches robbing a villa to-night at Boulogne-Sur-Seine. After an exciting chase, in which a fusillade was exchanged, an infantry Sergeant sank the robbers' boat with a blow of an oar. Two of the Apaches were killed and the others were captured.

Last night a number were shot and four men and four women narrowly escaped lynching when they were found robbing deserted houses at Alfortville. They had constructed a raft from which they entered the still partially submerged homes.

Premier Briand has instructed the Prefects to make a complete inventory of the flooded areas and to appraise the individual losses, after which Parliament will be asked for new credits in connection with the measures for relief. The Government has decided upon a general scheme of employment, whereby those who desire work may find it in repairing the roads and the public buildings throughout the devastated territory.

The City Council, following the lead of the national Government, is arranging, with the co-operation of the savings institutions, to furnish money for the rebuilding of stores and houses and the furnishing of supplies.

In addition to the generous aid already furnished by American residents, the flood sufferers will receive the proceeds of a concert now being arranged by American students. Among recent contributions cabled from the United States was a personal gift of $400 from Ambassador Jusserand.

Students Form Relief Society.

The students residing in the Latin Quarter have formed a relief society and have agreed to care for their few American comrades who suffered in any way in connection with the flood.

In addition to $50,000 from Massachusetts, new subscriptions to the relief fund from the United States are as follows: French colony of New York, $4,000; French colony of San Francisco, $10,000; American Red Cross, $5,000; W. K. Vanderbilt, $20,000; Mrs. A. D. Huntington, $5,000.

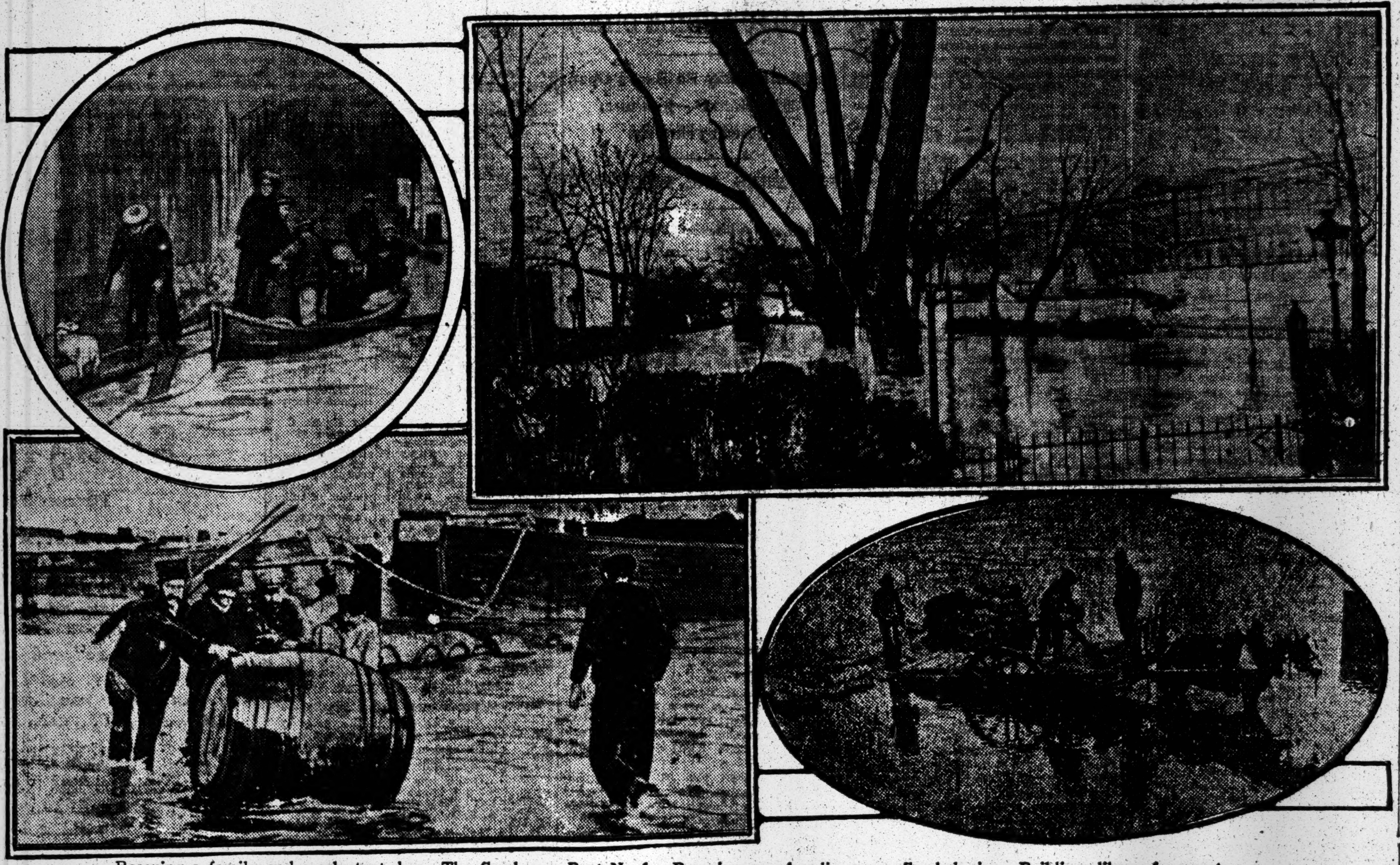
President Fallières has subscribed another $20,000 to the relief fund.

In addition to the regular establishment of the Red Cross and other relief societies, public-spirited citizens have thrown open their buildings, and upon their own initiative transformed them into hospitals. Many seminaries left vacant since the properties passed to the State have been equipped as hospitals and temporary homes for refugees, in some cases beds being set up in the cellars of the churches.

Marquis de Vogue, Count d'Haussonville, the Duke de Camastra, Count d'Harcourt, and other representatives of the nobility of France are devoting all of their time to the work of relief. The women of the Société des Femmes de France, which is a Republican organization as distinguished from the Société des Dames Françaises, have entered the hospitals as nurses. Mgr. Amette, Archbishop of Paris, is personally directing the work of the Catholic clergy and charitable orders.

The Municipal Council has adopted the suggestion of presenting medals to those who have been conspicuous in the rescue work. These medals will bear the appropriate inscription "Fluctuat Nec Mergitur," which is the motto of Paris.

PHOTOGRAPHS FROM PARIS SHOWING STRUGGLE WITH THE FLOODS



Rescuing a family and a reluctant dog.—The flood near Pont Neuf.—Rescuing merchandise on a flooded pier.—Building dikes of cement.

BANKER SAW FLOOD START.

Griggs Tells of Scenes in Paris and on Way to Cherbourg.

The Hamburg-American liner Amerika, in yesterday from Cherbourg, brought a number of passengers who were in Paris at the beginning of the flood, but they left the city on the morning of Jan. 23, before the inundation had assumed a serious aspect.

Herbert L. Griggs, President of the Bank of New York, 48 Wall Street, said he left Paris on Sunday, Jan. 23, and the Pont Michel had been closed, as it was considered dangerous.

"The Parisians are so accustomed to seeing their river flooded," said the banker, "that they stood on the bridges watching it rapidly rising to see whether the water would reach the marks left on the stonework by former floods. Judging by the wireless messages we received on the Amerika after sailing from Cherbourg this inundation must have eclipsed all the others, and the people must have lost their curiosity regarding the rising of the Seine.

"The country traversed on the way to Cherbourg was much more flooded than the land in the vicinity of Paris. In some sections of the journey the water was two feet deep on the fields along both sides of the railroad track."

TOURISTS NOT DETERRED.

No Cancellations of Bookings for France Since Last Saturday.

Agents of the various Atlantic lines and tourist agencies said yesterday that there had been no further concelings of bookings for French ports on account of the flood since last Saturday, when four women decided not to sail on the White Star liner Oceanic. Owing to the abnormal number of advance bookings, which extended to July, it was said, those who had reserved passage at this time feared that if they gave up their cabins they would not be able to get others.

Paul Faguet, General Agent of the French Line, said a cablegram from the home office stated that Paris was rapidly getting into shape again and there was no reason to believe that visiting Americans would find conditions any different this season owing to the recent floods.

FOR PARIS FLOOD SUFFERERS.

Programme of Metropolitan Opera Company's Concert Sunday.

For the benefit of the sufferers from the flood at Paris the management of the Metropolitan Opera Company announced yesterday the following programme for the concert to be given at the Metropolitan Opera House on next Sunday afternoon, beginning at 3:30:

Overture, "Don Pasquale"..........Donizetti
Quartet from "La Boheme"..........Puccini
Mmes. Bella Alten and Lenora Sparkes and the Misses Jadlowker and Dinh Gilly.
Conductor, Vittorio Podesti.
Sextet from "Czar und Zimmermann".... Lortzing
Messrs. Carl Jorn, John Forsell, Otto Goritz, Albert Reiss, Robert Blass, Adolf Muhlmann.
Conductor, Alfred Hertz.
Sextet from "Lucia di Lammermoor".... Donizetti
Mmes. De Pasquali, Marie Mattfeld; Messrs. Alessandro Bonci, Angelo Bada, and Giuseppe Campanari.
Conductor, Egisto Tango.
Air patriotique from "La Vivandiere," Godard
Mme. Marie Delna.
Conductor, Egisto Tango.
Overture, "Der Freischutz"............Weber
Conductor, Alfred Hertz.
Prelude and death scene from "Tristan und Isolde"..........Wagner
Conductor, Arturo Toscanini.
Duet from "Nozze di Figaro"........Mozart
Miss Geraldine Farrar and Antonio Scotti.
Conductor, Alfred Hertz.
Quartet from "Rigoletto"..............Verdi
Mmes. Frances Alda, Anna Meitschik; Messrs. Enrico Caruso and Pasquale Amato.
Conductor, Arturo Toscanini.
Quintet from "Die Meistersinger"....Wagner
Mmes. Johanna Gadski, Florence Wickham; Messrs. Leo Slezak, Walther Seomer, Albert Reiss.
Conductor, Alfred Hertz.
Trio from "Faust"................Gounod
Mme. Jane Noria; Messrs. Edmond Clement, Adamo Didur.
Conductor, Vittorio Podesti.
"La Marseillaise," sung by Mmes. Maria Delna, Marianne Flahaut, Jeanne Maubourg, Christine Heliane, Lucette de Lievin; Messrs. Edmond Clement, Dinh Gilly, Leo Deveaux, Georges Regis, Henry Dutilloy, Georges Bourgeois, Paul Amanian, and the chorus of the Metropolitan Opera Company.
Conductor, Vittorio Podesti.

FLOODS ASCRIBED TO COMETS' ACTION

French Astronomer Declares That Hypothesis Accords with Accepted Theories.

A 1910 VISIBLE HERE AGAIN

Fainter Than the Last View—May Never More Come Into the Earth's Ken.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—More than one eminent scientist now holds the ancient idea that the meteorological conditions which determine some of the greatest terrestrial disasters, most notably inundations like that from which Paris is suffering, are in a large degree due to the influence of comets. Here is the opinion of Henri Deslandres, former Director of the Astronomical Observatory of Meudon and member of the Academy of Sciences:

"However distant comets may be," he says, "it is not impossible that their enormous tails, measuring 75,000,000 to 125,000,000 miles in length, may come in contact with our atmosphere. The theory that a comet may disturb the atmosphere of the earth, causing rains of great duration, and consequently inundations and the sudden overflow of rivers, is not at all absurd. It may, at all events, be sustained by scientific reasoning.

"Theories of astronomy and physics actually accepted admit that the tail of a comet is illumined only by the cathodic rays emanating from the sun. These act upon the infinitely minute phosphorescent particles which compose the mane of the comet's tail, and at the same time, by charging it with positive electricity, push it away from the direction of the sun. When they penetrate the mane of a comet the cathodic rays are transformed into Roentgen rays. The tail of a comet, therefore, is a tremendous source of these X rays, whose wonderful power of penetration is well known.

"To explain, then, the action of a comet on our atmosphere, it suffices to know that the X rays have the property of causing the condensation of vapors. The nearer a comet is to the earth the more formidable this process of condensation would be. The hypothesis, therefore, may be maintained, although its absolute truth has not been demonstrated."

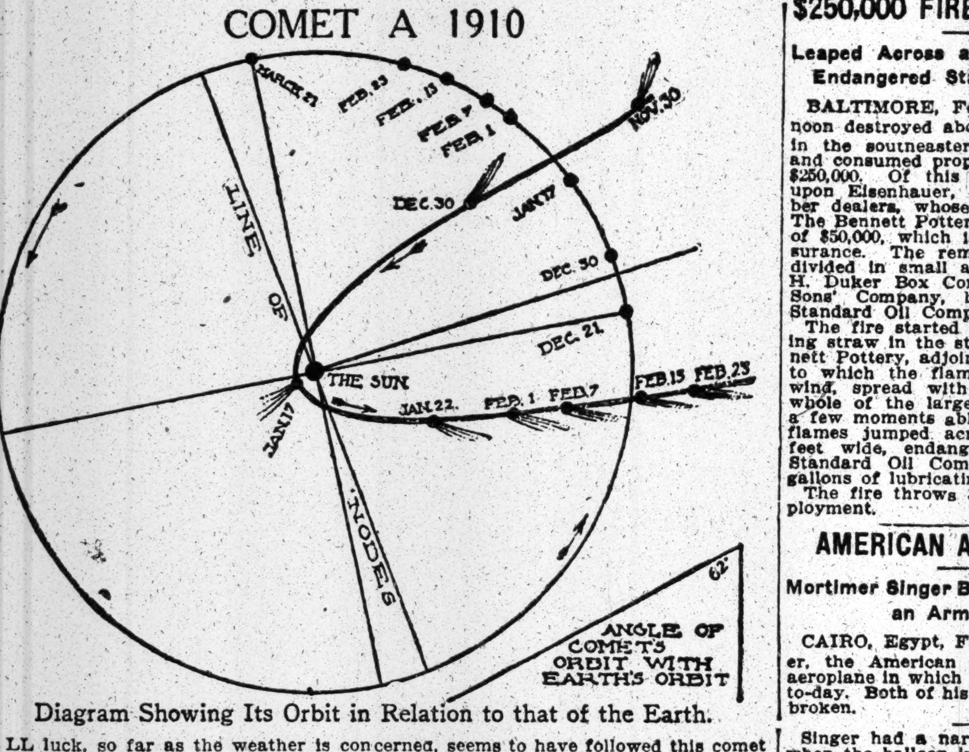


Diagram Showing Its Orbit in Relation to that of the Earth.

ILL luck, so far as the weather is concerned, seems to have followed this comet ever since its discovery, at least in our latitudes. It was faintly visible last night for the first time since Jan. 23, when it was first seen from New York.

It is now about 60,000,000 miles from the sun and about 110,000,000 miles from the earth, traveling, according to the latest calculations, about forty-one miles a second. It passed perihelion, or nearest point to the sun, on Jan. 17 at a distance of a little less than 4,000,000 miles, and by the end of February will be some 120,000,000 miles from the sun and 165,000,000 miles from the earth. The comet is now in the constellation Pegasus, or the Flying Horse, and sets about 7 P. M., that is, for the head; the tail, of course, pointing up, remains above the horizon a longer time.

This comet must not be confounded with Halley's, which is keeping close to its appointed path, and will keep its appointment with the sun on April 19 next. It will be nearest the earth about the middle of May, the head of the comet being only some 13,000,000 miles from us, so that we are likely to be involved in its tail. It is now in the constellation Pisces, or the Fishes, is on the meridian about 4 P. M., and sets about 10:30 P. M., and is more than 160,000,000 miles distant from the earth.

So far as known the new comet cannot be identified with any other comet that has ever visited us, and it is likely that it is moving in a parabola, which is an open curve that does not return into itself. It is one of the tramp family of celestial wanderers, and seems to have had no special discoverer, but was discovered by about everybody.

COMET SEEN HERE AGAIN.

Less Brilliant Than Nine Days Ago and Vanishing Fast from Our Ken.

New York got its second and possibly its last view of the Inness comet, or Comet A, 1910, as Harvard University has classified it, last evening, just after 6 o'clock. Owing to its rapid progress away from the sun it was far less brilliant than when first seen here on Sunday evening, Jan. 23, a week after it came into the view of Dr. Inness of Johannesburg, South Africa, who announced the visitor to the world.

With the atmosphere about New York uncommonly bright and clear after eight days of cloudy or misty evenings hundreds of persons about the universities, colleges, newspaper offices, and even the office buildings, who had either seen the comet when last visible and were anxious for another look at it, or had been disappointed in seeing it then and did not want to miss it this time, were on the watch for it. Prof. Harold Jacoby, Rutherfurd Professor of Astronomy at Columbia, was one of those who had failed to see it before, though he had gone to the roof of his house at 333 West Seventy-sixth Street, and made a long search for it. He was more successful yesterday, although he did not view it from the observatory on the university grounds or make any attempt to photograph it or study it with the aid of the telescope.

With a friend who had seen it when visible nine days ago, Prof. Jacoby took a stand as twilight approached at Riverside Drive and West Seventy-sixth Street, whence an unobstructed sweep of the western heavens could be obtained. It was not until about 6:15 o'clock that their search was rewarded. The comet was then barely visible, but Prof. Jacoby was prepared to expect this. According to the computations of the Lick Observatory, the comet is moving at the rate of forty-one miles a second and last night was 32,000,000 miles further from the sun than it was nine days ago when first visible from New York.

As the evening darkened the comet showed brighter in some degree, but Prof. Jacoby's friend assured him that it was not nearly so brilliant as it had been when he saw it before. Prof. Jacoby said that at 6:15 o'clock it was just above Venus, the evening star, to the west of it, and, apparently, about ten degrees above the horizon. When visible here before it was, apparently, far below Venus, and the nucleus almost as brilliant as the evening star itself. The nucleus, or head, of the comet seemed markedly less brilliant last evening than it was nine days before, while the tail seemed to retain its glow out of proportion to this.

Prof. Jacoby watched the wanderer with keen interest for ten minutes or more, when its faint outlines began to disappear behind the low-hanging western mists. As will be understood from the computations of the Lick Observatory alluded to, it will apparently be fainter each evening for the next few evenings, even if the atmospheric conditions are well-nigh perfect, and will then become invisible to the unaided eye. If the weather is cloudy or the atmosphere misty about twilight for the next three or four evenings it will not be visible to lay watchers again. Prof. Jacoby said yesterday its orbit had been roughly found, and gave no assurance that its wanderings would ever bring it this way again.

Many of those on Riverside Drive and at other points of vantage also saw the comet, but only because the local conditions happened to be peculiarly favorable. Even trained observers in some parts of the city who were on the lookout for it failed to see it.

$250,000 FIRE IN BALTIMORE.

Leaped Across a 70-Foot Street and Endangered Standard Oil Tanks.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1.—Fire this afternoon destroyed about half of two blocks in the southeastern section of the city and consumed property worth more than $250,000. Of this amount $200,000 falls upon Eisenhauer, MacLean & Co., lumber dealers, whose insurance is $100,250. The Bennett Pottery Company had a loss of $50,000, which is fully covered by insurance. The remainder of the loss is divided in small amounts among the J. H. Duker Box Company, the B. Kegan Sons' Company, box makers, and the Standard Oil Company.

The fire started among bales of packing straw in the stable yard of the Bennett Pottery, adjoining the lumber yards, to which the flames, driven by a high wind, spread with great rapidity. The whole of the large lumber yard was in a few moments ablaze. At one time the flames jumped across a street seventy feet wide, endangering tanks of the Standard Oil Company, in which 3,000 gallons of lubricating oil were stored.

The fire throws 300 people out of employment.

AMERICAN AVIATOR HURT.

Mortimer Singer Breaks Both Legs and an Arm at Cairo.

CAIRO, Egypt, Feb. 1.—Mortimer Singer, the American aviator, fell with an aeroplane in which he was practicing here to-day. Both of his legs and an arm were broken.

Singer had a narrow escape last May, when the balloon in which he was rising at Seville, Spain, dashed against the railroad station, and, bounding off, struck a moving train. Ballast was unloaded in the nick of time, and the balloon shot upward. Last month Singer contested for the Michelin Cup at Mourmelon, France.

Found a Woman Shopper's Pocketbook

A woman's pocketbook, containing $6 in bills, besides cards and other articles, was picked up in Broadway, near the Times Building, by a middle-aged man about 11 o'clock last night. He turned it over to the clerk in charge of the Lost and Found Department of THE TIMES. It will be returned to the owner on proof of identification.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

SEOUL, Korea, Feb. 1.—During the anti-Japanese outbreak at South Phongan the rioters murdered the Korean and Japanese officials, and burned all the Government buildings. The mob was dispersed after ten of its members had been killed.

MADRID, Feb. 1.—The transfer of Marquis de Villalobar from the post of Spanish Minister at Washington to a like office at Lisbon was officially gazetted to-day.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The Reichstag to-day passed the second reading of the measure providing for the adoption of the treaty recently negotiated by the Foreign Office with Portugal.

CHRISTIANIA, Feb. 1.—A new Ministry has been formed to take the place of that which resigned several days ago, of which Gunnar Knudsen was Premier. The new Cabinet is as follows: Premier—M. Konow; Minister of Foreign Affairs—J. Irgens; Minister of Finance—M. Berge; Minister of Commerce—S. A. B. Avctander; Minister of Public Works—M. Braenne; Minister of Education—M. Kvigstad; Minister of Justice—M. Scheel; Minister of Defense—Lieut. Col. K. S. J. Bull.

FRED. C. WHITNEY,
proprietor of the opera "Chocolate Soldier"
says: "I consider
Waw-Waw
the best sauce in the world."
Delicious – Appetizing
Supplied to the Houses of Lords and Commons, England.
St. James Importing Co., Sole Agts.

SACKVILLE ROMANCE DETAILED IN COURT

Son of Spanish Dancer Seeks Estates Left by Late British Minister Here.

MARRIAGE TO HER DENIED

Incumbent Also Contends She Had a Spanish Husband Living When Sackville Children Were Born.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A crowded courtroom testified to-day to the public interest in the Sackville peerage romance, another chapter of which opened before Sir John Bigham, President of the Probate Court. The petitioner in the suit is Ernest Henry Sackville-West, who asks the court to declare him the eldest and legitimate son of the late Lord Lionel Sackville Sackville West. If he is successful he will acquire the title to the estates now held by Lionel E. Sackville-West, a nephew of the former British Minister at Washington, and the present Lord Sackville, who married his cousin, a sister of the petitioner. The present Lord Sackville denies that his uncle legally married Josefa Duran, the petitioner's mother.

Ernest is the son of a Spanish dancer, who married Lord Sackville at Madrid. Subsequently, Sackville declared the woman had a husband living when she formed an alliance with him, and the one son and three daughters born of their union have never been recognized by the courts as having any rights to the Sackville title and estates.

Sir Edward Clarke, in opening for the petitioner, said he proposed to prove the marriage by reputation, and the declarations of Lord Sackville himself on documents attached to certificates of the birth and baptism of his children. He referred to the stay and recognition at Washington of Lord Sackville's daughters. He read volumes of documentary evidence taken abroad regarding the life of Lord Sackville and Josefa Duran at Arcachon, France, where they were known as the Count and Countess West. Depositions were submitted to establish that the neighbors believed the two to be married, though one deponent added "bad-natured people said they were unmarried."

Sir Robert Finley, on behalf of the present peer, recalled and placed in evidence the testimony given by Lord Sackville when a similar suit was brought during his lifetime. On that occasion he swore that the declarations which he had made regarding his companion were inspired solely by a desire to save the reputation of the lady. He affirmed that there had never been a marriage of any sort, and that all the children born to them were illegitimate.

Sir Robert added that he would prove that the Duran woman married Antonio de la Oliva in 1851, and that Oliva did not die until 1888. Accordingly, he said, if Lord Sackville had figured in any marriage, of which there was no evidence, such alleged marriage must have been illegal.

Lord Sackville died in September, 1908. He was British Minister to the United States from 1881 to 1888, when he was dismissed by President Cleveland. His downfall at Washington, which practically ended his career, followed his indiscretion in writing a letter in which he expressed the opinion to a correspondent in California that the re-election of President Cleveland would be satisfactory to Great Britain.

LIBERALS, 274; UNIONISTS, 273

Government Has Majority of One Over Opponents Without Its Allies.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Liberals won the election at Wick Burghs, which was polled yesterday, so they will have just one more member in the new Parliament than the Unionists, the respective representation being: Liberals, 274; Unionists, 273.

The return of two O'Brienites for Cork to-day completes the Irish elections. Out of eighty-two Nationalists in the new House a dozen are followers of William O'Brien.

PHILIPPINE ARMY PRACTICE.

Two Weeks' Manoeuvres to Take Place Near Manila Soon.

MANILA, Feb. 1.—The army of the Philippines will engage in manoeuvres during the last two weeks of this month.

The operations will be in the vicinity of this city, and the full strength of the military will be divided into two opposing forces.

Ambassador Hill Dines Chancellor.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—American Ambassador Hill and Mrs. Hill gave a dinner tonight in honor of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and Mrs. von Bethmann-Hollweg. Among the guests were Lieut. Gustave von Krupp von Bohlen und Halbach, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, head of the Hudson-Fulton Celebration Commission; Under Secretary Stemrich, Ernst E. von Ihne, the Court architect; Col. Ziethen, and the Swiss, Mexican, and Hanseatic Ministers.

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"ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE"
Packard Motor Car Co. of N.Y.
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ADVERTISEMENT.

Operation on Jeffries' Nostrils

The Lessons Taught by the New Electrical Methods that Do Away with Cutting.

The fact that Mr. James J. Jeffries, the champion pugilist, after going to Europe to have his nostrils operated on returned to the United States and had the operation performed by a New York surgeon is important. It means that the people have begun to appreciate the advantages of a treatment that will free their nostrils of disease without having the diseased parts cut out. Mr. Jeffries had been troubled for several years with obstructions in both nostrils that prevented him from breathing through them. The doctors in Europe wanted to cut away part of his nostrils, which Mr. Jeffries objected to because it would have weakened his nose. On returning to the United States he learned that Dr. McCoy performed an operation on the nostrils by the means of electricity, that did away with the necessity of cutting out the swollen parts. Mr. Jeffries underwent the operation, which caused him no pain. After the operation he said to the reporters that he could breathe freely through his nostrils for the first time in several years.

Are You Going Deaf?

I have developed a method of treating deafness and head noises in which there is no necessity for the passage of instruments through the nostrils and into the ear tubes.

I have found that the passage of instruments and the blowing of air into the ear tubes, instead of curing disease in these parts, inclines to force the germs higher and higher up into the tubes, thus increasing instead of diminishing the deafness and head noises.

In order to demonstrate what my method of treatment will do for deafness and head noises, I take pleasure in presenting to you the case of Mr. James W. Foster, who lives at No. 317 West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, New York. When he consulted me he told me that his trouble began when he was eight years of age. He said that he has had trouble with both ears ever since. In spite of all that was done for him, he kept gradually losing his hearing until finally he got so that he could hear only with difficulty what people said to him. He was unable to hear his watch tick even when it was pressed up against his ear. After applying my method to Mr. Foster's case, he reports that he can hear his watch tick several inches from his ear and that he can hear the conversation of people standing thirty feet from him, something that he could not do since a child.

The case of Mr. Foster is cited as showing what my method of treatment will often accomplish in cases of deafness of long standing.

This is who I am and what I have done. I graduated in medicine in New York in 1879. I was the prize winner of my class. I won in competitive examination the position of physician to Bellevue Hospital, where I served in 1879 and 1880.

I have made a specialty of diseases of the nose, throat and ear for thirty years.

The following interview with Professor Loomis will explain what he thought of me:

(New York World, Sept. 2, 1904.)

"Professor Loomis, of the University of New York, the great specialist, said in alluding to medical men who advertise: 'Dr. McCoy, for instance, is an able man, well educated, a thorough scientist and a first-class physician. He is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital. He advertises, does an immense business and is doing much good.'"

If you think my training and experience should make me a good doctor, I should be pleased to have you visit my office. It will cost you nothing for an examination and advice.

If you suffer from obstructed nostrils, diseased nostrils, are going deaf or have head noises or have a bad throat and you live at a distance from my office, write me and I will be pleased to advise you by letter concerning your condition.

Dr. J. C. McCoy.
213 Flatiron Building, Broadway and 23d St., New York.
Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Sundays, 9 A. M. to 12 M.

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Evening Apparel for Men

Society expects every man to "look his best." But looking one's best is no more a duty than it is a pleasure.

There can be no greater compensation for punctilious care in the selection of Evening Garments than the subsequent feeling of ease coming from the knowledge that no matter what the occasion—or who the company—one's dress is beyond criticism.

Evening Apparel of our creating is distinguished by a most unusual degree of care in finish—a fitting accompaniment to the perfection of grace and elegance which our designers achieve in their modelling.

EVENING DRESS COATS,	$22	to	$38
DINNER JACKETS,	$17	to	$32
TROUSERS,	$7	to	$11.50

BLACK EVENING WAISTCOATS, to match, $4 to $6.50
OTHER EVENING WAISTCOATS, $3.50 to $10
Plain white or fancy effects, in silk or washable materials.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

BROKAW BROTHERS
ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

New Trousers help a heap in sprucing up the appearance of a worn suit.

Special—
300 pairs Trousers, were $6, $7 and $8;
$5 Now

A further revision in Overcoat prices has just brought 125 silk-lined $32 Overcoats down to the $25 mark.

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

YOUR nervous system is your SLAVE or your MASTER. Nature intended it to be your servant—to do YOUR bidding—to be subservient to your will—but the strenuousness of the present day rush for power and leadership often brings forth a rebellion and your nerves become your MASTER—refuse to follow the dictates of your will.

Insomnia, sleeplessness, indigestion, continual fatigue, lack of energy, are all indications of nerve insubordination—the danger signals of more serious conditions to come. You need a tonic—you need that wonderful brain and body revitalizer

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THE FOOD-TONIC

It combines just the two properties your brain and body are calling upon Nature to supply—Albumen and Sodium-Glycero Phosphate, and in the form of a fine white powder, easily dissolved in water or any other beverage.

Sanatogen is eagerly assimilated by the hungry tissues—it up-builds, revitalizes. It does not lash the jaded nerves to extra effort, but gives them just the properties they need for re-creation. It is enthusiastically endorsed by thousands of physicians, noted clergymen, authors, editors, actors, statesmen, etc. as the logical food tonic.

Write for Dr. C. W. Saleeby's Book "The Will To Do"

The writings of this famous physician-writer are always interesting and in this book he has given forth some new ideas on your every-day life that will surprise you. Besides giving the relation of your nervous system to general health, he lays down some new rules of hygiene. Write for a copy today.

Get Sanatogen from your Druggist—If not obtainable from him write

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WEALTH OF ALLDS IS UNDER SCRUTINY

Osborne Is Making Searching Investigation—Friends Say Senator Is Not Rich.

FULL INQUIRY PROMISED

Senators Find Sentiment in Their Districts Opposed to Limiting Scope of Coming Investigation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 1.—Many influences are at work here to narrow down as far as possible the Senate investigation into the bribery charges against Senator Jotham P. Allds. To-night, however, the outlook is distinctly that these efforts will not avail and that the Senate will not only sift to the bottom the charges against Allds, but will take cognizance of any collateral issue that may arise affecting its honor and dignity as a legislative body.

That such issues may develop in the handling of the case by a severe cross-examiner like James W. Osborne of New York, counsel for Senator Conger, is freely admitted by the men who heard Mr. Conger make his statement at the insurgent caucus. The activities that are now engaging Mr. Osborne at his headquarters at the Rensselaer Inn in Troy go far to indicate that he has no intention of letting his client become the "goat," but will make the array of testimony in support of his charges as far-reaching as circumstances or the Senate may permit.

Mr. Osborne has gone over not only the legislative record of Senator Allds, but the records of some other men who held seats in the Legislature during the days of the famous Black Horse Cavalry, to which the Conger charges have reference. The information thus gathered is said to have convinced Mr. Osborne that the statement made by his client shortly after the charges became public, to the effect that the "little affair between me and Jo was merely a drop in the bucket," was not altogether out of place.

Mr. Osborne is preparing his material principally for use in his cross-examination of Senator Allds. It was learned that in his quest for material Mr. Osborne has gone beyond the story told by the legislative records and sought information with reference to the financial resources of the accused majority leader of the Senate. In this connection some surprises are hinted at. Friends of Senator Allds declare that he is very far from being a rich man, though he has enough to support himself in comfort.

It was learned to-day that some members of the Senate have heard from their districts, and that throughout the State, as the date for the inquiry approaches, there seems to develop among the rank and file of the Republican organization an insistent demand that the fullest possible investigation be had.

This sentiment, according to the common belief here, is due to a feeling that an organized effort might be made by the Republican organization to limit the scope of the inquiry, in order to have the matter over with in a hurry and give the voters time to forget before the Fall campaign the fact that the name of the man chosen to direct the policy of the Republican Party in the upper branch of the Legislature was involved in scandal.

In some parts of the State the Republican leaders are lending their support to this demand. That is notably the case in New York, where Lloyd C. Griscom, the successor of Herbert Parsons, according to information which reached the Capitol to-day, has made it known that nothing but the fullest investigation will satisfy his organization and that formal action will be taken to emphasize this sentiment among his followers should the need arise.

It will be for the members of the Senate themselves to determine the scope of the inquiry, because on demand of five members any motion to keep out testimony or admit it must be put to a vote. It was said to-day by a Senator that any statement that the Senate would not do its full duty in the Allds case was unjust. This member declared that there had been no division in any of the various conferences of Republican Senators on that question. Every one was determined, he said, that the demand of Senator Allds for an investigation thorough enough to shatter any doubt of his innocence should be heeded.

Senator Allds spent the entire day in the room allotted to the President pro tem. of the Senate at the Capitol. He declined to discuss the case, declaring that he was in the hands of his counsel.

"Will the reply be merely a general denial, or will it go into particulars?" Mr. Littleton was asked.

"I do not think any particulars are called for at this stage of the investigation," he replied. "It should be borne in mind that this is not a case of law, but just a fight involving a conflict of statements."

Although Senator Allds has until Friday to file his formal answer to the bribery charges preferred against him by Senator Conger, it is expected that a general denial of the allegations will be placed before the Senate within a day or two.

Lewis E. Carr of counsel for Allds went to New York to-day, and Martin W. Littleton, the accused Senator's chief attorney, came up from New York this afternoon and had a conference with his client. Mr. Littleton declined to indicate when the answer would be filed.

CONGER'S STAND COMMENDED.

Business Men of Groton Pledge Their Moral Support.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, Feb. 1.—The following resolutions have been adopted by the Groton Business Men's Association:

> Whereas, It has come to our knowledge that our distinguished and much respected townsman, Senator Benn Conger, has undertaken the task of bringing to light a pernicious system of political corruption which is alleged to have existed in the Legislature of the Empire State; therefore be it
>
> Resolved, first, That we, the business and professional men of the Town of Groton, through our organization known as the Business Men's Association, desire to put ourselves on record as being heartily in sympathy with Senator Conger in his efforts to purify the State Legislature and assure him of our unstinted moral support in the trying ordeal; second, That we heartily appreciate the untiring efforts which Senator Conger has made for the moral, social, and industrial betterment of our town, and esteem it a great honor to be associated with him, and to have had the inspiration which has been derived from the sterling qualities which have characterized him as a public servant and a private citizen.

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Oregon-Washington Limited to Portland
via the
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Protected by Electric Block Signals
A Comfortable Journey Assured
DUSTLESS, PERFECT TRACK
Dining Car Meals and Service "Best in the World"

Leaves Chicago daily at 10 P. M., arrives at PORTLAND the third evening at 8 o'clock; leaves Portland at 11:45 P. M., arrives TACOMA 5:30 A. M., SEATTLE 7:15 A. M.

This Train Carries a Through Tourist Car to Seattle.

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J. B. DeFRIEST, G. E. Agt.,
287 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

TAB ON SUBWAY SERVICE.

Service Commission Begins Inquiry with Report of Its Own Engineer.

The Public Service Commission took up on its own account yesterday an inquiry into Interborough Subway service. It devoted the preceding afternoon to hearing the revived complaint of the Washington Heights Taxpayers' Association. It called as witnesses yesterday E. J. Connette, its own transportation engineer, and General Manager Frank Hedley of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Mr. Connette testified that 60 per cent. of the trains operated in the express service during the non-rush hours from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. were overcrowded and that observations at different points during the rush hours showed that the trains ran under headway that provided a service of from 10 to a maximum of 18 trains a half hour. The average of several stations at which observations had been made disclosed about 16 trains a half hour.

Then Mr. Hedley testified that the company undertook to run express trains in rush hours about a minute and 48 seconds apart, which would give a headway four seconds less than the average observed by Mr. Connette, and that with the development of the new system of speed control and the completion of the alterations in the cars whereby centre side doors are being installed, he expected that they would eventually be able to make a headway of 1 minute and 30 seconds.

Mr Willcox switched to the question of the new cars which the Interborough has contracted to have delivered. Some of these cars were to have been ready on Oct. 15, but up to the present time only one has been delivered, and Mr. Hedley said that the primary difficulty had been in getting the steel for their construction by the three companies to which the contracts were let. Mr. Hedley admitted that some of the patents used in these cars were controlled by himself and some by the Interborough Company, but declared that this had nothing to do with the delay. He said that he expected that 110 of the cars would be delivered and ready for use between March 1 and July and that other cars would come in during June, July, and August.

"So as to be ready for the rush of the Summer season, I suppose," remarked Chairman Willcox, sardonically.

The hearing will be continued.

DIDN'T LIKE LAWYER'S FACE.

Witness in the Counterfeiting Case, Therefore, Wouldn't Look at Him.

At yesterday's session of the trial of Lupo, Morello, and six other Italians who are charged with having operated an extensive counterfeiting scheme, with printing headquarters at Highland, N. Y., some amusement was furnished for the lawyers and Judge Ray, who is presiding over the trial in the United States Circuit Court, but don't throw much light on the elaborate structure of facts which the Government is trying to build and the defense to tear down.

Antonio Comito, who has testified as the Government star witness, that he was kidnapped and compelled by force to print the counterfeit money, was still on the witness stand under cross-examination by Charles Le Barbier of counsel for the defense.

The preceding day Comito proved himself an able witness and staved off through an interpreter all of the embarrassing questions which Mirabeau L. Towns sought to ask him. Yesterday he proved equal to meeting Mr. Le Barbier.

When the lawyer demanded to know why he did not look him in the face when answering questions Comito replied in a torrent of eloquence in his native tongue that he did not like the looks of Mr. Le Barbier's face, because it reminded him of the faces of the Sicilian thugs who had forced him to print the counterfeits.

The case will go on to-day.

GOULD INCOME CUT DOWN.

Court Schedule Shows a Heavy Shrinkage for the Year 1908.

A report that has been filed before Special Master Arthur Berry, who was appointed by Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, to examine the accounts of George J. and Helen Gould, as receivers for their sister, Anna Gould, who was formerly the Countess de Castellane and is now Princess De Sagan, made once more a matter of public record the income derived from the estate of Jay Gould.

The figures showing this income became public some time ago in connection with the Howard Gould divorce case, and indicated that the Gould estate was approximately $120,000,000.

Following is the annual income for the last eight years, and the share of this income which has been enjoyed by each one of the six heirs:

Year.	Total Income.	Share.
1901	$4,389,888	$731,648
1902	4,350,574	725,095
1903	4,697,529	782,921
1904	4,238,647	706,441
1905	4,455,287	742,547
1906	4,662,572	777,095
1907	4,490,388	748,398
1908	2,851,726	475,329

George J. Gould and Helen Gould, as receivers of the estate of their sister, Anna Gould, have been in various kinds of litigation with the creditors of Count Castellane for several years. During the time Anna Gould was Countess de Castellane she became responsible for debts aggregating about $6,000,000.

Inventor Edison Off for Florida.

Thomas A. Edison, Mrs. Edison, and their youngest son, Theodore, left their home in West Orange yesterday in an automobile for Newark, where they took the Florida Special on the Pennsylvania for their Winter home in Florida. They will remain there until April. The Edison home is at Fort Myers, and Mr. Edison goes there at this season every year. He was a trifle late in starting this year because he wanted to devote more time to the perfection of his storage battery as applied to street cars.

HEARING ON NEW AUTOMOBILE BILLS

Legislation May Be Based Upon Allds-Hamn Measure, Vetoed by Hughes.

FIVE BILLS ARE DISCUSSED

Arguments Advanced Support Main Features of Measure Killed by the Governor Last Year.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 1.—That any action of the Legislature this year affecting the use of automobiles will be based upon the Allds-Hamn bill of last year was made clear at a hearing held to-day by the Assembly Committee on Internal Affairs. The bill of last year was vetoed by Gov. Hughes chiefly for the reason that it deprived New York City and the other large cities of the State of teh right to regulate local traffic. A clause is to be inserted in the bill of 1909 to meet this objection, and other amendments may be made to meet minor criticisms.

"There seems to be nothing for the committee to do," Chairman George H. Whitney said at the close of the hearing, "but to frame an automobile measure along the lines of last year's bill. The chief arguments advanced to-day support the main features of that measure."

Charles T. Terry, representing the Automobile Association of America and the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers, and Oliver A. Quayle of the Legislative Committee of the State Automobile Association were present to-day when the committee took up the five measures affecting the use of motor vehicles which have been introduced this year.

Mr. Terry said the Allds-Hamn bill was in the nature of a compromise, the main points of which were satisfactory to nearly all concerned.

The most discussed feature of the measure is the elimination of the restriction as to speed and making the chauffeur or operator responsible for speed that is reasonably safe under all conditions. The bill also imposes an annual license fee of $4 for machines of under twenty horse power, $6 for those between twenty and thirty horse power, and $10 for those over thirty horse power. It was estimated that the revenue thus derived would amount to $500,000 a year, and provision was made for applying this fund to the maintenance of improved State highways.

The bill of last year wiped out the speed trap, made provision for keeping a State record of all fines imposed, and a record of the number of convictions in cases of violations of the motor vehicle law.

"The present law is adequate for the protection of those who use the highways," Mr. Terry said. "The trouble is that it is not enforced. The Magistrates of New York admit this. Really the only additional legislation needed is to make better the means of identification. The figures of the license number should be larger, with more space between them, and they should be illuminated at night so that they may be seen at a reasonable distance."

Referring to the wear and tear of highways, Mr. Terry said that the State conceded the right of automobiles on the roads, and that it was the duty of the State to see that the highways were built in a manner to withstand new traffic conditions.

He argued against a fixed speed limit if the State sought to fix the liability for motor vehicle accidents.

Assemblymen Callan of Columbia, Dana of New York, and Howard of Brooklyn explained provisions of bills introduced by them and declared that the respective measures would meet the defects of the present law. Lindon Bates, Jr., spoke for the bill he introduced. It follows the general provisions of the Allds-Hamn bill, but practically doubles the license fee and provides for an examination of chauffeurs and operators of cars.

The examination feature of the various bills was opposed by Mr. Terry, who said that 95 per cent. of accidents were caused by profesional chauffeurs who as to knowledge were well qualified to operate motor vehicles.

Edward J. McColdrick, representing the Corporation Counsel of New York, opposed the feature of the Bates bill which would deprive New York City from levying a local tax on the automobile as personal property.

"The operation of the personal tax law is a farce in New York," Mr. Bates retorted. "This State tax is one that could not be dodged."

Mr. Dana made a plea for the principal amendments he offered, declaring they were recommended as a result of his experience as a public prosecutor in automobile cases in New York City.

Mr. Terry filed with the committee an amendment to the Allds-Hamn bill providing that cities of the first and second class shall not be deprived of the power to adopt ordinances regulating local traffic.

MINORITY'S PRIMARY BILL IN.

Democrats in the Legislature Virtually Committed to Direct Primaries.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 1.—Senator Thomas F. Grady and Assemblyman Daniel D. Frisbie, Democratic leaders of the Legislature, introduced to-day the Democratic League bill for primary reform. This action has caused considerable comment at the Capitol, as it virtually commits the Democratic legislators to direct primaries, in limited districts, at least. Last year the Democrats voted almost solidly against the Hinman-Green bill, providing for a State-wide direct primary. The Grady-Frisbie bill would make direct nominations mandatory in election divisions such as Assembly, Senatorial, and Congressional districts, but would not include New York City in the operation of the plan. When the Democratic League's Executive Committee indorsed the measure it was stated that there seemed to be general opposition to the plan in New York City, while the districts in other parts of the State seemed to be in favor of it. The bill provides for an official primary day. The proposed ballot may be prepared by any one, with restrictions as to the color and size.

Senator Caffrey of New York introduced a bill making criticism of a jury by a Judge for any verdict a misdemeanor. Senator Caffrey said his attention had been called to the alleged rebuke by a Judge in Kings County, against which a jury had protested.

A bill introduced by Senator Frank C. Platt of Steuben, if enacted, would give the State Commissioner of Agriculture power to take testimony and send for papers and documents in an investigation concerning the methods of producing and transporting milk and the effects upon the price of milk. An investigation of this character is being conducted by the Attorney General. The bill appropriates $25,000 to meet the expenses of the investigation by the Agricultural Department.

A resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution to provide for an extra co-Judge in Kings County, was introduced by Senator Burlingame. The amendment would make the term of these co-Judges fourteen years.

14,347,027 CATHOLICS IN U. S.

Maintain 4,845 Parochial Schools, with Attendance of 1,237,251.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 1.—There are 22,587,079 Catholics under the flag of the United States, according to advance sheets of the official Catholic Directory, published in Milwaukee. The count includes the Catholics of the United States proper, Alaska, the Philippines, Porto Rico, and the Hawaiian Islands. The Catholic population under the British flag, according to the same directory, is 12,053,418.

In the United States proper there are 14,347,027 Catholics, showing a gain of 1[illegible],576 over a year ago. The directory shows 4,845 parochial schools in the United States, with an attendance of 1,237,251.

The Catholic population of New York is 2,722,649; that of Pennsylvania 1,494,765, and Illinois drops from second to third place with 1,443,752. Massachusetts is next with 1,373,772.

DELAY IN THE SWOPE CASE.

Inquest Will Not Be Held Until Chemists Finish Examination.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 1.—Dr. B. H. Zwart, County Coroner; Judge William T. Johnson, attorney for Mrs. B. C. Hyde, and Thomas Swope, Jr., nephew of the late Col. Thomas H. Swope, arrived today from Chicago, where they had gone to confer with the chemists regarding the death of Col. Swope and his nephew, Chrisman Swope. Coroner Zwart said the inquest to investigate the death of Col. Swope would not be called before Monday.

"The inquest will not be held before the specialists make their final report, as one of them, Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, will testify at the hearing," said the Coroner.

At the County Prosecutor's office it was said that until County Prosecutor Virgil Conkling returns from Chicago no action in the Swope case is contemplated here.

WIFE AND CHILDREN POISONED

Neighbors Find the House on Fire and Husband Running About.

WASHBURN, Wis., Feb. 1.—Mrs. P. Behrante and her five children were found poisoned at their home this afternoon. The mother was dead when she was found and one child has since died. The recovery of three of the other children is doubtful. The poisoning was reported by Mr. Behrante, who says that he also was poisoned. An investigation will be made.

When neighbors arrived the house was on fire and Behrante was running about.

Davenport Held in Contempt.

Homer Davenport, the cartoonist, was adjudged in contempt of court yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Newburger for failing to pay alimony at the rate of $400 a month to his divorced wife, Daisy D. Davenport, under a decree signed by Justice Giegerich. A fine of $350 was assessed against Davenport, and an order for his arrest was given to Sheriff Shea. Davenport is now in California, his attorney told the court, for the benefit of his health.

QUESTIONS PUT TO MORGAN.

Petition in Ohio Court Asks What Bell Telephone Interests He Has.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 1.—J. Pierpont Morgan, his son, J. P. Morgan, Jr., and J. P. Morgan & Co. were charged with being the agents of the Bell Telephone interests in their purchase of control in the United States Telephone Company, in a petition filed in court here to-day by Samuel J. Schweer of St. Louis. It is an amendment to the suits brought against James S. Brailey, Jr., and the voting trustees of the United States concern last November.

Interrogatories addressed to J. P. Morgan were attached to the petition, asking if he was not recently the agent of the Bell Telephone in the sale abroad of $125,000,000 in bonds, and demanding what interest in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company he still retains as a result of the bond deal.

Mr. Morgan's interest in the control of the independent lines is described in the petition as being due to a fear of depreciation in Bell securities, caused by active independent competition.

We have what you want and give you just what you ask for. Prices about a third less than other stores.

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

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Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

Smith Gray values are just as standard as Smith Gray quality.

The present offerings, which are very much under-price due to our reorganization, were standard values at their original prices.

Nothing is reduced but the price.

The quality, style, fabrics and fine tailoring are the same that you have associated with the name Smith Gray for 65 years.

EXTRA SPECIAL
Broken sizes Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats, including all colors; former prices, $18 to $25 12.50

Many of these garments are even greater values than indicated.

Men's and Young Men's Suit Reductions.		Men's and Young Men's Overcoat Reductions.	
$25 to 30 Suits	$15.00	$25 to 30 Overcoats	$15.00
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$48, 50 & 55 Overcoats, reduced to $35.00
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Two Brooklyn Stores:
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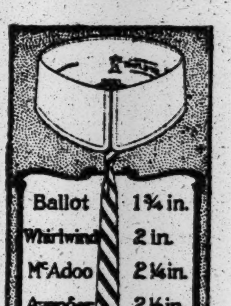
A comfortable Close Front style with patented "Lock that Locks." Made with the original "Easy Tie Slide" space—features of all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2 for 25c—Quarter Sizes
United Shirt & Collar Co., Troy, N. Y.
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S. & H. Green Trading Stamps With All Purchases (Cash or Charge.)
Double stamps before noon, single stamps after noon.
A book "started" with 40 stamps free to each visitor this week.

Bargain Basement
20,000 Pairs of Women's $3 and $3.50 Shoes for $1.95 Pair

Purchased from The International Shoe Co., owners of The "MERIT" Shoe Stores, their surplus stock of Women's Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps at practically our own prices.

They are not only $3 and $3.50 Shoes, but the makers claim them to be the best $3 and $3.50 Shoes made in America, and they are just the style of Footwear well-dressed women admire, demand and wear. The trade mark of these celebrated shoes is

Merit Dollar-Off Shoes

Patent Leather, Black Calf, Tan Calf, Black, Tan or Champagne Kid, Cravenette Cloth in both low and high shoes, Suedes in both Black, Brown or Gray Pumps and Oxfords; all sizes, all widths. All shoes have either welted or hand turned soles.

Bargain Basement—Greenhut and Co.—Wednesday.

Greenhut and Co., Sixth Avenue, 18th to 19th St.

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WHAT is a piano player for—to busy your brain and tire your body or to *soothe* you and *rest* you with *music*?

There are, you know, only two kinds of piano players.

One kind makes you work—and work hard. The other kind lets you *play* while it plays.

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Which appeals to you more—the player that has to be *"pumped"* with your feet, and that requires constant *attention* and *effort*, or the kind that sits daintily on a stand, out of the way of the piano and that calls on you for only the gentle pressure of your hands?

The kind that requires all the work is the kind that plays by means of air. The other kind, the restful kind that leaves you free to enjoy yourself and the *music*, is THE TEL-ELECTRIC—"The Perfected Piano Player."

It is the only one of its kind. And it is the one that makes *any* piano *more* pliable, *more* obedient, and *more* responsive to your will than any other player. The expression devices on THE TEL-ELECTRIC are beyond comparison.

We shall regard it as a privilege to *prove* these things to you if you will call any day soon and permit us to do so. *Will you?* Catalogue on application.

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METROPOLITAN AGENTS
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POLICE CLOSING IN ON GOOTMAN SLAYER

Rounding Up All Crooks Known to be Specialists in Fire-escape Burglaries.

FOUR SUSPECTS CAUGHT

One a Walking Jewelry Shop—A Hard Job Ahead, as the Description of the Murderer is Meagre.

The police dragnet, which was spread just after the killing of Moses Gootman and the wounding of his son, Isaac, by the burglar who is supposed to be responsible for many daring midnight robberies in the upper east side, has brought in four suspects thus far, who answer in a general way the description of the man who shot down Mr. Gootman in the dining room of his home at 16 East 109th Street early Sunday morning.

The police are badly handicapped, for the description given them of the slayer was very vague. Isaac Gootman says that the burglar was a rather short, heavily built man. Whether he wore a mustache or was clean-shaven and whether he was dressed in light or dark clothes Mr. Gootman cannot say. The only hope the detectives have is to round up all the crooks in town who have records for fire-escape burglaries.

The last of the four suspects was captured yesterday afternoon by Detective Berbenick of the Harlem Branch of the Detective Bureau. He was standing in a pawnbroker's place at Third Avenue and 106th Street when a young Austrian, rather short in stature and built like a prizefighter, entered and wanted to pawn a safety razor.

"What's your name and where did you get that razor?" asked Berbenick, placing his hand on the young man's shoulder. The reply was stammered out, so that the detective could not catch the name. The young man tried to break away and make a dash for the door. He was led outside by the detective, who began to feel around in the man's pockets. They proved to be veritable jewelry receptacles. Nearly $1,000 worth of jewelry and pawn tickets for several hundred dollars' worth more were concealed about him.

The detective took the man to the branch bureau and there he at first gave his name as Joe Young and his address as 1,522 Madison Avenue. But a little later he said that he had made a mistake and that he was Joseph Gammick and lived in a furnished room at 135 East 104th Street. Gammick and his captor went to the latter address, and there in a bureau drawer Berbenick found jewelry valued at about $2,000, much of which, it developed later, had been stolen in various parts of Harlem in the last few days. In the loot were many diamonds set in stickpins, rings, and brooches. There were several dozen pairs of jeweled cuff-buttons, several watches, bracelets, and gold chains.

Soon after Gammick's arrest there appeared at the station Mrs. Carrie Kuhn of 237 West 142d Street, whose flat was robbed of jewelry and clothing valued at $1,000 on Monday afternoon. She identified many of the things found in Gammick's possession as hers. Mrs. Kuhn says that she and her two sons, Imre and Mentone, were away from the flat Monday afternoon, and that when she returned she found that a burglar had gained entrance through the dumbwaiter shaft and had made off with all her jewelry, together with several razors and some of the clothing belonging to her sons.

Detective Berbenick is trying to find out where Gammick was after midnight Sunday morning. He says his prisoner answers the description of Mr. Gootman's slayer.

Another suspect is Thomas Valenti, a flashily dressed young man, who was arrested early yesterday morning at his home, 343 East 101st Street, by Detectives Allen, McGowan, Stein, and McLaughlin of the Harlem Bureau. Valenti's picture is in the Rogues' Gallery.

Valenti, together with Gammick and the other two suspects are to be taken to the Harlem Hospital soon so that Isaac Gootman, who is still at that institution with a bullet in his shoulder, may have a look at them. The wounded man said yesterday that the police would have their trouble for nothing, he was afraid, as he could not identify the man who shot him and killed his father.

The two other suspects under arrest are Henry Meyers, who was arrested on Monday night by Headquarters detectives, and Morris Flegenheimer. They have criminal records, the police say, and answer in a general way the man who shot the Gootmans. In Flegenheimer's room, at 2,416 First Avenue, the police found a blackjack, a burglar's electric flashlight, a loaded revolver, and several pawn tickets.

Meyers, who is known in police circles as the "Chicago Kid," was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Harris in the Harlem Court and was held in $2,000 bail for further examination to-morrow.

IDENTIFIES DENNISON.

Fredericks, Shot by Stranger, Picks Out Magician Suspected as Boys' Slayer.

John Fredericks, the man who was shot in the back four times on Saturday night, Jan. 8, went to the Jefferson Market Prison yesterday afternoon, and said he was practically certain that Herbert Jerome Dennison, the insane prestidigitator, under arrest for shooting the two six-year-old boys in Highbridge Park, is the man who shot him. Inspector McCafferty and the District Attorney's office are now sure that they will fasten the murders on Dennison.

Fredericks lives at 817 Gerard Avenue, the Bronx. Between 11 and 12 o'clock of that Saturday night he was on his way home, after a visit to his sweetheart. While crossing the bridge over the Harlem River, at 153d Street, he saw a man looking down into the water.

As soon as he got a little past the man Fredericks heard a shot behind him, and as he was turning, five other shots came in quick succession. Four of the bullets took effect in his body, but none made any very serious wound. His assailant did not try to rob him, and Fredericks was certain that he had no enemy who would shoot him down that way.

As the man ran away Fredericks got a good look at him. He was rushed to Lebanon Hospital, where he told the police that the shooter was a black-bearded man, with a black hat, wearing a short and light-colored overcoat. The bullets taken out of Frederick's body were of .32-calibre.

The following Wednesday Robert Lomas and Arthur Shibley were shot down in Highbridge Park, and they were killed with bullets of that calibre. The description given of the man who shot them tallied with that of Fredericks's assailant, and the police at once connected the two crimes.

Dennison was arrested on Monday, Jan. 24, as the murderer of the two boys. Fredericks was still in Lebanon Hospital, too weak to go down to the Jefferson Market Prison to see if the prisoner looked like the man who had shot him.

Yesterday afternoon Capt. Sam Price of the Bronx Detective Bureau took Fredericks down to the prison, had Dennison lined up with a number of men, and then brought in Fredericks. He did not hesitate in pointing out Dennison as the man who shot him.

Dennison's examination, which was only begun last Friday in Jefferson Market Court, will be completed to-morrow afternoon. Abe Levy, who has undertaken the defense of Dennison, said yesterday he had strengthened the evidence he needs to establish the lunatic's alibi.

Reports about Dennison have come in from the seven or eight institutions in which he has been a patient. The reports declare that he has never been committed, but has always been a private patient. As such he was allowed to go out walking with his mother, and to enjoy other liberties. He would get on well for awhile, it is reported, and then would break out. When the suggestion was made that he be committed as dangerous his mother would move him on to another institution.

DIES IN FIRE ON FIRST FLOOR.

Invalid the Only One Caught in Blaze Through Double Tenement.

Ludwig Ehlert, 47 years old, an invalid and confined to bed for several weeks, was burned to death yesterday on the first floor of the five-story double apartment house, at 46 West 132d Street. The fire worked quickly from the first floor to the room, yet all the rest of the people in the house escaped either by way of the roof or the fire escapes at the rear.

Ida Ehlert, wife of the dead man, was burned slightly while she was trying to extinguish the blaze, which originated from the explosion of an oil stove in her kitchen. Her eldest daughter, Lizzie, fainted, and neighbors dragged her to safety.

Mrs. Ehlert's cries aroused the whole house when the burning oil struck her, and Ehlert tried to get out of bed to assist her in smothering the fire. When Mrs. Ehlert and her daughter were taken to the street in safety they were too excited to think of the sick man, and when the firemen were dragging their hose into the main hall they stumbled over the charred body of Ehlert. He had been terribly burned in trying to get out of his room, and had fallen into the blazing hallway, about twenty feet from the front door.

Patrolman Somerer of the West 125th Street Station went to the back of the building and called the people on the fire escape to descend, and to others higher up to cross the roof to an adjoining apartment house. He then went to the roof of No. 44 and assisted three women to land there from one of the burning flats.

LOCK UP SWORD BEARERS.

Two Negroes Give a Man a Fright and He Calls the Police.

Arthur Ogner, a young man living at 5 East 130th Street, was walking up Lexington Avenue last night when, at 120th Street, he met two colored men. Each carried a long sword in military fashion.

"Do you want to buy these swords?" one asked.

"No," said Ogner, backing away. Not liking the looks of the pair, he started on a run up Lexington Avenue. The two negroes followed close at his heels. At 126th Street Ogner met Policeman Cameron of the East 126th Street Station. He explained the situation and Cameron arrested the two sword bearers.

"Were you going to war?" inquired Magistrate Moss, when the prisoners were arraigned in the Night Court.

"No, boss," said one of the men, who said he was Benjamin Murphy, a butler, of 228 West 127th Street. "The swords were given to my chum here, James McCoy of 70 East 115th Street, and we were asked to sell them. When we tried to get rid of them to the first man we met we were arrested."

Both swords had silver inlaid handles, and one bore the date "1759," and the inscription "Capture of Quebec." As they were apparently valuable, Magistrate Moss ordered the prisoners locked up until their story could be investigated.

TELEPHONE FRANCHISE VALID.

Electric Lines Company's Grant Not Found Illegal by a Court.

D. A. Reynolds, President of the Great Eastern Telephone Company, which controls the stock of the New York Electric Lines Company, said yesterday that an error had crept into testimony given last week before the legislative committee which is investigating telephone and telegraph companies when it was stated that the Supreme Court had decided that the Electric Lines' franchise to operate a telephone system in this city was illegal.

It develops that it was on the franchise of the Mercantile Electric Company that the court gave its decision, and that the Electric Lines' franchise has been held by the same court to be valid.

The Mercantile Company's franchise was granted by the old Board of Electrical Control, and it was attacked on the ground that the Aldermanic board was the only one with power to grant such a franchise.

Independent telephone men contend that, as the New York Telephone Company—the Bell—has a franchise granted by the old electrical control board, it is operating illegally. The Electric Lines Company contends that it has the only valid franchise in existence to operate in this city.

GIRL'S SECRETS GOT OUT.

School Society Gave One the "Third Degree," and She Fell Ill.

Because of worry over the likelihood that the High School secret society to which she belonged would try her for a breach of secrecy Grace Irwin of Arlington, N. J., is ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles O'Connor Irwin, with nervous prostration. The affair has caused so much of a stir that the Kearny Board of Education has determined to make an investigation.

Miss Irwin's class, the senior of the Kearny High School, organized itself into a sewing society a short time ago. Secrecy was agreed upon and was observed. After a time allegations were made that some one had been telling the secrets of the organization, and Miss Irwin was served with notice that she would have to stand trial on the charge of being the guilty one.

Worry over the accusation brought on illness, and Miss Irwin's mother demanded that a meeting be held to decide on the matter. Miss Irwin attended and refused to answer questions. She became hysterical under what is charged to be a species of "third degree," and it was necessary to call two physicians to her aid. Since that time she has been unable to leave her home.

NEW YORK'S TRIBUTE TO PEARY

At the Opera House Next Tuesday the Audience Will Hear His Story.

With Gov. Hughes presiding and representatives of many of the States on the stage or in the audience, the testimonial meeting to Commander Robert E. Peary as the discoverer of the north pole will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House next Tuesday evening, Feb. 8.

Addresses will be delivered by the Governor and several other distinguished officials, to which Commander Peary will respond, but the latter's address will be much more than an expression of appreciation, as he is to deliver at this time his first public lecture in this city on his discovery of the pole. The lecture at the Metropolitan Opera House is to be a complete account of the trip to the pole and the Commander's stay there, illustrated by stereopticon views not hitherto shown in public.

It is the purpose of the men behind the movement to present to Commander Peary after the lecture a purse of $10,000. Tickets for the testimonial are on sale at the Opera House and the hotels.

WOMAN HELD AS SMUGGLER.

Says She Is the Wife of Edward V. Price of Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—For an alleged attempt to bring furs, silks, and other valuables ashore without payment of duty from the excursion steamer Cleveland, which arrived here yesterday, Mrs. Edward V. Price, said to be the wife of a wealthy manufacturer of Chicago, has gotten into serious trouble with the customs authorities. Mrs. Price's baggage was seized and is now held by the Appraiser pending investigation.

Mrs. Francis Whipple of New York, another passenger, had to undergo personal search by a female Inspector.

The customs people declared no steamer at this port ever showed so many cases of attempted smuggling.

Pugilist Johnson Indicted for Assault.

An indictment charging assault in the second degree was filed in General Sessions yesterday against Jack Johnson, the negro heavyweight pugilist. The battered complainant is Norman H. Pinder, who accuses Johnson with having thrashed him soundly in a West Thirty-fifth Street saloon on the night of Jan. 20. According to Pinder, it all began with his refusing to buy wine for the bigger man. Johnson is scheduled for pleading to-day.

Glue Manufacturers to Stick Together.

The National Association of Glue and Gelatine Manufacturers was incorporated yesterday in this county.

BLOW-UP KILLS MANY IN KENTUCKY MINE

Thirty Are Probably Dead—Explosion Apparently Caused by Uncovered Lamp.

PRIMERO DEAD NUMBER 79

Cause of Colorado Catastrophe Unknown—Mine Fire at Peoria—St. Paul Mine at Cherry Reopened.

DRAKESBORO, Ky., Feb. 1.—Sixteen bodies have been recovered, ten others have been rescued alive, and from twenty-five to sixty men are supposed to be entombed in the Browder mine near here, in which there was an explosion to-day. It is believed the dead will number thirty.

Rescuers are working desperately to save the miners who may yet be alive and to recover the bodies of those killed.

Because of the accumulation of gases in the entry where the explosion occurred, 170 feet below ground and 700 feet back from the mine shaft, it was impossible to begin active rescue work until six hours after the disaster occurred. The damage to the mine, investigating parties have discovered, was not material, and is confined to the east entry.

There were 100 men in the mine at the time of the explosion. Many of them were in the west entry. All of these hastened to the cages and were quickly drawn to the top. Later many in the east entry fought their way to the shaft and were brought out to safety. As soon as it was safe to begin the rescue work miners were sent down in relays.

The mine is not on fire, and the fans are working. This gives rise to the hope that all the bodies may be recovered by daylight.

Four of the dead have been identified as J. A. Richardson, Ray Bennett, Matthew Lloyd, and William R. Eno. Jesse Jonghan was rescued alive, but it so badly burned that his recovery is doubtful.

It is believed that the explosion was caused by a track repairer going into an abandoned room with an uncovered lamp, as the room is shattered almost to atoms and the body of the repairer is nowhere to be seen. An inquest will be held at once.

The Browder mine, together with three others in this vicinity, was recently purchased by a syndicate of Tennessee and West Virginia capitalists, C. D. M. Freer and T. B. Caldwell of Memphis are now holding the property as Trustees, pending the formation of a company to take over the four properties.

Searching for Bodies at Primero.

PRIMERO, Col., Feb. 1.—In Primero to-night, where yesterday the lives of seventy-nine miners were snuffed out by an explosion in the main slope of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company's mine, the bodies of forty victims lie in the temporary morgue installed in the machine shop. A large force of men is still engaged in restoring ventilation throughout the mine, and hundreds of people are lingering about the mouth of the shaft awaiting the recovery of more bodies.

Coroner Guilfoil has impaneled a jury to investigate the catastrophe. Its cause is still unknown, and definite information is not expected until the mine is completely cleared and an investigation is completed. Leonardo Virgen, a Mexican and the only surviving miner supposed to have been working near the point where the explosion originated, is unable to make a clear statement.

Encouraged by the rescue of Virgen, the relief party worked with renewed energy, hoping to find others alive within the recesses of the mine, but failing in this up to this evening, those still missing were given up as lost.

This afternoon the watchers were electrified by the report that another man had been recovered alive, but this hope was quickly shattered by the announcement that Bert Lloyd, one of the rescue party, had ventured too far in the poisonous fumes and had been overcome. He was brought to the open air and soon revived.

Incendiary Fire in Mine.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 1.—While fire was raging in the shaft and upper works a rescue party entered the escape shaft of the Sholl Mine at South Bartonville, a mile away from the main shaft, and brought two miners, nearly dead from suffocation, to the surface.

The fire is believed to have had an incendiary origin. It was extinguished by volunteers two hours later. Only the two men were in the mine.

CHERRY, Ill., Feb. 1.—Work was resumed in the St. Paul mine to-night by scores of men, following the removal late to-day of the hermetical seal that had kept the mine closed for two months. Efforts will be made to clear the mine of noxious vapors, to wall in any smouldering fire, and to recover the 160-odd bodies of miners that have lain entombed since the fire on Nov. 13. The spectators were mostly young widows, some only 16 years old. The women were all quiet during the removal of the lid, standing in the slush and mud about the tipple.

James Webb, mine expert of the University of Illinois; Thomas Moses and Hector McAllister, State Mine Inspectors, protected by oxygen helmets, descended 350 feet to the bottom of the pit and procured a sample of the deadly gases that oozed from the mouth of the mine. A physician and several nurses were ready in case of accident.

There is much to be done before any bodies can possibly be recovered.

MORE MINE EXPERTS NEEDED.

Resources of Geological Survey Exhausted by Recent Disasters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Officials of the United States Geological Survey view with dismay the rapidity with which recent mine disasters in various parts of the country have called for the services of the few trained men at the command of the survey for aiding in mine rescue work.

All the available men are now in the field, and it was pointed out by officials to-night that if another mine disaster should occur before the men now at work have finished their immediate tasks, the survey would be helpless to send men to assist. Such a condition should be remedied, they believe, by providing more men for this work.

Two of the trained helmet men of the survey from the permanent station at the University of Illinois, at Champaign, Ill., are now at Cherry, Ill., where the seal has just been removed from the St. Paul Mine; two from the station at Pittsburg are hurrying to Primero, Col., and the only two other men at the survey's command have started from Pittsburg for Drakesboro, Ky.

Small Fire in the Empty Rector's.

Rector's restaurant, which closed on Monday night, was the scene of a small fire early yesterday evening. Smoke was discovered pouring from the woodwork of the laundry by Fred Messer, a watchman, who sent in a still alarm, to which one engine company and a ladder company responded. The fire was caused by a superheated flue in a party wall in Forty-fourth Street. The presence of the firemen attracted the Times Square theatre crowd to Broadway and Forty-fourth Street.

GOV. MANN INAUGURATED.

Virginia's New Executive Reiterates His Opposition to the Saloon.

RICHMOND, Va., Feb. 1.—Before the State Legislature and a large assemblage of citizens, William Hodges Mann was inaugurated Governor of Virginia at noon to-day.

In his inaugural address the new Democratic Governor put himself on record in regard to the liquor question, which it is thought will be the burning topic of his administration, by saying:

"I simply reiterate my steadfast opposition to the saloon and my confidence in the people of Virginia, who have the right to settle this question as to them shall seem best."

Gov. Mann recommended the State's best care for the surviving Confederate soldiers and sailors.

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1,500 Smart New Vests Made to Retail at $3, $4, $5 and $6 on Sale To-day $1.65
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THE MOST INTERESTING VEST NEWS EVER PRINTED—An opportunity for a man to buy several Vests for the usual price of one. The entire sample line of a New York vest maker whose reputation for style and quality is unsurpassed; also all his short lengths of 1910 piece goods made up into newest styles. The finest collection of high-class Vests you ever saw; every size from 34 to 46 chest. Light, medium and dark colors; in flannel, silks, velvets and mercerized effects. Not a Vest in the lot that was made to retail for less than

$3 and Up to $6 Your Choice To-day $1.65

NO MAIL ORDERS.
NONE C. O. D.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE'S FINEST STORE.

Sale To-day Wade & Butcher Razors 79c
☞ Main Floor.

A SPECIAL PURCHASE of those famous English Steel Razors brings these wonderful values—all are perfect (not seconds or samples), made of best quality, highly polished crucible steel; square or round point, all widths. Regularly sold at $1.25 to $3.00. For To-day Only ....

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., SIXTH AVENUE, 19TH TO 20TH STREET.

JERSEY TAKES UP HIGH MEAT PRICES

Grand Jury Starts an Inquiry Into Rates for Beef, Fowl, and Storage Eggs.

PACKERS CUT DOWN SUPPLY

Trust Said to Have Reduced Its Orders from the Western Producers—Returns from By-Products Uphold Meat Rates.

Hudson County instituted yesterday an investigaton into the price of meat. Prosecutor Pierre Garven brought before the Grand Jury the question of cold storage, and in answer to subpoenas, James Brady, the Superintendent, and John Manchie, the Treasurer, of the Swift Company's plant at Ninth and Provost Streets, Jersey City, and D. F. McCarthy, Superintendent of the Union Terminal Cold Storage Warehouse, at Twelfth and Provost Streets, were in attendance.

Mr. Garven has had information that there are large quantities of provisons under cold storage in or near Jersey City. He asserted that he believed that as many as 100,000 crates of eggs, which had been brought from the West in the season beginning last March, and 100,000 pounds of poultry, the first of which arrived about April, are thus stored away from the market.

He has been informed, he said yesterday, that there are about 300 cold storage plants belonging to private individuals in New York, where the bulk of the commodities belonging to the trust are held in refrigeration. The public plants, on the other hand, he believes contain little of this class of goods.

In accordance with the subpoenas, Mr. Brady and Mr. Manchie appeared before the Grand Jury armed with the books of their firm. It is understood that they threw little light on the points which the people wished to bring out. When Mr. Brady's examination was completed he gave an invitation to the members of the Grand Jury to make a thorough examination of Swift & Co.'s premises on Thursday, the day before the investigation is continued.

Mr. Brady told the jurors that the plant was mainly used for the manufacture of sausages and as a storehouse from which the local trade is supplied with beef, pork, lamb, poultry, and bottled eggs or eggaline. A certain number of hams are cured there as well, but about two-thirds of the plant is given up to beef.

Justice Francis J. Swayze of the Supreme Court was in Jersey City yesterday, and it was thought that the Grand Jury might hand up some indictments on the charge of conspiracy to restrain trade by holding back supplies for the enhancement of prices. It was decided to continue the inquiry on Friday, when it is hoped that some other witnesses from the cold storage plants of the neighborhood may be on hand. Prosecutor Garvin will visit Justice Swayze at his Newark home to-day to talk over the matter with him, and it is believed that he will charge the Grand Jury on the cold storage question on Friday.

"It is not only for the people of New Jersey that we are looking into this," Mr. Garvin said, "but for the sake of the United States Government. Any facts that we may develop will be entirely at the service of the Federal authorities."

Meantime the Hudson County Grand Jury has not joined the beat boycott. It accepted last night the invitation of Peter Haucke, the brewer of Harrison Avenue, Harrison, to attend one of his beefsteak dinners. They are famous institutions among county officials, and the jurors are reported to have had a good time.

The Grand Jury investigation into the Milk Trust in New York continued yesterday, John Laemmle, Secretary, and C. H. Beakes and William B. Conklin, Directors of the Consolidated Milk Exchange, being the witnesses. Inquiries among the wholesale dealers as to the effect of the meat boycott on the market were met with a rather grim smile yesterday. The wholesale price of meat stiffened yesterday, and the dealers pointed to the reports from the stockyards with an "I-told-you-so" expression.

"Looks a bit like a boomerang, don't it?" remarked one.

Lamb was reported up 1½ cents, beef and pork each 1 cent, and mutton from ¾ to 1 cent. To make things more cheerful Boston also took the opportunity to get a little more for its fish. Haddock jumped from 3½ to 5¼ cents a pound, and cod went from 4¼ to 5½ cents.

But still more important in the eyes of the wholesalers are the Chicago stock yards reports. They seemed to show that the word had gone forth from the Meat Trust to cut down the supply, or that the Western producer was not going to take any chances of forwarding his live stock to a dwindling market. Comparing the receipts of live stock at Chicago for Monday with the same day last week it was seen that prices ran righer, but the supply had greatly fallen off.

On Monday of last week the receipts of cattle were 27,600; this week only 18,000 head, though the price was reported steady and strong. Hogs, at 5 cents more on a strong market, had fallen from 36,000 to 34,600, and sheep, though they were quoted from 10 to 15 cents increase, were 18,000 instead of 25,000. This decline seems to be the result of the lowered prices of last week, when it was estimated that all classes of cattle dropped in price from 25 to 40 cents, so that the best grades cleared only $7.70, instead of $8.25 to $8.30.

Commenting on the situation, The Chicago Farmers and Drivers' Journal points out that, with every break in the value of steers, the packers make larger profits. So much of their gain is now derived from by-products that they can regard a cut in the price of meat with equanimity, as its cheapness adds materially to their net profit from by-products.

A cut in butter of 1 cent was reported yesterday, but this was put down by the trade entirely to the arrival of heavy shipments. A good quantity is in sight, and a still greater cut is expected in the next few days. The natural seasonal increase in the supply of eggs is on its way, and a fall may be expected next week, but the appearance of the new crop is too slow to make a sudden change in price probable.

Robert Price Bell, the ex-Special Deputy Attorney, who is starting a movement for the imposition of an export duty on all foodstuffs, declared yesterday that he was receiving encouragement from many quarters.

"The question of the constitutionality of the duty has been raised," he said, "but I have little doubt as to that. The Constitution only prohibits export duties between States, and Congress, I believe, has the right to levy both import and export duties. But even if the courts held that export duties are unconstitutional, I shall continue my agitation. The income tax was declared unconstitutional, and the people demanded an amendment. The cost of living is more important than the income tax."

Mr. Bell is now consulting consular reports and Government statistics to ascertain the amount of meat sent to foreign countries. He was informed yesterday that what goes to England is of finer quality than the meat sold here, as it has to compete in London against the finest beef from all over the world.

SUFFRAGETTES SEE ALDERMEN.

Urge Them to Pass Resolution for Cold Storage Investigation.

The desire of the suffragettes to lend strength to the Aldermen in their resolutiton to look into the cold storage business led yesterday to an exciting few minutes in the committee room of the Aldermanic Chamber. Alderman Joseph Schloss is a butcher by trade, and he made such strong remarks to the women that they were almost driven to appeal to the other men present to preserve them from insult.

The trouble arose through a misapprehension on the part of President Mitchel. When the suffragette organization, of which Mrs. Sophia Loebinger is the leader, telephoned to ask if they might appear before the board, he gave his consent, under the impression that all they desired was to see him in his private office. When they turned up they expected permission to address the board, and it taxed the diplomacy and strength of the united force of Sergeants-at-Arms to convince them that women were never permitted on the floor of the board.

Aldermen Max S. Levin and John White came to their rescue, and obtained permission from the chair for the admission of the women behind the rail which shuts off the reporters' table.

Alderman Frank Dowling then introduced an ordinance providing that every animal or fowl and every box containing provisions put in cold storage should be tagged so as to show the date of reception by the warehouse and date of removal, under penalty of a fine of from $5 to $50 for each offense.

"That's going to tread on the toes of the Board of Health," remarked Alderman Schloss. "It will only make people hysterical, and the board ought not to touch it."

The ordinance was, in spite of his opposition, referred to the Committee on Laws and Legislation. Then Alderman Bent, Vice Chairman of the board, brought in another resolution for the inspection of cold storage warehouses and other places where perishables are stored.

"I don't want to prophesy," he declared, "but I recall how the mobs of Paris in the Reign of Terror cried 'Food! Food!' It may be that, if we do not satisfy the people, great crowds will surround the storage warehouses in this city and will cry, 'Burn! Burn!'"

The suffragettes, as they stood in the Aldermanic Chamber, were taken in charge by Larry Mulligan. He explained to them what the proceedings were about and then led them back to the committee room. There he saw Alderman Schloss talking to two or three others and remarked:

"He's the man you want to see," he said. "He's a butcher."

Alderman Schloss was angry.

"What the —— are you doing? Do you take me for a —— fool? These women ought to be at home minding their families. Do they take me for a fool?"

"No," remarked one of them as pleasantly as she could. "We don't think you are, but we suppose you have the courage of your convictions."

"I don't want to talk to any of the like of you," blustered the Alderman. "No woman can make an intelligent argument."

"Try us," Mrs. Loebinger replied sweetly. "Ask us an intelligent question—if you can."

"I won't talk to you, I tell you. What do you know about these things? I represent the dealers, and it is to the dealers the consumers must look for their meat."

"I'd put it the other way," replied Mrs. Loebinger. "It's to the consumers the dealers must look for their patronage."

"Go home, I tell you, and get your husbands' suppers."

"A nice home you'd make," put in Mrs. Sophia Kremer. "Using such language before strangers, what do you use to your wife?"

The women turned their back on the Alderman with the parting shot, "You'll never get elected again."

"You bet he will," retorted two men from the crowd which had gathered. The women retired up the room and held an indignation meeting, while Assistant Sergeant at Arms McGlynn set himself to restore order. He had a hard task. He is less than five feet in height, but he had to put out a man at least twelve inches taller before quiet was restored. He was aided by Alderman Dowling, who, looking around the deserted board room, called on the chair to embody the force of Sergeants at Arms to drive the Aldermen back to their duties.

"Hadn't you better telegraph their wives to come down?" suggested one member.

BROAD INQUIRY IN THE HOUSE.

Plan as Outlined Calls for Thorough Investigation Into Cost of Living.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—An early start was taken to-day in getting under way the proposed investigation by the House Ways and Means Committee into the high cost of living. A resolution was introduced embodying the ideas of Mr. Payne and Mr. Clark of Missouri, who were appointed yesterday by the Ways and Means Committee to lay down a line of action in the matter, in which the basis was laid for a most exhaustive inquiry into the reasons for the prevailing high prices. The measure was referred to Mr. Payne's committee and will undoubtedly be reported back to the House for passage before the end of the week.

The resolution makes it plain that if the investigation falls short of getting the fundamental facts in the food cost situation it will not be because of a lack of authority to examine deeply. It provides for an inquiry into the proper value of all the necessities of life, including clothing, fuel, furniture, meats, breadstuffs, and provisions generally, and implements used in the process of getting them to the final consumer. Wholesale and retail prices of these necessities will be learned and the rate of profit to those who sell and distribute them. A search will be made for the cause of the increase in prices. The charges that the existing tariff laws are responsible for the present situation will be investigated, and data will be gathered as to the relation of these laws to the change in costs.

The committee is empowered to recommend such legislation as will, in its opinion, restore prices to a normal level. It is authorized by the provisions of the resolution to extend its investigations to the situation in foreign countries; and in doing all this, it is to have full power to take testimony under oath, to administer oaths, and to compel the presence of witnesses and the production of papers and records. All hearings are to be open to the public.

The cost of the inquiry is to be paid out of the contingent fund of the House.

CROOKED BANKRUPTS MUST GO TO PRISON

Creditors Joined in the Successful Prosecution of Partners for Fraud.

FORGERY IN THEIR BOOKS

Misrepresented Their Assets to Credit Men and Finally Concealed $28,000 Worth.

The first conviction of a fraudulent bankrupt for forgery in this county was recorded yesterday when a jury returned to Judge Malone, in General Sessions, a verdict of guilty against Morris Taub and Louis Brown. The conviction was for forgery in the third degree.

The conviction was procured by the debtors, who lost not only a proffered settlement of 45 cents on the dollar, but nearly $8,000 disbursements in the preparation of the charges.

The convicted men were in business, under the name of Brown & Taub, as dry goods jobbers at 350 Canal Street. A severe sentence is expected, since it appeared on the trial that the defendants were in jail for contempt because they had failed to disgorge $28,000 in concealed assets, as ordered by the Federal authorities. Five to ten years in a State prison is the penalty. Several cases of a similar nature will now be pressed to trial, as allied merchants are determined to put a stop to fraudulent bankruptcy.

Assistant District Attorney John W. Hart, who prosecuted the case, was assisted by Julius Henry Cohen and Charles P. Sanford, attorneys for George F. Bentley, the Trustee in bankruptcy; Allen R. Campbell, attorney for Harding, Whitman & Co., creditors; Mr. Cohen representing the Bear Mill Manufacturing Company and A. G. Hyde & Co., creditors, and ex-Assistant District Attorney William P. Bosler.

The offense for which Brown and Taub were convicted is substantially the same as that for which Charles E. Morse was sentenced to serve fifteen years in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Mr. Cohen explained. They were found guilty of making false entries in their own books for the purpose of deceiving credit men into believing that they had assets of $52,000 in excess of their liabilities, when they were scarcely solvent. They had destroyed a previous set of bona fide books on Jan. 1, 1907, just one year and eighteen days before they went into bankruptcy.

The testimony of J. Constan, an accountant of Newark, N. J., whom they employed, showed how the two partners had revealed their guilt by their suspicion of each other. Constan was called upon to audit the old books as well as to start the new set of fraudulent records. His part in the transaction was innocent, and the knowledge he gained thereby was of great value in procuring the conviction. William P. Myhan, credit man of the Bear Mill Manufacturing Company, and Thomas P. Maguire, credit man of A. G. Hyde & Sons, also gave valuable testimony.

Judge Malone occupied nearly two hours in his charge to the jury, explaining to them the importance of the case to the business community, and how necessary it was for business men in their dealings to rely upon credit statements. The jury retired about 5 o'clock, and returned a verdict of guilty at 8.

Irving Gainsburg represented the prisoners and submitted no testimony, resting on the prosecution's case. Neither of the prisoners was allowed to testify in his own behalf. This, it was said, was due to the decision of their counsel that it would be unwise to permit their cross-examination on the reason of their imprisonment for failure to turn over the $28,000 concealed assets of the bankrupt firm.

BANKRUPT BROKERS INDICTED.

Evidence Against Tracy & Co. Obtained Through Books of Other Firms.

The Grand Jury, sitting for the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, filed seven indictments yesterday as the result of their investigation of the affairs of Tracy & Co., the Wall Street firm that failed on May 17 last for $1,500,000. No arrests were made, as it is understood that the indicted men are out of town, but their counsel, former Assistant District Attorney Gans, has promised to bring his clients here as soon as possible.

On the ground that Edward G. Benedict, the receiver in bankruptcy, was a Federal officer, being appointed by a Federal Court, Judge Hand recently restrained the District Attorney from issuing a subpoena for the books of the company, at that time in the possession of Mr. Benedict.

This hitch in the investigation was circumvented, however, when Assistant District Attorney Kindleberger illustrated the same story before the Grand Jury by the books of the various brokers with whom Tracy & Co. had had dealings.

The members of the bankrupt firm were William W. Tracy, Frederick W. Parker, and Robert D. Covington.

College Board Elects Dr. Mackenzie.

The College Board of the Presbyterian Church yesterday elected the Rev. Robert Mackenzie, D. D. LL.D., a former President of the board, Secretary to succeed the late Dr. James Stuart Dickson, who died last April. The College Board is the agency of the Presbyterian Church that is to co-operate with its fifty-six denominational colleges in handling the bequest of the late John Stewart Kennedy.

WHITE SLAVE CONVICTION.

First Case Under a New Statute That of Paul Trenka.

After five minutes' deliberation, a jury in General Sessions found Paul Trenka, a Hungarian, of 311 East Twelfth Street, guilty yesterday under a recently enacted statute, which defines as a misdemeanor the unlawful receipt of money for placing a woman in a disorderly house or any similar place. This was the first conviction under the statute, which provides a penalty of one year in the penitentiary and $500 fine.

Judge Rosalsky gave it as his opinion that men so convicted should receive at least ten years, and that legislation should change the crime from a misdemeanor to a felony.

Together with Philip Mangold, whose case is yet to be tried, Trenka was indicted by the white slave Grand Jury for taking Lizzie Hartzo, a nineteen-year-old Hungarian girl, from the house where she was employed as a servant, in Second Avenue, and selling her. Assistant District Attorneys Appleton and Ellison presented the case.

Wanda Boshka, 15 years old, of 544 East Twelfth Street, was committed to the House of the Good Shepherd by Justice Deuel, in the Children's Court. She was the first witness before the white slave Grand Jury, and her story of how Giuseppe Picone took her from her home led to the first conviction in the investigation, when Picone pleaded guilty to assault.

20-YEAR SENTENCE FOR FLYNN

Court Decrees That He Must Keep Straight for That Period.

James Flynn of 42 West End Avenue, who escaped a ten-year sentence in State Prison last week because his little baby cried in court, was released on suspended sentence yesterday by Judge Foster in the Court of General Sessions after the Judge had heard the report of Probation Officer Kimball to the effect that it was his first fall from grace.

Flynn was convicted with Charles Smith and Peter Fitzpatrick of holding up John Rooney of 509 West Fifty-ninth Street on Dec. 11 and stealing six loaves of bread and a cheap watch. Smith and Fitzpatrick, ex-convicts, got ten years each, and Flynn stood up to receive the same dose when his baby, in the arms of his wife in the rear of the court, began to cry, causing Judge Foster to remand him and direct an investigation.

"I was going to send you to prison for a long term," admitted Judge Foster yesterday in talking to Flynn, "but I have decided not to. The fact that you have never been arrested before and have a wife and child to keep you straight makes me think there is hope for reform in your case. So I am going to sentence you to twenty years' good behavior. You may go, but if you are ever arrested again at any time within the next twenty years you may be brought into court and sent to prison for a long term. If you live decently you will never hear of this case again."

Flynn promised the Judge he would keep straight, kissed his wife and the baby that saved him, and walked out of court.

SEABURY PICTURES FOR SALE.

Notable Artists of European and American Schools in Collection.

The art collection of the late George J. Seabury, consisting of 150 oil paintings from modern European and American schools, will be offered for sale at 8:30 o'clock this evening and to-morrow evening by James P. Silo, at the Fifth Avenue Art Galleries, 546 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Seabury, who was founder and President of the firm of Seabury & Johnson, manufacturing chemists, was a man of versatile and independent art tastes, and his collection covers a rich variety of styles and subjects.

Among the notable artists represented in the collection are B. W. Leader, Julian Rix, P. Roda, V. Irolli, W. Watson, B. Galofre, J. Enrique, and others. The collection includes paintings from the Henry Hilton and Ed Kearney sales and the late Duke of Marlborough sale. The range of subjects is unusually wide, including paintings of French, Italian, German, and Oriental life of all degrees, and many fine paintings of animals and flowers.

BREAKFAST FOOD MERGER.

Northwestern Cereal Manufacturing Concerns About to Consolidate.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 1.—The reported consolidation of all the cereal manufacturing concerns of Minneapolis, together with one in Battle Creek, Mich., two in Chicago, and some in Iowa, in a new corporation to handle the output of the breakfast food concerns was partly confirmed to-day by Thomas W. Hicks, who has been promoting the deal here.

Mr. Hicks said that he could not discuss the details now, but would make a statement in a few days. It is understood that, while some details of the merger remain to be adjusted, the deal is virtually closed.

The Minneapolis companies involved in the merger are the Northwestern Cereal Corporation, Minneapolis Cereal Company, incorporated; Fruen Wheat Food and Milling Company, and the Minne-Paul Cereal and Milling Company. Other companies already included, it is said, are the Malta-Vita Food Company of Battle Creek, Mich.; the Pettijohn Pure Food Company, and the Iowa plants of the United Cereal Company of Chicago.

In addition to the above, seven white flour mills in towns adjacent to Minneapolis will be merged into the new company. Their names are not announced.

The assenting companies, it is said, will receive stock in the new corporation, dollar for dollar, of preferred stock on the appraised valuation and bonuses of common stock for established business, trade marks, &c.

MAY FREE MRS. FORD TO PROTECT OTHERS

Prosecutor Refuses to Reveal Evidence He Says Would Involve Innocent Persons.

DEFENSE MOVES DISMISSAL

Had Threatened to Show That Warriner Had Accomplices—Judge to Rule on Motion To-day.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Jeannette Stewart Ford may be freed to-morrow from the charge of levying blackmail on Charles L. Warriner, defaulting local Treasurer of the Big Four Railroad. An unexpected turn to the woman's trial came this afternoon, when her attorney demanded the dismissal of the case on the ground that the Prosecuting Attorney refused to submit to the court a transcript of the evidence given before the Grand Jury which indicted his client. The motion was taken under advisement by the court, and a decision will be rendered to-morrow morning.

While decision is reserved, the Judge declared his belief that the point of the defense was well taken. On the other hand, Prosecutor Hunt declared that, whatever might be the result, he would refuse to give up the documents in question, as they might bring the names of innocent persons into the case.

This move by Mrs. Ford's attorneys came as a surprise, following the declaration of the woman's lawyers that "Warriner was not the only guilty person in the $643,000 defalcation," and that before Mrs. Ford's trial was concluded they would "compel the revelation of his accomplices."

Warriner, attired in his convict garb, resumed the witness stand at the continuance of the trial to-day. Under the most rigid cross-examination he preserved his demeanor of calm indifference, and again related the story of his relations with Mrs. Ford.

He said that on one occasion Mrs. Ford told him that she had just come from Chicago, where she had had a row with Edgar S. Cooke; that she was out of funds, and that she asked for money with which to pay her hotel bill. He said that he gave her $20 or $30, all that he had in his pockets.

Letters from Mrs. Ford to Cooke were introduced, one of which, dated Feb. 5, 1903, said:

"Saw Mr. W. to-day for the first time since I struck Cincy. Got some money from him to pay my hotel bill and for your birthday, but not enough to spare you a ten-spot besides."

Letters were also introduced to show Mrs. Ford's jealousy of Cooke's wife. In these she referred to Mrs. Cooke in uncomplimentary terms and accused her of interfering with the writer's affairs.

REMOVED BY McANENY.

Borough President Ousts 102 Officials from His Department.

Borough President McAneny of Manhattan has begun the housecleaning he promised. He announced yesterday the removal of the seventy-five Corporation Inspectors and twenty-seven members of the clerical staff of the Bureau of Highways. This is only the beginning of the three-hundred-thousand-dollar payroll cut which Mr. McAneny says he will make.

Mr. McAneny announced some time ago that he intended to institute a thorough reform in the work done by the Corporation Inspectors. He declared that ten or twelve competent engineers could do all the work to which the force of seventy-five men was assigned. These Inspectorships were nearly all filled by Tammany henchmen. The salaries ran from $1,000 to $1,500 a year.

SUBPOENAS NEWSPAPER STAFF

Chicago State's Attorney Wants Information About Graft in the City.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—State's Attorney John E. W. Wayman announced to-day that he had issued subpoenas for all members of the Merriam Commission and all the employes of a local newspaper which has printed many stories concerning graft among city officials. The subpoenas call for their appearance before the Grand Jury.

It is said that the Grand Jury, which recently voted true bills against eleven men charging graft in building a sewer, will begin an investigation of other departments of the city.

Two Quit Corporation Counsels Office.

Daniel D. Whitney, Jr., and William A. Mathis, Assistant Corporation Counsel in the Brooklyn office, presented their resignations to Corporation Counsel Watson yesterday, to go into effect on Feb. 15. Mr. Whitney is the son of ex-Mayor Whitney, and has been in the department since January, 1898. He received a salary of $5,500 a year. Mr. Mathis was appointed in October, 1906, and received a salary of $3,000. It is understood that the resignations of six more men in the Brooklyn branch of the department and fifteen more in the main office will be presented in the next few days.

Brill Clothes

Fancy Overcoats

The tastes of men are not more varied than the patterns of our cheviot, cassimere and worsted Winter Overcoats in fancy mixtures of gray, subdued black and brown.

The desires of men for big values, and the tendency toward economy, are not met more fully than in our "round-up" sale.

Fancy Winter Overcoats, formerly selling as high as $27.50, now.... $17

Our regular $19 and $17 grades, with some of the $22.50, now.... $12

For those who prefer blacks, blues and Oxfords, $22 will now purchase fine Winter Overcoats formerly selling up to $32.50; $17, Overcoats which in season sold up to $27.50; $12, our regular $19 and $17 grades.

Men's Suits, too, are down. Selling in season from 15 to 35 per cent. higher they are to-day $22, $17 and $12. Blacks, blues and fancy weave blues and grays.

Brill Brothers
CLOTHIERS 4 CONVENIENT STORES
Harlem Store Open Evenings.
279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., nr. B'way.
125TH STREET, cor. 3d Ave.
47 CORTLANDT ST., nr. Greenwich.

WISSNER PIANOS.

are used and unqualifiedly indorsed by the world's greatest pianists and musicians, and are accounted among the few that have reached the height of artistic excellence.

Wissner prices are not high to those who know the existing conditions of the piano trade. They cost but little more than many instruments that are well advertised but which have no standing in the musical world.

Wissner Grand Pianos are designed, built and finished right in the Wissner Factory. Anyone contemplating the purchase of a grand piano and interested in the quality of material and workmanship which enter into the construction of Wissner Grand Pianos is permitted to see our process of manufacture.

WAREROOMS
96 5th Av., cor. 15th St., N. Y.
538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

The BUFFALONIAN

The fast night train to Buffalo, providing a Pullman Buffet Sleeper with Observation Smoking Room, Standard Sleeping Cars and Coaches.

The route is along the Hudson River and through the Mokawk Valley—water level—insuring a perfect night's rest.

Lv. Desbrosses St. 7.45 and West 42d St. 7.55 p.m. Ar. Buffalo 7.15 next morning.

The West Shore Limited is the best day train. Leaves Desbrosses St. at 8.25 and West 42d St. at 8.35 a.m., arrives Buffalo 8.05 p.m.

$8 — FARE — $8

Railroad and Pullman tickets can be secured at any of our offices, or will be delivered, upon request, by special representative, who will furnish any information desired. Address
L. F. Vosburgh, 1216 Broadway.
Telephone: 6310 Madison.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

West Shore R. R.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINES LIGHT RUNNING

ARE THE BEST BECAUSE OF KNOWN VALUE.

Cheapness in price is evidence of INFERIOR quality and poor service. The NEW HOME is built upon honor, made in a manner to insure PERFECT SERVICE for a lifetime. Have you seen our latest achievement in COMBINATION WOODWORK?

See our No. 1018
Automatic Lift
Drop Head.

NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE

NO OTHER LIKE IT. NO OTHER AS GOOD.

For half a century this machine has made good for all claims of supremacy. Those who used it forty years ago are now using it.

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

Sold on easy monthly payments or liberal discount for cash. Instructions free in your home. Call to see demonstration or write a postal to-day for illustrated Catalog No. "25."

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.'s
City Salesrooms, 28 Union Square, East.

Subject: Sale

Bump!
go our $18 Suits & Overcoats to $14.50
Bump!!
go our $20 Suits & Overcoats to $14.50
Bump!!!
go our $22 Suits & Overcoats to $14.50
Bump!!!!
go most of our $25 Suits & Overcoats to $14.50

The only thing that came to harm is the prices. Men had better take a fall to these values.

WM. VOGEL & SON
Two Broadway Stores { at Houston Street
at 44th Street

The reasons why different kinds of milk have their individual value:—

The milk which the

"SHEFFIELD FARMS"

offers for sale is chemically analyzed more often than all of the rest of New York City's supply put together.

The SHEFFIELD FARMS pays monthly between $5,000 and $6,000 more than any of their competitors to the farmers who are willing to produce a milk containing more butter fat, better known as cream, which is handled in the most cleanly manner, and after March 1st will be sold for 8 Cents per quart—the same price as inferior milk. Our system of delivery is surpassed by no one.

SHEFFIELD FARMS, SLAWSON-DECKER CO.

STRAUSS'S 'ELEKTRA' AT THE MANHATTAN

Large Audience at the First Performance in America of His Last Music Drama.

A REMARKABLE WORK

Music in Which Cacophony Is Abundant—Mme. Mazarin's Superb Performance as the Heroine.

Elektra	Mme. Mariette Mazarin
Chrysothemis	Mlle. Alice Baron
Klytemnestra	Mlle. Gerville-Reache
Orestes	M. Huberdeau
Aegisthus	M. Duffault
Foster Father of Orestes	M. Nicolay
A Young Servant	M. Venturini
An Old Servant	M. Scott
The Confidant	Mlle. Desmond
Overseer of the Servants	Mlle. Taty-Lango
Trainbearer	Mlle. Johnstone
First Serving Woman	Miss Alice Gentle
Second Serving Woman	Mlle. Severina
Third Serving Woman	Mlle. Milda
Fourth Serving Woman	Mme. Walter-Villa
Fifth Serving Woman	Mme. Duchene

Musical director, M. Henriquez de la Fuento.

Richard Strauss's latest music drama, "Elektra"—a "tragedy in one act" it is called on the title page—based upon the play of Hugo von Hofmannsthal, was produced for the first time in America last evening at the Manhattan Opera House. The audience was very large. There was a widespread interest in this performance, as there was a year ago in Mr. Hammerstein's production of Strauss's "Salome," and three years ago in the production of the same work at the Metropolitan Opera House. The deed, upon all these occasions, was something beyond the usual achievements of the opera houses.

Enormous pains and study had been spent upon the preparation of "Elektra," for the demands it makes upon the participating singers, the orchestral players, the conductor, as well as upon the nerves, patience, and pecuniary resources of the manager, are of the greatest. The Opera House was full last evening, and the new work was listened to with profound attention; though, lasting, as it does two hours without an intermission, and straining the conscientious listener's senses to the uttermost, it is an exhausting experience.

There were a couple of outbursts of applause during the performance started by groups of misguided enthusiasts. But the audience as a whole waited to the end and then gave vent to enthusiastic plaudits long continued. All the artists, Mr. de la Fuente, Mr. Coini, the stage manager, and finally Mr. Hammerstein were brought before the curtain to acknowledge this applause. The demonstration was suddenly interrupted, however, by the swooning at the very footlights of Mme. Mazarin, the admirable interpreter of Elektra, whose exacting task culminating in the wild dance at the close had been too much for her.

Strauss's choice of the subject for his latest production was quite on a par with his choice for "Salome." It is a treatment of an ancient theme in the sensational spirit of what calls itself "modern"; a spirit that is morbid, neurotic, exaggerated. Von Hofmannthal's "Elektra," produced in Berlin in 1903, excited the same sort of agitation as did Oscar Wilde's "Salome." It made the same sort of appeal to the imagination of Richard Strauss. He saw in it the same sort of opportunity for his extraordinary musical expertness; and he deliberately endeavored to go beyond his former achievement in piling up the effects of "Elektra." This, he himself avowed, should be a "Salome" raised to a higher power.

Von Hofmannthal took his theme from the ancient myth of the House of the Atridae, that had an important place in the work of the Greek tragedians: a story of crimes and black misfortunes. "Elektra" is especially concerned with the murder of Agamemnon by his wife Klytemnestra and her paramour Aegisthus, and the avenging deed of his son Orestes, moved thereto by the sister, Elektra. The portion of the story that appears in the German play and the German music drama was especially treated by Sophocles; and it is his tragedy that forms the prototype or at least the starting point of this work.

The Greek tragedians made their dramas of blood vengeance a manifestation of the inscrutable rule of Fate, blind, inexorable, from which there is no escape for mortals, yet which it is the duty and glory of the good to resist to the end. Inextricably involved with these workings of Fate is the ancestral guilt of blood, continually reproduced and in successive generations punished anew. In their representation of this, even in their most exalted climaxes, there are a sinister grandeur, simplicity, directness; the power of dignity, of imposing personality, even in the crises of emotion and of agony. The modern poet puts himself as far as possible without the influence of the Hellenic spirit. His drama is a vividly lurid and passionate exposition of the working of convulsive emotions in the three diversely affected women, Elektra, Chrysothemis, Klytemnestra. But Von Hofmannthal's drama is only a shred of the great canvas upon which the Attic dramatist painted his majestic and imposing picture: a fragment, the very end of it all, upon which is shown not the development but only the baleful climax. Upon this he has concentrated all that the dramatist's resources can command of the shrillest, most violent, most extravagant utterance. His drama represents the nurtured hate, fanatical, demoniacal obsession by a fixed purpose of revenge, on the part of Elektra.

That purpose is that Agamemnon shall be avenged by the death of Klytemnestra and Aegisthus, who slew him. Around that everything else in the drama revolves, upon it all hinges. Chrysothemis stands at the opposite pole. She wishes to forget the murder, to be freed from the torment of its memory; she "cannot sit and stare into the darkness" like her sister. Her fanatical obsession is the longing for a husband, for the happiness of wifehood and motherhood. Klytemnestra is beset by the ganwings and shuddering dread of a devouring conscience, the deadly fear of a guilty mind, that torment her in her dreams. Her eyelids are swollen and closed. She is bedecked with protecting amulets and charms. She feverishly seeks to know sacrifices and rites that will free her, and is driven into a frenzy of rage and terror by Elektra's goading words. Orestes appears in the drama almost solely as the effective instrument to fulfill Elektra's longing, and to her he is less a brother than an avenger. Aegisthus, himself the prey of a nervous terror, affrighted at the glimpse of the first unfamiliar face in his palace, passes briefly across the stage, and comes upon it only to furnish the achievement of Elektra's fixed purpose.

And so this new Elektra is no longer an instrument of Fate, a woman sacrificed to duty. She has become a bloodthirsty animal, hungering for personal vengeance. All that was most noble in the ancient myth, all that stood as the workings of an inscrutable, inappeasable power, is now brought down to the level of lust, of distorted human passion, of human hate. Elektra knows not the gods nor fate. She knows only herself and her revenge; and her part in the drama is one long, shrill cry for the day of vengeance, her vengeance, to come.

Whatever the effect of the spoken drama may be, that of Strauss's setting has only at certain moments the direct and penetrating thrust of potent dramatic power. We have pictures of the uncannily distraught Elektra, pale, haggard, with staring eyes, crouching, lurking in the palace yard, digging with her hands like a wild beast for the buried hatchet that killed her father; importuning and cajoling her sister, lashing her mother with biting words craftily hidden in meaning; meeting and at length recognizing her brother, and finally quaffing the cup of her longed-for vengeance, breaking wildly into a "nameless dance" in the intoxication of her fearful joy, falling senseless at the end as the curtain closes upon her.

We have the cries of Klytemnestra as, unseen, she meets her fate within the palace. For a moment Aegisthus appears at the window tearing at the curtains and shrieking for help as the avenging hand of Orestes is upon him. All the rest is a development of the fixed idea of Elektra as it is variously manifested toward the other personages of the drama. This is expressed in the substance of long speeches; her long colloquy with Chrysothemis; the savage irony of her words to her mother; her greeting of Orestes, which turns so soon into the one channel of her thought, revenge. These long speeches give the musician endless opportunity for his minute delineation, in tones and in orchestral color, of the changing shades of emotion and passion that run through them, but leave little opportunity for action on the stage. For long stretches in the first part of the drama the attention of the listener is wearied by these interlocutions, of which it is impossible to hear and understand the words, and of which the potent effect is soon blunted and lost. In "Salome" something ominous, disastrous, terrible, was continually happening, or about to happen; and the feeling of the movement of events was communicated across the footlights, even if only in the sense of uneasy foreboding, realized by the result. Whatever may be in other respects the comparative merits of these two, it is undeniable that "Elektra" is less dramatically effective, that it makes more exacting demands upon the listener's attention.

The Strauss of "Elektra," however, is the Strauss of "Salome" and of the last symphonic poems. His ideals and intentions are the same, his methods the same. The reservoir from which his musical inspiration is drawn has neither broadened nor deepened. There may be a greater skill in the treatment of the musical material, a more adept manipulation of the complexities of texture in which the composer delights. But in its moments of greatest eloquence "Elektra" scarcely rises to the splendors that mark the great climaxes of "Salome."

The composer has gone to work in the same way, extending it, if that be possible, into further complexities and a more bewildering maze of detail. The orchestral score is a kaleidoscope of themes and thematic fragments, by which Strauss has endeavored to illustrate in the minutest detail every utterance, every reference, and allusion upon the stage, every action, every suggestion of passion, mood and motive. It is the Straussian principle carried to its ultimate limit, that everything can be expressed definitely and intelligibly in musical terms. There are, according to one commentator, forty-five themes employed in the work; according to another, thirty-one. But how poor and insignificant in themselves are these themes, for the most part the merest fragments and tatters; with how great difficulty recognizable or remembered as thematic material! Strauss, in his later works, has become more and more indifferent to the purely musical quality of his material, to its potency for specifically musical development. He seeks only such as admits of plastic or picturesque development, superficial suggestion, all sorts of ingenuities in manipulation, combination; bits that might serve for the purposes of a Chinese puzzle, or that could be pieced together as a mosaic.

The music is written with a more reckless disregard for what has hitherto passed for tonal beauty and expressiveness than any other Strauss has produced. He puts his motives together with absolute unconcern as to harmony or the preservation of tonality. It has been said that Strauss seems to seek for a sort of neutral tonality, in which all keys may be found at will. It is, in other words, the negation of euphony, the acceptance, for all purposes, of any kind of cacophony. The excited descriptions of the three different tonalities in which he somtimes writes at once, are only too true. Harmony, as Strauss employs it, has little or nothing to do with the progressions, the discords, the dissonances that musicians have dealt with in all previous centuries. If he has a system by which anything whatever is excluded or any one combination of sounds seems preferable to another, he has not made it known. "Elektra," however, simply carries this tendency further than "Salome" or the "Symphonia Domestica."

He has employed in this opera, though more sparingly than in the past, a device which is quite familiar to students of his music; that of turning suddenly to some broad and simple, usually sentimental, melodic phrase in mellifluous harmonies, immediately after passages of his most excruciating dissonances. The unwary are led to exclaim: "Ah! the beauty, the eloquence!" though the phrase may be of essential commonplaceness, and may make its effect only through the grateful rest it gives to tortured ears. Of such there may be recalled a brief passage at Elektra's first appearance, her invocation to Agamemnon; the song of Chrysothemis, in which she expresses her yearning for love; the appearance of Orestes and the scene of Elektra's recognition of him—though this is of stronger fibre, emotionally more genuine—and finally, the scene between Chrysothemis and Elektra after the killing of Aegisthus. These are episodes, however; they have not the value of climaxes, nor of such a massive and eloquent development as forms the peroration in "Salome."

Strauss clings even closer to the letter than the spirit in his dramatic illustrations, and he has again made his score teem with fantastic exaggerations of all sorts of verbal details. We hear in music the tinkling of Klytemnestra's amulets, the slippery pool of blood is spoken of, and the orchestra gives a picture of it. The stroke of the axe that laid Agamemnon low has a theme of its own. Chrysothemis declares she longs to warm a child in her bosom on a stormy night, and the storm rages for a moment in the orchestra. A herd of beasts is driven across the palace yard, destined for Klytemnestra's sacrificial rites, and their footsteps drag through the music. And there are a hundred such details. Strauss has let not one escape him.

What with this material and with his use of orchestral effect Strauss is able to create an atmosphere that, for want of another name, may be called musical, and impose the mood of the drama, is undeniable. The extraordinary complication of this orchestral part is the instant reflection of every aspect of the drama. In it Strauss's wonderful technical skill is shown at its highest. The vast instrumental apparatus is managed with an even higher certainty and potency of manipulation than anything he has done before. In its own way, and as he wished it to, it "sounds." Its sonorities, its tone colors, have often the ugliness which is fittingly consorted with the musical substance of the work. They give it its precise expression in terms of orchestration. This orchestration often has a certain ameliorating effect, and gives even the crassest dissonances a kind of plausibility.

When the composer falls into the broader euphony of the passages we have just quoted the orchestral utterance even ennobles the often banal subject matter with which it is concerned. There are new effects of orchestral combination on almost every page. There are wonderful, mysterious colors, strange and subtle suggestions. There is an enrichment of the resources that may hereafter be commanded by musicians who can penetrate Strauss's secret. It would be idle to suppose that after one or half a dozen hearings more than an inkling can be learned of these details.

Much has been written about the overwhelming noise of this orchestration. Either the reports have been grossly exaggerated or Mr. de la Fuente has exercised a restraint of his own upon his forces. The orchestra in this performance seldom crashes, seldom even overpowers the voices. It never offends by mere violence of dynamics. The vocal parts are unsingable, as can well be imagined. They have nothing melodic, nothing thematic, nothing that has any recognizable outline even as musical declamation. As one critic has remarked, Strauss uses the voices merely for a kind of characteristic shouting. It is in itself of little or no expressiveness. It apparently might as well be anything other than what it is.

Whether "Elektra" is an addition to the production of modern art that will live is even more doubtful than the question as to "Salome." Essentially deep, moving, or poignant the music almost never is. Illuminative of deep passion, dignified, or lofty it is not. Richly inspired and original in essence it is not. Inspiration is at its lowest point in it, technique, dexterity, mastery of material at their highest. That such a work can carry lasting conviction and impress itself permanently upon the artistic sense of a period is scarcely credible.

The performance was one of astonishing excellence and power; and it reflected the highest possible credit upon Mr. de la Fuente, who directed it and who has molded all the forces under him to the highest efficiency. The performance had the kind of finish and precision which only such efficiency can give. The orchestra played with a fluency and unity that suggested nothing of the enormous complication and difficulty of the score. Mr. de la Fuente's reading of it, as we have said, may be a subdued one, but it is wonderfully complete as he has conceived it.

Admiration not unmixed with astonishment was called forth by Mme. Mazarin's representation of Elektra. She has appeared several times in the regular representations of the season, but in nothing has she shown the dramatic power, the intensity of conception, or the manifold resources of interpretation that shine in this achievement of hers. She is a figure of strange and haunting horror; pale, with staring eyes, expressing in features and in every movement the frenzy that rules her being. She is the dominating force upon the stage at all times. Indeed, the moments are few when she is not there visible and active.

The climax of it all is disclosed in that frenetic passage at the end, when her vengeance has been achieved by the death of Klytemnestra and Aegisthus, and her fearful joy expresses itself in a wild, insensate Maenadic dance—a dance that veritably makes the spectator's flesh creep. In hardly a moment of this extraordinarily exacting part does Mme. Mazarin fail to meet its demands. What she or any of the other characters do with their voices can hardly be called singing or judged as such.

Mme. Baron as Chrysothemis, Mme. Gerville-Réache as Klytemnestra, Mr. Huberdeau as Orestes, and Mr. Duffault as Aegisthus all throw themselves successfully into the spirit of this piece and give performances that are significant in character and effective.

The stage setting, unchanged through the opera, represents the gloomy walls of the palace courtyard; and the illusion of solidity is well conveyed. Indeed, there is little lacking to give a complete interpretation of Strauss's creation. It is unquestionably another laurel in the crown Mr. Hammerstein has gained in his seasons at the Manhattan Opera House.

"Elektra" to be Sung Twice Next Week

"Elektra" will be given twice at the Manhattan Opera House next week, on Monday evening and at the Saturday matinée. The cast will remain the same as at the performance last night, including Mme. Mazarin in the title part. Mme. Tetrazzini will make her reappearance at the Manhattan after her absence on a concert tour next Wednesday night in "La Traviata." Messrs. McCormack and Sammarco will be in the cast. "Rigoletto" will be sung on Friday evening for the first time this season at this house with Mme. Tetrazzini and Messrs. Renaud and McCormack. The popular price Saturday night bill will be "Herodiade," with Mmes. Cavalieri and d'Alvarez and Mr. Renaud. The feature of the Sunday night concert bill will be the appearance of Busoni, the Italian pianist.

"GOTTERDAMMERUNG" SUNG.

Last Performance of Wagner Ring Series Applauded at Metropolitan.

Siegfried	Carl Burrian
Gunther	Clarence Whitehill
Hagen	Allen Hinckley
Alberich	Otto Goritz
Brunnhilde	Johanna Gadski
Gutrune	Rita Fornia
Waltraute	Louise Homer
Woglinde	Lenora Sparkes
Wellgunde	Bella Alten
Flosshilde	Louise Homer
Conductor	Alfred Hertz

The final performance of the afternoon series of Wagner's "Der Ring des Nibelungen," which was given yesterday afternoon, brought forward "Götterdämmerung" for the first time this season at the Metropolitan Opera House. Again that theatre was more than well filled and the applause after each act and which greeted Mr. Hertz whenever he appeared at the conductor's desk more than confirmed the impression already recorded in these columns that Wagner is not so unpopular in New York as some people would have us believe.

Mme. Gadski sang the third of the Brunnhildes as she has sung the others in the series. There is no part in which she is more familiar to New York operagoers. Mme. Homer was the Waltraute, and a special word of praise is due to her for her singing of the aforementioned scene. Mme. Homer also sang the part of Flosshilde, which had been assigned to Miss Wickham in "Das Rheingold." Miss Fornia was a Gutrune whose voice and action were well suited to the part.

Mr. Whitehill, who has been heard in several of the other Wagner works, appeared for the first time here as Gunther and gave the rôle an interesting interpretation. His voice has seldom sounded mellow or more rich. Mr. Burrian's Siegfried, Mr. Hinckley's Hagen, and Mr. Goritz's Alberich need no further mention at this time.

The performance was dominated, of course, by Mr. Hertz, who has seemingly expended a great deal of attention upon the proper number of orchestral rehearsals. The flowing commentary of the orchestra yesterday inspired the singers to achieve more than their usual results. It is probable that another series of Ring performances will be given within a few weeks.

WAR ON SPECULATORS IN THEATRE TICKETS

Managers Unite in Support of the Schloss Ordinance to End Speculation Entirely.

AID FROM CITY OFFICIALS

Hotel Stands May Be Driven Out Also—Aldermen's Committee to Hold a Hearing To-morrow.

A concerted effort on the part of a number of New York theatrical managers, with the help of the newly elected city officials, to end the abuses of the sidewalk ticket speculators will be made to-morrow when a public hearing will be held in the Aldermanic chamber on the two proposed ordinances introduced at the last session of the board by Aldermen Schloss and Becker of Manhattan. Alderman Schloss represents Abe Gruber's district. Of the two ordinances the one fathered by Alderman Schloss is by far the more stringent, and it will be on this that the speculators will concentrate their fight. It prohibits, under a penalty of fine and imprisonment, the sale of any theatre tickets whatsoever on the streets of the city. If it becomes operative the speculators will have to go out of business.

Theatrical managers who are sincere in their desire to end what they term the nuisance of sidewalk speculators once for all are confident that the present city government will go farther to help them than any in the past. They hope to get Mayor Gaynor's active co-operation. President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, they feel sure, is with them, and should either ordinance pass the board and go to the Mayor for his signature they say it will either put an end to the speculators at once or curb them so that their business will pass away.

A Fight to the Finish.

There were many indications yesterday that both the speculators and the managers realize that the present fight is to be to the finish. With the passing of Little Tim Sullivan and his influence in the Board of Aldermen the speculaors feel that they have lost their stanchest friend and ally, while the managers assert that the main obstacle to their efforts in the past has been removed.

This fight against the speculators was precipitated when Alderman Schloss introduced his resolution for an ordinance wiping out the speculators entirely. It read:

> It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, or offer for sale, for any price whatsoever, in any street or thoroughfare of the City of New York, any ticket or card of admission to any theatre, opera house, concert hall, or place of public exhibition or amusement. Any person guilty of a violation of this ordinance, or any part thereof, shall, upon conviction before a City Magistrate, be punishable by a fine not exceeding $10, and in default of paying any fine thus imposed may be committed to the city prison not exceeding ten days, each day of imprisonment to be taken as a liquidation of $1 of the fine. The ordinance shall take effect immediately.

Alderman Becker's proposition was to charge each speculator $200 a year for a license and not to allow him to operate within two hundred feet of a theatre. The penalty is $25 fine or imprisonment.

Alderman Dowling, the Tammany leader, presented another ordinance at yesterday's session of the Aldermen. It provides for a license fee for all ticket speculators of $500 for the first year and $250 for each renewal. It also calls for the filing of a bond of $2,000. The license badge must be worn in plain view and the speculator must not stand within ten feet of the entrance to the theatre.

Violations are to be considered misdemeanors under the law and the Mayor is given the power of revocation of a license for any cause he deems sufficient. The three ordinances are in the hands of the Law Committee.

When the public hearing is opened to-morrow the speculators, who are organized under the name of the New York Theatre Ticket Speculators' Association, will be represented by laweyrs, while several theatrical managers who really desire to exterminate the speculators, will be on hand. The managers will argue for the Schloss ordinance, as they think that the best remedy is to abolish the speculators entirely. Failing in this, they will ask the Aldermen to pass an ordinance making the license of each speculator not less than $1,000 a year. By forcing them to pay a high license they hope to greatly decrease the number of speculators.

Worse This Year Than Last.

Marc Klaw of Klaw & Erlanger had been the most active manager in the fight against the speculators, and when it became known that another effort was on foot this year to take up the matter he was appealed to to lead the fight again. He was not enthusiastic, however, for his efforts last year amounted to nothing. At the public hearing on the subject before the Board of Aldermen a year ago last December, Mr. Klaw wanted the ordinance that was then proposed kept separate from the one aimed against the selling of tickets in hotels and other places besides theatres. In case the courts reversed one ordinance, he argued, the other would still be safe. The ordinance was finally signed by Mayor McClellan, but an Assistant Corporation Counsel gave it as his opinion that the courts wouldn't sustain the ordinance and that even the taking out of a license wasn't necessary. The decision disgusted the managers, who were sincere in their efforts to regulate the speculators, and made the situation worse than it has ever been in the history of the city. Speculators sprung up like mushrooms, and soon the street in front of every theatre was blocked with them. The situation has been getting worse each month, until now several managers have started out to regulate it on their own account.

"Our efforts met with such disaster last year," said Mr. Klaw yesterday, "that I do not feel like starting into the fight again. Of course, I want to see sidewalk speculators abolished, and I will do everything in my power to bring about this condition, but what is the use if our interfering is only going to make matters worse as it did last year? The ordinance that was drafted last year was a good one in every particular. It would have ended the sidewalk speculator then and there, but some inconsequential individual in the Corporation Counsel's office took a hand and gave it as his opinion that the ordinance wasn't any good. This, mind you, before a test case could be made, so all our efforts went for nothing.

Against Hotel Agencies Also.

"My theory of the scheme of curbing the speculators was to have a separate ordinance against the selling of tickets in hotels. I want to see the whole system abolished, but I knew if the two ordinances were grouped and the hotel agencies got a favorable decision from the courts, the sidewalk men would profit exactly the same. I cannot speak for all the theatrical managers, of course, but I do know that the majority are in favor of abolishing the nuisance altogether. If they cannot be abolished, then I am in favor of some method of establishing a high license so that only a few will be able to operate. The nuisance is growing from bad to worse, and something will soon have to be done. It is a mistaken notion that it profits the theatre manager to stand in with the speculators. On the contrary, at times it results in a decided loss of money. When we have a big success it is no trouble for us to get rid of our seats, but ofttimes the speculators are stuck with blocks of them after the performance has begun. These are offered for less than the speculators paid for them, with the result that there is a loss all around. Moreover, there is no way to keep the speculators from buying all the seats they want. They get their friends to buy for them or even strangers, and there is no way for the man in the box office to tell who his customer is. If we have the speculators watched and refuse to accept the tickets at the door, it only results in disagreeable scenes that are offensive to our other patrons. At the same time it is not right for a theatrical manager, who already is taxed a big license to have, to pay for protection which the city owes him.

"I am not in favor of a plan to keep the speculators a certain distance from the theatre entrances. It only puts the nuisance in front of some other place of business. The best thing to do is to abolish the speculator entirely, and the next best thing is to make the license fee so high that only a few can engage in the business. I hope the new ordinance will go through, and I hope the new city officials will realize what we managers are up against and let the courts settle the subject."

Argument of the Speculators.

G. J. Duncan, President of the New York Theatre Ticket Speculators' Association, said yesterday that he was in favor of a scheme to make the speculators pay a large license fee.

"It is not our fault," he said, "if a lot of irresponsible persons have made conditions intolerable on the streets. The members of our association are willing to pay a good stiff fee and keep the business on some kind of a businesslike basis. It wasn't a victory for us last year when the Corporation Counsel's office did away with licenses altogether. It simply resulted in our business being flooded with young men with a few dollars to invest who brought discredit upon the older and more respectable agents. Of course, we are going to fight hard against the ordinance prohibiting us doing business altogether, and I do not believe such an ordinance will ever hold in a court of law. We will meet the managers half way and we will do everything we can to co-operate with them. But, if they attempt to drive us out of business, they will only find that they will be defeated again, as they have always been in the past."

While the fight is going on among the Aldermen and the theatrical managers, one of the latter, William Morris, has set out to solve the problem for himself. He engaged a number of watchers to follow those persons who bought tickets from speculators into the American Music Hall and inform the doorman. These tickets were refused. It resulted in driving the speculators plying their trade in front of his theatre out of business within one week.

No Speculators at This Theatre.

"Any theatrical manager who is on the level can stop the speculator nuisance without any more laws or ordinances," said Edward L. Bloom, general manager for Mr. Morris, yesterday. "We have worked out the scheme here to perfection. Last Saturday night there were so many speculators in front of the American Music Hall that our patrons could hardly squeeze through into the theatre. The nuisance got so bad that we determined to take matters in our own hands instead of waiting for the other managers to act. When a speculator's ticket was presented at the door the holder was denied admittance. When he asked what redress he had we told him to go to the speculator and get his money back. In several cases, when the money was refused, the victim had the speculator arrested.

"The law provides that speculators must not come within 200 feet of the lobby, and that they mustn't obstruct the sidewalk. When we started our fight we appealed to Capt. Lahey and Inspector McClusky for assistance. They replied that they didn't think we were on the level, but after watching us a couple of days they changed their minds and now they are giving us all the assistance we need. When the speculators found that we wouldn't accept their tickets they went elsewhere. Now there isn't one in front of our place. We have cleaned them all out, and any other manager can just as easily do the same. Of course, we want an ordinance that will do away with the nuisance, but if none is passed we are going to keep on doing just what we are at present, no matter if it takes a year. The best kind of an ordinance will be one abolishing the speculators entirely. We do not care so much about doing away with the selling of tickets in hotels, but we are determined to stamp out the traffic in front of our own theatre. Any manager who says that he cannot keep the speculators from doing business in front of his theatre is standing in with the speculators. It can be done, and we are showing how."

Cuba's Vice President to Speak Here.

The Republican Club has announced that at its Lincoln dinner to be held at the Waldorf on the night of Feb. 12 Dr. Alfredo Zayas, Vice President of Cuba, will be one of the guests of honor with President Taft, Gov. Hughes, and Speaker Cannon. Dr. Zayas will speak on "The Influence of Lincoln on Cuba."

The New York Times, on Sunday next, will contain Pictures showing very strikingly the extent of the

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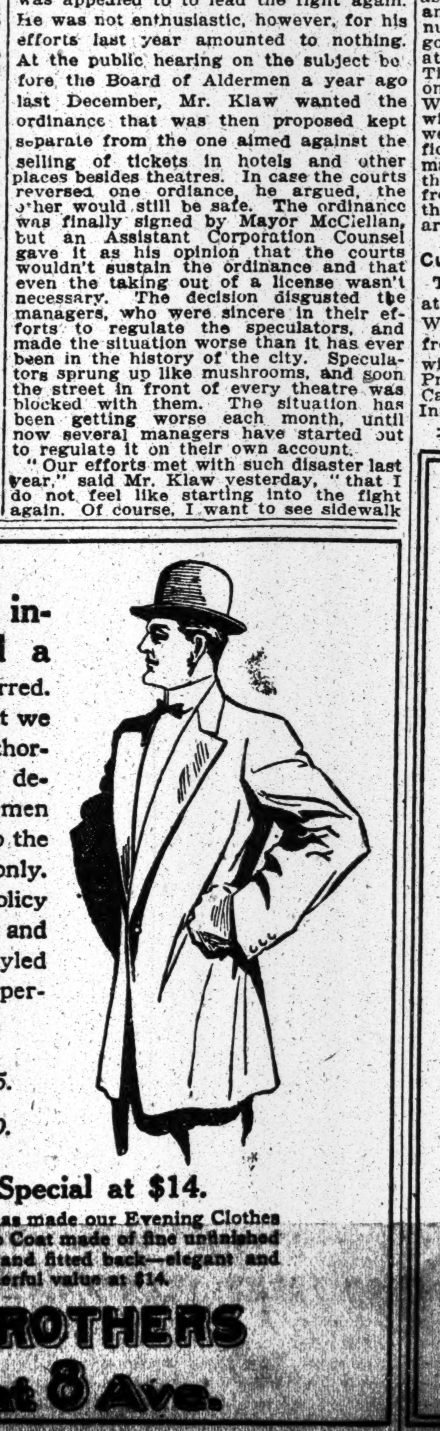

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Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office....Times Square
Downtown....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street....80 Broadway
WASHINGTON....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO....382 Wabash Ave.
LONDON....67 Fleet St., E. C.
PARIS....36 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN....60 Friedrichstrasse

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DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 2, 1910.

THE TASK OF THE SENATE.

The presentation of the formal charge of Senator CONGER against Senator ALLDS should make it practically sure that a searching investigation will be had. This will be all the more imperative since it is shown, as related in our Albany dispatches Monday morning, that the bill which is supposed to be the measure for the defeat of which it is charged that money was paid actually was killed on the day that Senator CONGER declares that the payment was made, and was killed through the instrumentality of the Rules Committee, of which Senator ALLDS was an important member.

It will be noted that the charge by Senator CONGER covers several points. He says that the money was "received and accepted by" ALLDS; that this was done in his presence at the Capitol; that the money was not only paid to and accepted by ALLDS, but that it was demanded by him, and was demanded, paid, and accepted "as the consideration for his having refrained from pressing to passage a certain bill pending" before the Assembly. Not only are these statements specific, but they logically and directly open up a considerable field of investigation which the Senate cannot refuse to enter on. With the definite statements of Senator CONGER before them the Senators must necessarily inquire what was the bill referred to; what was its history, object, and effect; who was the person that paid the money; how CONGER came to be present; what were the circumstances of his own conduct that made it possible for the parties to such a transaction to carry it on in his presence, and generally what was the situation at Albany at the time as illustrated by this transaction. And this comprehensive inquiry should be conducted, not simply to ascertain the single fact whether ALLDS received the money CONGER says that he received, and as a bribe; but also what was his conduct in the premises, and how far he is qualified or disqualified in connection therewith for the responsible post of leader of the majority in the Senate. A merely technical defense and a vague decision will not clear the honor of the Senate, which is the real matter at issue.

OTHER PEOPLE'S MONEY.

It is a pleasure and duty to support the suggestion of the State Water Supply Commission that New York should adopt some definite policy of dealing with its water powers now going to waste. They ought to be developed by either public or private enterprise, and the State has never enacted such laws as other States have found adapted for the purpose. In New York there is no way by which individuals or corporations can condemn lands wanted for reservoir purposes, and the Commission suggests that perhaps a constitutional amendment may be necessary. Otherwise these preventives of floods and creators of power will either lie undeveloped or be developed in a haphazard and uneconomic manner. No harm can come from taking action of the character indicated. Wise legislation costs nothing, and should be had if it cost much. If it were truly wise it would cost more to go without it than to provide it, whatever its cost.

More deliberation should be had regarding the Commission's suggestion that the State go into the water power business. The Commission estimates that power worth $15,000,000 is going to waste yearly. It is a solemn thought that this has been going on since water ran. In only a thousand years the State would waste fifteen billions of dollars. In a community where it is necessary to lock up valuables, and where locks are inadequate protection against the talent which knows how to acquire in lawful methods what it covets, the idea that so much valuable property is lying out o' nights calls for stalwart powers of belief. We would not contradict the Commission, but we would examine closely its proposal that the State should develop the Sacandaga River power at a cost of $4,650,000.

The Commission's calculation is that the necessary works would earn their cost in fifty years. To expend millions and get them back again after fifty years is a different proposition from saving forthwith $15,000,000. The policy is to be carried out, it appears, only by an investment or by a speculation in water powers. We doubt that the State would do as well in this as private enterprise. Instead of expending millions ourselves, and allowing our descendants to acquire the Sacandaga River dam and power site, we would rather see the State give these valuables to whoever would work them under contract and bond to deliver them over to the State at the expiration of the Commission's calculated period. If nobody could be found to take the contract we should doubt the accuracy of the calculations. It would seem to us a sort of "fool's gold." We are much given nowadays to estimating other people's profits and condemning them as excessive. And we also like to roll up hypothetical profits to be made by the investment of tax money. It is better to be slow and sure than sorry.

DIVIDING THE POLE.

Capt. BERNIER, a gallant officer of Canada, who has not been to the north pole, recently propounded here a plan for dividing the "big nail" among six nations bordering on the Arctic Circle. He will make it seven nations if the United States will join the group. Inasmuch as everything north of the northern border of the United States belongs to Canada, as Canadians think, the invitation is generous on the part of the Captain, and it may be taken into consideration when it reaches the United States through the British Foreign Office. But there will be some difficulty about it.

Americans think that it would have been more suitable if such invitations were issued by the present proprietor of the pole, the only man who has ever visited the property which Capt. BERNIER would subdivide. But there are greater obstacles ahead for the Captain. One of his seven nations is Canada, and Canadians are saying that it is no such thing. Speaking in the Dominion House of Commons after the invitation reached Ottawa, the member for Victoria and Haliburton reminded the Captain

> that Canada is not yet a nation, but a part of the British dominions, and that Canada intends remaining so, and that the expression that "Canada is another nation" or that Britain is another nation separate from Canada, is inapplicable to the actual condition.

The Captain's own country having declined his invitation, and the invitation being of doubtful attraction to the United States, and the other five nations not having manifested any interest, the matter may be regarded as laid on the table.

ON THE TRAIL.

The members of Congress who are bringing in bills to suspend for a year the duties on imported meats evidently have struck the trail of one of the causes of the high cost of living. The gentleman who proposes in addition to start a movement for export duties on meats is apparently inspired more by a sense of justice than by economic considerations. Any such extreme measure would tend to promote tariff contests, and what we need, in the present situation, and ought at all times to have, is the greatest possible freedom of exchange in all the necessaries of daily life.

It is a curious fact that the taxes on competition in food were originally a bye-product of the scheme for the protection of the privileged manufacturers. At the time that they were first levied they had, and could have, no effect, direct or indirect, on the profits of American producers or the cost of living to American consumers. They were invented as a bait to the farmers to induce them to accept the general plan. There were, it is true, certain local interests on the borders of Canada and, to a less extent, on the borders of Mexico, where there was some competition from our neighbors, but these, in comparison with the vast total of production throughout the country, were insignificant. They merely furnished convenient and attractive cases for the protectionists to cite to show that the blessings of arbitrary taxation were distributed through all classes. This plea, together with the specious plea that protection to manufacturers made a good market for the farmers' products, proved very effective with the farmers, and, until quite recent times, they have been the most steadfast supporters of the system of taxing ourselves into prosperity.

Of course the primary appeal of the protectionists is to men as sellers. As practically all men have commodities or services to sell, the promise of high prices for what they offer is enticing. The prices of what they have to buy are really as important, but their importance is not so obvious. The things bought are numerous and varied; often no detailed account is kept of them; the cost of them is not analyzed and compared, while the prices of things sold are intimately and continuously watched and studied. Every one in business knows his revenue from it, and the known expense of conducting it more or less accurately, but very few know exactly the expense of living in detail. At present it happens that the expense of living has increased in so marked a fashion that men—and women—are impelled to examine it more carefully and to trace its various elements and the facts affecting it.

One of these facts, beyond all question, is our absurd taxation of imported food products. With the wonderful increase in our population and the marked tendency toward concentration in the cities and with the backward agricultural methods that have prevailed, our consumption of food has advanced much more rapidly than our production, has in some branches overtaken it, and threatens distinctly to surpass it. In these conditions people are beginning to see that it is sheer madness to increase the cost of food by artificial barriers against the supply, from what source soever it can be got. The demand for the removal of such barriers is all the more intense because the people now know that behind them powerful monopolistic combinations have been formed and maintained. It is a good sign to see Congressmen of both parties proposing the suspension of taxes on food, but the least that justice and common sense dictate is that they should be entirely and forever abolished.

THE CORPORATION TAX RETURNS.

Some corporations, we understand, have been advised by counsel to make no returns of net income for the year 1909, as required by the corporation tax law. That the legal adviser of a corporation should take the responsibility of giving such advice must be accepted as evidence of a very strong conviction that the law will be declared unconstitutional.

The returns of net income are required by the act to be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue on or before the first day of March. Corporations filing returns will be notified on or before the first day of June of the assessment levied upon their income, and the tax must be paid on or before the 30th day of June. Refusal to make the return required is punished by a rather heavy penalty. In the first place, 50 per centum is added to the tax. Beyond that, the corporation thus refusing to obey the law "shall be liable to a penalty of not less that $1,000 and not exceeding $10,000."

The Supreme Court has announced March 14 as the date for the hearing in the actions brought to test the constitutionality of the act. As the returns must be filed on or before March 1, the penalties for refusal will be incurred before anybody can know the decision of the court. Corporations refusing to file the returns must take their chances.

It is to be observed that the real, the chief purpose of this dishonest statute will have been achieved when the returns are filed, even though subsequently the statute be declared unconstitutional and the tax never collected. That this is not a revenue measure, that the motive for its enactment was not revenue, was made perfectly evident when the tax imposed was reduced from 2 to 1 per cent. Moreover, it was frankly avowed that one of the purposes of the act was to enable the Government to secure a greater control over the corporations by acquiring information as to their affairs, their profits, and their management. That information it will acquire when the returns are filed, and the corporations may be very sure that, when once they have placed in the hands of the Internal Revenue Collectors a statement of their business for the year 1910, the document will be retained and never returned to them. The returns filed under the last unconstitutional income tax were never returned, but were kept, as everybody believed wrongfully, by the officers of the Government.

Of course, everybody knows that when the assessments have been made, "the returns, together with any corrections thereof which may have been made by the Commissioner, shall be filed in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and shall constitute public records, and be open to inspection as such.

A PERIL TO THE SICK.

An evil more dangerous, because more insidious, than that of patent nostrums lies in the fact that the drugs called for in the prescriptions of doctors in the United States may be, and often are, of unknown quality, not to be relied upon to cure sickness and to prevent death.

This is a severe, even a sensational, statement. We wish it were not true. But it is the testimony of Dr. HENRY KRAEMER of Philadelphia, a member of the Committee on Revision of the United States Pharmacopoeia, an eminent pharmacognosist, whose authority on the constituents of drugs regularly employed in medicine in this country is unassailable. The American Druggist of Jan. 24 prints Dr. KRAEMER'S recent address before the City of Washington Branch of the American Pharmaceutical Association, in which he observes that "about 70 per cent. of the articles included in the United States Pharmacopoeia are vegetable drugs"; that the Pharmacopoeia not only lacks definitions and descriptions of the official vegetable drugs adequate to establish their identity and efficiency, but that we in this country "are more or less indifferent to the nature of the drugs which we employ." This has been the case since 1890, when last the descriptions and standards in the Pharmacopoeia were properly revised. Moreover:

> That this condition, or worse, still prevails, is shown by the expressed desire to eliminate standards for crude drugs.

The bare statement of this "expressed desire" is sufficent to brand its proclaimers with infamy. It is hardly necessary for Dr. KRAEMER to add:

> It is not reasonable to suppose or believe that a good fluid extract or tincture can be made from a poor drug any more than to suppose that good malt can be prepared from a poor quality of barley grains or a good extract of beef from a poor quality of meat.

He continues:

> If there is any class of articles included in the Pharmacopoeia which require a purity rubric it is the vegetable drugs, as they vary in medicinal activity from practically zero up to 99 per cent.

Such variation is, of course, unpardonable—criminal. He says further:

> There appears to me to be no reason why the whole subject of the purchase and sale of vegetable drugs should not at least be on as satisfactory a basis as that of spices and food products. * * * Why shall 40,000 druggists be worried about gross adulterations and admixtures when these can for the most part be detected at the point where the drugs enter commerce, and where such pressure can be brought to bear upon the collectors abroad as well as in this country as will cause them to remedy deficiencies in their knowledge of the drugs or plants from which they are derived and prevent continued carelessness in their collection?

What sinister and baleful influences are at work in the Committee on Revision of the United States Pharmacopoeia which prompt Dr. KRAEMER to protest against the passage of resolutions "which would tend to bind the hands of the Sub-Committee on Pharmacognosy, and prevent them from doing their best work" in providing standards of quality for drugs administered at the sick beds of this Nation? Why the "expressed desire" to eliminate standards? Why the opposition from The American Druggist, the very periodical that prints this arraignment by Dr. KRAEMER of the official system of standardizing drugs, against the standardization of all drugs prescribed by the various schools of physicians for the healing of the sick?

These questions demand an answer. And in their answering may be found the answer to that other question—why the people, as a whole, are losing faith in drugs and the profession of medicine is dwindling.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

"Widower" Gets an Answer.

When "Widower" wrote to us about his dreadful experience with servants and told how an endless procession of women incompetent, vicious, or criminal had passed rapidly through his house without his ever having found the "jewel" that shines so brightly in domestic legend, he claimed sympathy for his astonishment that the good pay, with the good food, good room, and good treatment he offered, did not attract even one efficient and self-respecting worker. And the sympathy came in letters from many people who had been through experiences, not quite so bad as his, but more or less like them.

Yet his familiar arguments prove in vain that for women domestic service is safer and more profitable than employment in shops and factories is for the majority. The arguments are true, but they do not tell the whole story—they ignore entirely a side of the question which was well brought out by a correspondent whose letter we printed yesterday. Its writer began by asking "Widower" if he would have considered the "place" on the advantages he expatiated so enthusiastically a desirable one for his own daughter—whether he thought that in it her honesty, capability, and loyalty would bring the same social recognition that the same traits earn for any other class of workingwomen.

To this inquiry there is but one answer—they would not. Despite them all, she could associate on an equality only with hopelessly uncongenial people, in conditions the most humiliating. The remedy suggested was to make domestic service a classified, skilled industry, with definite and limited hours of work and the stigma of social inferiority removed—a suggestion which is of no value whatever, since it merely puts the old problem in new words. The thing can't be done. The work of the house servant is honorable, is necessary, but it is menial, and it will never attract those whom a menial position does not content. The place in the shop or the factory is preferred for the excellent reason that it is better in the one thing that counts for those with any trace of social ambition in their mental make-up.

A Reminder of the Dark Ages.

It seems almost unbelievable that the State of South Carolina, rigidly conservative as its people are, should have kept on its statute books till this day a law as utterly abominable, as brutally mediaeval, as is the one which lets a husband put his minor children in the custody of "any persons." This permission, as it stands, is without qualification. No matter how bad the father or how good the mother, he is allowed, if he choose, to deprive her of all care or oversight over them, and "any person" to whom he gives them, no matter what the character of those persons may be, acquire all parental rights over them until they attain their majority, and if they please may refuse the mother the right even to see them. Such a refusal does not have to be based on any unworthiness in her. Fatherhood counts for everything, motherhood for nothing, under this atrocious statute, and the amazing thing is that in the year 1910 a United States Senator should have accepted and tried to exercise such a delegation of power to himself from a son.

South Carolina, by another exercise of its determination to ignore the general tendencies of the age, grants divorce for no cause whatever. As divorce does not break marriage, but simply gives formal recognition to the fact that marriage has been broken and has ceased to exist, the position of the State in this matter is indeed a curious reason for the pride so often expressed at her difference from States that grant divorce for trivial causes. One extreme is quite as bad as the other, and when the refusal of divorce on any ground is combined with the theory that a father, any father, has in his children a property right unshared by the mother, and that, regardless of her wishes or protests, he can dispose of them as he will, the very limit of barbarity and stupidity would seem to have been reached in the way of retaining laws against the wisdom and justice of which the civilized world long since decided.

Exploitation by Near Neighbors.

When Secretary WILSON spoke the other day about "miserable little trusts" formed by small local dealers as playing no small part in bringing about the high prices of which there is such general and fierce complaint, there was probably some suspicion that he was trying to divert attention from the big offenders. The Secretary has been able, however, to bring before the Congressional committee investigating the subject witnesses who told it a decidedly startling story how one such "miserable little trust," by the exercise of the very worst methods ever charged against the great combinations, brought to disastrous failure an attempt by certain Government clerks through co-operative buying to bring their expenditures within their incomes.

The local retailers were able by exerting a united influence on the wholesalers to persuade the latter to refuse to sell any goods to this innocent and promising organization, and other forms of pressure were brought to bear upon its members until they gave up their plan. Curiously enough, the Beef, Sugar, and Biscuit Trusts, the biggest and most often denounced of the trade combinations, did not join in this truly "miserable" conspiracy, and throughout the war on the co-operative guild continued to sell it at regular wholesale prices all the goods it wanted to buy.

Just what the lesson of this episode is it would be hard to say, but the revelation does more than hint that, improbable as it is that the big trusts are void of all offense in the raising of prices, Secretary WILSON was right in saying that they are not entirely to blame for our woes. The chances are that when the big fellows advance prices a cent the little ones not infrequently make it an excuse for putting on an extra dime.

Doctors to Help the Judges.

Late is proverbially better than never, and therefore the fact that provision for medical examinations and treatments should long ago have been made in our Children's Court need not be emphasized in noting that this highly desirable step is at last to be taken.

For some years past the knowledge that most of the children called bad were really ill or defective in one way or another has been slowly spreading from one social group to another. Now it is a part of what may almost be called general information. There is no longer any excuse for neglecting to use it in courts, schools, or families. Of course, the doctors cannot make all "bad" children "good" any more than they can make all sick children well, but they can do much in both directions if they are allowed to exert their powers. They could at least separate the dull and backward children from those of normal development.

Thus would such boys as the one who comitted suicide in this city on Monday because he could not keep up with his smaller and younger classmates be saved from years of torture doubtless much more keen than those he felt while dying his self-inflicted death.

FASHIONABLE PHOTOGRAPHERS.

They Charge a Good Deal for Their Portraits.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of Tuesday appears an article on the prices of photographs signed "J. I.," and, apparently, indorsed by THE TIMES in a subhead reading: "All Depends on the Skill and Quality They Display." I object. "J. I." compares the prices of photographs with those of clothes, saying that a suit may be had for $75 or for $10. That is true enough, but a child can detect the difference, whereas an expert can hardly detect the difference between photographs at $10 and $75. Even if the difference were plainly apparent, $75 is not to $10 as $10 is to 20 cents—the prices of photographs and enlargements, as noted in my previous communication. Speaking of these enlargements, another photograph man to whom I went to have the work done assured me solemnly that he had to send the work away and it could not possibly be done for less than 65 cents; still another asked 50 cents, doing the work himself. Later a friend of mine who had a lot of enlarging to do told me that he sent his away and had it done for 13 cents—size 8 by 10, mounted. Of course the people charging 13 cents were not doing a business at a loss, so we have a cost under 13 cents. How far under I cannot say.

Getting back to the straight photograph, I saw the other day a photograph, 5 by 7, of one of the most distinguished literary men in this country, known for his exquisite taste in letters, in the studio where taken, and the price was $2. Unless the picture had been satisfactory in every way it would not have been accepted, because the subject is quite able to pay any photographer's profits. Not only was it satisfactory, but it was pronounced the best the gentleman had ever sat for. Two dollars was the price, mind you, but the studio is around the corner and unfashionable. Not far from it I saw a 6 by 8 photograph of a distinguished divine of this city. To my eyes, beyond certain alleged photographic art touches around the edges, it was not superior to the other. Yet the price was $25. That is to say, the unfashionable photographer was asking $24 a dozen for photographs and quite well satisfied with his profits, while the fashionable photographer was asking $300 a dozen, and sorry because he hadn't asked more. The milk in the cocoanut of the whole matter is that it is not the quality of the work, nor the skill of the artist, but the carelessness of the customer who doesn't stop to think of prices so long as he gets his picture taken in a fashionable studio.

I am quite willing to admit that the art touch in photography is worth something, but is it worth that much more than the photograph which is as skillfully done, with as good a lens and as high-class plates and chemicals, but lacks the smudge effect which is held to be art in photography when a well-known name is inscribed upon the card?

I have mentioned $25 as the maximum price of the pictures I have used for argument's sake, but $25 is small as compared with the figures some photographers put on their work. As high as $250 is charged by some for a so-called life-size photograph, but even the New York rich and fashionable do not order this size by the dozen—$3,000 a dozen is just a bit meaty, even for our wealthiest. I'd like to know from some one in the business just about how much velvet there is in a photograph of the $250 size—maybe there are figures higher than that, but I have not heard of them yet.

New York, Feb. 1, 1910. W. J. L.

MAGAZINE CENTRES.

Higher Postal Rates Might Multiply Literary Nuclei Outside New York.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the Congress should conclude to adopt higher postal rates for the magazines, would it not result in the establishment of first-rate magazines in other cities of the country than New York—to which they are now for the most part confined? If that result should follow, might it not be for "general welfare" in an educative sense?

The area in which a daily newspaper circulates is always limited. While numerous copies of a New York paper may come to South Carolina, the number is negligible by comparison with the circulation of the paper in and around New York. The public demands its news fresh, and electricity, not steam, is required to distribute it.

The literary, scientific, political, and popular magazines, on the other hand, of the better class, are nearly all of New York construction. One seldom sees a Boston periodical in South Carolina and never one out of Chicago or St. Louis. Were the rates of postage on magazines proportioned to the length of the haul, a natural if not inevitable result would be the establishment of magazines in cities throughout the country, and we should have a multiplication of literary nuclei. Long hauls would prevent sales at low prices. Under present conditions the centralization of literary production in New York is even greater than is that of money and business, and in time it seems that the whole literary output of the country would have a New York flavor.

If the changes in postal rates hinted at, if not advised, in President Taft's message, should compel the establishment of magazines in New Orleans and Chicago, for examples, they would have a local flavor, and therefore a distinction of value. New Orleans authors who write for New York publishers cannot escape from New York influences—they cannot be wholly free. Indeed, when they are successful they are usually drawn to New York, to the literary impoverishment of New Orleans.

W. W. BALL.
Columbia, S. C., Jan. 31, 1910.

MEN ON SUFFRAGE.

A Woman Takes to Task Several Who Favor It.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The opinions expressed by a number of men on the subject of woman suffrage in your recent Sunday editions have much interested me. They illustrate again the traits which characterize the two parties engaged in this conflict. The men and women opposed to woman suffrage are very apt to say "I believe" or "I think" or "It is probable"—"because"—and then follows some citation of some fact or facts upon which the belief or opinion or probability rests. The affirmative side rarely progresses so far as to employ the "because." One of your contributors, Mr. J. Horace McFarland, uses no "because" when he makes a courteous side-step and bow, saying: "Certainly, if you wish!" But when he comes to a definite position it is on the proposition that women to-day are doing great and effective municipal work without the vote. Here, out of his own experience, he has abundance of evidence—an excellent "because."

Mr. Robert T. Paine, Jr., states his opinion, and thinks he has a "because" in two reasons; but the reasons turn out to be quite as problematic as the opinion! There is neither the element of fact nor of logic to enable him to add the Q. E. D.

Mr. George Haven Putnam inclines us to use slang. If the ballot is an "inherent right" let Mr. Putnam go into England or New Jersey or into any community but his own and try to exercise his "inherent right" by voting. Ask him what he would do at the polls with the immigrant who would vote without his "papers."

His argument has the beautiful tenuity of a spider's thread, as he progresses through the proposition that a thousand men have a right to force the ballot upon 500 unwilling women in order to gain for themselves "co-operation" of another 500 ("intelligent") women who want to vote. But what does he wish to imply? Are all women intelligent?—or are his 500 "intelligent" women to be exactly counter-weighted by 500 unintelligent women? I fear he doesn't understand women! There is an awful lot of us that can't fairly be called intelligent. Would Mr. Putnam personally determine what women shall vote? If he refuses is there not great danger that the timid man will lose the support of the intelligent woman because her voice can't be heard above the voices of the unintelligent? For the proportions would certainly not be as 500 to 500!

He does, however, take note of the quaking ground he stands on and turns to the educational vote as a bridge to the municipal. But it never occurs to him to find a "because;" if it did he would be lost sure enough. For in Massachusetts this great educational vote is so little cared for that the women poll only from 2 to 3 per cent. of their possible vote.

Mr. J. T. Baxter sees the value of a "because." He says that his personal experience of the political struggle causes him to regard woman suffrage as undesirable because he has seen the nature of the struggle and knows its effect upon men, and reason, based upon experience, tells him that women would suffer as women in such a struggle.

Mr. Norman Hapgood expresses some positive opinions as to the purifying influence of women upon politics; but there is no "because." He does not say "because we have seen in Colorado and Utah and Idaho and Wyoming that women shed the divine radiance of their purity upon the dark places of politics." Oh, no! There is the Shaforth case and a few other reasons why he has no "because."

Mr. Adolph Roeder believes in the "extension of the home," forsooth. I wish he would keep house for two years! He would not want, after that experience, much "extension" for the women who manage households upon incomes ranging from $800 to $5,000, and that is the vast majority of women.

Mr. William G. Low's sane and steady judgment makes us feel for the first time that we actually have both feet on good, sound, sweet-smelling mother earth. He considers the past, and then proceeds to reason logically that until we are fully assured that the woman's vote would improve our civic condition we should go slow.

Mr. Henry L. McCune sees no danger, but only good results. There would be no women repeaters he asserts. He lives out West. Let him visit Colorado, to learn by experience whether women "repeat" or not.

Mr. Thomas N. Strong says that "The man wants what woman wants." Well, well! we let it pass.

Mr. Charles Richardson has another little opinion, in which he would amaze us into sitting up very straight if he had a "because." But when he says that women are needed in politics as being "more open to arguments" than men he is instantly and eternally "becauseless."

Mr. William Bennett Munro has looked out into the world and gathers a fact or two upon which he bases the deduction that since "among men the political tailenders are the ones to be sure to turn up at the polls," he sees no reason to believe that we need look for a reversal of this phenomenon should women vote. "A palpable hit!"

Mr. Charles H. Ingersoll begins his opinion with such a jaunty assurance of the "matter-of-course" nature of the woman's vote that we would know at the outset there would be no "because." He skips glibly from one moss-bag to another, going so lightly that he never hears, never needs to hear, the sound of bed rock under his heels.

Mr. Charles Carroll Brown says, "Sex is not the question." Isn't it indeed! Would he mind just proving that after so, simply stating it?

Let men give their "reasons for the faith that is in them," and let modesty reign, that no man may think to enlighten the world by the publication of a "becauseless" opinion. Truth and fact are never sundered.

MRS. WILLIAM FORSE SCOTT.
Yonkers, Jan. 20, 1910.

THE CHILDREN'S COURT.

Bred in the bone, it would seem, and blent
  in the red of their veins!
Branded in blossoming flesh and seared in
  their hearts and their brains!
Sins of the fathers come down; aye, sins
  of the mothers out-sprung;
The children are old in their ways—in
  years they are frightfully young!

Some are but innocent babes, coddled,
  misguided, untaught.
Some are but mischievous boys—trying
  until they are caught.
Some have the instinct of old, the rage
  of the beast in their breasts;
All are the victims of wrong—ignorant,
  human behests.

Watch on their faces the hope! Dull eyes
  grow bright at a word.
Freedom is dear! Will he yield? See how
  each bosom is stirred.
No one has told them of love. No one
  has taught them of wrong!
Will the Judge send them away or back
  where they rightly belong?

Glance from the baby face here! See you
  the mother who bore?
Has she a heart in her breast—a soft,
  pulsing thing that is sore?
Wanton and cruel her face, her attitude
  careless of aught.
Coldly she bids him "Away!" her child
  all unloved and untaught.

Bred in the bone it would seem! Swiftly
  you pale at the scene.
'Twixt human parent and child why
  should a court intervene?
Who are the creatures that bear? What
  are the laws they obey?
Shall there be more, aye, and more, when
  these have passed on their way?

You who have smiled on a child beloved
  by a woman and man,
Watched o'er with tenderest care since its
  existence began,
Go fill your eyes with this shame! This
  court by necessity planned—
Then say to me, if you can, that ours is a
  civilized land!

LURANA W. SHELDON.

PRENDERGAST MAKES SWEEPING CHANGES

Controller Abolishes What He Calls a Devolution System Established by Metz.

WON'T JUGGLE CITY BILLS

Says They Must Be Paid More Promptly and with No Preference for Favorites.

Controller Prendergast announced extensive changes in the administrative methods in the Department of Finance yesterday, and in doing so criticised the organization of the office as he found it in emphatic terms.

"When I came into control," said he, "I found a system of devolution had been installed by which the Auditors of Accounts had been stripped of practically all authority given to them in the charter and that the authority had been distributed among certain bureaus which had no authority under the charter.

"That system of devolution I do not hesitate to say was responsible for many of the abuses in this department, and I will go even further than that and say that the system was permitted to continue by the persons who were responsible for bringing it about for the purpose of maintaining these abuses."

The principal change made by the Controller was the placing of Henderson M. Wolfe, Chief Auditor of Accounts, in full charge of all the bookkeeping of the office, with instructions to establish two bureaus for the work, a division of disbursements and a division of receipts. Under Controller Metz the bookkeeping division was under Frank W. Smith. He is transferred to the post of general ledger clerk, and his particular duty will be to be prepared to strike a trial balance of the city's finances at any time the Controller wishes it.

The change was taken to mean about City Hall that Mr. Prendergast means to remove Smith. The latter is a strong Tammany man and receives a salary of $6,000, having been raised $1,000 by Controller Metz last October.

The Controller sent Mr. Wolfe a letter of instructions in which he laid down specific rules for the conduct of the Finance Department.

In discussing the matter the Controller said:

"One of the first facts that came to my official attention was that the average length of time taken to pay bills was from fifty to sixty days. I find that about twenty days of this time was due to delays in the Department of Finance, a large part of which, about seventeen days, was taken for the audit. These were averages. Tradesmen are not interested in averages so much as payments. For payments one claimant would wait for three or four days only, while another would wait from a month to a year after he had succeeded in having his claim sent to the Controller.

"Many devices have been effectively used to destroy the city's trading credit and force its business into the hands of political contractors and intermediaries. Chief of these is the withholding of payments. A person who has been able to effect the right personal relations has been paid promptly. Others are required to wait months, even years, for their pay.

"It is to correct these and similar practices and to give to each person dealing with the city equal and fair treatment that I have undertaken to reorganize the department and change its methods. What I expect to accomplish is to reduce the average time in the Department of Finance to about five days, and in doing this to have every claim take its turn, that is, every claim should come within the average, except those concerning which there is some doubt as to their validity. Such bills will immediately be brought to the consideration of the Controller or to some one designated, who may be held responsible for action and for the protection of the interests of the city as well as the rights of the claimant."

When informed last night of the criticism expressed by Controller Prendergast of the methods of conducting the business of the Finance Department which obtained under his administration, ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, in characteristic fashion, said Mr. Prendergast's statements were "all rot."

"The bureau system," said Mr. Metz, "was merely a matter of policy. When Mr. Prendergast has been in office longer he will know more about the department. He will have to work out his own salvation, just as I had to work out mine."

ALDERMAN GUNTHER RESIGNS.

Former Republican Leader to be a Court Clerk—Anti-Fireworks Bill.

Alderman Gunther of Brooklyn, the Republican leader of the last board, resigned yesterday, and the board elected Stephen Cakkaghan of 566 Seventh Street, Brooklyn, a lawyer with offices at 170 Broadway, in his place. Mr. Gunther has served four terms. He resigns to accept the clerkship of the Sixth Municipal Court in Brooklyn.

A resolution was presented by Alderman Nicoll calling for the appointment of a committee to hold hearings on the question of restricting the sale and use of explosives and fireworks on the Fourth of July. It was referred to the Law Committee. With the resolution Mr. Nicoll presented an ordinance making it "unlawful to explode or to have in possession, or to offer for sale to any person under the age of twenty-one, any toy pistol using a percussion cap, or any squib, rocket, fire cracker, Roman candle, or other combustible fireworks." The ordinance provides that the Police Commissioner may issue a permit to any person over twenty-one years to use fireworks not exceeding one day, provided such person shall pay a license fee of $5 and execute a bond in the sum of $5,000 exempting the city from any damage that might result.

The board granted the request of Dock Commissioner Tomkins for $40,000 to pay the cost of repairing the municipal ferryboat Castleton. A request for $6,000 to buy an automobile ambulance for the Health Department was voted down. Dr. Walter Bensel, the Sanitary Superintendent, tried to address the board, but it refused to hear him.

GAYNOR NAMES A REPUBLICAN.

Makes Richard Keys of Stapleton a City Marshal—An ex-Convict Calls.

Mayor Gaynor appointed Richard Keys of Stapleton, a Republican, as a City Marshal yesterday. He was recommended by Judge Wiedemeyer of the Staten Island Municipal Court, and indorsed by Borough President Cromwell of Richmond, also a Republican.

One caller at the Mayor's office yesterday was Max Schwartz of 1,947 Second Avenue, an ex-convict, who has been in the Blackwell's Island Penitentiary twice for stealing. Assistant Corporation Counsele Crowell heard his story, which was that while working as a painter during his last term he had fallen from a ladder and broken his left arm. He wanted to ask the Mayor if he could not get some compensation from the city. Mr. Crowell promised to investigate the case.

Supt. of Schools Maxwell was sworn in by the Mayor in the afternoon. Fire Chief Croker also called, and had a long talk with the Mayor.

Gaynor Appoints Miss Potter.

Mayor Gaynor appointed Miss Blanche Potter of 33 East Thirty-eighth Street to the Board of Managers of the Training School for Nurses of Bellevue Hospital yesterday to succeed Mrs. Allan Ryan, daughter-in-law of Thomas F. Ryan, resigned. He also reappointed Mrs. John W. Brannan, wife of Dr. Brannan, President of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals; Miss Anna Lusk of 47 East Thirty-fourth Street; Miss Louisa Kane of 23 West Forty-seventh Street, and Miss Harriet Fellowes of 13 East Eleventh Street.

VARIANT OF TRIANGLE IN WALTER'S PLAY

An Extreme Case Shown in "Just a Wife" at the Belasco.

MISS WALKER WELCOMED

An Interesting Performance by Her and Others in Play, Which Hasn't Directness of Author's Previous Works.

JUST A WIFE, a play in four acts, by Eugene Walter. Belasco Theatre.

John Emerson	Edmund Breese
Bobby Ashby	Ernest Glendinning
Maxcy Steuer	Bobby North
Wellesley	Frederick Burton
Mary Ashby Emerson	Charlotte Walker
Eleanor Lathrop	Amelia Gardner

Mr. Eugene Walter is fond of the extreme cases in life. He sees drama in such cases, where other things are tame. And so far he is right. In his newest play, "Just a Wife," Mr. Walter has again taken an extreme case. And as far as he goes with it along the lines of the strictly theatrical or dramatic he is always interesting.

The trouble with Mr. Walter in this play is that he is not content with that. He wants to preach. And somehow or other, when at the point of culmination—or what ought to be the culmination—when, in fact, you are looking for THE situation, one bigger, and better, and stronger than any that has gone before, his two principal characters get into a purely academic discussion of the rights and wrongs of sex. In other words, you get a premise where you should have a conclusion. And the play begins to flag.

Happily this is not until very near the end—that is to say, in the final minutes of the third act, with a fourth to come, also largely given to discussion, but which foreshadows a happy ending. All throughout there is at least some freshness in the handling of the triangle. "Just a Wife," for all the singleness of interest in its title, it is the triangle once again—a very acute triangle.

The case is different, because Mr. Walter does not take the ordinarily mismated pair who drift apart, make mistakes, suffer and repent, go to destruction, or find the path at last which leads to the happy turning. Only the night before in Pinero's latest play we had the ordinary triangle, for it is ordinary whether the interloper is man or woman. There it was a man; here it is a woman. And, peculiarly enough, a woman with some rights, which makes it different once more.

Moreover, both husband and wife have started with eyes wide open. She, looking for wealth and comfort, has accepted him after three days' wooing; he, forced by business reasons to show a front of decency, has married her, although in all but name another woman has the right to call him husband. Both have taken something for nothing, and in "this world nothing is had for nothing and both must pay." From the first he has agreed that her privacy should not be invaded—she has agreed to observe the same condition in regard to him. And now, six years later, in a beautiful home, with luxury and all material comforts, her life is empty.

Here the play opens with a first act setting these facts before you in an exposition made by the wife to her young brother, who has newly come from the West, and who is anxious to be of help. With him is a self-assertive Jewish boy, with a good head, a heart, and a natural capacity for setting people on their feet; a lad who has met the brother while he was a bellboy in a Frisco hotel, an dis now on hand, somewhat artificially introduced, to be a very present help in time of trouble. It is through a speech of this boy's and a sort of sentimental whistling obligato on his part, introduced at proper melting moments, that the husband's heart, possibly softening before, now begins to thaw. He has come home for the first time in years to escape some process servers, so he says, by way of explanation. As a matter of fact, he is dodging the other woman. And at a critical moment she arrives, invades the house, and scandalizes the man's sense of the proprieties.

The scene of this woman's arrival, of the wife's tremulous acceptance of the immediate situation, of her dignified reception of the stranger, and of the brother's subsequent attempt to have an accounting with the husband—this last a passage that is carried through with vigorous fervor on all hands—round out the most interesting passage in the play.

Presently the man and woman are left alone, she asserts her rights to a share in his life, for she has helped to make him what he is in a business way. And he on his part asserts that the debt is paid. But before she goes there is the inevitable scene between the two women, the wife not unsympathetic, but observing with conviction that no mater what the other's claims, no matter what part she may have played in the husband's life, the end has come. For all that, as she the end has come. For all she talks of intellectual affinities and the rest, there is but one tie between a man and woman, and that the tie of sex.

Again, you see, Mr. Walter wants to discuss things. And he does, or his character does, which would amount to the same thing in the end, except for the fact that conclusions are retarded. And then the wife, meeting her husband's assertion that the other woman has passed out of their lives forever, must take up the cudgels for her sex, as against the unfair domination of the other, a domination which, as the husband pointedly observes, has been in the scheme of things from the beginning and will continue to the end.

"Come back," she says finally, "whenever you have made up your mind that love stands first and that business and all other things are secondary." Or words to that effect. So, after all, despite the flare-up, she is very feminine, it seems, with a quite old-fashioned femininity. Certainly sympathy is with her. It would be difficult to justify the husband from any point of view.

Beautifully staged, with an outdoor and indoor setting that seem to be real, and with the infinite little Belascan touches that make even the commonplace seem interesting and the artificial seem lifelike, the play for much of the time holds the attention in spite of its defective structure. It lacks the directness of Mr. Walter's previous plays, lacks the sureness of touch, the suggestion of intimacy with his subject which has generally prevailed before. But it is lightened occasionally by touches of his familiar humor and practical philosophy, and the dialogue, where not too obviously for a purpose, is admirable and natural.

Miss Walker, exquisitely, beautifully, girlishly appealing in looks and manner—yet not too girlish for the young wife of the story—plays with an abundant charm, plays naturally, too, and with some variety, though there are times when the part strains her—and would strain almost any actress—to seem quite real. Her acting has broadened—of that there is no doubt—and her voice and speech show marked improvement. The sweetness of the woman's character, her longing and her tenderness are beautifully expressed, and with a great appeal on sympathy. And the audience warmed to her—a new star last night—and paid her hearty tribute of applause.

As the husband, Mr. Breese plays for the most part with dignity and restraint, though there is always something obvious in his method when the passage calls for acting. The hysterical woman in the case was splendidly played by Amelia Gardner, while Ernest Glendenning, Frederick Burton, and Bobby North, the last very successfully transplanted from vaudeville, each contributed an excellently played character.

Played in a quieter key, the third act climax might seem much less artificial. It could scarcely be less dramatic than at present.

Mrs. McAvoy to Wed Frank E. Brown.

Georgia Kelly McAvoy, widow of Dan McAvoy, the comedian, and herself an actress, is to marry Frank Elmer Brown, a well-known horseman, to-day. A marriage license was taken out at City Hall yesterday Mr. Brown gave his age as 38 and Mrs. McAvoy said she was 25. Mrs. McAvoy's home is at 1,690 Broadway, and Mr. Brown lives at Murray's Hotel, in Forty-second Street.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Josephine Osborn, daughter of Prof. H. Fairfield Osborn and Mrs. Osborn, is visiting Mrs. Nicholas Longworth in Washington with Miss Ethel Roosevelt.

Mrs. Joseph Stickney will entertain this evening with a small dance at her residence, 874 Fifth Avenue.

For the benefit of Stony Wold Auxiliary No. 2, Montgomery and Stone will appear this afternoon in a performance of "The Old Town" at the Globe Theatre. Some of the box holders are Mrs. John W. Davis, Mrs. William B. Potts, Mrs. R. M. Bull, Mrs. Benjamin Brewster, and Mrs. Edward Van Ingen.

Miss Elizabeth Yoakum left yesterday for New Orleans and will spend some weeks in the South before returning.

Mrs. Francis Hoyt Griffin will give a reception this afternoon at 20 Washington Square North.

Mrs. Horace Barnard will be at home at 167 East Eightieth Street on Saturday afternoon from 4 to 7.

Mrs. Janvier Le Duc and her grandson, Lewin Le Duc, are sailing for Cairo on Saturday.

Mrs. T. Dehon Wilson of 61 West Eighty-seventh Street will give a bridge on the afternoon of Saturday, Feb. 5.

Mrs. Ejnar Hansen will be at home this afternoon at 41 East Forty-first Street from 4 to 7.

Mrs. Frank K. Hays will entertain this afternoon with a large bridge at Delmonico's.

The Lotos Club will give a dinner in honor of Dr. William Wallace Walker at the clubhouse, 110 West Fifty-seventh Street, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 16.

Francis Hoppin and Miss Mary Latham Gurnee took out a marriage license yesterday at the City Hall for their wedding, which takes place on Feb. 8. The ceremony will be performed at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Gurnee, 417 Fifth Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer and Andrew Freedman will go to Palm Beach on Friday.

DINNER FOR MISS FRENCH.

Mrs. John H. French Entertains at Sherry's for Her Debutante Daughter.

Mrs. John Herndon French entertained with a dinner of fifty covers for her débutante daughter, Miss Hilah French, at Sherry's yesterday evening. The young people sat at five small tables in the banquet room. Each table seated ten guests, and was adorned with pink roses. Mrs. French took her guests afterward to the Junior Cotillion.

Among those present were the Misses Eleanor Steele, Elizabeth Hoyt, Joan Tuckerman, Katharine Greene, Frieda Mortimer, Kathryn Motley, Madeleln Cook, Katharine Chapin, Beatrice Flagg, Ruth Appleton, Phebe Thorne, Eleanor Burrill, Virginia Alexandre, Anita Ingersoll, Elizabeth Bacon, Charlotte Love Godwin, Jean Roosevelt, Lisa Stillman, Juliet Nourse, and Miss Leila Haven; also Orson Munn, Thomas Barnes, Crawford Burton, Graften Chapman, George Wagstaff, Frederick Osborn, Courtlandt Dixon, Howland Davis, Seymour Blair, Marshall Russell, Bayard Rives, Theodore Dixon, Stanley Mortimer, Grafton Pyne, Landon Thorne, William Manice, McCullough Miller, Maurice Roche, Taylor Pyne, Carroll Winslow, Thornton Wilson, Arthur Gwynne, Gardiner Perry, Arthur Jones, and Seth Barton French, 2d.

JUNIOR COTILLION MEETS.

Dance at Sherry's Led by Stowe Phelps and Miss Gardiner.

The third meting of the Junior Cotillion took place last evening at Sherry's. Mrs. Edward D. Adams, Mrs. John H. French, and Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee gave dinners previous to the affair, which started shortly before 11 o'clock in the large ballroom. The receiving patronesses were Mrs. Francis V. Greene, Mrs. Witherbee, Mrs. Charles Steele, Mrs. Kissel, and Mrs. James T. Gardiner.

The cotillion came before supper, and was led by Stowe Phelps, dancing with Miss Elizabeth Gardiner. There were some ninety couples. The favors included fancy picture frames, fans, and cigarettes and silver pencils. There was also a flower favor.

A seated supper was served in the small ballroom at 1 o'clock. Among those present were the Misses Dolly La Montagne, Catherine Hamersley, Eleanor Steele, Ruth Adams, Katharine Greene, Juliet Nourse, Joan Tuckerman, Edith Mortimer, Zalina Clark, Hilda Holmes, Anita Ingersoll, Varvara Pupin, Helene Demarest, Viola Townsend, Virginia Livingston Hunt, Charlotte Wyeth, Elise Ladew, Marjorie Bourne, Beulah Hepburn, Marjorie Noyes, Jean Roosevelt, Alice Kortright, Leila Haven, Helen Coster, Beatrice Flagg, and Miss Agnes Landon.

DANCERS PASS THROUGH HEART.

Hearts for Girls and Arrows for Men at Cotillion of Eighty.

The last meeting this season of the Cotillion of Eighty was held last night at Delmonico's. The cotillion was danced before supper, and was led by Paul W. Alexander, dancing with Miss Lucy Mayo-Smith, and by Miss Elizabeth Taylor, with Henry W. Stackhouse. There were five figures.

The first figure was a large heart fringed with paper, through which the dancers passed, and were favored on the other side with roses presented by the "King and Queen of Hearts." The second favor consisted of hearts for the girls and arrows for the men. In this figure the men selected their partners by tapping the hearts which the girls wore on their arms with the arrows. The third figure was a Maypole trimmed with ribbons.

The fourth figure was a floral favor, and the last was a pillow battle in which crêpe pillows and crêpe pillow shavings were used. A seated supper was served at midnight.

Mrs. Herbert Turrell Honored.

At the home of Mrs. Lorenz Terwilliger, 155 West Ninety-fourth Street, last evening, a reception under the auspices of the Calvary Literary Club of Calvary Baptist Church was held in honor of its President, Mrs. Herbert Turrell, who sails for the Orient on Saturday. Those invited to receive with Mrs. Terwilliger were Dr. and Mrs. Robert S. MacArthur, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey D. Blakeslee, the Rev. and Mrs. Donald S. MacIntyre, Mrs. S. R. Compton, and Miss May Minter. C. Judson Bushnell, baritone, Miss Ida Dougherty, soprano; Miss Amelia Muller, contralto; C. Mortimer Erskim, tenor; Miss Lillian Eddinger, violinist, and Mrs. Carolina Holmes Blaine, pianist, furnished a musical programme.

OLESHEIMER—GUTHMAN.

Miss Bertha Guthman and Jacob Olesheimer were married yesterday evening in the blue room at Sherry's, where a temporary altar of palms and lilies of the valley was erected. Dr. Elliott officiated at the ceremony, which was followed by a dinner and dancing. Louis Guthman, the bride's brother, was best man.

LITCHFIELD—ATTERBURY.

The wedding of Miss Sarah Atterbury and Percy Litchfield took place at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, the Rev. Hugh Birckhead, rector, officiating. After the ceremony there was a reception at the residence of Mrs. Lewis B. Atterbury, 141 West Eighty-sixth Street.

The bride wore a gown of white satin, with point lace, and a long tulle veil, fastened with orange blossoms. Her maid of honor was Miss Hopeton Atterbury, who wore apricot yellow satin and carried sunrise roses. The Misses Sallie and Josephine Atterbury were bridesmaids. They wore canary yellow satin gowns and carried deep red roses, tied with red satin ribbons. All wore large black hats, trimmed with black tulle.

Norman Litchfield was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Bertram Bell, George M. Clarke, and Electus D. Litchfield.

Ray Beveridge Swears Off Taxes.

Ray Beveridge, an actress, appeared at the Hall of Records yesterday to swear off taxes on a personal assessment of $120,000. Miss Beveridge, who is known as Ray von Wrede in private life, says she is the daughter of Baron Hermann von Wrede, a German nobleman, and not subject to personal taxation in this State.

FLONZALEY QUARTET IN PLEASING CONCERT

Brilliant Programme for Music Lovers Played in Mendelssohn Hall.

OF HAYDN AND CHAUSSON

Fine Playing of Selections from Both Composers and of Rogers's Polka.

The Flonzaley Quartet gave its second concert of the season in Mendelssohn Hall last night before a large audience. It is evident that this organization will rapidly claim a public of its own, for its playing is of a sort to attract lovers of the best in chamber music. Last evening the programme commenced with a performance of Haydn's Quartet in D major, Opus 64, No. 5, which was in every way worthy of this sunniest of composers. The finale movement, with its dashing tempo and decisive rhythm, was played brilliantly.

In the second half of the programme were the adagio from Chausson's unfinished quartet and the scherzo from Reger's D minor quartet, Opus 74. The work of the French composer proved to be a lovely bit of modern French music in the revery spirit, a spirit which was exactly caught by the Flonzaleys. There was more than a suggestion in the principal theme of this adagio to the dance music in the last act of "Die Meistersinger."

The name of Reger has usually proved forbidding rather than inviting to New York concertgoers. Last night's audience was therefore more or less surprised at the playful polka, which the scherzo turned out to be. There were no grating sounds or strainings after strange effects to frighten the ear of the listener. In fact, last night's audience was so well pleased with the scherzo and the performance of it that the Flonzaleys were applauded until they played it all over again. The programme was concluded with a performance of Beethoven's quartet in E flat major.

"THE O'FLYNN" A LONDON HIT.

Sir Herbert Tree, in Title Role, Plays with Masterly Brogue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Justin Huntly McCarthy's Irish romance, "The O'Flynn," produced to-night by Sir Herbert Tree at His Majesty's Theatre, proved a great success. The play deals with Ireland in the reign of William of Orange, with James II. returned to reconquer the kingdom, if possible.

Tree as the O'Flynn, an Irish d'Artagnan, played with unfailing spirits and masterly brogue.

There was a large and interesting audience present, including Prince Francis of Teck, Mrs. Asquith, Mr. and Mrs. Winston Churchill, Lord and Lady Craven, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, and Miss Ellen Terry.

NO "WIENER WALTZER."

Directors Find Expensive Ballet Production Unsuited to Metropolitan.

The suppression of the ballet, "Wiener Waltzer," which was to have been produced at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night, caused discussion at a meeting of the Directors of the opera company yesterday, it is said. The Directors of that institution, while they wish to offer the best possible performances, do not care to spend any more money uselessly than seems to be necessary.

It is said that the production of "Wiener Waltzer" cost several thousand dollars, and that it was disclosed at a rehearsal at which several of the Directors were present that it was not in any way fitted for production at the Metropolitan.

The ballet itself and the costumes and scenery were said to be of a character for which the patrons of the Broadway institution would be totally unprepared.

McCormack to Sing for Charity.

John McCormack, the Irish tenor of the Manhattan Opera House, will sing Irish ballads at the entertainment given by the William Dalton Association of the Ninth Assembly District to-morrow evening at the Amsterdam Opera House, 334 West Forty-fourth Street. Mr. Hammerstein has waived all rights to the singer's services on this occasion, and the proceeds of the evening will be donated to the poor of the district.

Miss Crichton to Sing Sarrona.

When Le Grand W. Howland's opera "Sarrona" is sung at the New Amsterdam Theatre next Tuesday afternoon the cast will include Miss Enriqueta Crichton, who has sung with the Moody-Manners company in England. The other principals have sung "Sarrona" in Italy, and include Ester Ferrabini and Messrs. Barri and Pirnazzone. The conductor will be Agide Jacchia, who conducted several of the performances given by the ill-fated Italian opera company at the Academy of Music. Le Grand Howland is an American, and his opera has been produced in Italy.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Henry B. Harris yesterday announced the engagement of Orrin Johnson for the leading male role in Sydney Rosenfeld's new play, "Children of Destiny," which will open out of town on Feb. 17.

The first performance of Blanche Ring in "The Yankee Girl" at the Herald Square Theatre has been postponed from Tuesday to Thursday evening, Feb. 10.

Among the performers who will appear in the benefit for the House of Rest for the care of consumptives, to be held on the roof of the American Music Hall Thursday evening, will be Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew, the Empire City Quartet, Genaro and Bailey, Juliet, Walter Jones, and Rinaldo.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Dixey are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter, who has been named Marie Ursula. Mrs. Dixey, known on the stage as Marie Nordstrom, has been her husband's leading woman for several seasons, and she hopes to rejoin him soon in the same capacity. Mr. Dixey closed an engagement in "Mr. Buttles" at Weber's Theatre last Saturday night.

Billie Burke has abandoned her intended visit to Paris, where she was to have met the playwrights, Armand Caillavet and Robert de Flers, the authors of "Love Watches." Instead she will continue in "Mrs. Dot" for a full year, making an extended tour of the United States at the close of her New York season.

About 250 members of the Centennial Lodge, of Masons, with their wives, attended the performance of "The Young Turk" last night at the New York Theatre. The theatre party was followed by a banquet and dance.

"Madame X" will be produced at the New Amsterdam Theatre to-night, with Dorothy Donnelly, Robert Drouet, William Elliott, and Malcolm Williams in the principal roles.

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42nd Street, East of Fifth Avenue

CALLS VIOLINIST SLANDERER.

Orchestra Manager Says He Won't Be Classed as a Thief.

A new row in orchestra circles came out yesterday through the arrest of William S. Purisch, violinist, on a charge of slander. Two Deputy Sheriffs went to Musical Union 310, in Eighty-sixth Street, between Second and Third Avenues, found Purisch there, and put him under arrest on the order of Justice Hendrick of the Supreme Court, gained by the application of Abraham S. Nussbaum, manager of the orchestra of the Manhattan and Philadelphia Orchestras, and of the Broadway Theatre orchestra.

Nussbaum is first trumpeter at the Broadway. He says that Purisch has been saying that he is "a thief and a bum musician," and has damaged him financially and otherwise to the extent of $25,000. His story is that in the last twelve years he has hired Purisch to play in various orchestras and bands he managed, but when last November Purisch tried for a place on the Philadelphia Orchestra Nussbaum told him he was not competent enough as a violinist, but he might get him some less important place later on in some other orchestra.

"Upon this," says Nussbaum, "Purisch yelled at me, called me a thief, and said he would spread the report that I was stealing from musicians, and would break me. He said he would make it his business to ruin my character and reputation."

From then on, as Nussbaum tells it, he heard that Purisch was slandering him. George A. Nichols, musical director of the Broadway Theatre, told him so, and so did Frank Feinbloom, a musician. According to Nichols, Purisch dropped into his office on Jan. 19 and asked him to a café at Forty-second Street and Seventh Avenue, and there said:

"Mr. Nichols, he [Nussbaum] is stealing even now from musicians, and he's no good. He is a bum musician, and I shall prefer against him serious charges before the Directorate of the union."

Purisch has twenty days to put in his answer, but yesterday he had no trouble in getting a bondsman to stand the $5,000 bail for him.

Incorporate Tuberculosis Clinics.

The Association of Tuberculosis Clinics of the City of New York was incorporated yesterday with the approval of Supreme Court Justice Hendrick. Dr. James A. Miller, Dr. John H. Huddleston, Dr. John S. Billings, Jr., Dr. Gaylor S. White, and Lawrence Veiller are the incorporators. Aside from the general object of combating tuberculosis and alleviating the condition of tuberculosis persons, the association aims to "prevent patients drifting from one clinic to another."

DOWAGER LADY HAY DEAD.

Widow of Sir Robert Hay, Bart., and Sister of William Butler Duncan.

News of the death yesterday of Sally Dowager Lady Hay, widow of Sir Robert Hay, Bart., was received from London yesterday. She was the daughter of the late Alexander Duncan of Providence, R. I., and had lived since her husband's death at 7 Princess Gate, Hyde Park, London, where she died. She was 76 years old.

She is survived by her brother, William Butler Duncan, 1 Fifth Avenue, who is at present in Europe, and a nephew, William Butler Duncan, Jr., of Port Washington, L. I.

DEATH IN THE SNEAD CASE.

The Defense Loses One of Its Most Important Witnesses.

A severe blow, it became known here yesterday, has been dealt to the defense in the Snead bathtub murder case in the death of Mrs. Oceana S. Pollok of Cambria, Va., which occurred last Friday.

Mrs. Pollok was the widow of the Rev. Dr. David S. Pollok, after whom the little child of Mrs. Ocey Snead, born last August and now in a Brooklyn home for babies, was named. Miss Virginia Ocey Wardlaw, one of the prisoners, and Mrs. Ocey Snead, the dead woman, were, respectively, niece and grandniece of Mrs. Pollok, and named after her. The defense had expected to use Mrs. Pollok's testimony to prove the affectionate care given to Mrs. Ocey Snead by the three women now under indictment.

Mrs. Pollok was one of the leading women of the South until in recent years her age and health required her retirement from active life. She was for many years the head of the Montgomery Female College at Christiansburg, Va., which was subsequently under the management of Miss Virginia Wardlaw. Her relations with Ocey Snead and the others involved in the case were so close that her testimony, it is said, would have been of great value to the defense.

Gordon Wendell.

Gordon Wendell, a member of the firm of Taylor, Wendell & Co., 109 Worth Street, died suddenly at his house, 126 East Thirty-fifth Street, on Monday evening. He was a son of Jacob Wendell, merchant of this city, and of Mary Bertodi Barrett. Mr. Wendell was born in Boston, but came to this city with his parents as a boy. After leaving Harvard College, class of '82, he went into business with his father, whose partner he was, in the firm of Jacob Wendell & Co., at the time of the latter's death, in 1898. Mr. Wendell was a member of the Harvard Club, the New York Yacht, and the Merchants' Club, and a Director in several real estate corporations in this city. He leaves a widow, the daughter of the Rev. Alfred L. Elwyn of Philadelphia, and a daughter.

Bellevue's Old Gate Keeper Dead.

Ernest Siron, 55 years old, for eighteen years keeper of the gate on the Twenty-seventh Street side of Bellevue Hospital, through which all the students and physicians on the hospital staff pass, died suddenly last night while taking a walk after his day's work. Siron started to stroll down Second Avenue, and at Twenty-second Street fell unconscious. He was dead when Dr. Curley of Bellevue Hospital arrived with an ambulance.

Obituary Notes.

JOHN BENNETT, a veteran of the civil war, died at his home, 503 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was born in this city 68 years ago.

Mrs. ELIZABETH AMY FARQUHARSON died at her home, 449 Argyle Road, Flatbush, on Sunday. She was born in this city fifty-eight years ago.

OTIS FRANKLIN LUCK, Superintendent of the Steers Contracting Company, died at his home, 37 West Fiftieth Street, Bayonne, N. J., Monday night. He was 47 years old.

The Rev. THOMAS S. GRIFFITHS, who was for the last two years bereft of speech, is dead at his home in Hightstown, N. J. He was in his eighty-ninth year. Mr. Griffiths was a native of Philadelphia, and was ordained a minister in 1848. He retired in 1870.

JACOB LEVY, a retired manufacturer of women's garments, died yesterday after a short illness at his home, 611 West 141st Street. He was 69 years of age. He leaves a widow, two sons, Lawrence S. and Louis Spencer, and two daughters, Gertrude C. Levy and Mrs. L. M. Lebhar of Chicago.

LAWRENCE GOLDING, who edited Golding's City Directory and later held an interest in the Moriarty Advertising Bureau, died on Monday night in Bellevue Hospital, in his 76th year. He came to America in 1860 and was a member of the New York Board of Education for five years.

ASHLEY P. ALLEN, for three years Secretory and Business Manager of the Automobile Club of America, died on Monday in his home, 627 East Twelfth Street, Flatbush, in his fortieth year. He was formerly connected with the New York Transportation Company.

HARTSEN B. WHITTIER, cousin of John Greenleaf Whittier, died on Sunday, at 660 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, in his eightieth year. A widow, two sons, and one daughter survive him.

Miss MARGARET C. CORNELL, for fifty years a teacher in the public schools of New York, died of apoplexy on Monday in the home of her niece, Mrs. Frederick Davis, 29 Colonial Terrace, West Nutley, N. J. She retired from the service of the city in 1903.

RICHARD LEE, who was born at 238 Elizabeth Street and lived there for eighty-six years, died there on Monday of pleurisy after a three-days' illness. He assisted in erecting the Court House in City Hall Park, and was proud of the fact that he had never missed mass in the old St. Patrick's Cathedral in Mott Street for eighty years until he was taken ill.

If you want Rooms and Board of the better sort, see Page 17.

SZECHENYIS AND BABY ARRIVE

Count and Countess Met at Pier by Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

The Count and Countess Széchényi arrived yesterday from Europe on the Amerika accompanied by their fifteen-months-old baby daughter, the Countess Cornelia. On the night before the ship reached port the Széchényis gave a dinner in the Ritz restaurant on the upper promenade deck in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds Hitt, to which H. C. May, the First Secretary of the United States Legation in London, was invited, and also Count von Schoenborn, a friend of Count Széchényi.

The Countess chatted with the reporters on the way up from Quarantine to the Hoboken pier, and said that she had come for a six weeks' visit to this country. The baby had caught a cold on the voyage, the mother said, but otherwise it was as good as gold.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Reginald Vanderbilt were on the pier to meet the party. The baby went away with her nurse in a cab, while her parents went with Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mr. Vanderbilt in an automobile.

Bjornson Again Critically Ill.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Bjornstjerne Bjorns, the Norwegian poet and novelist, who came here several months ago for medical treatment, is again in a critical condition. His vitality has been remarkable, and there is hope that he may even survive the present bad turn.

H. W. Taft's Condition Improved.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 1.—The condition of Henry W. Taft, brother of the President, who is suffering from erysipelas, was somewhat improved to-day. Fever and a threatened spread of the malady were stopped during the night. Dr. William A. Edwards announced his belief that no further complications would develop and that in a few days Mr. Taft would be able to resume his journey to New York.

Mary Mannering for Comedy Theatre.

Mary Mannering will come to New York next week to open at the Comedy Theatre on Tuesday night in her new play, "A Man's World," by Rachel Crothers, author of "The Three of Us." Cora Maynard's play, "The Watcher," that is now current at the Comedy, will move to the Hackett Theatre for afternoon performances only until another New York theatre is available. Miss Mannering's supporting company will be headed by Charles Richman, and the other players will include Helen Ormsbee, Ruth Boucicault, John Sainpolis, John Cumberland, Arthur Berthelet, and Mark Short.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy Among the Arrivals on the Amerika.

Some of those sailing for Europe today are:

UMBRIA, (Liverpool)—H. S. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bell, C. W. Clark, T. A. Davies, the Rev. William Elmer, A. E. Phillips, Cyril Stevens, W. R. Redman, R. A. Hillhouse, R. D. Walker, and Miss Lucy Scott.

FINLAND, (Antwerp)—Mrs. Edwin L. Reynolds, Miss Reynolds, A. L. Hodes, Edward Stein, Mr. and Mrs. Emile Gregoire, Miss V. Kuzbo, A. Rosenstein, Charles Stephany, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Van Asselberg.

CELTIC (Naples)—Mrs. Robert Abbe, Henry R. Ashley, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Atterbury, Mrs. I. R. Adriance, Mrs. Annie E. K. Bidwell, Miss Edith Burrell, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Chandler, Admiral and Mrs. C. M. Chester, Mr. and Mrs. Henry F. Cook, Mrs. Walter F. Cox, George W. Crouse, Mrs. John M. Crouse, Mr. and Mrs. G. Warrington Curtis, Major John Dalton, Mrs. William A. Dick, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Dillingham, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Edgar, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Farley, Mrs. William C. Grace, Gibson Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Hyde, Miss A. S. Hunt, Miss Louise Herrick, Samuel Hopkins, Miss Florence Hopkins, Mrs. Alonzo Weston Kimball, Miss Marjorie Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Laidlaw, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Linnard, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. John Martin, Capt. Herbert Vandalem, Miss Louise Velten, Mrs. Hugh Sutherland, Gen. W. W. Wallace, E. W. Winter, Miss Elizabeth Shotter, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Reid, Mrs. H. L. Roosevelt, Lawrence C. Phipps, Miss Emma L. Phipps, Miss K. Pardee, Mrs. and Mrs. J. Harvey Page, Major C. M. Neller, Mr. and Mrs. Augustus S. Peabody, Mrs. Charles Smith-Sprague, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Stone, and H. Davis Ives.

Among the arrivals yesterday were:

AMERIKA, (Hamburg)—Count and Countess Szechenyi, Countess Cornelia Szechenyi, Count von Schoenbonn, Mrs. T. Cardeza, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, Baroness Uray Uray, H. C. May, First Secretary to the United States Legation in London; Rowland Mix, Mrs. Ida Von Claussen, Baron Fedor V. Nicolics, Robert Oppenheim, Miss Florence Offenbach, Herbert L. Griggs, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Reynolds Hitt, Mr. and Mrs. Chaffee Grant, C. H. Dorflinger, Marchioness Mannucci Capponi, Miss Mary Clark, A. G. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. Kennett Burnes, Walter H. Bowes, Arthur E. Dowell, Edwin J. Gillies, Miss M. M. Broadhead, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tilton, Count and Countess Wachmeister, Miss Katherin Wallace, Duncan M. Stewart, Egremont John Mills, Miss O'Meara, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Jackson, H. J. Howland, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Kellogg, Miss Alice A. Ladue, C. Pennington, Robert P. Porter, Mrs. Minerva Porter, Miss T. Pasquin, and Mr. and Mrs. James J. Ryan.

MINNETONKA, (London)—Mr. and Mrs. Dalton Baker, Dr. W. T. Briggs, Miss M. G. Elwell, Mrs. Arthur Hodges, Dr. H. S. Jeck, John Black, Admiral and Mrs. James A. Lawrence, U. S. N.; Dr. William L. Norris, Cliff Roberts, Louis Proudfoot, Miss Nellie Tharsing, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Coleman, and Mrs. B. Thratter

SOLD HIS INHERITANCE.

Got but $60,000 for $181,650 Share, Says G. H. Robinson in Trustee Suit.

George H. Robinson of 234 Central Park West made application yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Gerard to compel Charles A. Robinson, his father, of Portland, Me., and Lawrence E. Brown of 420 West 121st Street, as substitute trustees under the will of his mother, Agnes Hyatt Robinson, to render an account of the estate. Augustus T. Gillender was originally a trustee, but was removed in 1903.

George Robinson, who inherits from his mother one-half of the residuary estate, or about $300,000, alleges that his father has made no accounting since 1903, and Brown none since 1904. He says that in January, 1909, Brown, as attorney for his wife, Marian Hall Robinson, brought proceedings to inquire into his sanity and had him committed to an asylum. He says he was subsequently pronounced sane. He declares he has made a deed of trust in favor of his wife and child for his share in the estate. He receives $500 a month income at present, but says that in March, 1911, he will receive the principal of his share, as he will then be 25 years old.

He alleges that Brown assisted him in selling to the Eagle Insurance Company of London and others an interest in his share in the estate, amounting to $181,650, for which, he says, he received $60,000.

"I believe I was grossly taken advantage of by the assignment to the Eagle Insurance Company," he says, "and I believe that the same should be set aside."

Brown denies these allegations. Justice Gerard ruled that Brown must file accounts in twenty days, and said that a referee would be appointed.

Hamburg-American Agent Retires.

T. Tomley Morgan, for thirty-two years traveling agent of the Hamburg-American Line, retired yesterday from active service, and a watch and chain were presented to him by his friends and colleagues of the line. The presentation was made by Emil L. Boas, Resident Director. Laying claim to direct descent from Sir George Stephenson, inventor of the locomotive, Mr. Morgan says he feels that his connection with transportation interests was foreordained. He will make his future home in Los Angeles, he says, and grow oranges for pleasure.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

PLATT.—Jan. 29, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Platt, a daughter.

WOOD.—Jan. 30, to Mr. and Mrs. Edson J. Wood, a son.

Married.

ATTERBURY—ADAMS.—At the residence of the bride, Oak Hill, Howard County, Md., Jan. 31, by the Rev. J. H. Eccleston, Edith, daughter of the late Orson Adams, to Henry Atterbury of Summit, N. J.

OLESHEIMER—GUTHMAN.—On Feb. 1, 1910, by Dr. John L. Elliott, at Sherry's, Belle Guthman to Jacob Olesheimer.

THAYER—COSGROVE.—On Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1910, by the Right Rev. Charles McCready, LL. D., Helen W. Cosgrove to Francis Thayer of Paris, France.

TWYEFFORT—JONES.—On Jan. 30, 1910, at Valentine, Texas, by the Rev. W. B. Bloys, Edith, daughter of Mrs. R. B. Jones, to Walter Kleinert Twyeffort.

WOODWARD—ROLFF.—On Jan. 28, 1910, Charlotte A. Rolff to Jack E. Woodward.

MacKENNA—MOYLEN.—Jan. 31, Florence E. Moylen to Arthur O. MacKenna.

Connecticut.

MARTEL—KRESS.—Jan. 31, Hartford, Emma Kress to Oscar D. Martel.

New Jersey.

GILLILAND—GOUTIERE.—Jan. 28, Bridgton, Rose Goutiere to David Gilliland.

KENNEDY — BRENNAN. — Jan. 31, Orange, Catherine Brennan to Malachi Kennedy.

New York State.

DONLON—BROWN.—Jan. 27, Cohoes, Sara J. Brown to Richard J. Donlon.

PATTERSON—TERRY.—Jan. 26, Marlborough, Sarah A. Terry to James Patterson.

SMITH—STALL.—Jan. 29, Elizaville, Florence M. Stall to Foster H. Smith.

Died.

FRITTS.—Suddenly, of pneumonia, at Binghamton, N. Y., Lilian, wife of Dr. Andrew Suydam Fritts and daughter of the late Hobart P. and Estelle Billings Richards.

HAY.—On Feb. 1, 1910, at her residence, 7 Princes Gate, Hyde Park, London, Sally, Dowager Lady Hay, widow of Sir Robert Hay, Bart., and daughter of Alexander Duncan, deceased, of Providence, R. I., in the 77th year of her age.

HOWELL.—The Rev. Richard Lewis, at the Aberdeen Hotel, New York City, Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1910. Interment Wheeling, West Va. Philadelphia and Baltimore papers please copy.

LEVY.—On Feb. 1, Jacob Levy, aged 69, at his late residence, 611 West 141st St., beloved husband of Carrie, nee Kramer, and father of Louis Spencer, Gertrude C., Lawrence S., and Mrs. L. M. Lebhar of Chicago. Funeral private. Easton, Penn., papers please copy.

McALPINE.—On Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1910, Belden R. McAlpine, in the 91st year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 1 West 72d St., on Thursday, Feb. 3, at 4 o'clock P. M. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

MILLS.—At White Plains, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1910, Anna Woodhull Mills, daughter of the late Thomas Helm and Martha S. Mills, in her 89th year. Funeral service Grace Church, White Plains, N. Y., Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1910, on the arrival of the train leaving the Grand Central Station at 11:10 A. M. Interment private.

PAZELT.—Feb. 1, Joseph Pazelt. Service at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Thursday, 8 P. M.

PECK.—Sunday, Jan. 30, 1910, Mary A. Peck, late of 2,050 Anthony Av., New York City, aged 71 years, widow of the late Herbert C. Peck and daughter of the late John P. and Eliza A. Ware. Funeral services at Intercession Chapel, (Trinity Parish,) Broadway and 158th St., Wednesday, Feb. 2, at 10 A. M.

REEVE.—Passed away Tuesday, Feb. 1, at her home, Summit, N. J., Sarah Wicks Reeve, widow of Henry Reeve. Funeral private.

ROCKWELL.—On Tuesday, Feb. 1, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Hatch, Alma W., wife of Dr. H. B. Rockwell. Funeral private. Scranton (Penn.) and Mobile (Ala.) papers please copy.

ROHDE.—On Saturday, Jan. 29, Charles Rohde, aged 43 years 9 months. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Sandel, Beeckman and Queen City Avs., Fairmount, Cincinnati, Tuesday at 2 P. M.

SAMUELS.—Entered into rest on Jan. 31, 1910, at her home, 194 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Harriet Alice Steele, wife of the late Capt. S. Samuels. Funeral private.

SLAWSON.—Suddenly, on Jan. 31, Josephine Spencer, wife of George L. Slawson, and daughter of Charles F. Spencer of Waverly, N. Y. Funeral services will be held at her late residence at Greenwich, Conn., on Thursday, Feb. 3, on arrival of train leaving New York (Grand Central Station) at 2 P. M.

SOUTHWORTH.—In Batavia, N. Y., Jan. 31, George Murfey Southworth, son of the late Gardner T. Southworth and Cornelia Murfey Southworth, aged 37.

TOD.—At Summit, N. J., Jan. 31, Hugh Stuart, aged 4, youngest son of Capt. and Mrs. Donald Tod.

WENDELL.—Suddenly, at his residence, 126 East Thirty-fifth Street, Monday evening, Jan. 31, 1910, Gordon Wendell, son of Jacob Wendell, deceased, and Mary Bertodi Wendell. Funeral from his residence on Thursday, Feb. 3, 9:30 A. M.

ALEXANDER.—Joseph M., 143 West 120th St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BRISSE.—Barbara, 357 West 39th St., Jan. 31, aged 56. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BLEWETT.—Mary J., 2,562 8th Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

DAWSON.—Charles S., 1,776 Washington Av., Bronx, Jan. 31, aged 59. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Died.

ETTINGER.—Samuel, 936 Morris Av., aged 63. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GETZMAN.—Louis, Jan. 31. Funeral 308 East 12th St., to-day, 10 A. M.

GROPP.—Louis S., 3,295 3d Av., Jan. 30, aged 39.

HACKETT.—James B., 393 Hudson St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

HOGAN.—Helen, 147 Lincoln Av., Bronx, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HOLLAND.—Mary F., 258 West 10th St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KAISER.—Carl, 109 West 94th St., Jan. 30, aged 4. Funeral private.

KELLY.—Eva I., 384 Pleasant Av., Jan. 30.

KERN.—John, 65 Bedford St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

KORNMEYER.—Stephan, 3,044 3d Av., Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

LEE.—Richard, 238 Elizabeth St., Jan. 31, aged 85. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McENEANEY.—Annie, 342 3d Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McGILP.—John, 1,605 2d Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MARENO.—Mary J., 1,544 Minford Place, Jan. 31.

MARTINE.—Mary, 563 West 170th St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MILLER.—Henry, 1,287 1st Av., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

MULLINS.—Annie, 890 2d Av., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

MULRYAN.—James, 482 Hudson St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

NATHAN.—Ella, 23 West 119th St., Jan. 30.

NORDEN.—Emma, 156 East 66th St., Jan. 30, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

PRIAL.—F. P., 224 West 105th St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

QUINN.—Alexander, 325 Spring St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SHANKS.—Margaret, 107 Morningside Av., Jan. 30, aged 86. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SHEERAN.—John J., 543 East 148th St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ALLEN.—Ashley T., 627 East 12th St., Jan. 31. Funeral notice later.

BORCINO.—Esther, St. Peter's Hospital, Jan. 30.

COSGROVE.—Mary T., 644 Humboldt St., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

COWELL.—Jennie M., 78 Pacific St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DAVIS.—Charles J., 401 South 4th St., Jan. 30.

DE MOTT.—James E., 439 7th St., Jan. 31, aged 12. Funeral private.

ENGEL.—William F., 284 Etna St., Jan. 31.

HANAGAN.—John, Kings County Hospital, Jan. 30, aged 41.

FOSSTROOP.—Harold A., 19 Hamilton Av., Jan. 30.

GRANT.—Jane, 255 South 5th St., Jan. 31, aged 92.

GREEN.—Mary J., 544 4th Av., Jan. 31, aged 58. Funeral to-day.

HALL.—Elizabeth C., 1,675 East 48th St., Jan. 31. Funeral private.

HOAGE.—Isaac S., 652 Carroll St., Jan. 31, aged 31. Funeral service to-day.

HOGAN.—John S., 341 36th St., Jan. 30.

HOULAHAN.—Katherine M., 761 Quincy St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KEATING.—Elizabeth, 359 Cumberland St., Jan. 30, aged 40. Funeral to-day.

KILFOYLE.—Mary, 46 Willow Place, Jan. 31, aged 46. Funeral to-morrow.

LACCHINI.—Agostino, 39 Spencer St., Jan. 30, aged 37. Funeral to-day.

MacMANUS.—Mary A., 4 Sutton St., Jan. 31. Funeral to-day.

MARSHALL.—William H., 135 Division Av., Jan. 29.

MILLS.—Ellen, 59 Williams Av., Jan. 31, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

MITCHELL.—Abbie C., 210 Prospect Park West, Jan. 30, aged 62.

MORAN.—Maria, 361 Warren St., Feb. 1. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

OFFBEDINGER.—Ernest, 45 Somers St., Jan. 31, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

RANKIN.—Mrs. E., 297 Clinton Place, Jan. 31. Funeral service to-day.

ROSBOTHAM.—Robert J., 1,057 Bedford Av., Jan. 30. Funeral to-day.

SCHUBERT.—Mary, 1,288 Dean St., Jan. 30, aged 34. Funeral private.

SMITH.—Mary, 148 Fulton St., Jan. 29, aged 38.

SPRAGUE.—George D., 492 East 2d St., Jan. 31, aged 28. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

VANSENTEN.—Albert H., St. Mary's Hospital, Jan. 29.

WEIRICH.—John, Eastern District Hospital, Jan. 30, aged 65.

Connecticut.

ANDERSON.—Samuel, Portland, Jan. 29, aged 65.

BISHOP.—John M., New Haven, Jan. 30, aged 61. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BROWN.—Roland C., Winsted, Jan. 29, aged 66.

CAMP.—Charles T., New Haven, Jan. 31, aged 67. Funeral private.

CHIDSEY.—Maria L., New Haven, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

COWLES.—Laura G., East Hartford, Jan. 30, aged 79.

DACEY.—James J., Hartford, Jan. 29.

FANNING.—Michael P., New Haven, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FISCHER.—Mary C., Greenwich, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HAMBLIN.—Cora J., Waterbury, Jan. 28, aged 38.

HARCKE.—Carl L., New Haven, Jan. 31, aged 2.

HEALY.—Maria C., Bridgeport, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

HARWOOD.—Nancy C., Springfield, Jan. 30, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HULL.—Andrew L., 349 John St., Bridgeport, Jan. 31, aged 82.

HUNTER.—George G., New Haven, Jan. 30, aged 48.

JONES.—Michael B., New Haven, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day.

KELSEY.—Evelyn, Clinton, Jan. 29, aged 74.

KNOX.—Harry R., Hartford, Jan. 29, aged 54.

McINTYRE.—Catherine, Bridgeport, Jan. 29, aged 84.

MAYNARD.—Daniel H., Hartford, Jan. 31, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

METCALF.—Milissa M., West Haven, Jan. 31.

MULVEY.—Daniel M., New Haven, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

MURCH.—Nellie, Hartford, Jan. 29, aged 26.

SEWARD.—Minerva A., New Haven, Jan. 30, aged 66.

SMITH.—Alice P., New Haven, Jan. 31, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

STRINGER.—Charles J., 42 White St., Danbury, Jan. 30, aged 37.

THOMPSON.—Lucretia E., East Haven, Jan. 30, aged 72. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

THORPE.—Lafayette, Winsted, Jan. 30, aged 69.

TOWER.—Sarah A., 508 Stratford Av., Bridgeport, Jan. 31, aged 85.

Died.

WHITE.—Benjamin S., Danbury, Jan. 30.

Long Island.

BUDDEN.—Annie, 222 Lincoln St., Flushing, Jan. 29, aged 60.

CURTIS.—Fannie L., Rockville Centre, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

STACHE.—Helen M., 150 Milton St., Greenpoint, Jan. 31. Funeral private.

New Jersey.

ANDERSON.—Thomas, Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day.

ASPELL.—Anna M., Montclair, N. J., Jan. 31. Funeral private.

BANAHAN.—Ellen, Oxford, Jan. 29, aged 52.

BARBER.—Anna M., Trenton, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day.

BEHR.—Mary B., 41 Littleton Av., Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow.

BARSCHOW.—Otto G., 212 Palisade Av., Jersey City, Jan. 31. Funeral private.

BORNEMANN.—Franz, Jersey City, Jan. 29, aged 56. Funeral private, to-day.

BOUSE.—Christian, Prospect Park, Jan. 29, aged 81.

BUCHHEISTER.—Wilhelmine, Fort Lee, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BROWN.—Harry, Trenton, Jan. 30, aged 22. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BRIKERHOFF.—Florence, Newark, Jan. 31.

CORNELL.—Margaret C., West Nutley, Jan. 30.

DAVIS.—Helen M., 3 Grant St., Newark, Feb. 1, aged 72. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

DAXON.—George, Mine Hill, Jan. 30, aged 88.

ELKINS.—Horatio B., Closter, Jan. 30, aged 75.

ELLISON.—Walter R., 159 Railroad Av., Jersey City, Jan. 30, aged 5. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

FLANAGAN.—Edward, 106 Essex St., Jersey City, Jan. 31, aged 49.

GASCOYNE.—John C., West Orange, Jan. 31. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HARDING.—James, 51 Florence Av., Irvington, Jan. 31, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow.

HENDRICKS.—Gertrude, 84 2d St., Newark, Feb. 1. Funeral to-morrow.

HIGGINS.—Lemuel, Flemington, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day.

ITZEL.—Dorothea A., Orange, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

JENSEN.—Hans, 18 Eagles St., Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

KEISLER.—Joseph, 99 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Feb. 1, aged 53.

KELLNER.—Emma, 232 Chadwick Av., Newark, Jan. 31, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LANCE.—Edward, High Bridge, Jan. 30, aged 30.

LANE.—John J., Paterson, Jan. 30, aged 13.

LARUE.—Martha, Summit, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day.

LUCK.—Franklin, Bayonne, Jan. 31, aged 47. Funeral Feb. 4.

LITTERST.—Alexander, Metuchen, Jan. 31, aged 88. Funeral private.

McCARITY.—Edward, Bridgeville, Jan. 30. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

McCAUSLAND.—James, 39 Fairmount Av., Jersey City, Jan. 31.

McERLANE.—Mary, Paterson, Jan. 30.

MACKEY.—Louis, Rahway, Jan. 31, aged 78.

MANHECK.—Lottie, 305 Waverly Av., Newark, Jan. 31, aged 12.

MELIFF.—Francis, Trenton, Jan. 29, aged 10 months.

MOLZ.—Amelia, 9 Blum St., Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

NELSON.—Augusta E., Oxford, Jan. 29, aged 17.

NEMETHY.—Mary, 343 South 6th St., Newark, Jan. 31, aged 67. Funeral to-morrow.

PADDEN.—Emma L., East Orange, Jan. 31, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

PEASE.—Le Roy S., Brighton, Jan. 31, aged 16. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

PETERSON.—Benjamin, 584 East 24th St., Paterson Jan. 30.

PIERSON.—Zopher, Newton, Jan. 29, aged 62.

POTTER.—Joseph C., Long Branch, Jan. 31, aged 60.

PIETSCH.—Alice R., Vailsburg, Jan. 31. Funeral service to-day.

POWELL.—Thomas, 92 Prince St., Newark, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow.

REILLY.—Mary J., 126 Maple St., Jersey City, Jan. 31. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

RIGNEY.—John B., 296 5th St., Jersey City, Feb. 1.

RUNSEKE.—Joseph, Highland Park, Jan. 30, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHWINNING.—Mary E., North Paterson, Jan. 29, aged 72.

SIMNAN.—Edward, 832 Newark Av., Jersey City, Jan. 31, aged 45.

SMITH.—Jacob T., Oxford, Jan. 30, aged 75. Funeral to-day.

STEWART.—Emma J., Lakewood, Jan. 31. Funeral service to-day.

STREMME.—Joseph H., Bridgton, Jan. 30, aged 76.

TRIVOLA.—Margaret, Elizabeth, Jan. 30, aged 32.

VAN ORDEN.—John, Paterson, Jan. 30, aged 40. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WATKINS.—William N., Asbury Park, Jan. 29, aged 7.

ZIEGLER.—Gathardt, 78 Niagara St., Newark, Jan. 31, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow.

New York State.

BOICE.—Mary A., Kingston, Jan. 28, aged 65. Funeral private.

COLE.—William B., Rhinebeck, Jan. 28, aged 42.

COLLINS.—William F., Yonkers, Jan. 30, aged 41. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DEVINE.—Jennie, Newburg, Jan. 30.

FRAZER.—Margaret, Gardnertown, Jan. 30, aged 90. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

GREEN.—Mary A., 67 Pearl St., Kingston, Jan. 29.

HOLDREDGE.—Sylvester W., Newburg, Jan. 30, aged 97.

KAYSER.—Anna M., Mount Vernon, Jan. 29.

PULTZ.—Julia E., Rhinebeck, Jan. 27, aged 73.

REID.—George C., Rock Hill, Jan. 29, aged 12.

In Memoriam.

EGAN.—Thomas L., mass, St. Rocco's Church, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 8 A. M.

GREY.—Mary, mass, Our Lady of Good Counsel Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 9 A. M.

SWEENEY.—Rose, mass, Holy Cross Church, Harrison, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

CEMETERIES.

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FITZ HERBERT SOLD; $40,000 FOR RACER

S. C. Hildreth Disposes of Turf Champion and Valuable Engagements.

BIGGEST SALE IN YEARS

Famous Thoroughbred Transferred to Frank M. Taylor, but Charles Kohler Is the Probable Purchaser.

Fitz Herbert, the turf champion of 1909, was sold by S. C. Hildreth yesterday for $40,000, and his engagements were transferred to Frank M. Taylor. It could not be definitely ascertained just who is behind Taylor in the purchase, but it is considered almost certain that Charles Kohler, who recently bought the racer Uncle from Hildreth, is largely interested in the deal. Taylor has been engaged to handle some horses for Mr. Kohler, and, though no verification of the purchase could be obtained from Mr. Kohler himself, it is known that since the purchase of Uncle he has been negotiating for other horses. By the terms of the sale Hildreth receives $35,000 cash and $5,000 out of the first winnings.

Fitz Herbert is a four-year-old son of Ethelbert and Morganatic, and was bred by Perry Belmont. He first appeared at the races in the colors of A. J. Joyner, who is at present training the horses of Harry Payne Whitney in England. Early in 1908 he was sold by Joyner to Herman Brandt for $3,500, and shortly after the sale Joyner tried ineffectually to buy him back at a very material increase over that price, but Brandt would not sell. Later in the year Fitz Herbert was sold at a good price to Hildreth.

Fitz Herbert showed under the Brandt silks that he was a promising racer, and as a three-year-old swept all before him. The sale is one of the most important thoroughbred deals made in a long time.

Fitz Herbert was easily champion of 1909, and though his stablemate Joe Madden was actually winner of more money over the courses of The Jockey Club it was only because he was better engaged in the way of rich stakes. Only once last season was Fitz Herbert beaten in his fifteen starts, when James R. Keene's Affliction took his measure in the running of the Oriental Handicap. On that occasion Fitz Herbert was almost knocked down during the race, and he was under a burden of 128 pounds, to the feather of 97 on the filly. The stakes won by Fitz Herbert were the Pocantico, Broadway, Suburban, Advance, First Special, Election Day Handicap, Hall Handicap, the Bowie, and he had a walkover in the Coney Island Jockey Club Stakes. His total winnings for the season in the East were $34,144, and in the Bowie he hung out a new record for the two miles when he raced in 3:25 4-5. The best previous record for the distance was 3:26½, made by Judge Denny in California in 1899.

YOUNG TROTTERS AT AUCTION.

Forty-two from Walnut Hall Farm Bring Total of $28,580 at Garden.

A consignment of forty-two horses, many of them promising looking two-year olds, from the Walnut Hall Stock Farm of L. V. Harkness in Kentucky, attracted a lot of attention in the auction ring at the Fasig-Tipton horse sale at Madison Square Garden yesterday. All of the fillies were sired by the farm's three famous sires of colt trotters, Walnut Hall, 2:08¼; Ozono, 2:17½, and Moko, and brought about lively bidding before they went under the hammer. The forty-two horses brought a total of $28,580, an average of $675 a head. Horsemen were of the opinion that it was the best lot of young trotters that has been seen at a sale in recent years. The fifteen fillies sired by Moko brought the best prices, and averaged $822 a head. The fillies sired by Walnut Hall averaged $620 a head.

Lettie Lee, a two-year-old bay filly, Moko-Leetell by Axtell, brought the high price among the Walnut Farm horses and the highest price of the sale. C. B. Knox of Buffalo, who owns the Ideal Stock Farm at East Aurora, N. Y., paid $3,650 after an unusually spirited bidding tilt with several well-known horsemen. Mr. Harkness, the owner of the Walnut Hall Farm, was one of the interested spectators.

It was a large crowd of enthusiastic horsemen that attended the sale yesterday, nearly every local trotting-horse fancier of note being present. John H. Shults of Port Chester took an active part in the proceedings and purchased nine trotters of various ages and breeds. Mr. Shults bought Irma Clifton from the lot of Senator J. W. Bailey of Texas for $2,000. This was the top price among the dozen head which Senator Bailey put up for sale. The twelve trotters from his stable brought a total of $8,745, an average of $729 a head.

The horses which brought prices above $500 are as follows:

Baron Peter, trotter, b. c., 4 years; W. W. Collins, Detroit	$1,025
Shila, trotter, b. m., 9 years; S. P. Everett, New York	500
Maycliffe, trotter, br. f., 3 years; Hugh Morrison, Boston	1,350
Waldron, trotter, b. c., 2 years; B. H. Small, White Plains	550
Toural, trotter, br. c., 2 years; H. H. Stambaugh, Youngstown, Ohio	750
Mannister, trotter, br. c., 2 years; Jesse Taylor, Youngstown, Ohio	525
Lettie Lee, trotter, b. f., 2 years; Ideal Stock Farm, East Aurora, N. Y.	3,650
Little Tide, trotter, b. f., 2 years; H. H. Stambaugh, Youngstown, Ohio	2,000
Blue Feather, trotter, br. f., 2 years; J. S. McElwin, Holyoke, Mass	3,200
Montalvo, trotter, b. c., 2 years; A. B. Coxe, Paoli, Penn	2,050
Wine Dance, trotter, br. c., 2 years; W. R. Cox, Manchester, N. H	525
Frances Hall, pacer, b. f., 2 years; Matt Dwyer, New York	675
Fancy Silk, trotter, b. f., 2 years; Matt Dwyer, New York	925
Rena Hall, trotter, b. f., 2 years; Abe Johnson, Brockton, Mass	950
Onnette, trotter, b. f., 2 years; Edward Benyon, Lexington, Ky	1,050
Mary Shore, trotter, blk. f., 2 years; W. R. Cox, Manchester, N. H	600
Treadaway, trotter, br. c., 2 years; S. W. Johnson, Haverstraw, N. Y	575
Kapreina, trotter, br. f., 2 years; John H. Shults, Port Chester	550
Orosa, trotter, br. f., 2 years; W. R. Cox, Manchester, N. H	500
Aronwald, trotter, br. c., 2 years; J. C. Coates, New York	575
Jane Todd, trotter, b. m., 5 years; J. Roth, Newark, N. J	875
Esther Hardy, trotter, b. f., 2 years; Ardmaer Farm, Raritan, N. J	600
Irma Clifton, trotter, b. f., 2 years; John H. Shults, Port Chester	2,000
Carrie Kerr, trotter br. f., 3 years; John H. Shults, Port Chester	900
Lady Katrina, trotter, blk. f., 3 years; J. S. Murray, Goshen, N. Y	1,900
Evelyn Profigal, trotter, b. f., 2 years; J. W. Storms, New York	400
Clear Silk, trotter, b. m., 8 years; J. H. Shults, Port Chester	900
Pilatka, trotter, b. m., 6 years; Ardmaer Farms, Raritan, N. J	2,500
Queensland, trotter, b. m., 7 years; John H. Shults, Port Chester	1,900

Stallion Cochato Sold.

Cochato, winner of the Charter Oak Futurity in 1907, noted the country over, and having stood in Kentucky one season, was sold yesterday by J. M. Johnson of Ponkapoag to Arthur H. Parker of Bedford, and will be located this year at the Shawsheen River Farm. The deal was consummated at the Fasig-Tipton auction of horses at Madison Square Garden yesterday. Cochato was not listed to be sold, the stallion passing to Parker in a private sale, the sum paid not being made public, though well in the thousands. Cochato is six years old, and gained a record when three years old of 2:11¼, after which he was sent to the stud, spending his fourth year in Lexington, Ky., and last season at the Johnson Farm in Ponkapoag.

Amateur Swordsman Here from Europe

Fritz Flesch, who says he is the amateur champion swordsman of Italy, Germany, and Austria, arrived here yesterday from Europe on the Amerika, and says that he is prepared to meet all comers.

If you want a desirable Furnished Room, see Page 17.

AUTO RETALIATORY BILL.

Proposed New York Measure to Strike Blow at New Jersey.

Somewhat of a stir has been created in automobile circles in New Jersey by the discovery that retaliatory measures against New Jersey automobile owners are to be embodied in the draft of the new Automobile bill soon to be presented to the Legislature at Albany through a committee of the National Highways Protective Society, as a result of suggestions made at a meeting of representative automobile men gathered at the invitation of the society in this city a few days ago. The proposed measure would make it compulsory for non-resident autoists to take out a license in the State of New York whenever their own States do not recognize licenses of non-resident automobilists without additional registry fee.

The meeting in this city at which the retaliatory measure was discussed was attended by delegates from the Automobile Club of America the American Automobile Association, Presidents of the taxicab companies, automobile supply companies, the President of the Professional Chauffeurs' Club of America, City Magistrates Herbert, Barlow, and Cornell, Assistant District Attorney G. W. Whitehead, and others.

It was pointed out that whereas New Jersey now requires non-resident automobile owners to pay registry fees before they can drive in New Jersey, 19,403 of the 34,000 automobiles registered in New Jersey belong to owners in Pennsylvania and New York, and 15,000 in New York alone. Taking advantage of the fact that New York now requires no additional license for cars licensed in New Jersey, twelve registry offices where New Jersey licenses can be taken out have been set up sub rosa in this city, it is asserted, enabling non-Jerseymen here resident to operate in both States by taking out a New Jersey license without any New York license at all.

Pennsylvania and Delaware have already adopted laws making it necessary for non-resident motor car owners to take out special licenses in those States when, as in the case of New Jersey, their own States do not recognize the Pennsylvania and Delaware licenses as sufficient. The passage of similar retaliatory legislation by New York, which has hitherto been quite free to automobilists of other States, is believed to be most likely as a result of the draft soon to be presented at Albany, unless the existing regulation in New Jersey is modified. Such modification was proposed by Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey about three years ago, but the matter was allowed to lapse and the statute remained unchanged. Committees from the New Jersey Automobile and Motor Club of Newark likewise urged a repeal of the provision in the present law as obnoxious to the rank and file of New Jersey automobilists at the present session of the New Jersey Legislature.

ANOTHER AUTOMOBILE DEAL.

United States Motor Company Acquires Columbia Company of Hartford.

Another big motor car concern has been acquired by the United States Motor Company, the recently organized $16,000,000 corporation. The latest acquisition is that of the Columbia Motor Car Company of Hartford, Conn., established in 1895, which is one of the oldest builders of automobiles in this country.

The announcement was made a few days ago of the acquirement by the United States Motor Company of the four plants of the Maxwell-Briscoe Motor Company situated at Tarrytown, N. Y.; New Castle, Ind., and Pawtucket, R. I.

The royalties accruing from the Selden patent, which is controlled by the Columbia Motor Car Company, will be paid to the old stockholders of the Columbia concern.

CROKER KENNELS TO BE SOLD.

Old Tammany Leader's Son Going to Ireland to Reside with His Father.

Richard Croker, Jr., who for the past ten years has been among the chief exhibitors of bulldogs at the annual show of the Westminster Kennel Club, will make his last appearance in this rôle at the forthcoming exhibition, which starts in Madison Square Garden on Feb. 9.

At that time he will have four entries, Broadway, the doyen of his kennels, and three other dogs. But just as Mr. Croker is himself going to retire from showing his dogs, in this country, so, too, the thoroughbreds will never again be seen in competitions of this sort in the United States under his name.

When the Westminster Kennel Club show closes on Feb. 12, every dog in the Croker kennels will be offered for sale. All of his fine animals will be brought down from Port Chester and sold, including in the list animals having in their veins the famous blood of many champions, including Bromley Crib, Rodney Stone, and Persimmon.

Richard Croker, Jr., has announced as his reason for these radical steps his desire to spend all of his time with his father on the latter's Ireland estates. The son believes that his place is at his father's side during the latter's declining years, and for that reason he will bid the United States good-bye, except for occasional visits. The British quarantine laws forbid his taking his dogs with him.

Ice Yacht Eagle Wins Fast Race.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Feb. 1.—Capt. J. E. Green's ice yacht Eagle had an exciting finish to-day with ex-Commodore William R. Joline's Hazel L. in the fourth race of the 1908 series for the Board of Trade Cup. The Eagle won out in the fifteen-mile race by several seconds in the time of 26:40. The Hazel L. held the lead for five miles, and afterward it was nip and tuck to the finish. The Drub, the third contestant, was never a formidable competitor, although making the sixth lap in 1:53, which is record time. The Fielder boat was 1 minute and 23 seconds behind the winner.

Todd Leads in Pinehurst Shoot.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 1.—J. Cushing Todd of Newburyport was the winner of the opening hundred-target handicap in the weekly shoot arranged by the County Club, and which will continue throughout March. Shooting with an allowance of eight targets, he scored 99 net; his nearest opponent, E. B. Aymir, 2d, of New York, with a handicap of 25, made 94. Paul E. Gardner of Chicago (62) was third in 92.

SPORTING NEWS IN BRIEF.

Trinity Club of 157 Montague Street, Brooklyn, will hold weekly eight-mile walks every Sunday at 2 o'clock. The club will hold a cross-country run on Feb. 12 at 2 o'clock, closed to members, over a five-mile course.

St. Peter's Catholic Library Association will hold an invitation three-mile road race on Sunday, starting frm its clubhouse, 110 Warren Street, Brooklyn, at 3 o'clock. All athletes are invited to compete.

Manager McGuire of the Cleveland Club released Outfielders Hinchman and Reilly, and Pitchers Sitton and Winchell to the Columbus Club.

The Chicago National League Club will construct an electrical scoreboard on its grounds, which will be 200 feet long and 36 feet high. It will give about all the information a fan could desire concerning the players at bat, on bases, balls, strikes, and other minor points.

George Litttle, Jack Johnson's manager, has arrived in Chicago, and reiterated the statement made in New York recently that the Jeffries-Johnson fight would be held in California.

George Sutton, 18.1 balk line billiard champion, says he will play Willie Hoppe a one-night match for 500 points, but on the advice of his physician he will remain out of tournament play for some time.

The Junior Eighth Grade basket ball team of Trinity School, Ninety-first Street and Amsterdam Avenue, was defeated yesterday by the third team of the Staten Island Academy on the latter's court by the score of 10 to 8.

Pittsburg will not be represented in the proposed National Amateur Hockey League because it is said there is too much chance of crookedness.

The Board of Directors of the Saratoga Racing Association has elected R. T. Wilson, Jr., President; H. P. Whitney, Vice President; Andrew Miller, Secretary and Treasurer. The Executive Committee is composed of F. R. Hitchcock, R. T. Wilson, Jr., C. H. Warring, Andrew Miller, P. J. Dwyer, and H. P. Whitney.

The fifteen-mile professional race which is to be held at Madison Square Garden on Monday night, Feb. 14, is to be preceded by a five-mile mile handicap, in which all of the best professionals at this distance will be invited to take part. Entries for this race may be sent to Room 508, Flatiron Building, and must be received not later than Wednesday, Feb. 9.

Riverdale School yesterday defeated Burroughs School in basket ball 27 points to 21.

Manager Griffith of the Cincinnati club spurns an offer of Pitcher McIntyre and $2,000 for Miller Huggins of the Reds. Griffith says Hummel is the only Brooklyn player he wants in exchange for Huggins.

Groff School of New York yesterday defeated New Rochelle High School in a hockey game at St. Nicholas Rink by the score of 2 to 0.

KEOGH HOLDS LEAD IN BIG POOL MATCH

Champion Hueston Forty-two Points Behind Challenger for the Title.

SCORE STANDS 410 TO 368

Keogh Makes Several Beautiful Combinations, While Hueston's Breaks Are Unlucky.

Jerome R. Keogh, the challenger for the professional pool championship of the world, last night still further increased his lead over Thomas A. Hueston, the present title holder, in their 600-point match, now being played at the Concert Hall of the New York Theatre. At the end of last night's play, which was the second of the match, the score stood 410 to 368 in favor of Keogh. The latter's high run was 29, against Hueston's high run of 27.

The play was very considerably faster last night than on Monday. Longer runs were more frequent, and all in all the game was very much more interesting than it had been. As on Monday a crowd that filled every available corner of the hall turned out, including many people well known in the theatrical and athletic worlds. When play commenced there was not an empty seat.

Keogh broke and left Hueston apparently safe, but a master stroke in a three-ball combination started Hueston a run of 15. After the break the champion got six balls in the second frame before he slipped up on an easy one, giving him a nice start for the evening. Keogh made a pretty shot from a bad lead and ran off 8, missing on a fairly easy side pocket shot. Hueston took the fifteenth ball off easily. The result of these first two frames was that Hueston had cut Keogh's lead of 41 down to 27.

Keogh missed a difficult shot after Hueston's break in the third frame, and Hueston took all fifteen. The champion chose the break in the fourth and left them seemingly in a bad snarl. Keogh worked out a five ball combination and solved it successfully, but fell down after getting another. Hueston then took 12, completing a run of 27. The challenger missed an easy shot and the champion cleared the table.

Hueston broke again in the fifth frame, and Keogh repeated his former trick of completing a pretty combination, duplicating it with one still more difficult, getting thirteen before a position shot left him stranded. Hueston then made cult long table cut, but fell down on the next, as did Keogh, too. But the champion got busy and took the last ball off, and then ran all fifteen in the sixth frame, giving him the lead for the first time since the match began, Monday night, by the score of 235 to 232.

The seventh and eighth frames were rather uneventful, being marked by a run of fifteen by each of the players. The ninth was a sort of puss-in-the-corner affair, both Hueston and Keogh making four successive safeties before Hueston sailed in and broke them up. But it fell to the challenger to run them all off.

The tenth frame was unmarked by anything extraordinary, the general calibre of the cue work being sufficiently high in itself not to require more noteworthy incidents. In the eleventh a difficult round-the-table shot netted Hueston the fifteenth ball, with the other fourteen likewise to his credit, with a similar result for the twelfth frame. Keogh took all of them for the next three innings, and resumed the lead, which he had lost in the twelfth by 33 points.

The sixteenth, seventeenth, and eighteenth rounds passed without special moment. But the opening of the nineteenth witnessed a remarkable combination by Hueston fro ma bad position, after a good break by Keogh. For the next three frames honors were easy.

The score by innings:

Keogh—209, 8 0 2 13 0 15 0 14 11 0 0 15 15 15 6 0 14 8 0 11 8 0 15 14 5 12. Total, 410; average, 7 14-27.

Heuston—168, 15 7 15 13 2 15 0 15 0 4 15 15 0 0 0 7 15 1 6 15 4 7 15 0 1 10 3. Total, 368; average, 7 11-27.

CLINE IN FINE FORM.

Takes Demarest's Measure in First Block of Billiard Match.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—After a surprisingly poor start, Harry Cline of Philadelphia caught and passed Calvin Demarest of Chicago in the first block of their play for the 18.2 billiard championship at Orchestra Hall to-night, securing a lead of 157 points.

In the earlier stages of play it looked as if the champion would win by a big margin, for at the end of the fifteenth inning he had scored 217 points, as against 78 made by the Quaker City expert. From this point on until near the finish Demarest gave a wretched exhibition, while Cline, who at first persistently overdrew the balls, got better control of them and played steady billiards. A well-played run of 76 in the sixteenth inning put him in the running, and in the twentieth he notched 56, taking the lead.

Cline corraled the ivories in his thirty-fifth effort and clicked off 81 carroms, hardly ever being in trouble. Just when he appeared good to run out he fell down on an easy carrom, and Demarest, improving his opportunity, got in a run of 41, the fastest count of the night. The score:

Cline—0 6 1 1 1 11 0 0 0 3 1 1 15 38 0 76 4 26 0 56 0 0 59 0 1 35 5 1 0 3 18 24 12 81 4 0 0 6. Total—500. Average, 13 3-39; high runs, 81, 76, 59.

Demarest—33 0 10 12 9 0 21 60 1 0 22 9 3 12 15 6 12 1 13 3 1 8 0 10 3 3 8 1 3 0 0 9 4 11 0 41 0 4. Total—343. Average, 8 29-38; high runs, 60, 41.

Hoppe to Claim 18.1 Title.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Feb. 1.—Late this afternoon Willie Hoppe and Ora Morningstar finished their preliminary practice for the three-night 1,500-point billiard match, which they will start to-morrow night for a $1,000 purse and gate receipts. Hoppe said this evening that he found himself in such good shape at the close of practice that he had decided to challenge Demarest at the close of the present match should he beat Morningstar. Hoppe also announced that he intends to claim the 18.1 medal by default, since Sutton has refused to play him three consecutive nights. Morningstar adheres to his decision not to challenge Demarest should he beat Hoppe.

Scott Defeats Dr. Howe at Pool.

In the amateur handicap pool tournament in progress at the Broadway Billiard Academy, Sixty-fifth Street and Broadway, H. Scott, 80, defeated Dr. Howe, 100, by a score of 80 to 96. Scott's high run was 14 and Howe's was 17. To-night C. Edwards, 100, will play B. Williams, 80.

White Beats Boyd at Billiards.

In the amateur billiard tournament at the Knickerbocker Billiard Academy last night C. E. White (275) defeated F. A. Boyd (215) by a score of 275 to 150. White had an average of 7 7-35 and a high run of 50. Boyd's average was 4 20-34 and his high run 22.

Harley Davidson Back from England.

Harley Davidson, the one, two, and five mile roller skating champion of the world, has just returned after a successful tour of England. In a letter to his manager, Fred Nall of Cincinnati, Davidson says in his one and a half years abroad he defeated the best speed skaters in that country, winding up his triumphant tour with a grand victory in the international championship race, which took place at the Olympic in London on Feb. 26 of last year. Allie Moore, another American, was second, with an Englishman known as "Thunderbolt," third. Davidson's share of the prize amounted to $700, together with the international medal which is said to be worth $400. Dividson is willing to defend his title against any man in the United States, and the champion, Willie Blackburn of New York, Clarence Hamilton of Boston, and Frank Bancroft of McKeesport, Penn., may be brought together in a special race at Cincinnati the latter part of this month.

AEROPLANE MAIL DELIVERY.

New Plan Advocated at Aviation Meeting at West Side Y. M. C. A.

Aeroplanes for use in rural free delivery was the plan advocated last night by Wilbur R. Kimball in a lecture on aeronautics at a public meeting for men interested in aviation at the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street. The meeting was held in the auditorium and was largely attended. Mr. Kimball said in part:

"There has been a remarkable development within the last few months in aeroplanes, and to-day their practicability has been fully established. There is no reason now why the aeroplane should not be used in delivering mail in the rural free delivery system.

"The Government has gone to great expense to establish our present rural free delivery, but it is subject to delays, especially in the Winter months, because of the storms which make bad roads. With the aeroplane, however, the farmer's hard-earned "free delivery" would be above poor roads. His mail would be dropped in front of his door in a little leather pouch from the aerial delivery wagon, which would then speed on to the next farmhouse to deliver its packet. So far as the rural free delivery is concerned there is now no reason why the Government should not immediately inaugurate such a system. The aeroplane has reached that stage of development where it would be a quick and certain means of delivery.

"Mail could also be collected by aeroplane mail wagons in these rural districts with an arrangement by which the aerial chauffeur could lower a hook and catch up packets of mail. One of these rural free delivery aeroplanes could cover a district ten times as large as that served by the present slow wagon system."

Last night's meeting marked the opening of a new class in aeronautics for men. The course will be under the direction of Mr. Kimball, who is a practical aeronaut, and who has built two man-carrying aeroplanes.

BALLOON RACE ENTRIES CLOSE

Twelve Contestants for International Event to be Held in United States.

Entries for the international balloon race of 1910, which is to be held in this country, closed yesterday with President Cortlandt Field Bishop of the Aero Club of America. Any of the entries mailed yesterday will be received, although many of them may not reach this country for at least ten days.

There are fifteen countries in the international federation, and four of these have already sent in entries. Three balloons are entered from France, three from Germany, two from Switzerland, one from Denmark, and three from the United States. The other countries in the federation are Russia, England, Austria, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Belgium, Spain, Italy, and Egypt. It is believed that some of these countries mailed their entries yesterday and that they will be received here at a later date.

The entries already received insure an interesting race. The international trophy has been won by the United States twice, by Germany and Switzerland once each. The race will be held during the full moon of October—on the 18th. The place of the race has not yet been determined, but it is certain that some of the Western cities will get the event. Four or five places are being considered, and the Aero Club will announce the scene of the race before March 1.

PAL MOORE A WINNER.

Knocks Meyer Down Repeatedly and Bout Is Stopped.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 1.—Pal Moore and Tommy O'Keefe, the Philadelphians, were easily the feature performers in the star show at the Armory A. A. to-night. Moore showed even better than when he boxed here before and defeated Henry Meyers of Charlestown so badly that after repeated knockdowns in the eighth round the bout was stopped. While it lasted Moore gave such a remarkable demonstration of cleverness that Jim Corbett, who was present, said that he was the cleverest "bantam" he had ever seen. Meyers made a wonderful stand, and for the first five rounds was battling hard to hold his opponent. After that he was floored four times for the count in the sixth round, twice in the seventh, the bell saving him in this session, and after that he was dropped twice in the eighth. Referee Flaherty called a halt when Meyers was unable to defend himself.

O'Keefe made his first appearance in Boston, and for an opener he drew Kid Goodman. O'Keefe lived up to his reputation as being the best real lightweight Philadelphia has at present, for he showed remarkable all around ability, combined with heavy driving power in both hands. He tried to win decisively in the last two rounds, and scored hard with rights solid to the jaw, alternated with uppercuts that went flush to the chin. Goodman, however, only fought back the harder.

The final bout was between "Honey" Mellody of Charleston and Frank Perron of Pawtucket, in which the honors were about even.

JEFFRIES MAY GET $150,000.

New Theatrical Offer Made Provided He Defeats Jack Johnson.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Guaranteed the lump sum of $150,000 for his share, or a salary of $1,000 per week with 50 per cent. of the profits above that amount, James J. Jeffries will start on a ten months' tour of the world at the head of an athletic show on July 8 providing he regains the title of world's heavyweight champion in his meeting with Jack Johnson on July 4. This announcement was made last night by H. H. Frazee, who is promoting the present tour of Jeffries.

Accompanying Jeffries on the trip, according to Frazee, will be James J. Corbett, Stanley Ketchel, probably Battling Nelson, Sam Berger, Frank Gotch, Dr. B. F. Roller, and "Farmer" Burns or some man of similar ability. Battling Nelson is not signed yet, and terms may cause a hitch in that part of the programme, but Frazee wishes to have in the party the heavyweight, middleweight, and lightweight champions.

Jeffries will not visit Hot Springs at the end of his tour on Feb. 13, but will leave for the Pacific Coast direct from Duluth.

Paddy Sullivan and Stein Draw.

Paddy Sullivan and Joe Stein, both of this city, fought ten rounds at Brown's Athletic Association, West Twenty-third Street, last night, and at the end the honors were even. Stein was aggressive and forced his opponent during the first three rounds with left-hand blows to the body and face. Sullivan woke up in the fourth round, and jabbed Stein with a left. Sullivan landed a hard left to Stein's body shortly before the bell. In the fifth round there was little to choose between the two boys. The sixth and seventh rounds were in Stein's favor by his continual jabbing with his left hand, but Paddy shook his opponent with a hard right in the seventh round that made Stein cover up to escape further punishment. Sullivan was strong in the eighth round and landed a hard right to body. Stein went down for an instant, but he came back strong. Sullivan landed a hard right to the body and face, and Stein looked tired. The ninth and tenth rounds were in Sullivan's favor, although Stein was strong at the finish, and willing to exchange blows with Sullivan. In the semi-final contest of six rounds Harry Winter defeated Packy Hommey.

Small Crowd Sees Wrestling.

A wrestling tournament was scheduled to take place at the New Polo Athletic Club last night. About 100 persons assembled at the Harlem clubhouse, and after a long wait Young Morris and Young Sharkey got in the limelight for a twenty-minute session, or two out of three falls. Sharkey got the first fall in five minutes and the second fall in four minutes. Abe the Newsboy and Young Sharkey of New York made the next bout, and they did a rough and tumble act for twenty-five minutes. Neither wrestler knew anything about the fine points of the game. Will Bingham, the English champion, gave an exhibition of catch-as-catch-can wrestling, and threw Connie Dore in seventeen minutes.

AN EASY VICTORY FOR NEW YORK A. C.

Hockey Club Seven Loses to "Winged Foot" Athletes by Score of 6 Goals to 0.

PLAY IS UNINTERESTING

Neither Combination Displays High-Calibre Game—Winners Fail to Exert Themselves in Match.

The New York Athletic Club hockey seven had little difficulty in annexing another victory last night at St. Nicholas Rink, when it defeated the Hockey Club team by a score of 6 goals to 0. The superiority of the winged foot players was so much in evidence that the contest had in it but a small percentage of interest except for a few minutes in the first half. It might truthfully be said that neither team played good hockey. The Hockey Club men showed a game of individual effort and the New York players had things so easy that they were not pressed to the point of putting forth a game of high calibre.

At the end of the first period the New Yorkers had caged the puck three times in their opponents' net and the second half found a like number of goals scored against the Hockey Club. Some of the counts were the result of brilliant play, but it was individual, the New Yorkers having little incentive to work to the extent that has characterized the play of the combination at times this year.

Considerable credit must be given Regensburger, the goalkeeper on the Hockey Club, for it was mainly due to his stops of difficult shots that prevented a larger total being rolled up against his team mates. In the first half particularly he showed to advantage, turning aside repeated tries which looked as if they would count. On several occasions with no assistance he came out of the cage to stop a shot by Castleman or Shirreff and aroused much applause by the manner in which he turned aside the puck. Russell, too, the veteran of hockey at St. Nicholas Rink, was a powerful factor at defensive play.

If anything the Hockey Club defense was almost as good as that of the New York Athletic Club, but on the forward line there was less ability. Castleman, Shirreff, and Denesha outclassed their rivals by a goodly margin. The line-up:

N. Y. A. C.	Position.	Hockey Club.
Strange	Goal	Regensburger
White	Point	Russell
Broadfoot	Cover point	Davidson
Shirreff	Rover	Briton
Castleman	Centre	Keefe
Peabody	Left wing	Bryan
Denesha	Right wing	Brush

Goals.—First half—First for the New York A. C. by Peabody in 12:40; second for the New York A. C. by Shirreff in 18:00; third for the New York A. C. by Denesha in 19:25. Second half—First for the New York A. C. by Shirreff in 2:49; second for the New York A. C. by Denesha in 6:13; third for the New York A. C. by Castleman in 17:45. Penalties—Davidson, 1 minute; Russell, 2 minutes; Shirreff, 1 minute; Davidson, 2 minutes; Bryan, 2 minutes; Davidson, 2 minutes; Britton, 2 minutes; Davidson, 2 minutes. Substitute—Mackenzie for Keefe. Referee—Mr. Dobby, Crescent A. C. Assistant referee—R. Thomas, Crescent A. C. Goal umpires—W. Blake, Crescent A. C., and Charles Blake, Crescent A. C. Timers—M. H. Tisne, Hockey Club, and M. Bishop, New York A. C. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Rensselaer Downs Manhattan.

The large and eager crowd that was on hand to witness the basket ball game between the Manhattan College and Rensselaer Poly Prep of Troy last night at De la Salle Institute was treated to one of the finest games of the season, in which Rensselaer was victorious by the score of 22 to 20. The teams were evenly matched, and in the first half played a fast but careful game, neither side taking any chances of fouling. Manhattan shaded their rivals in this period by a small margin, and at the close of the half the score was 12 to 8 in their favor.

In the opening of the second half the visitors started the scoring and evened the tallies, but which only stood for a short time. Then Manhattan scored a goal, which was quickly duplicated by their opponents making a second tie score of 14 to 14. This score stood for fully ten minutes, with both teams fighting hard to break it. Ryan accomplished this in making a brilliant shot from the centre of the floor. Then both teams started a volley of goal shooting, in which Rensselaer managed to score one more than the local team. The line-up:

Manhattan.	Position.	Rensselaer.
Ryan	Left forward	Walters
Leonard	Right forward	Inskip
Neugent	Centre	Steinmetz
Donahue	Left guard	Nellins, Inglis
Conway	Right guard	Scrafford

Goals from field—Ryan, (3,) Leonard, (3,) Walters, (3,) Inglis, (3,) Steinmetz, (2,) Inskip, (2,) Neugent, Conway, and Mellins. Goals from foul—Neugent, (4.) Referee—C. Mahoney, (Fordham.) Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Hemphill and Knight Sign Contracts.

Secretary T. G. Davis of the New York American League Baseball Club yesterday received the signed contracts of Outfielder Hemphill and Infielder Jack Knight. Pitcher Joe Doyle has sent word to the club that he will start to get into shape for the season by some preliminary work at Hot Springs, Ark., before he joins the training camp at Athens, Ga.

CAMP HAS A FREE HAND.

Will Represent Yale at Football Meeting Without Instructions.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 1.—Yale has no definite changes in football rules to recommend when the Rules Committee meets in New York City next Friday night. There has been no meeting of the Yale Athletic Committee to consider the question, and it is stated that the Yale Faculty has not taken up the matter for discussion since the past season closed. Both the Faculty and the Athletic Committee have faith in Walter Camp, who will represent Yale at the deliberations of the Rules Committee.

The lack of serious injuries at Yale the past Fall is undoubtedly responsible for the failure of the Faculty and Athletic Committee to take the matter up apart from Mr. Camp. Only once have moves been made by the Faculty when, in 1905, the present rule code was framed. At this time, however, no specific recommendations were made to Mr. Camp, and he did not go to the Rules Committee meeting under orders to make changes which the Faculty or Athletic Committee ordered.

Mr. Camp said to-night that he had no specific changes to present. He some time ago outlined some suggestions for changes which have been tried in the South and West. He said that the report of them had not yet reached him. Some are expected before the Rules Committee meets next Friday, and he may be able to present a report of them at the meeting.

Football Man "Busted" Out of Cornell

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 1.—It was announced to-day that J. J. O'Connor, familiarly known as "Paddy," the right guard on the Cornell football team last Fall, was "busted" out of the university, and that he will not be able to play football at Cornell again. The Faculty of the College of Law is sending out its "bust" notices at the present time, and O'Connor is one of the first victims. O'Connor was a junior in the College of Law. He entered the university from Andover, where he had played full back on the eleven.

BASEBALL AT HARVARD.

Candidates for Pitcher and Catcher Begin Practice in the Cage.

The baseball players of Harvard University have begun their long practice indoors in the baseball cage on Soldiers' Field. Between fifteen and twenty battery men from the 'Varsity and freshman squads started under Coach Kiefer and Capt. Lanigan. A big league pitcher or catcher is expected to take charge of the candidates within two weeks. "Wild Bill" Donovan, the Detroit American League champion; "Happy Jack" Chesbro, and Cicotte of Boston are understood to be available if wanted. A catcher, however, may be selected instead.

The new men for the other positions will be called out on Feb. 14, and the veterans of both teams on Feb. 28. Not for four years has Harvard had so few veterans in the nine. Lanigan, at third base; Hicks, pitcher; MacLaughlin, at second base, and Aronson, in the outfield, are the only regulars left from last season. Haydock, a substitute fielder, is also back.

When the outdoor work is started there will probably be more graduates for coaching than have been seen on Soldiers' Field for many years. W. F. Garcelon, the graduate advisory coach, proposes to appear on the field frequently and look after the physical condition of the men. Several other graduate players living near Cambridge will also be invited to give advice.

With the exception of pitcher, the freshman team has some very fair material to draw upon. A great deal of the success of the team depends on the shape that McKay can get into to help out Hicks in the box. For the other positions a number of men are expected to develop well.

NEWS OF THE GOLFERS.

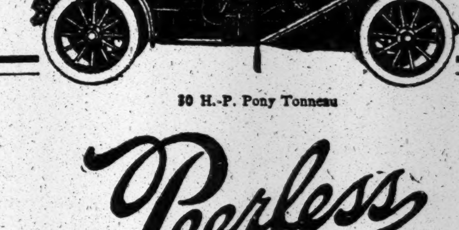
H. V. Keep, President of the New Jersey State Golf Association, has lost no time in appointing his associates for the coming year. Walter C. Shoup of Englewood will continue as Secretary-Treasurer, while Frederick H. Thomas of Morris County will continue as Chairman of the Handicap Committee. The other member of the Executive Committee has not as yet been appointed.

Word has been received from Dave Hunter, the Essex County professional now in Scotland, that the first match between American and British teams of "pros" will be held on Feb. 16. When Hunter wrote from Glasgow no course had been selected. Several matches are being arranged, and the visiting delegates will represent the Eastern Professional Golfers' Association.

An important point in the new constitution of the United States Golf Association has to do with active membership. The amended clause reads that "any regularly organized club in the United States supporting and maintaining a golf course," &c., shall be eligible to election to active membership. This is a blow at hotel courses and clubs making use of public links such as the New York Golf Club at Van Cortlandt Park, or the one at Jackson Park in Chicago.

American Association in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The headquarters of the American Baseball Association were formally opened here to-day, having been removed from Milwaukee, Wis. The removal again revived the report that a Chicago team would enter the field, but this received no official color other than that it might happen some time in the future. President Thomas Chivington today announced Feb. 15 as the date for holding the schedule meeting.



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30 H.-P. Pony Tonneau

Peerless

THE supreme test of automobile perfection is the "personality" of the car—that aggregate impression of its character which survives all analysis. To attain that satisfying charm is the end and aim of all well-thought-out details, mechanical arrangements and refined materials.

It is the perfectly harmonized expression of these appointments that makes you feel, in the presence of the car, that something which pervades a masterpiece. Of this quality in the Peerless the car alone can adequately speak.

We are prepared to accept a limited number of orders for February delivery. You are invited to visit our salesrooms.

THE PEERLESS MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
1760 Broadway, at 57th Street
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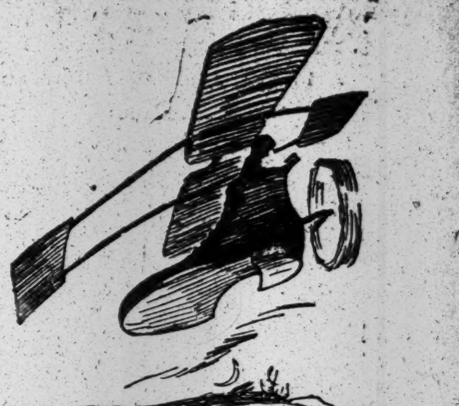
Licensed under Selden Patent



Since one price carries all the shoes in this sale, we might say they were all on a monoplane.

But values are distributed in a bi-plane—
$5.00 to $7.00 values—about 950 pairs.
$3.50 and $4.00 values—about 310 pairs.

Samples, and so representative of the best work of our best manufacturers.

Samples of everything modern in styles and leathers, but mostly laced, black calf, patent leather and vici kid.

$3.

Sizes 6 to 8, widths B, C and D.

The Winter overcoat sale goes on merrily—the most successful sale we've ever had.

But since all our overcoats went in, sizes are still plentiful and choosing easy.

Strongest now at $15, $20 and $25, with excellent picking at $30 and $40.

Youths' overcoats, sizes 32 to 35 chest were all included.

Our Dollar Glove is not an every day value, though we offer it every day.

It's comparable with most $1.50 gloves.

Genuine tan cape, made in England.

Our Custom Shirt Department is at your service—ready to make your shirts just as you want them.

Samples and piece goods now ready for Spring shirts and pajamas.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores,
at Warren st. at 13th st. at 34th st.

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TIMES SQ. AUTOMOBILE CO. BARGAINS
Largest Dealers in New and Used Cars in the world, no matter what car you want, at Remarkably Low Prices.
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Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

AMERICAN Roadster—Traveler—Tourist. American Automobile Co., 1720 B'way. Phone 275 Col.
ALCO American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. Tel. 5300 Col.
BENZ Benz Auto Import Co. of America, 1,599 to 1,601 Broadway, N. Y.
BRUSH Car, $485 John Moore & Co., 59 Warren St.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th Sts. 'Phone 4040 Col.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage, Columbus Circle. Tel. 5010 Col.
COATES-GOSHEN, 1619 B'way, 49th & 50th Sts Tel. 833 Col.
COLUMBIA Victor Auto Storage Co., 1,661 B'way. Phone 3577 Columbus.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
GROUT 45 H. P. $2,500. Garage and Machine Shop Imperial Motor Vehicle Co., 210 W. 76th St.
HUDSON A. Elliott Ranney Co., B'way at 64th St., N. Y. 'Phone 3293 Col.
ISOTTA IMPORT COMPANY, 1,623 Broadway, (49th St.) Also J. M. Quinby & Co., Newark, N. J.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.
LOZIER 56th STREET AND BROADWAY. Telephone 6885 Columbus.
Marion Flyer Overland CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1,776 B'way. Phone 6120 Col.
MATHESON Matheson Automobile Co., 1886-1888 Broadway, cor. 62d St. Tel. 6353 Col.
MOON Moon Motor Car Co. of N. Y. 1761 Broadway. Tel. 6995 Col.
NATIONAL POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO., 1851 B'way, (64th St.) 'Phone 5988 Col.
OAKLAND 30 H. P., $1,000; 40 H. P., $1,700. 1785 Broadway at 58th St. Tel. 477 Col.
PULLMAN Cimiotti Bros., 1,855 Broadway. Telephone 1772 Columbus.
"SIMPLEX" "Made in New York City." 1860-62 B'way. Tel. 5188 Col.
STEVENS-DURYEA A. G. Spalding & Bros. 29 W. 42d. Tel. 487 Bryant.
WHITE WHITE CO., B'way & 63d St. Phone 2952 Col.
ZUST "The Car That Lasts." American Zust Co., 1989 Broadway. 'Phone Col. 4388.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

Auto Bodies Closed bodies; immediate delivery. C. Jensen, Incorp., 244 E. 75th St. 'Phone 2988 Lenox.
BALL BEARINGS HESS-BRIGHT CO., 1974 B'way, (66th St.)
SPLITDORF MAGNETO Walton Ave. & 138th St. Branch 1679 Broadway.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

Owing to death in family, customer will sell at a sacrifice Lozier Bix Six 50 H. P. Touring Car. Lozier, 56th St. and Broadway.

Two "Witherbee" ignition storage batteries, (charged.) $5.50-$7.50; Splitdorf timer, $3. 269 West 17th St.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

Automobile instruction for owners, prospective owners, and chauffeurs; new term just starting; booklet. Y. M. C. A., 317 W. 57th St.

The Automobile Exchange in Sunday's New York Times is the most effective method of disposing of slightly used cars and for obtaining second hand motors of every design.

PRESIDENT TAFT HOLDS RECEPTION

With Mrs. Taft He Welcomes the Entire Congressional Circle at White House.

LARGEST EVENT OF SEASON

Mrs. Sherman and Ladies of Cabinet in Receiving Line in Blue Room—Solicitor General Entertains.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Another brilliant reception was held at the White House this evening, when the President and Mrs. Taft welcomed the entire Congressional circle and several hundred additional guests at the largest of the season's evening receptions. As at all previous events of this kind, Mrs. Sherman and the ladies of the Cabinet formed a part of the receiving line in the Blue Room. The introductions were made by Capt. A. W. Butt, U. S. A. The receiving party, in addition to the hosts, included Mrs. Sherman, Mrs. MacVeagh, Mrs. Dickinson, Mrs. Wickersham, Mrs. Meyer, and Mrs. Ballinger, standing in the order named.

The absentees from this always interesting line were Mrs. Knox, wife of the Secretary of State, and Mrs. Nagel, wife of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, both of whom are in mourning.

Mrs. Charles Anderson and her daughters, who are guests at the White House; the Minister-elect to China and Mrs. Calhoun, who are guests of the Secretary of War and Mrs. Dickinson; Mr. and Mrs. MacVeagh, and the Misses Meyer formed a small company assembled in the Blue Room at the opening of the reception, but as the evening progressed even this small party dispersed and passed about the other apartments, where there were constantly changing groups of interesting people from every part of the country. The Speaker and Miss Cannon were naturally the recipients of much attention. The absence of Miss Taft, who returned to Bryn Mawr to-day, was a matter of regret, as the presence of the President's young daughter is always an added interest to any Washington company.

The Marine Band played in the lobby, which was lined with tropical foliage, forming a background for the brilliant red uniforms of the musicians. In the dining room a buffet supper was served from a long table, fragrant in carnations and roses and lighted by silver-capped tapers. Representative and Mrs. Longworth, with the latter's sister, Miss Ethel Roosevelt, were among the guests to arrive comparatively early, and were at once surrounded by a coterie of friends.

Senator and Mrs. Depew, Senator and Mrs. Root, Miss Paulding, Representative and Mrs. Parsons, Representative and Mrs. Payne, Representative and Mrs. Van Vechten Olcott, Representative and Mrs. Francis B. Harrison, Representative and Mrs. Bennet, Representative and Mrs. George W. Fairchild, Representative and Mrs. Milton Fish and the Misses Fish, Representative and Mrs. James B. Perkins, and Representative and Mrs. J. W. Dwight were among the guests.

The Solicitor General and Mrs. Bowers entertained at dinner this evening complimentary to the Secretary of War and Mrs. Dickinson, the dinner being at 7:30 to admit of the guests of honor taking part in the reception at the White House. The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Ballinger were also in the company, which further included Mr. and Mrs. Charles Henry Butler, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas T. Gaff, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Westcott, and Miss Bowers.

John Barrett entertained at dinner to-night complimentary to the Minister to China and Mrs. Calhoun. To meet them were present the Minister from Chile and Mme. Cruz, the Minister from Ecuador and Mme. Carbo, the Minister from Cuba and Mme. Velz, Representative and Mrs. David Foster, Miss Sherrill, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Dawson, and Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Yarnell.

The British Ambassador and Mrs. Bryce were entertained at dinner this evening by the Rev. and Mrs. Randolph McKim, the former the rector of the Church of the Epiphany.

Mrs. Ludlow entertained at a dinner followed by bridge this evening, the company being invited to meet Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, who is staying with Mrs. Ludlow.

Mr. and Mrs. Hennen Jennings entertained at another dance this evening, their guests, as at a similar affair last week, numbering 200, but a different company and including both married and unmarried friends of the hosts and their young daughter, Miss Katherine Jennings.

Mrs. P. M. Rixey, wife of the Surgeon General of the Navy, was hostess at a charming reception this afternoon, which brought together some three hundred or more guests. Rear Admiral Rixey was present during the greater part of the afternoon. Assisting in dispensing the hospitalities of the afternoon were Mrs. Seaton Schroeder, Mrs. Robert Chew, and Mrs. U. S. Grant, 3d, who presided in the dining room; Mrs. Henry B. Brown, Mrs. Julian James, Mrs. C. J. Rixey, Jr., Mrs. Sterns, Miss Harlan, Miss Mimack, Miss Leutz, and Miss Mildred Jones.

Mrs. Russell B. Harrison entertained a company of young people at luncheon today in honor of her daughter, Miss Marthena Harrison. The guests were Miss Marta Calvo, Miss Maitland Marshall and her house guest, Miss Bayne of New York; Miss Alice Boutell, Miss Edith Sutherland, Miss Jessie Krogstad, Miss Ruth Pilling, Miss Lucinda Pennebaker, and Miss Haywood.

The Military Attaché of the French Embassy and the Countess de Chambrun will leave Washington next Wednesday for Mexico, where they will spend six weeks.

OPPOSITION TO POSTAL BANKS

Debate in the Senate on Bill Develops Strong Antagonism.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Considerable opposition to the Postals Savings Bank bill developed in the course of a three-hour running debate in the Senate this afternoon. Among the prominent Republicans who have so far expressed their hostility to the measure are Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire, Mr. Smith of Michigan, Mr. Smoot of Utah, and Mr. Heyburn of Idaho. Some of these indicated that after the bill is perfected by amendments they might support it, and Mr. Cummins of Iowa, a leading insurgent, introduced an amendment designed to meet some of the objections raised to the measure bearing Senator Carter's name.

Mr. Cummins's amendment was designed to make more definite the provision requiring that money be kept in the community from which it comes. In case the local banks refuse the terms offered, the money should be deposited, under the Cummins amendment, in the Treasury, whence it could be withdrawn to order or used for the purchase of bonds.

Broad objection to the measure was made by Senator Smoot. His argument is that under the loose terms of the bill, even should the money be deposited in the locality from which it comes, there is nothing to prevent its being drawn out of those banks by the Board of Trustees and invested in Eastern securities.

Mr. Gallinger said that in New Hampshire no banks would accept the Government's deposits at 2¼ per cent., as they all prospered now without paying any interest at all. Mr. Smith said that the whole system was established on a wrong principle and he for one was against the Government setting up competition with small banks of the country.

No dispositipon of the bill or any of the amendments was made, and the measure will probably come up again to-morrow.

Read the Lost and Found advertisements on Page 17.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS LARGER.

Government's Deficit Falls Below That of Last Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—There was an increase in round numbers in customs receipts of $32,000,000, and in internal revenue of $10,000,000, but a deficit in the ordinary receipts of the Government of $25,000,000, against $64,000,000 in the first seven months' operations of the Treasury for the fiscal year 1910, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year. Panama Canal disbursements, not included in the above calculations, have amounted to $19,136,053, as compared with $12,529,984 during the seven months last year.

The increase in the public debt in January was $1,460,819. The working balance in the Treasury to-day was $22,737,652. That it keeps up fairly well is gratifying to Secretary MacVeagh, who is opposed to the issue of certificates of indebtedness because of their temporary character, although this might become necessary should the working balance fall too low.

The cash in the Treasury to-day amounted to $1,715,435,891. During January twenty-eight National banks, with a total capital of $2,115,000, were authorized to begin business. National bank circulation outstanding aggregates $709,879,333.

FUND FOR IMMIGRATION WORK

Senate Puts Back Appropriation for Commission Removed in House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Funds to carry on the work of the Immigration Commission are provided for by the Urgent Deficiency bill, which was reported to the Senate to-day. The item of $125,000, which was stricken out of the bill after heated debate in the House, in which the efficiency of the commission was questioned and extravagance charged, has been restored by the Senate Committee on Appropriations.

This fund will be available only until Dec. 5 of the present year, and it is the intention that the work of the commission must be concluded and the organization abolished by that time.

The Urgent Deficiency bill carries $5,713,124, a net increase of $596,799 over the amount of the measure as it was passed by the House.

Judges of the new Customs Court of Appeals will receive only $7,000 annually instead of $10,000, as fixed by the Tariff bill, which created the court.

ADVOCATE INDIAN MEMORIAL.

House Committee Hears Those Who Favor a Statue in New York Harbor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The matter of erecting a memorial to the American Indian in the form of a statue in New York Harbor costing $500,000 was before the Library Committee of the House to-day. Money for the plan would be supplied by Rodman Wanamaker and a number of associates. A bill introduced by Representative Goulden authorizes the erection of the statue and provides for the appointment of a committee to select a site and design for the memorial.

Several members of the New York delegation in the House and others from New York and Philadelphia appeared before the committee in favor of the project. The site generally recommended is Fort Lafayette, in the Narrows, near the entrance to New York Harbor.

KNICKERBOCKER PAYMENT.

Holders of Surplus A Certificates to Get 15 Per Cent.

The Knickerbocker Trust Company notified the holders of its Surplus A certificates yesterday of a further payment of 15 per cent. on the face of the certificates, to be made on March 14, 1910, making altogether 65 per cent. paid on these certificates, leaving the total amount of certificates outstanding after the payment on March 14, 1910, $3,600,000.

The trust company also notified the holders of these certificates that steps would be taken at once to obtain the necessary consents to increase the capital stock of the company to $3,200,000, the new stock to be issued at $300 a share, $800,000 of stock being reserved for the holders of the B certificates of the company. These B certificates, amounting to $2,400,000, represent money paid in by the stockholders in March, 1908, and are convertible into capital stock at $300 a share. The rest of the $1,200,000 of the capital stock which it is proposed to issue, must, under the plan for the resumption of business, be offered in the first instance to the holders of the outstanding $3,600,000 A certificates.

A syndicate has been formed under the management of F. G. Bourne, J. Horace Harding, and William A. Tucker, which has offered to the holders of the outstanding A certificates par and interest for the amount remaining due on March 14, 1910.

AMERICAN CAN EARNINGS.

Annual Report Shows Net Earnings of $3,301,678.

The American Can Company's report for the year ended Dec. 31 shows net earnings of $3,301,678, a gain of $189,780 over those of 1908. The amount written off for depreciation totaling $545,526, against $405,634 in 1908, left net profits at $2,756,152, against $49,888. President Graham speaks as follows of the sums spent for new construction and the increase in working capital:

> There has been expended during the year in the purchase of factory sites and construction of new properties and the installation of new and additional equipment the sum of $747,945. This covers the cost of a new factory at San Francisco to replace one destroyed by fire in the Fall of 1907, the value of which had been previously written off; important extensions of plants at Montreal, Canada; Newcastle, Penn.; New Orleans, La.; Savannah, Ga., and many minor ones, and other factories, and the installation of sprinkling systems in a number of factories which had not previously been thus protected from fire loss.
>
> The expenditure, however, does not include the replacement of old by new equipment or the improvement of old equipment. Such costs were charged directly into operating expenses.
>
> The working capital of the company has been increased during the year by $843,259, which is represented by cash or quick assets.
>
> The Goldschmidt Detinning Company, organized by interests identified with the company, is now in operation, and "making good its promise of commercial success," President Graham reports.

MILLER HEADS BURLINGTON.

Former Vice President Succeeds Harris as President of the Road.

Darius Miller, heretofore Vice President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, has been elected President of the Burlington to succeed George B. Harris, it was announced yesterday, and also President of the Colorado & Southern, which is controlled by the Burlington, and of which Mr. Harris became President last year.

Mr. Harris becomes Chairman of the board of the Burlington. H. E. Byram has been elected Vice President in charge of maintenance and operation, and C. G. Burnham has been elected a Vice President to succeed Daniel Willard, who recently resigned from the Burlington to accept the Presidency of the Baltimore & Ohio.

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Interest to be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar A 4s, March 15, 1911	98½	98¾
Am. Cigar B 4s, March 15, 1912	96⅝	97¼
At. Coast Line 5s, March, 1910	100	100⅛
Bethlehem Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	99⅜	100¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100⅜	100⅝
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	103⅝	104
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	96½	97½
Lack. Steel Co. 5s, March, 1910	99⅞	100
Lake Shore 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Louis. & Nash. 5s, March, 1910	100	100⅛
Michigan Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Minn. & St. Louis 5s, Feb., 1911	99⅛	99⅝
New York Central 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Norfolk & Western 5s, May, 1910	100	100⅛
Pennsylvania 5s, March 15, 1910	100	100⅛
Southern 5s, Feb., 1910	99⅞	100⅛
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101⅝	102
West. Elec. & Mfg. 6s, Aug., 1910	100⅛	100⅝

NEVADA'S ENGINEER FOR COPPER MERGER

Guggenheim Interests Give Report of Pope Yeatman Approving Utah Company's Offer.

PHILLIPS STILL IN THE FIGHT

Yeatman Figures Greater Profits in Consolidation for Nevada Stockholders Than Company Could Earn Alone.

Reasons advanced by Pope Yeatman, consulting engineer of the Nevada Consolidated Copper Company, at the meeting of the Directors on Monday, for accepting the offer of the Utah Copper Company to exchange its stock for that of the Nevada Company at the rate of one share for each two and one-fourth shares of the Nevada Company's stock were made public yesterday by the Guggenheim interests in the Nevada concern that have already taken advantage of the offer.

At the Nevada Directors' meeting the whole matter of the exchange was referred to the stockholders, after a bitter debate, in which President James Phillips, Jr., accused the four Utah Copper men, who make a majority of the board, of "letting their right hands put a good thing into their left." He said that their interest in the Utah Company should prevent their voting on a question which, in his view, gave that company an advantage at the expense of the Nevada stockholders. Although the Guggenheim interests are dominant in the board, the question of whether a majority of the stockholders favor the merger is yet undetermined.

Pope Yeatman had been requested to report in writing whether or not the exchange proposed was "fair and equitable" to stockholders of the Nevada Consolidated. In approving the merger on the terms offered he said this:

Looking Ahead Two Years.

My chief reason for making this recommendation is that I believe that after two years, during which time the concentrator of the Utah Copper Company is to be increased from 8,000 tons of ore per day to 12,000 tons, and the Boston Consolidated concentrator from 2,750 tons per day to 6,000 tons, and necessary advance stripping of overburden and railway improvements made to insure delivery of such increased tonnage for the plants that the annual profits to be distributed per share of Nevada Consolidated stock exchanged, will be very materially greater than would be the case if the stockholders retained their Nevada Consolidated and depended upon the profits of that company, and that these increased earnings will extend over a much greater period of time.

This takes into consideration an increase of the Utah Copper Company's capitalization to 2,500,000 shares with a par value of $10 per share. The division of the stock proposed is as follows:

Boston Consolidated Copper Company, 775,000 shares on trade 2½ to 1	$310,000
Nevada Consolidated Copper Company, 2,000,000 shares on basis 2¼ to 1	888,889
Utah Copper Company	735,000
To be offered pro rata to present shareholders of Utah Copper Company and to those shareholders of the Nevada Consolidated who shall exchange their Nevada shares for Utah shares by March 5	163,000
Issued capital	$2,096,889

I am informed that the Utah company has made the exchange with the Boston Consolidated Company and now owns the property.

Compared the Points at Issue.

I have kept closely in touch with the operations of the Utah Copper Company for the last three years, during two years of which time I made frequent and careful inspections of the property. My assistants and myself have gone very carefully over the assay maps of the Utah Copper Company, considered their costs in the past and probable future costs and profits, the physical and technical conditions, assay values and tonnage developed and "possible," have considered the Boston Consolidated Company's conditions and compared both of the above properties with the Nevada Consolidated holdings, including mines, smelter, and railway.

After an exhaustive consideration of all these matters, including a comparison of the earnings of the Nevada Consolidated with the earnings of the two other companies and with those of the three, in case the Utah company shall acquire the stock of a portion thereof of the Nevada company, I am clearly of the opinion that the proposed exchange of the Nevada company's shares for those of the Utah company will be most advantageous to those Nevada Consolidated stockholders making such exchange on the terms proposed.

Copies of the engineer's report together with the formal offer of the Utah Copper Company for the exchange of stock were mailed yesterday to the Nevada Consolidated stockholders, who have already been circularized by President Phillips in opposition to the merger.

INCREASE IN FAILURES.

Dun's Reports a Stoppage in Commercial Progress for January.

Commercial failures in January reverse the progress which has been consistent since last year and show a large increase over the January failures of 1909. The commercial casualties reported by R. G. Dun & Co. during the month just closed number 1,510, with defaulted liabilities of $32,015,754, compared with 1,471 failures in January, 1909, carrying defaulted indebtedness of only $14,008,085.

Compared with 1908, however, the showing so much more favorable so far as the number goes, the failures in January of that year having been 439 less than this year, but the defaulted indebtedness of $27,099,514 approaches that of the month just closed more nearly than the figures of 1909. Dun's says:

> Comparison with previous years is still more unfavorable, except that in 1894, 1895, 1896, and 1897 failures were more numerous. In fact back to 1904, December, 1907, is the only month in which liabilities aggregated a larger amount.
>
> Thirty-eight of the failures last month, however, reported an aggregate of indebtedness of $20,076,705, so that these few defaults are responsible for over 62 per cent. of the total amount involved. In the manufacturing division there were 19 large failures, with liabilities of $5,063,284; in trading 12 for $3,106,856, and in the brokerage class 7, involving $11,906,565.
>
> Separated into classes the failures of last month were more numerous in every division so far as amount was concerned.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb 1.—First Lieut. W. J. Buttgenbach, Coast Artillery, to Jefferson Barracks for recruiting duty.

Major A. P. Blockson is transferred at his own request to the Sixth Cavalry, vice Major J. F. R. Landis transferred to the Thirteenth Cavalry.

Capt. E. Lindsley, Quartermaster, to New York City, to inspect material.

First Lieut. C. C. Burt, Coast Artillery, is relieved from further duty on recruiting service at Fort McDowell.

Capt. W. P. Pence, Coast Artillery, to general hospital, Washington, for surgical treatment.

Capt. M. C. Buckey, Coast Artillery, is assigned to the Fortieth Company.

The Navy.

Asst. Naval Constructor L. S. Borden, to navy yard, Mare Island.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Uncus at Guantanamo; Marcellus at Charleston; Eagle at Bocas del Toro; Dubuque at Key West; Washington, Glacier, Tennessee, California, South Dakota, West Virginia, Colorado, Maryland, Pennsylvania, at Honolulu.

Sailed—Des Moines from Bluefields for Port Limon; Mars from Guantanamo for Norfolk; Helena from Shanghai for cruise in Yangtse River.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

	1910.	1909.	Decrease.
4th week Jan...	$37,096	$40,059	*$2,363
Jan. 1-Jan. 30..	152,630	147,550	5,080

*Increase.

BOSTON & MAINE for December—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Total op. rev...	3,436,361	3,189,131	247,230
Op. expenses....	2,781,978	2,555,597	226,381
Net. op. rev....	654,382	633,533	20,849
Out. op., net....	4,744	10,746	*6,000
Total net rev...	659,127	644,279	14,848
Taxes	182,128	157,699	24,429
Op. income	476,000	486,579	*9,580
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Total op. rev...	22,756,189	20,472,504	2,283,685
Op. expenses...	15,584,092	14,403,296	1,180,796
Net op. rev...	7,172,096	6,069,207	1,102,889
Out. op., net....	56,817	67,210	*10,393
Total net rev...	7,228,914	6,136,419	1,092,495
Taxes	1,034,825	859,778	175,047
Op. income	6,194,089	5,276,642	917,447

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO for December—

Gross	2,505,000	2,255,000	250,000
Expenses	1,527,000	1,407,000	120,000
Net	978,000	848,000	130,000
Six mos. gross..	15,654,265	13,402,328	2,251,937
6 months net...	6,405,082	5,286,993	1,118,089
Expenses	9,249,183	8,115,335	1,133,848

*Decrease.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

Total op. rev...	1,046,620	980,821	65,799
Total op. exp...	730,986	686,362	44,623
Net oper. rev...	315,634	294,458	21,176
Out. op. (debit).	1,253	1,377	*93
Total net rev...	314,380	293,080	21,270
Taxes	20,041	2,557	17,483
Op. income	294,309	290,523	3,786
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Total op. rev...	6,018,725	5,357,949	660,775
Total op. exp...	3,896,663	3,759,853	136,810
Net op. rev...	2,122,062	1,598,096	523,965
Out. op. (debt).	8,480	8,562	*82
Total net rev...	2,113,582	1,589,533	524,048
Taxes	182,041	115,114	66,926
Op. income	1,931,540	1,474,419	457,121

*Decrease.

COPPER RANGE for November—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	67,054	59,424	58,151
Expenses	36,394	43,325	45,038
Net	30,660	16,099	13,113
Chgs. and taxes.	13,213	11,937	12,437
Surplus	17,447	4,162	676
5 mos. gross...	341,152	354,121	389,112
Expenses	166,914	260,943	265,813
5 mos. net...	174,238	93,178	123,299
Chgs. and taxes.	62,237	59,687	62,187
5 mos. surplus..	112,001	33,491	61,111

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO for December; Mexican currency—

Gross	644,767	566,435	662,750
Expenses	390,555	353,106	451,245
Net	254,212	213,329	211,505
6 mos. gross...	3,428,257	3,139,512	3,845,078
Expenses	2,282,011	2,158,875	2,787,010
6 mos. net...	1,146,246	980,637	1,058,068

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD comparison of earnings and expenses for December—

	Month of Dec., 1909. Increase.	12 Mos. Ended Dec. 31, 1909. Increase.
Gross earnings	90,840	1,079,826
Expenses	*4,899	185,282
Net earnings	95,239	894,544

*Decrease.

MAINE CENTRAL REPORT as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	931.96	931.40	56
Total op. rev...	662,884	613,836	49,048
Total op. exp...	485,411	468,253	17,157
Net op. rev...	177,473	145,582	31,800
Outside op., net	570	2,572	*8,143
Total net rev...	176,903	148,155	28,747
Taxes	39,235	30,206	9,028
Op. income	137,667	117,948	19,718
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Total op. rev...	4,670,213	4,336,818	333,894
Total op. exp...	3,008,592	2,969,878	38,714
Net op. rev...	1,661,621	1,366,940	294,680
Outside op., net.	21,177	18,047	3,130
Total net rev...	1,682,798	1,384,987	297,811
Taxes	213,403	185,223	28,179
Op. income	1,469,395	1,199,763	269,631

MEXICAN INTERNATIONAL for December—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Mileage	905	917	
Gross earnings..	770,163	546,981	724,581
Expenses	449,336	318,656	455,628
Net earnings	320,827	228,324	268,953
Gross, 6 months	4,178,316	3,379,541	4,419,740
Expenses	2,355,182	2,042,483	3,057,404
Net, 6 months..	1,823,134	1,337,058	1,362,336

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS for December—

Mileage	3,072	3,072	
Gross earnings..	2,298,254	2,208,876	1,920,378
Exp. and taxes.	1,756,750	1,781,125	1,434,038
Net earnings	541,504	527,751	486,340
Other income	13,563	5,939	15,798
Total income	555,067	533,690	502,138
Charges	474,789	462,296	474,153
Surplus	80,278	71,394	27,985
Gross, 6 mos...	14,156,840	13,792,369	13,301,462
Exp. and taxes.	9,732,353	9,971,014	8,872,903
Net, 6 months..	4,424,487	3,821,355	4,428,559
Other income	55,467	35,544	132,765
Total income	4,479,954	3,856,899	4,561,324
Charges	2,779,135	2,779,289	2,976,949
Surplus, 6 mos.	1,700,819	1,077,610	1,584,375

MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	2,494.77	2,308.46	186.31
Total op. rev...	1,589,796	1,161,792	428,003
Total op. exp...	692,877	579,626	113,251
Net op. rev...	896,918	582,166	314,752
Outside op.. net.	6,690	6,118	571
Total net revs..	903,608	588,284	315,324
Taxes	80,683	82,612	*1,929
Op. income	822,925	505,671	317,253
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev...	7,349,841	5,969,812	1,380,029
Total op. rev...	3,368,599	3,016,564	352,035
Net op. rev...	3,981,241	2,953,247	1,027,903
Outside op., net.	109,665	67,371	42,293
Total net rev...	4,090,906	3,020,619	1,070,286
Taxes	432,704	418,025	14,678
Op. income	3,658,202	2,602,594	1,055,607

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO for December—

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Mileage	5,262	5,160	
Gross	4,351,639	4,192,159	1,338,522
Expenses	2,683,775	2,471,260	856,295
Net	1,667,864	1,720,899	[illegible]
Net, 6 months..	24,093,353	22,805,035	8,112,600
Expenses	15,138,977	14,371,113	5,287,118
Net, 6 months...	8,954,376	8,433,922	2,825,742

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN for December—

Gross	636,951	634,963	553,498
Exp. and taxes..	460,439	496,115	437,156
Net	176,512	138,848	116,272
Charges	92,185	91,843	84,089
Surplus	84,327	47,005	32,183
Gross, 6 months.	4,449,260	4,340,200	4,306,225
Exp. and taxes..	3,087,820	2,979,821	2,876,276
Net, 6 months..	1,361,440	1,360,379	1,429,949
Charges	571,457	555,360	480,108
Surp., 6 months.	789,983	805,019	949,841

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD SYSTEM for December—

Lines directly operated (east of Pittsburg and Erie)

Gross	13,877,317	12,268,417	11,911,317
Expenses	9,639,568	8,989,238	9,017,138
Net	4,237,779	3,277,179	2,894,179
Gross, 12 mos.	153,564,790	136,297,190	164,818,090
Expenses	107,136,109	97,412,009	119,607,209
Net, 12 mos...	46,428,681	38,885,181	45,205,881

Lines west of Pittsburg and Erie (directly operated):

	December. Increase.	12 Mos. Increase.
Gross	1,411,100	14,091,800
Expenses	1,053,400	9,077,600
Net	357,700	5,014,200

Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington:

	1909.	1908.	1907.
Gross	1,480,208	1,414,003	1,360,703
Expenses	1,056,753	1,033,653	1,007,153
Net	423,450	380,850	353,550
Gross, 12 mos..	17,621,249	16,204,449	17,333,449
Expenses	12,859,128	12,085,128	13,256,028
Net, 12 mos...	4,762,121	4,119,321	4,077,421

Northern Central:

Gross	1,148,240	969,540	993,240
Expenses	851,042	776,342	800,842
Net	297,198	193,198	192,398
Gross, 12 mos..	12,378,348	11,378,548	13,351,048
Expenses	9,581,211	8,715,011	10,569,711
Net, 12 mos...	2,797,137	2,663,537	2,781,337

West Jersey & Seashore:

Gross	846,374	826,674	857,974
Expenses	337,063	272,863	324,563
Net	98,311	53,811	33,411
Gross, 12 mos...	5,899,158	5,471,958	5,902,158
Expenses	4,323,142	4,153,642	4,520,342
Net, 12 mos...	1,576,016	1,318,316	1,381,816

PHILADELPHIA COMPANY and affiliated corporations for the year ended Dec. 31—

Gross	18,247,516	16,583,425	19,909,423
Exp. and taxes.	10,338,535	9,718,870	12,067,303
Net	7,908,981	6,801,555	7,024,120
Other income	281,272	245,730	249,365
Total income	8,190,253	7,047,285	7,273,485
Charges	4,583,453	4,483,079	4,186,563
Balance	3,606,800	2,564,206	3,086,922
Pfd. div. Phila. Co.	300,000	300,000	455,053
Surplus	3,306,800	2,264,200	2,631,860
Due owners com. stock affiliated companies	3,778	3,645	8,101
Surp. available Phila. Co.	3,303,021	2,260,561	2,628,768

Items representing transactions between companies have been eliminated in this report.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC for December—

Av. Mileage	9,763	9,625	
Gross	11,316,037	10,592,951	11,073,401
Expenses	7,228,327	6,511,251	7,404,270
Net	4,087,710	4,081,700	3,669,131
Taxes	356,216	276,016	350,352
Net inc	3,731,494	3,805,684	3,318,779
Av. mileage	9,748	9,599	
Gross, 6 mos...	69,951,983	62,781,147	68,396,291
Expenses	40,773,184	38,069,283	47,189,900
Net, 6 mos...	29,178,799	24,711,864	21,206,391
Taxes	1,959,812	1,785,381	1,830,191
Net inc	27,218,987	22,926,483	19,376,200

UNION PACIFIC for December—

Av. mileage	6,359	6,029	
Gross	7,034,834	6,582,720	6,530,082
Expenses	4,174,473	3,163,660	3,534,672
Net	2,860,361	3,419,030	2,995,410
Taxes	376,095	219,316	360,425
Net income	2,484,265	3,199,744	2,634,985
Av. mileage	6,197	6,024	
Gross, 6 mos...	47,850,839	42,640,088	42,919,296
Expenses	22,498,510	19,362,252	24,053,188
Net, 6 mos...	25,352,329	23,277,836	18,866,108
Taxes	1,524,922	1,210,528	1,220,649
Net inc	23,827,407	22,067,308	17,645,459

WISCONSIN CENTRAL report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1909.	1908.	Increase.
Mileage	1,029	1,022	7
Total op. rev...	715,551	590,459	125,098
Total op. exp...	504,939	410,092	94,846
Net op. rev...	210,618	180,366	30,252
Out. oper. (net).	667	92	574
Total net rev...	211,286	180,459	30,826
Taxes	28,799	29,638	*838
Oper. income	182,486	150,820	31,665
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total op. rev...	3,675,489	3,308,816	366,672
Total op. exp...	2,321,882	2,075,461	240,421
Net op. rev...	1,353,606	1,233,354	120,251
Out. oper. (net).	4,340	3,605	734
Total net rev...	1,357,946	1,236,960	120,986
Taxes	144,645	146,542	*1,897
Op. income	1,213,301	1,090,417	122,883

*Decrease.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Wheat Dull Early, Advancing Late—Corn and Oats Firm—Cotton Higher on Lessening Receipts.

Wheat was very quiet all day, with only a small change in price. There was a slight decline early, but the decline failed to bring any wheat on the market. Prices slowly worked up, and late in the day were strong. At the highest price of the day wheat was over 1c a bushel advance from the low point. The advance was due apparently to the strength of the cash markets and the fact that there was a ready absorption of cash wheat in the Northwest, with no pressure on the market. The official Argentine estimates placing the export surplus at only 89,000,000 bushels, while slightly larger than the minimum estimate, indicated that, at the best, the export surplus would be about 10,000,000 bushels less than last year. The receipts were not so heavy in the Northwest. Chicago stocks showed a decrease for the week of 333,000 bushels of all kinds. Bradstreet's visible increased only 635,000 bushels for the week, compared with 4,839,000 bushels increase in the world's visible last year. Export interest continues very quiet, and no business was recorded. No. 2 red was quoted $1.30, elevator, domestic; No. 1 Northern, $1.25¾, free on board, afloat; No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.25¾, and No. 1, Manitoba, $1.21.

Corn was quiet and a little lower during the morning with the easier market in wheat, but there was a better tone late and prices improved in sympathy with wheat. Chicago receipts were somewhat more moderate, and there were good buying orders for commission house account uncovered on the early decline. The visible supply increased only 42,000 bushels, against 292,000 bushels increase the previous week, and 648,000 bushels increase last year. Cash corn was quiet, with prices about steady. No. 2 corn was quoted 73c, elevator, domestic, 71¼c export; No. 3, 70¼c; No. 4, 68¾c, and steamer, 70¼c.

Oats were dull, with prices slightly lower during the morning under the influence of the decline in other grain and on some speculative selling, but later, with light offerings and a decrease of 120,000 bushels in the visible, prices improved. Receipts were fairly liberal, but there is a firm market for cash. The report of stocks showed a decrease of 251,000 bushels at Chicago in all positions. Natural white oats were 52½@55c, on track, and clipped white, 53¾@57c.

Provisions were active and higher, closing at a good advance. The improvement was due to the continued disappointing movement of hogs, high hog prices, and continued active demand for cash product, while packing houses were reported fairly active buyers of the product.

NEW YORK FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Wheat—				
February	$1.18⅝	$1.18	$1.18⅝	$1.18¾
July	1.09¼	1.08⅝	1.09⅛	1.08⅞
Corn—				
May	..	..	75⅞	75⅝
July	..	..	75⅝	75½
September	..	..	75⅝	75½
Oats—				
May	..	..	52¼	52⅜

Curb, 2:30 P. M.—May wheat, $1.18⅞; puts, $1.18⅝@$1.18¾; calls, $1.19¼.

CHICAGO FUTURES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Wheat—				
February			$1.18⅝	
May	$1.11¼	$1.10¼	1.11⅛	$1.10¼
July	1.01½	1.00⅛	1.01⅛	1.00⅞
September	.97¼	.96⅝	.97⅛	.96⅝

2:30-2:45 P. M.—May ups, $1.12⅝@$1.12½; downs, $1.10⅝@$1.10⅝.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Corn—				
February	..	..	65	..
May	68⅝	66¼	68⅛	66⅝
July	68⅛	66⅛	66⅝	66⅛
September	66⅝	66	66⅜	66⅜

May ups, 67¼c; downs, 66⅛c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
Oats—				
May	46⅞	46⅛	46⅝	46⅝
July	43⅞	43⅛	43⅞	43⅛
September	40¾	40	40¾	40
Lard—				
May	12.07½	11.87½	12.02½	11.92½
July	12.05	11.82½	12.02½	11.87½
Ribs—				
May	11.75	11.55	11.75	11.62½
July	11.72½	11.57½	11.70	11.57½
Pork—				
May	21.80	21.40	21.75	21.35
July	21.80	21.40	21.77½	21.30

COTTON.

Cotton was comparatively quiet most of the day but very firm. There was a small opening advance, from which prices reacted a little, but in the afternoon the market worked up about 20 points from the close of the previous day with a rather light volume of offerings on the advance. There was enough profit taking by early buyers and some selling for reaction to check the advancing tendency. There was a better tone and there seemed to be a good deal of cotton taken by several of the leading brokers in a way which had quite a disturbing effect on the short interest.

The firmness seems to be based almost entirely upon the position of spot cotton and the probable developments in the spot cotton situation. Receipts are very small and this is apparently a dominant factor. There is a decreasing movement not only at the ports but at the interior. A comparison with last week shows a steady decrease in the supply. Port receipts were materially smaller than last week and last year and the interior receipts showed a decrease of 13,000 bales compared with last week and a decrease of 43,000 bales compared with last year. Exports were large, amounting to more than 40,000 bales, with port receipts barely 10,000 bales. The movement pointed to a material decrease in the port stocks, while the estimates for Wednesday's movement were approximately 8,000 bales, or only about half last week and less than one-fifth a week ago. The local spot situation is firm, partly due to the way in which the cotton is held and partly to the effect of its good quality. Out of the 150,000 bales of certified stock there are only about 16,000 bales below the basis.

Spot cotton quiet, 10 advance; middling uplands, 14.70; middling Gulf, 14.95.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
February	..	..	14.41@14.45	14.30
March	14.48	14.31	14.46@..	14.35
April	..	..	14.45@14.47	14.35
May	14.56	14.37	14.53@14.54	14.41
June	..	..	14.44@14.46	14.36
July	14.44	14.28	14.42@14.43	14.35
August	14.00	13.87	13.98@14.00	13.93
September	13.05	13.04	13.02@13.04	12.95
October	12.69	12.60	12.64@12.65	12.56
November	..	..	12.45@12.48	12.36
December	12.45	12.40	12.44@12.45	12.35

The market closed quiet and steady, at 5 to 12 advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee was inactive, with sales of 8,000 bags, but the undertone was easy, and after opening steady at unchanged to 5 points lower prices gradually sagged off and closed barely steady at a net decline of 5 to 10 points. There was considerable pressure of arbitrage selling for foreign account. Cables were barely steady, Havre being ¼f lower, and Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower. Rio was unchanged, and Santos was unchanged for 4s, but 100 reis lower for 7s. The monthly report of stocks at leading points was rather disappointing to the bulls as deliveries were smaller than anticipated, and stocks at Hamburg showed an increase of 215,000 bags, while Havre increased 292,000 bags, and this pointed to a smaller decrease in the world's visible supply statement, which from present indications will probably not be more than 800,000 bags. Cash markets were quiet, but prices ruled steady with a small demand. Spot coffee was quiet and steady at 8⅜ to 8⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon. Close.
February	..	..	6.75@6.80	6.85
March	6.90	6.85	6.80@6.90	6.90
April	..	..	6.85@6.95	6.95
May	7.00	6.95	6.95@7.00	7.00
June	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.05
July	7.05	7.05	7.00@7.05	7.10
August	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.10
September	7.10	7.05	7.00@7.05	7.10
October	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.10
November	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.10
December	7.05	7.05	7.00@7.05	7.10
January	..	..	7.00@7.05	7.10

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—Action by the Pennsylvania Railroad Directors to-day in declaring only the old rate of dividend, although making it on a quarterly basis, caused no surprise here. The local market was heavy but inactive, Reading and United States Steel being the only issues in which sales exceeded 1,100 shares.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Amal. Copper	81½	81½	81½
400	Am. Milling	1½	1½	1½
10	Brooklyn Rap. Tr.	71⅞	71⅞	71⅞
436	Cambria Steel	48¾	48¼	48½
20	Con. Trac., N. J.	75½	75½	75½
85	Electric Storage	59	59	59
10	Erie	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
40	Great Northern pf.	135⅞	135⅞	135⅞
1,085	General Asphalt	33¾	32¾	33
117	General Asphalt pf.	83½	82	83
81	Ins. Co. of N. A.	23	23	23
1	Keystone Tel.	11½	11½	11½
4	Keyston Tel. pf.	40	40	40
500	Lake Superior	25	24½	24¾
109	Lehigh Nav.	104	103½	103½
40	Lehigh Nav. t. r.	104¼	103⅞	103⅞
850	Lehigh Valley	101	100⅞	100⅞
7	Little Schuylkill	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
75	Nor. Central	125¼	125¼	125¼
1,008	Pennsylvania	67	66¾	66 11-16
27	Penn. Salt Mfg.	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
150	Penn. Traffic	2	2	2
10	Phila. Co.	50	50	50
20	Phila. Co. pf.	45¼	45¼	45¼
215	Phila. Elec.	14½	14⅛	14⅛
236	Phila. Transit	27	26⅝	26⅝
28	Phila. Traction	88¾	88½	88½
1,720	Reading	79⅞	79⅜	79⅜
100	Southern Ry.	29¼	29¼	29¼
310	Tonopah Belmont	1½	1 7-16	1½
125	Tonopah Mining	6⅜	6¾	6¾
22	Union Traction	51¼	51¼	51¼
50	United Rys. Inv. pf.	61½	61½	61½
1,056	United Gas Imp.	93¾	93½	93⅝
7,550	U. S. Steel	82¾	81¾	82¼
200	W. N. Y. & Penn.	7½	7½	7½
12	W. J. & S. S.	50	50	50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.24	Julia	.16
Alpha Con.	.11	Justice	.24
Andes	.23	Kentucky Con.	.13
Belcher	.82	Lady Wash. Con.	.15
Best & Belcher	.85	Mexican	1.10
Bullion	.04	Occidental Con.	.35
Caledonia	.43	Ophir	2.02
Challenge Con.	.31	Overman	.68
Chollar	.29	Potosi	.70
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.62	Savage	.47
Con. Imperial	.07	Sag Belcher	.10
Crown Point	1.10	Sierra Nevada	.73
Gould & Curry	.37	Union Con.	.86
Hale & Norcross	.63	Utah Con.	.12

Silver bars, 51⅛; Mexican dollars, 44@45; drafts, sight, 6@7½ cents premium; telegraph, 10@12½ cents premium.

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.08
Belmont	1.42	Diamondfield	.02
Jim Butler	.11	Goldfield C. M.	7.75
McNamara	.26	Great Bend	.02
Midway	.23	Jumbo Extension	.22
West End	.21	Lone Star	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Red Hills	.03
Atlanta	.12	Silver Pick	.07
Blue Bell	.02	BULLFROG.	
Combination Fract.	.32	Montgomery Mtn.	.02
Crackerjack	.01	Tramps Cons.	.06

PROPOSALS. PROPOSALS.

City of Newark, N. J.

$1,120,000 SCHOOL BONDS

Sealed proposals will be received by the Comptroller of the City of Newark, New Jersey, until 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, the 10th day of February, nineteen hundred and ten, at his office in the City Hall, City of Newark, New Jersey, for the purchase of any or all of an issue of bonds as follows:

$1,120,000 OF SCHOOL BONDS

Dated December 31, 1909.

They will be fifty-year bonds and bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum and will contain a clause giving the City of Newark the option to pay the same at any time after forty years from their date. They will be issued as coupon bonds with right of registration as to principal or principal and interest. No bid will be accepted for less than par and accrued interest.

Circulars giving conditions governing bids and particulars respecting the financial condition of the City will be mailed upon request.

J. H. BACHELLER, Comptroller, City Hall, Newark, N. J.

WALKS, DRAINS, AND GRADING.—Office Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., February 1, 1910.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for walks, drains, and grading in vicinity of new buildings at this post, will be received here until 11 A. M. March 8, 1910. Plans, specifications, and full information furnished on application. The U. S. reserves the right to reject or accept any or all bids. Envelopes containing proposals must be marked "Proposals for Walks, Drains, and Grading," and addressed to the Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE WILL be received at office of Commissioner of Immigration, Ellis Island, N. Y. H., until 2:20 P. M. February 9, 1910, and opened immediately thereafter, for all labor and materials required for docking, scaling, painting, and machine repairs to the steel hull ferryboat "Ellis Island" of the U. S. Immigration Station, Ellis Island, N. Y. H. Particulars as to limitations and conditions governing bidders may be obtained from Wm. Williams, Commissioner.

First in Financial Advertising.

In 1909 The New York Times printed more financial advertising than any other New York morning or evening newspaper.

	Agate Lines in 1909.
The New York Times	744,441
Second newspaper	657,739
Third newspaper	598,550
Fourth newspaper	387,296
Fifth newspaper	321,799
Sixth newspaper	276,018
Seventh newspaper	266,483

The New York Times leads every other newspaper in the United States in the volume of financial advertising, and has the largest circulation among investors. It rejects all unworthy or doubtful advertisements and welcomes information from readers in aid of its efforts to keep its advertising columns absolutely clean. The daily circulation of The New York Times exceeds 175,000 copies, and its daily city sale is greater than the combined daily city sales of the three other morning newspapers popularly classed with The Times as to character of circulation, while the purchasing power of its circulation equals, if it does not excel, that of any other New York newspaper or combination of New York newspapers.

The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

FISKE & CO. SAFE ON ASSETS.

Solvency of Firm, However, Depends on Hocking Pool Decision.

Irving L. Ernst, receiver of the Stock Exchange house of J. M. Fiske & Co., which failed as a result of the collapse of the pool in Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron Company, in which they were interested, made a preliminary estimate of the assets and liabilities yesterday, which put the excess of liabilities at between $200,000 and $300,000.

The figures are largely dependent upon the decision of the Stock Exchange authorities in fixing the liability of the other members of the pool, who repudiated the buying orders as apportioned to them by the pool manager on the day of the collapse.

Receiver Ernst puts the bank loans at $1,000,025, practically fully secured, those which are deficient being made up by those which have an excess of collateral. The amounts due other creditors are given at $481,872. The assets include an equity of $20,000 in the bank loans as a whole, and additional collateral not in loans amounting to $50,000 or $60,000. Accounts due, total $40,000, making a total of assets, largely dependent upon the proportion of accounts collectible, of about $470,000 or $480,000 as against liabilities, outside of loans, totaling $481,872.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York, January 21, 1910.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Missouri Pacific Railway Co.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company will be held at the general office of the Company, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, March 8th, 1910, at nine o'clock A. M., for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting. The annual meeting of the Directors will be held at the same office on the same day at twelve o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed on Wednesday, February 2d, 1910, at three o'clock P. M., and will be reopened on Wednesday, March 9th, 1910, at ten o'clock A. M.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., by GEO. J. GOULD, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Knickerbocker Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, 60 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 23, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and voting upon a proposed increase of the capital stock of the Company from $2,000,000 to $3,200,000, being an increase of $1,200,000, divided into 12,000 shares of the par value of $100 each, and to consider and vote upon all matters relating to the issuance of such increased capital stock.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY.
C. H. KEEP, President.
HARRIS A. DUNN, Secretary.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Company.

New York, January 27, 1910.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Managers and Officers of this Company will be held at No. 90 West Street, New York City, on Wednesday, February 23d, 1910.

The polls will open at ten o'clock and close at eleven o'clock, A. M.

The transfer books will close on February 10th and reopen on February 24th, 1910.

A. D. CHAMBERS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT A MEETING of the stockholders of the J. W. Catty Company will be held at the office of the company, 601 Times Building, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, State of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition:

"RESOLVED, That the action of the Board of Directors favoring the dissolution of this corporation forthwith, be and the same is hereby approved."

JAMES D. BARTON, Secretary.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary or proper, will be held at the principal offices of the Company, 81-85 Beach Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, February eighth, 1910, at twelve M., and the polls will be closed at one P. M. The stock transfer books will be closed ten days prior to date of the meeting.

E. E. PALEN, Secretary.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago.)

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Adams Street and Michigan Avenue, on Thursday morning, February 10, 1910, at 11 o'clock. The transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws, at the close of business on Thursday, January 20, 1910, and will reopen Friday morning, February 11, 1910, at 10 o'clock. GEORGE O. KNAPP, President.

OFFICE OF

The New York Fire Insurance Company.

New York, Jan. 26, 1910.

ELECTION.—The annual election for Directors of this company, also for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the company, No. 95 William Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of February, 1910. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

DAVID G. WAKEMAN, Assistant Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

For the purpose of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders the Preferred and Common Stock transfer books of this Company will close February 2d, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M., and reopen February 24th, 1910.

FRED. E. KNAPP, Secretary.

New York, January 18th, 1910.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election of The Commonwealth Insurance Company of New York will be held at the Home Office of the Company, No. 76 William Street, New York, on February 16, 1910. Polls open from 12 M. to 12:30 P. M.

CHARLES E. CASE, Secretary.

Jan. 26th, 1910.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Woodhaven Water Supply Co. will be held at No. 299 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 9th, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M. J. H. STEVENSON, Secretary.

Jan. 26th, 1910.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lalance & Grosjean Mfg. Co. will be held at No. 299 Broadway, New York City, on Wednesday, February 9th, 1910, at 11 o'clock A. M. J. H. STEVENSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Cannelton Coal Co. of West Virginia will be held at No. 55 William St., New York, on Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1910, at 12:15 P. M. CHARLES REMSEN, Secretary.

ANNUAL ELECTION OF THE AMERICAN Institute, Thursday, Feb. 10, 1910, at 19 W. 44th St. Polls open 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Annual Meeting of the American Institute, Thursday, Feb. 3, 1910, at 19 West 44th St., 8 P. M. R. A. Dayton, Sec'y.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF

H. M. BYLLESBY AND COMPANY.

Engineers. Manangers.

Chicago.

The Board of Directors of the

MOBILE ELECTRIC CO.

has declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable by check February 15th, 1910, to stockholders of record as of the close of business January 31st, 1910.

The Preferred Stock books will be closed on January 31st, 1910, and will reopen on February 11th, 1910. R. J. GRAF, Secretary.

PRESSED STEEL CAR COMPANY.

New York, N. Y., January 26th, 1910.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND, NO. 44.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) will be paid on the preferred stock of this company February 23d, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business February 2d, 1910. Cheques will be mailed from the office of the company. The transfer books will close at three P. M., February 2d, 1910, and reopen at ten A. M. February 23d, 1910.

F. P. VAN HORNE, Treasurer.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R. CO.

Grand Central Station, N. Y., Jan. 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared dividends of **Five Per Cent.** on the First Preferred, **Five Per Cent.** on the Second Preferred, and **Three Per Cent.** on the Common Capital Stock, payable at this office March 1st, 1910, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M., on Friday, February 18th, 1910. CHARLES F. COX, Treasurer.

Green Bay & Western Railroad Co.

The Board of Directors has fixed and declared Five Per Cent. to be the amount payable on Class "A" Debentures, a dividend of Five Per Cent. on the Capital Stock, and One-quarter of One Per Cent. on Class "B" Debentures out of the net earnings for the year 1909, payable at No. 40 Wall Street, New York, on and after February 7th, 1910, to stockholders of record February 5th, 1910.

CHARLES W. COX, Treasurer.

UNITED BANK NOTE CORPORATION.

A dividend of One Per Cent. has been declared on the common stock, payable February 15, 1910, to holders of record at the close of business February 1, 1910. The common stock transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. February 1st and remain closed until 9 A. M. February 16, 1910.

New York, January 31, 1910.

GEORGE H. DANFORTH, Secretary.

JEFFERSON & CLEARFIELD COAL & IRON CO.

A dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable Feb'y 15th next, to stockholders of record Feb'y 7th, 1910, at 3 P. M. Dividend checks will be mailed by the Transfer Agents of the Company.

GEO. H. CLUNE, Treasurer.

Rochester, January 28, 1910.

Quite Different
Example No. 10

During the past 20 years we have sold a vast aggregate of bonds, comprising steam railroad and industrial issues—with occasionally some unique and well selected electric railway obligation—but at present we have a bond different from all the rest.

Recurring Opportunities

We now offer, to yield about 5.20%, the bonds of a prominent and prosperous New York City corporation. The real estate holdings and improvement are worth double all the bonds. Earnings are large and are increasing rapidly. The issue is listed in New York and Amsterdam. The bonds are not callable and for numerous reasons should advance.

Circular J. T. on Request.

E. J. Lisman & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Baltimore Hartford

Knauth, Nachod & Kühne
15 William St., NEW YORK
Leipzig, GERMANY
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
High Grade Investment Bonds
Letters of Credit and Travelers' Checks
Interest on Deposit Accounts.

KOUNTZE BROTHERS
BANKERS
Issues Letters of Credit available throughout the World.
Conservative Investments
Yielding 4% to 4½%
WRITE FOR LIST
BROADWAY AND CEDAR ST.
NEW YORK

Offerings for the Week
Price at the Market.

	To yield about
American Tobacco 4%	5.30
Western Pacific 5%	5.18
St. Louis & Iron Mt. R. & G. 4%	4.90
San Antonio Aransas Pass 4%	4.78
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6%	4.17
U. S. Steel 5%	4.70

We recommend these bonds to investors on account of their security, attractive yield, and active market. Full information and detailed description of any of these bonds on request.

Trowbridge & Co.
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
New York, 111 Broadway
New Haven, 134 Orange St.

Railroad Bonds (45 Issues)

Our Circular No. 112 describes 45 issues of listed Railroad Bonds. The information given includes the amount of bonds outstanding, the denominations, interest and due dates, high and low prices for 1909, present market prices approximate yield, etc. We classify the bonds as high-grade investments, conservative investments, and semi-speculative investments.

Spencer Trask & Co.
William and Pine Streets
New York

New York State
Tax Exempt 4s
and other Tax Exempt Bonds
Price on Application
N. W. HARRIS & CO
BANKERS
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

GUARANTEED
TELEGRAPH COMPANY STOCKS

	TO YIELD
1000 American Tel. & Cable Co.	6¼%
200 Gold & Stock Tel. Co.	5⅛%
200 Northwest Tel. Co.	5⅛%
200 Pacific & Atlantic Tel. Co.	5.33%
1000 Southern & Atlantic Tel. Co.	5%
350 Coml. Union Tel. Co. of N. Y.	5%
50 Franklin Tel. Co.	5.30%
150 Ill. & Mississippi Tel. Co.	5%

A. M. Kidder & Co
TEL. 2730 RECTOR. 18 WALL ST., N.Y.

Alfred Mestre & Co.
BANKERS
IRRIGATION BONDS
CIRCULAR ON REQUEST.
52 Broadway, New York
130 So. 15th St., Philadelphia

WANTED
AMER. BRAKE SHOE COM. & PFD.
AMER. POWER & LIGHT COM. & PFD.
CONN. RWAY. & LIGHT COM.
DULUTH EDISON PFD.
LACKAWANNA STEEL STOCK
PACIFIC GAS & ELEC. COM.
PENN. COAL & COKE 5s, 1953
WM. M. CLARKE
20 BROAD ST., N. Y. Tel. 1015 to 1017 Rector

High Grade Bonds
Circular on Request.
N. W. Halsey & Co.
49 WALL ST.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Active and Irregular—Call Money Rates, 2@3 Per Cent.

INTER-MET. STOCKS DOWN

Shares Under Severe Pressure—Pool Stocks Generally Lower—London Sends More Gold to Paris.

Through most of yesterday's stock market session the issues under pressure on Monday were again heavily sold, losing ground as readily as they did on the preceding day. This was notably true of Union Pacific, which sold off 1⅛ points, and Reading, which declined 2 points. United States Steel, on the other hand, disclosed none of the weakness so marked in the last few minutes of business on Monday; at no time did it sell more than half a point below the closing quotation of that day, although transactions in it of 164,000 shares or thereabouts made up considerably more than a quarter of the total volume of Stock Exchange business. The programme for the day with the bearish speculators responsible for Monday's declines in a limited number of stocks seemed to consist in selecting a few of Monday's favorites for further selling, and at the same time to pick out for similar treatment other groups in which "bull pools" have been obviously working. Among the stocks falling under this latter category were the Interborough-Metropolitan shares, and as a measure of the success of the attack here the maximum fall of 5¼ points in the preferred and of 2 points in the common may be mentioned. The greater part of the losses in the Interborough-Metropolitan shares was recovered before the close. How little in the way of ammunition is necessary at the moment for a foray of this kind is well illustrated by the report disseminated and gravely discussed in connection with the fall in the Interborough stocks. It was simply that the company faced heavy losses because of its ownership of Third Avenue shares, which have been tumbling rapidly. The Third Avenue stock in the Interborough treasury was disposed of months ago at prices many points above those now ruling, and the fact was publicly noted at the time. Some evidence of weakness in stocks of the equipment companies and other concerns furnishing supplies to the railroads gave weight to the more or less indefinite stories of a disposition on the part of a number of the larger roads to curtail their purchases. Pennsylvania Directors, presumably in response to the wage agitation among railroad employes, refrained from enlarging the dividend on Pennsylvania shares at their meeting during the day, although they had before them the December earnings statement just published showing an increase of $1,610,000 in gross returns for the month, and making it one of the best in the company's history. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific also reported gross increases for December, the one of $452,000 and the other of $723,000, but these were turned into net losses of $715,000 and $74,000, respectively, by the heavier operating expenses of the month incident to the inclement weather.

Local money market conditions were unchanged. The foreign exchange market was a trifle higher, but not enough so to denote any response by it as yet to the demands for capital, which must grow out of the Paris flood. That event, however, undoubtedly underlay the further shipment of gold from London to Paris during the day. The Bank of England released $730,000 gold for the purpose.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Central Leather Co. for annual meeting.
Empire Iron and Steel Co. for annual meeting.
Missouri Pacific Railway for annual meeting.
Pressed Steel Car Co. for dividend on preferred.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Cannelton Coal Co.
Delafield Estate.
Hudson Realty Co.
Knickerbocker Ice Co., Chicago.
Lowell Electric Corporation.
Metropolitan Tobacco Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 2@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4 per cent. for ninety and one hundred days, 4@4¼ per cent. for four and five months, and 4¼ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¼@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discounts at foreign centres: London, 2 9-16 per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2 11-16 per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 2⅝ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $443,370,659; balances, $18,593,675; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $2,039,932.

The local banks have lost $721,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8625@$4.8630, sixty days at $4.8375@$4.8385, and cables at $4.8650@$4.8660.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.12½ less 1-64@5.17½ plus 1-32 for cables and 5.17¼ less 1-16@5.17¼ less 1-64 for sight; reichsmarks, 95¼ less 1-32 @95¼ plus 1-64 for cables, 95 1-16 plus 1-64 for sight and 94⅝ for sixty days.

Exchange on New York at Boston was par@8c discount; Chicago, 15c. discount; St. Louis, 35c discount; New Orleans, commercial, $1 discount; bank, 90c premium; San Francisco, 90c premium; St. Paul, 75c premium; Savannah, buying, 75c discount; selling, 75c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was off ⅛d in London, at 23⅞d per ounce, and ½c lower in New York, at 51½c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 44@48c.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday prices were unchanged, with the exception of tin, which developed strength in sympathy with the improvement in the foreign market.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday copper for both spot and future deliveries on the day's transactions suffered a decline of 3s 9d from the initial prices of the day, but from the closing figures of Monday a recession of 8s 9d was registered. The market finished easy, closing quotations ruling at: Spot, £60 6s 3d; futures, £61 5s.

Pig tin ended steady, with spot and future deliveries each up £1 2s 6d, to £148 5s and £149 15s respectively. Spanish pig lead was easier at a recession of 1s 3d, to £13 8s 9d. Spelter was steady and unchanged at £23 5s. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 51s 9d.

The closing bid and asked prices for copper and other metals for spot delivery on the New York Metal Exchange yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Spot	13.12½	13.37½	13.12½	13.37½
January	13.12½	13.37½	13.12½	13.37½
February	13.12½	13.37½	13.12½	13.37½
March	13.12½	13.37½	13.12½	13.37½
Spelter	6.00	6.25	6.00	6.25
Lead	4.67½	4.72½	4.67½	4.72½
Tin	32.65	32.85	32.25	32.50

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday.

Total sales Feb. 1, 1910	575,040
From Jan. 1, 1910	24,091,584
Corresponding period last year	18,149,481

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
12½	13	100	Allis-Chalmers	13	13	13	13	— ½
42	45	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	43	43	43	43	—3
81¾	81⅞	22,800	*Amalgamated Cop.	81¾	82⅜	80⅞	81⅞	— ⅛
44	45	200	Am. Agricul. Chem.	44	44½	44	44½	...
36½	37	800	Am. Beet Sugar	37	37⅛	36⅝	37	— ½
11	11¼	750	Am. Can	11⅛	11⅛	11	11⅛	— ⅜
75	75⅛	1,000	Am. Can pf	76½	76½	75	75¼	—1⅛
63¼	63¾	500	Am. Car & Foundry	63¾	63¾	63½	63½	—1⅛
61	61¼	345	Am. Cotton Oil	62	62¼	61¼	62¼	+ ¾
103	107	320	Am. Cotton Oil pf	101	103	101	103	...
6¾	7	200	Am. Hide & Leather	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
39	40	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	— ¼
21½	22¼	400	Am. Ice Securities	22¼	22¼	22	22	— ¾
14½	15	300	*Am. Linseed	14¼	14½	14¼	14½	— ½
38	39⅞	100	*Am. Linseed pf	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	39⅞	— ⅝
52	52½	1,200	Am. Locomotive	52¼	52½	51⅞	51⅞	— ⅝
112	114	100	Am. Locomotive pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	+ ¾
6¼	7	100	Am. Malt	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	
36	37½	200	Am. Malt pf	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	— ¼
91	91⅛	15,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	91⅛	91⅜	90⅞	91⅛	— ½
109	109¼	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	109	109	109	109	...
88½	89	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	89	89	89	89	
60	60½	200	Am. Steel Foundries	60½	60½	60⅛	60⅛	— ⅝
121	123	200	Am. Sugar Refining	120⅞	121	120⅞	121	— ¼
136¾	137	1,710	Am. Tel. & Tel.	137¼	137¼	136⅝	136⅞	— ½
35¼	36	300	Am. Woolen	35	35¼	35	35¼	— ¼
101	101⅜	100	Am. Woolen pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	+ ½
51	51¼	2,000	*Anaconda Cop. Min.	51¼	51¼	50½	51	— ½
116⅛	116¼	12,450	Atch., Top. & S. F.	116¼	116¾	115½	116⅛	— ⅛
103	103¼	210	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	...
128	129½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	130	130	130	130	...
112¾	112⅞	800	Baltimore & Ohio x d.	112½	112⅝	112½	112⅝	— ⅞
72⅜	72½	3,035	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	72½	72½	71¼	72½	— ¼
15	16	300	Bruns.Term. & Ry.Sec.	15	15	15	15	...
173	175	100	Can. P. sub.cfs. 1st pd.	174	174	174	174	...
39⅞	40	1,875	Central Leather Co.	40⅜	40⅜	39¾	40	— ⅛
84⅜	84½	11,450	Chesapeake & Ohio	84⅝	85	83	84½	— ¾
30¾	31	300	Chicago Gt. Western	31¼	31¼	30½	30½	— ½
147⅝	147⅞	3,700	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	147⅝	148	147⅜	147⅞	— ⅝
156½	157½	825	Chi. & Northwestern	157¼	157¼	157	157	—2½
..	..	2,700	Chi. & N. W. rights	14	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	— ¾
37¼	37⅜	4,600	Colorado Fuel & Iron	38⅝	38⅝	36¾	37⅜	—1¼
57¾	58½	125	Colorado & Southern	58	58	58	58	— ½
81	82	200	Col. & South. 1st pf	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	+ ¼
80	81	300	Col. & South. 2d pf	80½	80⅝	80½	80⅝	+ ½
13¼	16	700	Col. & Hock. C. & I.	13½	14	13½	14	— ¼
..	..	2,000	*Comstock Tunnel	†27	27	26	26	...
145½	146	5,500	Consolidated Gas	145	146	144⅝	145⅝	+ ¼
19	19⅜	150	Corn Products Ref.	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
83	84	300	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	84½	84½	83½	83½	+ ¾
174	175	100	Delaware & Hudson	174⅞	174⅞	174⅞	174⅞	—1
42⅛	42¼	1,300	Denver & Rio Grande	42½	42⅝	41⅝	42⅛	— ⅝
80	80½	700	Den. & Rio Grande pf	80¼	80½	80¼	80¼	+1
31⅛	32	1,400	*Distillers' Securities	32¼	32¼	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅞
26	27	100	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	— ¼
85	85½	14	Dupont Powder pf	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼	...
28⅞	29	1,500	Erie	29	29¼	28⅞	29	— ½
46⅝	47	900	Erie 1st pf	46½	46⅞	46⅛	46¼	— ⅞
35¼	35¾	400	Erie 2d pf	35½	35⅞	35⅛	35⅛	—1⅜
108	109½	500	General Chemical	108	109½	108	109½	+9½
104	105	610	General Chemical pf	105	105	104	104	+ ⅜
152	153	300	General Electric	153	153	152	152	—1½
136	136½	2,900	Great Northern pf	135½	136	135¼	136	+ ¼
72	72½	1,000	*G. N. certs. ore prop.	72	72½	71⅛	72	—1
95	97	400	Havana Electric	96	96	96	96	...
85	90	100	Homestake Mining	88½	88½	88½	88½	+4⅞
20½	20⅝	16,500	Interborough-Met.	21⅛	21⅛	19½	20⅝	— ⅞
51⅞	52	11,300	Interborough-Met. pf	54⅛	54⅛	49¾	52	—3
119⅞	120½	200	Int. Harvester	120⅞	120⅞	120¼	120¼	— ¾
122	124	200	Int. Harvester pf	124	124	123	123	—1
12¾	13¼	1,075	Int. Paper	13⅛	13⅛	12⅝	12¾	— ¼
55½	56	400	Int. Paper pf	55⅝	56	55⅝	56	—1
42½	44	100	Iowa Central pf	43	43	43	43	—2¼
37	38	100	Kansas City Southern	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	...
7	10	100	Keokuk & Des Moines	7½	7½	7½	7½	—1½
104	104½	5,100	Laclede Gas	105¼	105¼	104	104⅜	—
145¼	146	1,510	Louisville & Nash	145½	145⅝	145	145	—2
89	90	100	Mackay Cos.	89	89	89	89	...
77	79	100	Mackay Cos. pf	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	+ ⅝
20¼	20¼	500	Mercantile Marine pf	20⅜	20⅜	20	20⅜	...
44	46	200	Minn. & St. Louis	46	46	46	46	— ¼
136¼	137½	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	135	136½	135	136½	+ ⅛
42	42½	3,700	Mo., Kansas & Texas	42¼	42⅝	41⅝	42	— ½
69	69½	1,900	Missouri Pacific	69½	69½	69	69	— ¾
110	112½	100	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	— ¼
83½	83¾	200	Nat. Lead Co.	83½	83¾	83½	83¾	— ¼
62	62½	600	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf	61	62½	61	62½	+1½
26⅞	27⅛	1,500	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	27	27	26⅜	26⅞	— ⅜
79	80	525	N. Y. Air Brake	81¼	81¼	79½	79½	—1½
119⅛	119¼	3,100	N. Y. Central	118⅞	119	118⅛	119	+ ⅛
60	61	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	61	61	61	61	...
156¼	157	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	157	157	157	157	...
146	146½	300	N. Y.,N.H.& H.,1st pd.	146½	146½	146	146½	...
44¾	45¼	900	N. Y., Ont. & West	45⅛	45¼	44⅜	44¾	— ⅜
97	97½	1,800	Norfolk & Western	97	97¼	96¾	97¼	— ¾
136	136¼	2,500	Northern Pacific	135¾	136¼	135⅝	136⅛	+ ¼
..	34⅜	100	North. Ohio. Tr. & L.	35	35	35	35	— ½
35½	36	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	36½	36½	36	36	— ¼
133¼	133¾	25,440	Pennsylvania R. R.	133½	133⅝	132⅞	133½	— ⅛
109½	110	1,300	People's Gas, Chi.	109½	110	109½	109½	...
98¼	99	100	P., C. C. & St. Louis	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	—1⅛
21¾	22	400	Pittsburg Coal	21½	21⅞	21½	21⅞	— ⅝
73	75	700	Pittsburg Coal pf	73	73	71	73	—1
42	43	650	Pressed Steel Car	43	43	41¾	41¾	—1¼
104	106	44	Pressed Steel Car pf	105	105	105	105	...
190	192	200	Pullman Company	192	192	192	192	—2
41	42	200	*R'way Steel Spring	41⅛	41⅛	41	41	—1⅞
103¾	107	100	*R'way Steel Sp. pf	105	105	105	105	+ ⅛
159⅝	159⅞	86,400	Reading	159¾	160¼	158¼	159⅝	...
102	104	500	Reading 2d pf	104½	104½	103	103	—1½
35¼	36½	2,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	37¼	37¼	35	35¼	—2
42⅜	43	4,800	Rock Island Co.	42¼	42½	41⅝	42½	+ ¾
84	84½	1,000	Rock Island Co. pf	82½	84	82½	84	+1
69	70	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	69	69	69	69	...
50¼	51¼	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	51	51⅜	51	51⅜	— ⅝
118	119	320	Sloss-Shef. S. & I. pf	118¾	118¾	118½	118½	+3½
128	128⅛	15,700	Southern Pacific	127⅞	128⅜	126⅞	128⅛	+ ¼
28⅞	29	1,700	Southern R'way ext	29	29⅜	28⅞	29	— ⅜
66½	67	400	South. R'way pf., ext.	67	67	67	67	— ⅞
34	35¼	200	Tennessee Copper	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	—1
31	32	200	Texas & Pacific	31½	31½	31	31	— ½
11	11½	8,930	Third Avenue	12½	12½	10¼	10⅞	—1⅞
44½	47	100	Tol., St. L. & West	45	45	45	45	...
66	68	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	67	67	67	67	...
112½	113	100	Twin City R. Transit	112½	112½	112½	112½	...
69	75	100	Union B. & Paper pf	69	69	69	69	—1
185⅞	186	75,700	Union Pacific	185¾	186¼	184⅝	186	— ⅛
99	99½	200	Union Pacific pf	99¼	99¼	99	99	— ¾
111¼	112	100	United Dry Goods pf	111½	111½	111½	111½	— ¼
61	62	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	61½	61½	61	61	— ⅜
26	27	110	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	26	26	26	26	—2
76	79	10	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	...
75	76	1,300	U. S. Realty & Imp	75½	75½	75½	75½	— ½
8	9½	100	U. S. Red. & Ref.	8	8	8	8	—2
42	42½	2,600	U. S. Rubber	43	43	41½	42	—1¾
110	110½	600	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	...
82¼	82⅜	160,400	U. S. Steel	82¼	82½	81½	82⅜	+ ⅜
122½	123	1,822	U. S. Steel pf	123	123	122½	122⅞	— ¼
50⅝	51	1,900	Utah Copper	51⅜	51⅜	50¼	50⅝	—1½
..	..	2,800	Utah Copper rights	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16	—1-16
51½	52	800	Va.-Caro. Chemical	51⅜	52	51⅜	52	...
..	..	285	Vulcan Detinning pf	70¼	70¼	69¾	69¾	—4½
20½	21	800	Wabash	21	21	20⅝	20⅞	— ⅜
47½	47⅞	3,500	Wabash pf	48	48	46¾	47½	— ½
48½	49½	850	Western Md., 4th pd.	49⅜	49⅜	49½	49½	— ½
71	71¼	300	Western Union Tel	71½	71½	71	71	— ½
71	71½	400	Westinghouse E. & M.	71	71	71	71	— ½
9½	10	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	9½	9½	9½	9½	+ ½
5¾	6¼	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ¼

*Unlisted. †Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100⅝	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100⅝	..
3s, r., 1918	101¾	102½
3s, c., 1918	101¾	102½
4s, r., 1925	114½	115¼
4s, c., 1925	114¾	115¾
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100	101
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100	101
Adams Exp.	245	275
Alb. & S.	280	..
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101	104
Am. B. S. pf.	92	94
A. C. & F. pf.	117	119
Am. Coal	100	150
Am. D. Tel.	10	25
Am. Exp.	280	295
Am. Snuff	250	..
Am. Sn. pf.	96	100
Am. Sug. R. pf.	120	122
A. T. & C.	70	77
Am. Tob. pf.	91	92
Ann Arbor	15	20
Ann A. pf.	..	50
B. & O. pf., ex div.	91	93
Batopilas M.	3	3¼
Beth. Steel	29	31
Beth. Steel pf.	..	62
B. Un. G.	151½	153
B., R. & P.	95	107
B., R. & P. pf.	128	138
B. & S. pf.	..	70
But'k Co.	32½	32¾
Canada So.	69¼	72¼
Can. Pac.	179¼	179¾
Cent. L. pf.	106	107½
C. R. R. of N. J.	300	310
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	119¾
Chi. & Alt.	58¼	58½
C. & A. pf.	60	69
C., B. & Q.	200	..
C. & E. Ill. pf.	..	118
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	57⅞	60
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	165¾	167½
C. & N. W. pf.	200	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	150	160
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	3½	4½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	8	11
C., C., C. & St. L.	77½	79
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100½	103
Col. F. & I. pf.	112	..
Crex Carpet	52	6[illegible]
D., L. & W.	580	610
D., M. & Ft. D.	5	12
D. & M. pf.	..	95
Det. U. R.	62	67
D., S. S. & A.	14¾	15¼
[illegible]	30	62
Ev. & T. H.	80	90
F. M. & S.	..	75
F. M. & S. [illegible]	83	88
Granby Con.	80	110
[illegible]	80	..
H. B. Claflin 1st pf.	93¾	95¾
Hav. E. R. pf.	94½	97¼
Hock. V. r.	104	..
Hock. V. pf.	86	90
Ill. C. ex d.	140	140½
Inger.-Rand.	90	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	95	..
Int. Power	..	80
Int. St. P.	48	49½
Int. St. P. pf.	84	87
Iowa Cent.	23	24
Jol. & Chi.	169	..
K. & M. r.	45	55
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	76	80
Kan. C. So. pf.	68	69
K. & D. M. pf.	40	45
Kings Co. El. L. & P.	128	133
Kn. Ice, C., pf.	63	80
Lacl. G. pf.	90	100
L. E. & W.	22	24
L. E. & W. pf.	60	62
Lake Shore	300	400
Long Island	62	68
L. & W. C.	200	..
Mah. C. R.	310	..
Man. Beach	3	6
Man. Elev.	136	138
Md. C. pf.	..	50
Mer. Marine	6¼	6½
Met. St. R.	20	22¼
Mich. Cent.	145	180
M. & St. L. pf.	75	82
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	91¾	92
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	153½	155
Mo., K. & T. pf.	71	73
N., C. & St. L.	131	135
Nat. B. pf.	121	124
Nat. Enam.	23	24
Nat. En. pf.	90	97
Nat. L. pf.	108½	111
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	104	118
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	92	96
N. Y. D. Co.	..	40
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	82	84
N. & W. pf.	88	92
Nor. Cent.	200	..
Ont. Mining	2	3
Pac. Coast	108	114
Pac. C. 1st pf.	100	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	108	114
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	83	95
Pac. Mail	32¾	33
Peo. & E.	21	28
Pere Marq.	35	40
Pere Marq. 1st pf.	62½	65
Pere Marq. 2d pf.	40	47
Phelps-D'ge	220	..
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	100	120
Quicksilver	2¾	3½
Quicksilver pf.	3	7
Rdg. 1st pf.	91	93
Rens. & S.	195	..
R. I. & S. pf.	100½	100¾
R. W. & O.	124	..
Rutland pf.	30	35
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	150	180
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	63	65
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	116½
St. L. S. W.	28½	29
St. L. S. W. pf.	72¼	73
Sears-R. pf.	..	125
S.-S. S. & I.	77	77½
So. P. R. S.	80	82
So. P. R. S. pf.	108	118
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	84½	90
Texas Cent.	35	..
Texas Cent. pf.	70	..
T. P. L. Tr.	87½	91
T., P. & W.	17	20½
T. R. & L.	12	13
T. C. R. T. pf.	140	150
U. B. & P.	10½	11⅛
U. C. M. pf.	108	111
Un. D. G.	118½	120¼
U. Rys. In.	35	37
U. S. Exp.	127	132
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	20	29
U. S. R. 2d pf.	78	80
U. & B. R.	174	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	120	123
W. F. Exp.	172	180
West. Md. war.	48½	49½
Westingh'se 1st pf.	118	125
W. & L. E.	5¼	5¼
Wis. Cent.	47¼	48¼

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—With the exception of sharp advances in prices for Quaker Oats common and Title and Trust, both of which were influenced by dividend rumors, the local security market tended lower to-day. The declines were led by Sears-Roebuck common, which lost a substantial amount in addition to the deduction of the quarterly dividend. Street's Stable Car common was next in point of weakness. American Can preferred declined as a result of the small earnings shown by the annual report. There were fractional losses made by Tool, Brick, Can common, Boxboard, Swift, Sears-Roebuck preferred, and Subway. Diamond Match lost its early advance, and there were dealings at unchanged prices in Chicago Railways, Series 1 and 2; Commonwealth Edison stock and subscription right, Gas, and Telephone.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	American Can	11¼	11⅛	11⅛
100	American Can pf	76	76	76
100	American Tel. & Tel.	137	137	137
16	Booth Fisheries	35	35	35
120	Chicago Pneu. Tool	41	40¼	40½
112	Chicago Rys., Series 1	108	107½	107½
135	Chicago Rys., Series 2	30	29½	30
240	Chicago Subway	3⅝	3½	3½
19	Chicago Telephone	128	128	128
373	Chicago Title & Trust	147	145	146
115	Com. Edison	116	116	116
180	Diamond Match	108	107¼	107¼
515	Illinois Brick	83½	82½	83½
1	National Biscuit	112½	112½	112½
100	National Carbon	108	108	108
10	Nat. Carbon pf., ex div.	116¼	116¼	116¼
105	People's Gas	110¼	109½	109½
402	Quaker Oats	168	164¾	168
5	Quaker Oats pf.	105	105	105
332	Sears-Roebuck, ex div.	156⅝	155	156
62	Sears-Roebuck pf.	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜
683	Street's Stable Car	36½	35½	36
847	Swift & Co.	105¼	104¾	105¼
205	United Boxboard	11⅞	11¾	11⅞
10	Quaker Oats rects	165	165	165

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
4s	May, '59,	l'chg	99⅝	99⅞	99¼	99⅝
4½s	May, '57,	l'chg	108¼	108⅝	108	108⅝
4½s	Nov., '57,	l'chg	108¼	108½	108	108½
4½s	May, '17,	l'chg	102⅝	103¼	102½	103¼
4s	Nov., '58,	l'chg	99⅝	99⅞	99¼	99⅝
4s	May, '57,	l'chg	99⅝	99⅞	99¼	99⅝
4s	Nov., '56,	reg	99	99⅜	98¾	99⅜
4s	Nov., '36,	reg	98¾	99⅜	98¾	99⅜
3½s	Nov., '55,	l'chg	88¼	88⅝	88	88⅝
3½s	May, '54,	coup	88¼	88⅝	88	88⅝
3½s	May, '54,	reg	87⅞	88⅝	88	88⅝
*3s	Nov., '10,	rev	102	102½	102	102½
Recta 4s,	May, '59		99¼	99½	99¼	99⅝

*Coupon or registered.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

United States 4s coupon, 1925	3,000	115¼
Argentine 5s, J P M & Co rcts	1,000	96½
	2,000	96¾
Imp Jap Govt 4½s sterl loan	1,000	95¾
	21,000	95½
	7,000	95⅜
	5,000	95½
	15,000	95⅝
	500	95⅝
2d series	10,000	95⅜
	4,000	95¼
	10,500	95¼
	6,000	95½
4s sterl loan	16,500	89¼
	10,000	89½
	1,000	89¾
U S of Mexico 5s	1,000	98⅝
	5,000	98⅝
N Y C 4s, 1958	2,000	99⅝
	27,000	99½
N Y C 4s, 1959	8,000	99½
	5,000	99⅝
	8,000	99½
	8,000	99⅝
receipts	19,000	99⅝
	15,000	99¾
N Y C 4½s, 1957 new	28,000	108⅝
Allis-Chalmers 5s	7,000	82⅞
	9,000	82¾
	3,000	82⅞
Am Ag Ch cv 5s	15,000	102
Am H & L 6s	6,000	101¼
Am Cot Oil 4½s	2,000	96½
Am Spirits M 6s	2,000	96
Am T & T cv 4s	54,000	102⅝
	10,000	102⅝
	4,000	102½
	8,000	102⅝
Am Thread 4s	1,000	92¼
Am Tobacco 6s	4,000	106¾
Am Tobacco 4s	33,000	77
	3,000	76⅞
Armour & Co 4½s	8,000	92⅝
	1,000	92⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s	3,000	100¼
	1,000	100⅛
	7,000	100¼
	1,000	100⅛
	6,000	100¼
registered	5,000	99¾
adjustment 4s	1,000	94⅛
	1,000	94¼
conv 5s	30,000	117⅛
At C Line 4s	8,000	95⅛
	5,000	95¼
	1,000	95⅛
	2,000	96
At C L, Louis & Nash col 4s	9,000	93¼
Balt & O gold 4s	2,000	100
	16,000	99⅞
P, L E & W V 4s	2,000	92½
Southw Div 3½s	7,000	90⅜
	22,000	90½
Beth Steel 5s	15,000	88¾
B R T reig cv 4s	12,000	83¾
	5,000	83⅝
	25,000	83½
B'klyn Un El 1st	1,000	103
	5,000	102⅞
Can So 1st ext 6s	7,000	105⅛
Canada So 2d	1,000	101⅝
Cen Brch U P 1st	1,000	86
Cent of Ga Ry con 5s	2,000	108½
3d income 5s	6,000	79
Cent Leather 5s	4,000	99⅝
Cent Pac gtd 4s	1,000	97½
	2,000	97
	6,000	97⅛
	10,000	97¼
	2,000	97⅛
	16,000	97
Ches & O fund 5s	2,000	103½
Ches & O con 5s	10,000	114
Ches & O gen 4½s	1,000	102⅝
	10,000	102⅞
C & Alt 3½s	4,000	74
	1,000	73
C, B & Q gen 4s	3,000	98⅝
C, B & Q deb 5s	1,000	101⅛
C, B & Q joint 4s	1,000	97½
	1,000	96⅞
	81,000	97
	40,000	96⅞
	1,000	97
	5,000	96⅞
Ill Div 4s	1,000	100
Nebr ext 4s	1,000	100
C, M & St P gen 4s, Series A	9,000	100⅛
4s 1934	12,000	93⅝
Chic & Northw deb 5s, 1921, registered	2,000 3	106½
C, R I & P gen 4s	1,000	98¼
	1,000	98⅜
C, R I & Pac Ry refunding 4s	4,000	91⅛
	11,000	91⅛
C, R I & P RR 4s	47,000	80
	18,000	79¾
C, St P & M 1st	1,000	126½
Colo Industrial 5s	17,000	81
Col & So 1st 4s	6,000	97
Col & South ref & ext 4½s	10,000	98
Corn Prod Ref, s f 5s, 1934	6,000	96½
Del & H conv 4s	16,000	100
	1,000	100⅜
D & H 1st & ref 4s	10,000	100
Den eqpt 4½s	5,000	102
Den & R G con 4s	3,000	97
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s	3,000	94
	10,000	93⅞
	6,000	94
Edison E Ill, N Y 1st cnv 5s	3,000	100
Erie cnv 4s, Ser A	2,000	79¼
	10,000	78½
Erie, Pa, col tr 4s registered	5,000	85
Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs B	10,000	15¼
	2,000	15
Hock Val 1st 4½s	7,000	104
Ill Cent refg 4s	13,000	99½
Inter-Met 4½s	3,000	81¼
	47,000	81
	17,000	80¾
	9,000	80⅞
	1,000	80⅞
	100,000	80½
	12,000	80⅜
	13,000	80¼
	2,000	80⅜
	3,000	80¼
Interb R T conv 6s	11,000	102¾
	2,000	102¾
	18,000	102⅞
Int Rap T 5s	1,000	103½
Int Steam P 5s	10,000	95⅜
	1,000	96
Intern Paper 6s	10,000	104⅜
Intern Nav 5s	2,000	82
K C, Ft S & M 4s	7,000	81¼
Kan City So 5s	5,000	102⅜
Kings Co E L & P pur money 6s	45,000	112
Laclede G L of St L 1st 5s	1,000	102⅞
Lacka Steel 5s	3,000	98
	7,000	98¾
	5,000	99
	3,000	98⅞
	1,000	99
	1,000	99¼
L, S & M So 3½s	1,000	91⅞
L, S & M So 4s	1,000	95¼
	1,000	95
L, S & M So 4s, 1931	10,000	94½
Louis & N gen 6s	1,000	116
unified 4s	5,000 3	99
	5,000	99
Pens & Atl 6s	3,000	110½
Pens Div 6s	1,000	108
L & Nash So, Mon joint 4s	1,000	91½
M M col trust 4½s	2,000	98½
	4,000	98¾
Mich Cent 3½s	20,000	90
Mich Cen deb 4s	23,000	92
Midld, N J, 1st 6s	99,000	101
M, St P & S S M 1st cons 4s	3,000	99⅝
M & St L con 5s	5,000	109
Mo, K & T 2d 4s	1,000	86¾
M, K & T s f 4½s	10,000	89⅝
	5,000	90
Mo Pac conv 5s, Trust Co ctfs full paid	1,000	95⅜
	15,000	95½
	1,000	95⅜
	5,000	95¼
	9,000	95⅝
Mo P 1st con 6s	9,000	110½
Mo Pacific 4s	2,000	81
Nat Rys of M gen 4s	10,000	85⅝
Nat Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s	3,000	94⅞
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s	5,000	110
N Y Central gen 3½s	1,000	91
deb 4s, 1934	2,000	95⅝
L S col 3½s	21,000	81¼
registered	8,000	80¼
M C col 3½s	3,000	79⅞
N Y, C & St L 4s	4,000	100
N Y Gas, E L, H & P col tr 5s	1,000	102½
pur money 4s	2,000	84¼
	3,000	83¾
N Y, Lack & Wn 1st 6s	3,000	116½
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	6,000	134½
	10,000	134⅜
conv 3½s	2,000	101
N Y Tel 4½s rects	1,000	98½
	2,000	98⅝
Norf & West conv 4s	62,000	101¼
North Pac 3s	1,000s20f	73¼
	2,000	73⅜
	2,000	73¼
	1,000	73⅛
	2,000	73⅜
	500	74
North Pac 4s	3,000	101⅝
	3,000	101⅞
Ore R & N con 4s	10,000	97
Ore Short Line 1st con 5s	2,000	113⅜
	10,000	113⅜
Pac Tel & T 5s	4,000	98⅞
	1,000	99
Penn gtd 4½s	1,000	105
Penn conv 3½s, 1915	11,000	96¼
	15,000	96¼
	73,000	96⅜
Penn Co 3½s, 1941	1,000	90¼
Penn gtd 3½s, 1916	1,000	97⅝
Peo & East 1st 4s	5,000	94
Reading gen 4s	19,000	99½
	1,000	99⅜
	1,000	99½
	2,000	99⅝
Reading, Jersey C col 4s	10,000	97
R & Danv deb 5s	3,000	107⅝
St L, Ir Mt & So, River & Gulf 4s	1,000	87¼
St L & S F R R gen 5s	1,000	88¾
	9,000	88½
	1,000	88¼
	1,000	88½
refunding 4s	4,000	83¾
	3,000	83¼
St L S W 1st 4s	5,000	93¼
	12,000	93
St L S W con 4s	10,000	78
San A & A P 4s	4,000	87¼
South Pac 4s	3,000	93¼
South Pac conv 4s	32,000	102⅝
	80,000	102¾
	1,000	102⅝
	15,000	102⅝
	10,000	102¾
	10,000	102⅝
So Pac 1st ref 4s	5,000	94⅜
	2,000	94⅝
South Ry 1st 5s	1,000	107½
South Ry gen 4s	7,000	80¾
	2,000s20f	80½
	58,000	80⅝
M & O col 4s	1,000	89¼
Third Av con 4s	10,000	63½
Cent Trust Co ctfs stamped	13,000	65
	2,000	63½
	11,000	65
Tol, St L & W col 4s	10,000	85¾
	3,000	86
	10,000	85⅝
	2,000	85½
	2,000	85⅝
Tol, St L & W 4s	1,000	80¼
	2,000	81
Union Pac 1st 4s	4,000	101⅜
	2,000	101½
	5,000	101⅝
	1,000	101½
registered	7,000	101¼
Union Pac conv 4s	17,000	110¼
	25,000	110
	1,000	110¼
	5,000	109⅞
	10,000	109¾
	300	110¼
	35,000	109¾
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s	4,000	96⅞
	1,000	97
U S R & Imp 5s	5,000	92¾
	5,000	92½
	5,000	92
U S Rubber 6s	3,000	104¼
	7,000	104
	1,000	104⅛
	1,000	104
U S Steel Corp s f 5s	6,000	105
	5,000	104⅞
	1,000	105
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	5,000	98
Va Iron, C & C 5s	3,000	93⅜
Wabash 1st 5s	1,000	112
Wabash 2d 5s	1,000	101½
Wabash ref & ext 4s	5,000	73⅛
	4,000	73
	5,000	73¼
	1,000	73⅛
Wab Pitts Ter 1st Trust Co ctfs	13,000	45
	5,000	44⅞
	3,000	45
	25,000	44½
Wab Pitts Ter 2d Trust Co ctfs	10,000	4½
West Shore 4s	3,000	101⅝
registered	1,000	100¼
Wn Md 4s	2,000	85
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s	15,000	92
MINING BONDS.		
Comstock Tun 1st 4s	1,300	13½

Total sales Feb. 1, 1910	$2,504,500
From Jan. 1, 1910	89,794,000
Corresponding period last year	147,219,000

Looking for purchasers of rare volumes you would like to sell? Use the Book Exchange of The New York Times Saturday Review. Advertising rate, 25 cents per agate line.—Adv.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Market Again Moves Sluggishly and Coppers Are Generally Lower at the Close.

DECLINES ARE FRACTIONAL

"Merger Coppers" Close from ⅛ to ¼ Below Opening Prices—American Tobacco Recovers Part of Opening Loss.

Minor declines were made in many of the coppers on the Curb yesterday and trading was in small volume. Braden Copper was one of the exceptions, both in point of activity and strength. Transactions of 6,600 shares put the price up from 4⅝ to 4⅞. Of the "merger coppers" Boston lost ⅛, Greene-Cananea ¼, Nevada Consolidated ⅛, and Giroux, after a decline of ⅛, closed even with the opening level at 10½. Trading was in small volume in all. Trading in the bond list was narrow and prices unchanged except in Western Pacific 5s, which dropped from 97⅝ to 97½ on transactions of only $8,000. American Tobacco, after opening at 390, 10 points down from Monday's high level, rose to 395 and closed at 394½ after sales of 240 shares.

⁂

The transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
240	Am. Tobacco	390	395	390	394½
5	D. P. (E. I.) De N. Powder Co.	135	135	135	135
500	June Oil	20	20	20	20
100	Man. Transit	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
102	Standard Oil	†640½	646	640	646
271	U. Cig. Mfg.	88	88	86	†87
1,400	U. S. L. & H.	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2 5-16
100	U.S.L.&H. pf.	8¼	8	7⅞	7⅞
	RAILROADS.				
800	Chi. Subway	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
400	K.C.,M. & O.	22½	23	22½	23
100	S. Sh. Trac.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
	MINING STOCKS.				
1,200	Bos. Copper	19¾	19¾	19⅝	19¾
6,600	Braden Copper	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
500	Br. Col. Cop.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,500	Chino Copper	13⅛	13⅛	13	13
5,000	*Cob. Central	18	18	17	18
1,500	Col. Silver	¾	¾	⅝	11-16
6,700	*Comb. Fraction	33	33	31	32
400	*Com. Mining	52	52	52	52
3,000	Con. Ar. Sm.	2 11-16	2¾	2⅝	2 11-16
1,200	D.-D. Copper	3 5-16	3 5-16	3¼	3⅜
300	First Nat. Cop.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
2,235	Gila Copper	8⅝	†8⅞	8½	8⅝
3,000	Giroux Mining	10½	10⅝	10⅜	10½
1,500	Goldf. Cons.	7⅝	7⅝	7 9-16	7 9-16
2,000	Gr.-Cananea	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
4,100	*Harcuvar Cop.	58	58	56	57
697	Insp. Copper	9¼	9¼	9⅛	9¼
4,500	Kerr Lake	9	9 1-16	8⅞	8 15-16
200	King Edward	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,400	La R. Cons.	4½	4½	4⅜	4 7-16
750	*McKin.-Dar.	80	85	80	85
4,200	Miami Copper	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24⅝
4,000	*Mont. of R. C.	3	3	3	3
500	*Mines Co.of A.	48	48	48	48
500	New Baltic Cop.	13½	13½	13½	13½
2,100	Nev. Con. Cop.	23½	23½	23⅛	23⅜
1,000	Nevada Smelt.	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
850	Nev.-U. M. & S.	1⅜	†1 7-16	1 5-16	1⅜
100	North Butte C.	39½	39½	39½	39½
600	Nip. Mines Co.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
663	Ohio Copper	4½	4½	4⅜	4 7-16
1,200	Pacific Smelt.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛
800	Precious Met.	1½	1½	1⅜	1⅜
2,500	Ray Central	3 11-16	3 11-16	3⅝	3 11-16
1,200	Ray Con.	23⅝	24	23½	23½
1,100	Silver Leaf	12	12	12	12
500	Silver Queen	20	21	20	21
200	So.Utah M.& S.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½
500	Stewart	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
225	Sup. & Pitts.	15	†15	†14½	14½
900	Tenabo M. & S.	3	3	3	3
400	*Tonopah Ext.	73	73	72	72
450	Tonopah Min.	6⅝	†6 11-16	6⅝	6⅝
12,700	*Tramps Con.	7½	7½	7	7
650	Union Mines	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
2,500	*Union Pac. C.	9	10	9	10
200	United Copper	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,000	*United Rico	19	19	19	19
200	Yukon Gold M.	4 15-16	5	4 15-16	5
	BONDS.				
$3,000	Chi. Gt. West. 4s, w. i.	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
25,000	Lack. Steel deb. 5s	95½	95½	95½	95½
15,000	Lak. Steel con. mtg. 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
8,000	West. Pac. 5s	97⅝	97⅝	97½	97½

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Monday:

	Feb. 1. Bid.	Feb. 1. Asked.	Jan. 31. Bid.	Jan. 31. Asked.
Am. Tobacco	395	397	390	400
Am. Writing Paper	2¾	3½	2¾	3½
Am. Writing Paper pf	24½	27	24½	27
Am. L. & T. ex div	280	290	280	290
Am. L. & T. pf. ex div	105	107	105	107
Borden's Cond. Milk	117	119½	117	119½
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	104	106½	104	106½
Boston Copper	19⅝	19¾	20	20⅛
British Col. Copper	7⅜	7½	7¼	7½
Braden Copper	4⅝	4⅞	4½	4⅝
Butte Coalition	25½	26½	26	27
Chicago Subway	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
Combination/Fraction	31	33	33	—
Cobalt Central	17½	18	17½	18
Davis-Daly Copper	3¼	3⅝	3	3¼
First Nat. Copper	5	5¼	5¼	5⅝
Giroux	10⅜	10½	10½	10⅝
Goldfield Con.	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Greene-Cananea	9⅝	9⅞	9⅞	10⅛
International Salt	5	7	4	8
Kerr Lake	8⅞	8 15-16	8 15-16	9
Manhattan Transit	1⅜	2	1⅞	2¼
Mason Valley	2	2¼	2	2⅛
Miami Copper	24⅝	25⅛	24⅞	25¼
Mines Co. of America	48	50	48	50
Nevada Con. Copper	23⅛	23½	22⅛	22½
New Baltic Copper	13½	13⅝	13⅜	14
Nev.-Utah M. & S.	1 5-16	1 7-16	1 5-16	1 7-16
Nipissing Mines Co.	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
Ohio Copper	4 7-16	4½	4½	4 9-16
Pope Mfg.	..	79	..	79
Pope Mfg. pf.	84	87	84	87
Ray Central	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾
Ray Consolidated	23½	23⅝	24	24⅛
So. Utah M. & S.	3	3⅜	3	3⅜
Standard Milling	16	19	16	19
Standard Milling pf.	56	59	56	59
Standard Oil	644	648	640	645
Tri-Bullion	1 1-16	1⅛	1	1 1-16
Tonopah Mining	6½	6⅝	6½	6¾
United Cigar Mfg.	86	87	87½	88½
United Copper	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7⅜
U. S. Light & Heat	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
U. S. L. & H. pf.	8	8½	7⅞	8½
Western Pacific 5s	97⅜	97½	97⅜	97½
Yukon Gold Mining	4⅞	5	4⅞	5

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1.—Both International Trust and Northern Central, the strong and prominent features of trading for several days, made further advances, but both reacted. After gaining ⅜ further, to 151⅜, International Trust sold off to 147½. Negotiations are in progress for the merging of the International Trust and Baltimore Trust Companies, but the proposition has not yet reached the stage for submission to the stockholders. Northern Central made another new high record, at 126, but lost a fraction later. Shares, 560; bonds, $58,000.

Sales.	BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Atl. C. L. cons. 4s	95½	95⅜	95½
7,000	Atl. C. L. R. R. 4s cts.	101	101	101
2,000	A. C. L. of C. 5s cts.	106¼	106¼	106¼
3,000	Balto. City 3½s, 1940	97	97	97
12,000	Cotton Duck 5s	75½	75½	75½
1,000	Coal & Iron Ry. 5s	101	101	101
3,000	Fair & Clark's Tr. 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000	Macon, D. & Sav. 5s	96½	96½	96½
2,000	Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	St.L., I. M. & G. D. 4s	87⅝	87	87
2,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
2,000	Seaboard 10-yr. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
3,000	Sparrows Point 4½s	94½	94½	94½
8,000	United Rys. pfd. 5s	84	83⅝	84
1,000	United Rys. 4s	86½	86½	86½
	STOCKS.			
15	A. C. L. of Conn. war.	160	160	160
75	Con. Cotton Duck com.	5	5	5
10	C. G., E. L. & P. com.	48	48	48
10	Cons. Coal	110¾	110¾	110¾
10	C. G. E. L. & P. pf.	86½	86½	86½
15	Georges Cr. C. & I.	121	121	121
230	International Trust	151⅜	147½	147½
195	Northern Central	126	125½	125½

The Treasury Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Jan. 31.	Month.	Fisc. Yr.
Customs	$556,307	$25,731,259	$193,587,253
Internal revenue	322,357	20,250,235	157,278,638
Miscellaneous	352,447	4,340,681	20,335,406
Total	$1,231,111	$50,322,175	$371,201,298
Deficit	641,044	1,724,746	25,044,656

Investors desiring full information of the value of their holdings consult The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. The financial and monetary position authoritatively and impartially described. Accurate quotations of every bond and stock dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb; prices of wheat, cotton, and metals; declared dividends; railroad earnings. A practical guide to Wall Street. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.—Adv.

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100 Amer. Brake Shoe, Com.
100 American Coal Products
100 Cincinnati Northern
100 Del., Lack. & West. Coal
100 Lackawanna Steel
100 Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust
100 Mech. & Metals Nat'l Bank
100 Safety Car Heat. & Light.
100 Standard Coupler, Com.
100 W. A. Wood Mow. & R. Mach. Co.
FOR SALE
100 Borden's Milk, Com.
100 Buffalo & L. E. Traction, Com.
100 Des Moines & Ft. Dodge, Pfd.
100 General Chemical, Com.
125 Internat. Silver, Pfd.
100 Rubber Goods Mfg. Pfd.
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QUARTERLY STATEMENT of Assets and Liabilities, sworn to by certified public accountants, furnished to all.
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5 Atlantic Av. 1st 5s, 1931..Offering
100 Niagara Falls Power Co...Offering
100 Safety Car Htg. & Ltg...@132¾
5 Standard Milling 1st 5s..@ 82½
10 United Lead Deb. 5s....@ 62½
5 U. S. Envelope 1st 5s....@101
50 Worthington (Pump) Pfd.@107½

WILL SELL:

50 Am. Coal Products......@ 97
100 Bank of Metropolis (N.Y.) @410
100 Bleecker St. & Fulton Fer.@ 25
10 Central Fireworks Pfd....Bid
20 Childs' (Restaurant) Pfd..@111½
100 Kings Co. E. L. & Power.@133½
23 Niles-Bement-Pond Com..@100
1 Peor. Wat'w'ks Co. Deb. 4s@30 flat
10 Syrac. Rap. Transit 2d 5s.@ 99¾
100 Tenn. Coal & Iron Pfd..@175
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SECURITY.—These bonds are a first mortgage on all of the property owned by the Company, including valuable water rights, entitling the Company to first storage appropriations, all rights of way, canals and reservoirs, of 240,000-acre feet, valued at $4,000,000. Further secured by settlers' contracts placed with the American Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, Trustee, these contracts being first mortgages on their lands and placed with the Trustee at a ratio of $148 of contracts to every $100 bonds issued.

LOCATION—The land to be irrigated comprises a tract of 70,000 acres, lying in the central part of Teton County, Montana, just east of the main ridge of the Rocky Mountains.

LAND VALUES.—A conservative estimate places the value at from $75 to $100 per acre; thus the security is from three to four times the amount of bonded indebtedness, which is limited by the Trust Deed to $25 per acre.

Further information on request.

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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Inter.-Met. Issues Weak.

The Interborough-Metropolitan stocks were both weak yesterday, the common declining to 19½, a drop of 2 points, and the preferred to 49¾, a drop of 5¼ points. In the final hour, when the rest of the market rallied, these losses were reduced, and the final prices showed losses of 3 points in the preferred and ⅞ in the common. One suggestion advanced in the morning for the weakness of these issues was the impending sale under foreclosure of the Third Avenue Railroad property, but this met with the reply, by way of reminder, that the company had sold out its holdings of Third Avenue stock a long time ago. The movements in the Interborough-Metropolitan stocks have been linked more or less closely with the varying phases of the surface traction situation. One of the Directors of the company said yesterday that the company's Subway and elevated properties were enough, in his opinion, to give present values to the company's stocks, even if the surface lines were left out entirely.

⁂

Rock Island Bonds Paid Off.

The Rock Island collateral trust bonds formerly secured by pledge of the controlling stock interest in the Frisco became due yesterday, under the call of redemption issued by the company two months ago, and were paid off at 102½ and interest by the Central Trust Company, trustee of the bonds. This payment is the last step in the separation of the Frisco from the Rock Island system, the union of which was an experiment in railroad consolidation that began to work unsatisfactorily to those most directly concerned very soon after the two roads were brought under one control.

⁂

American Tobacco Stronger.

American Tobacco common, which in its inactive market on the Curb has reflected to some extent the fluctuating sentiment engendered by the varying opinions as to the outcome of the Government's suit, recovered yesterday one-half of the drop from 400 to 490 in Monday's market. Transactions totaled 240 shares, an unusual volume for this stock, and the close was within one-half a point of the day's high level of 395. At that the stock is still 25 points below the highest price of January, which in itself is still 115 points below the top notch reached in 1906.

⁂

Lost Stockholders.

Even the 300 per cent. melon cut last Fall by Wells Fargo & Co. has failed to bring in all of the outstanding stockholders. Wall Street is accustomed to a percentage of the holders of old and widely scattered issues failing to come forward when rights or privileges of one sort or another are to be had for the small trouble of application, but it is doubtful if ever before an exceptional privilege such as that offered to the Wells Fargo stockholders of subscriptions at par to two new shares for each held has received so much publicity. There is scarcely a newspaper in the country which did not make comment on the distribution. The rights to subscribe expire on Feb. 27, but the 300 per cent. cash dividend is not payable until Feb. 10. That, of course, will reach all stockholders of record whether they have been heard from or not.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

There were indications in the closing dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange of the existence of a good-sized floor short interest, which was nervous and inclined to cover. Short selling was encouraged early in the day by the apparent lack of snap to the market and its failure to rally materially. Commission house business was generally on the buying side, but stocks were offered quite freely by the professional element, and this imparted relative softness compared with New York Stock Exchange quotations. Sales totaled 177,110 shares, distributed among 52 different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,550	Amal. Copper	81¾	82¼	81	81⅝
100	Am. B. Sug.	37	37⅛	36⅞	36⅞
290	Am. Can	11⅛	11⅛	11	11
50	Am. C. & Fdy.	64	64	63½	63½
50	Am. Hide & L.	7	7	7	7
20	Am. Ice	22	22	22	22
60	Am. Loco've	52¼	52¼	52	52
4,510	Am. Smelting	91½	91½	90¼	91⅛
40	Am. Sugar	121¼	121¼	121¼	121¼
200	Anaconda Cop.	51¼	51¼	50½	50⅝
390	A., T. & S. F.	116¼	116¼	115⅝	116
140	Balt. & Ohio	112⅝	113	112⅝	113
850	Brook. R. T.	72⅝	72⅝	71	72
140	Cent. Leather	40¼	40⅝	39¾	39¾
590	Ches. & Ohio	84⅛	85	83	84
320	C., M. & St. P.	147⅝	148	147¼	148
760	Cal. Fuel & I.	38¼	38⅝	36¾	37⅞
850	Consol. Gas	145½	145⅞	144⅜	145⅝
70	Corn Products	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
60	Den. & R. G.	42⅝	42⅝	42	42¼
20	Dist. Secur.	31⅞	31½	31½	31½
430	Erie	29	29½	28⅝	29
10	Gt. North. pf.	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝
10	Gt. N. Or. cfs.	71½	71½	71½	71½
970	Inter.-Met.	21¼	21¼	19⅝	20⅝
950	Inter.-Met. pf.	55	55	50	51⅝
10	Kan. City So.	38	38	38	38
80	Mo., K. & Tex.	42½	42½	41⅞	41⅞
20	M., K. & T. pf.	72	72	72	72
160	Mo. Pacific	69½	69½	68½	68½
10	Nat. Lead	83½	83½	83½	83½
30	N. Mex. 2d pf.	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞
200	N. Y. Central	119	119	118½	119
260	N. Y., O. & W.	45½	45½	44⅞	45
260	Nor. Pacific	136	136½	135½	136
2,060	Pennsylvania	133⅝	133⅝	132⅞	133½
10	Pitts. Coal	21½	21½	21½	21½
19,340	Reading	159⅞	160¼	158½	159⅞
50	Rep. Steel	36	36⅛	35	35⅛
100	Rock Island	42¼	42⅜	41¼	42⅜
1,700	Southern Pac.	127⅞	128¼	126⅞	128
250	Southern Ry.	29	29½	28⅞	29
30	Tex. Pacific	31½	31½	31½	31½
1,560	Third Av.	12½	12½	10½	11
30,260	Union Pacific	185⅞	186¼	184½	186
140	U. S. Rubber	42⅝	43	41⅝	42
100	U. S. Rub. rts.	.01¼	.01¼	.01¼	.01¼
44,690	U. S. Steel	82	82⅝	81⅛	82⅛
20	U. S. Steel pf.	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞	122⅞
20	Va.-Car. Chem.	51½	51½	51½	51½
20	Wabash	21	21	21	21
850	Wabash pf.	48	48	46⅞	47¼
117,110					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Atlanta	.11	.11	.11	.11
300	Belcher	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
150	Comstock	.27	.27	.27	.27
200	Crown Point	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15
500	Cumb. Fract.	.32	.32	.32	.32
700	El Paso	.67½	.68	.67½	.68
400	Elkton	.70	.70	.70	.70
200	Gold Cons.	7.62½	7.62½	7.62½	7.62½
1,050	Hale & Nor.	.62	.62	.62½	.61½
200	Horn. Silver	.95	.95	.95	.95
250	Mexican	1.67½	1.67½	1.67½	1.67½
450	Ophir	2.10	2.12½	2.10	2.12½
200	Portland	.99	.99	.99	.99
200	Tonopah Ex.	.75	.75	.75	.75
1,900	Tramps	.07½	.07½	.07½	.07½
150	Yellow Jacket	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
7,850					

WHEAT.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
250,000	May op.	1.10½	1.11⅝	1.10⅝	1.11⅝

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Ticker Publishing Company of New York has issued a small volume entitled "Studies on Tape Reading," which gives in concise form information for the guidance of speculators.

E. H. Rollins & Sons are offering Seattle 4½ per cent. bonds and Los Angeles 4½ per cent. bonds, both yielding 4.20 per cent., and San Francisco 5 per cent. bonds, yielding 4.25 per cent.

The Stock Exchange has stricken from the list Atchison 4 per cent. debenture Series HH, due 1910; De Bardeleben Coal and Iron Company first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds due 1910, and Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway Company first 6 per cent., due 1910.

At the Finance Forum of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, this evening, Henry Clews will speak on "Wall Street Reminiscences," and Welding Ring, President of the New York Produce Exchange, on "Developing and Financing Our Export Trade."

The Stock Exchange firm of Clement & Smith has been dissolved and a new firm formed under the name of Clement & Whitney, consisting of Stanton Whitney, Stock Exchange member, and Allen T. Clement, both of the old firm, with Aaron S. Thomas and Henry G. Smith as special partners, with offices at 1 Nassau Street. Mr. Smith was a general partner in Clement & Smith.

If you are looking for a Business Opportunity, see Page 17.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

London Trading Cheerful — Balkan Rumors Cause Drop in Berlin.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—Money was plentiful, with the turn of the month, and discount rates were easy to-day, in anticipation of an early reduction in the Bank of England's rate.

Trading on the Stock Exchange continued cheerful on favorable news from Paris and fair general investment buying of British and foreign securities, while conversion rumors helped Japanese bonds. Home rails were firm on dividend announcements, and Kaffirs received attention from speculators. Rubber shares remained active and firm, but copper stocks declined.

Uncertainty characterized the early dealings in American securities. Trading was light, with irregular price changes, until New York sold moderately in the afternoon and caused a setback. The market closed lifeless after an uninteresting session.

Bar silver steady, 23⅝d per ounce.

Money, 2 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 2 9-16@2⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 2 9-16@2⅝ per cent.

PARIS, Feb. 1.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 75c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 17½c for checks.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—Unfavorable political reports from the Balkans caused a sharp decline in prices on the Boerse here to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	82 1-16	..	..	—3-16
Consols, account	82 3-16	..	..	—3-16
Anaconda	10½	50½	51¼	— 1
Atchison	119⅝	116	116¾	— ½
Can. Pacific	184½	180¼	180	+ ¾
St. Paul	152⅜	148⅛	148⅛	..
Erie	30	29½	29½	— ¼
Erie 1st pf	48½	47½	47⅞	
Illinois Central	145 ex	144½	144	+ ½
Louis. & Nash	159½	144½	145	— ½
N. Y. Central	122	118¾	118¾	— ½
Pennsylvania	68⅝	133⅞	133⅞	+ ⅜
Reading	82½	160	159⅞	+ ⅜
Southern Pacific	131⅛	127⅝	127⅞	— ½
Union Pacific	191	185⅞	186⅛	— ⅜
U. S. Steel	84¼	81⅞	82	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf	126½	123¼	123¾	+ ⅛

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	7	9	Esperanza	2	19	6
Tomboy	0	17	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	8	6	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	3

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 1.—Trading in the local market was somewhat lighter to-day. Traders were generally sellers of stocks, while commission houses, especially those with Western connections, were reported as buyers. Price changes were generally small, in fact smaller than has been the case for some time. Lake Copper fluctuated between 75½ and 73, and North Butte declined to 39½. The closing was dull, but steady.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$13,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	92½	92	92
10,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	102½	102¼	102¼
29,200	A., G. & W. I. S.S.5s	68	68	68
18,200	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	97	96⅝	96⅝
9,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
5,000	K. C. M. & B. 4s	93½	93½	93½
14,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	98⅜	98¼	98⅜
1,000	New River 5s	79	79	79
2,000	West End 4s, 1916	99½	99¼	99¼
3,000	Western T. & T. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
	RAILROADS.			
56	Atchison pf	103	103	103
82	Boston Elevated	133	132⅝	132⅝
21	Boston & Albany	232	231	232
62	Boston & Maine	151	150	151
5	Boston & Maine pf	160	160	160
80	Boston & Wor. pf	44	44	44
12	Fitchburg pf	132	131	132
10	Mass. Electric	17	17	17
40	Mass. Electric pf	80¼	80	80¼
100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	157½	157	157½
155	N. Y., N. H. & H. 25 per cent. paid	147	146	146⅝
25	Union Pacific	185⅝	185⅝	185⅝
17	West End	92½	92½	92½
5	West End pf	107	107	107
	TELEPHONES.			
1,056	American	137½	136⅝	137½
150	Mexican	3⅝	3½	3½
20	Mexican pf	6½	6½	6½
11	New England	136	135	136
10	Western pf	91	91	91
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
96	Am. Agr. Chemical	44½	43⅝	44
57	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	103	103	103
50	A. G. & W. I. S. S.	10½	10¼	10¼
105	A. G. & W. I. S. S. pf	25½	25	25
30	Am. Pneu. Service	8	7½	7½
70	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf	21	21	21
15	Am. Sugar Ref.	121	120¼	120¼
25	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	121	120⅞	121
20	Am. Woolen	36¼	35⅞	36¼
147	Am. Woolen pf	102½	101⅝	101⅝
160	East Boston Land	10½	9⅞	9⅞
10	Eastern S. S.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
53	Edison	244½	244¼	244¼
18	General Electric	153⅛	152¼	152¼
815	Mass. Gas	80	79⅞	80
30	Mass. Gas pf	95¼	95	95¼
6	Mergenthaler	215½	215½	215½
15	N. E. Cotton Yarn	121½	121½	121½
5	N. E. Cotn. Yarn pf	114	114	114
10	Reece Buttonhole	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
50	Reece Folding Mach.	5½	5½	5½
55	Rotary Ring	12	12	12
1	Seattle Electric	115	115	115
146	Swift & Co.	105½	104½	105¼
217	United Fruit	182	180	180½
100	United Shoe	66½	66¼	66½
103	United Shoe pf	29½	29½	29⅝
3,312	U. S. Steel	82⅝	81⅝	82⅝
36	U. S. Steel pf	123	122	122½
4	Westinghouse	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
	MINING.			
185	*Adventure	10	9½	9½
2,775	Amalgamated	82¼	81	81⅜
170	Allouez	48½	48	48
270	Arcadian	7½	7½	7½
760	Arizona Com'l	42½	41	41½
65	Atlantic	10	9⅝	9⅝
50	Batopilas	3½	3	3½
40	Boston Cons	19⅝	19½	19½
35	Boston Corbin	20½	20½	20½
85	Butte Coalition	26¼	25⅞	26¼
90	Butte & Balaklala	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
409	Calumet & Arizona	73	72	73
1	Calumet & Hecla	640	640	640
825	Centennial	29½	29	29
1,300	Con. Mercur	11c	11c	11c
851	Copper Range	80	79	79
35	Daly-West	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
665	East Butte	10½	10⅛	10⅜
3,382	Franklin	20⅝	19⅝	20⅝
2,087	Giroux	10⅝	10¼	10⅜
126	Granby	96	95	95
685	Granby rights	85c	75c	85c
850	Greene-Cananea	10	9⅝	9⅝
245	*Hancock	26	25	25¼
200	Helvetia	5	4⅝	4⅝
85	Isle Royale	23⅝	23	23
460	Kerr Lake	9	9	9
120	Keweenaw	5	4½	5
3,251	Lake	75½	73	74
295	La Salle	16	15½	16
210	Mass	8½	7½	8½
325	Mayflower	1½	1½	1½
150	Mexico	4	4	4
635	Miami	25	24¼	24¼
425	Mohawk	69⅝	69⅛	69⅛
327	Nevada	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
620	Nipissing	10⅝	10	10½
2,117	North Butte	40½	39½	39⅝
1,235	North Lake	16½	16	16
230	Ojibway	9½	9¼	9½
2,015	Old Colony	1⅝	1½	1½
120	Old Dominion	47	46⅛	46⅛
75	Osceola	155	154	154
45	Parrot	20	19½	19½
50	Santa Fe	2½	2½	2½
370	Shannon	15⅝	15¼	15⅝
125	St. Mary's Land	68	65½	67
540	Superior	59	58	58¼
200	Superior & Boston	15	14½	14½
350	Superior & Pitts	15	14	14½
200	Tamarack	76	71	72
450	Trinity	9½	9	9
150	U. S. Smelting	48¼	47⅛	47¼
65	U. S. Smelting pf	51½	50⅞	50⅞
115	Utah Apex	4½	4½	4½
405	Utah Cons	40	39½	40
48	Winona	10⅛	10	10

*Ex dividend.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 1.—The following were the closing transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	STOCKS.			
1,330	Crucible Steel	16¼	15⅞	16
245	Crucible Steel pf	88⅝	88¼	88¼
20	Fireproofing pf	28	28	28
10	Harb.-Walker Ref. pf	93¼	93¼	93¼
810	Mfrs. L. & H.	22⅝	22½	22½
10	Pittsburg Brewing	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
35	Pittsburg Brewing pf	42½	42⅜	42½
10	Pittsburg Coal	21½	21½	21½
21	Pittsburg Coal pf	71½	71⅛	71½
100	River Coal	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝
800	Ross Mining	20c	20c	20c
122	Sewer Pipe	15	14⅝	14⅝
415	U. S. Glass	48¼	47⅞	48
150	U. S. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	82
10	Westing. Machine	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10	Westing. Elec.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
48	West. Penn. pf.	[illegible]	21¼	21¼
	UNLISTED.			
71	Ohio Fuel Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼
700	San Toy	36c	35c	36c
1,100	Silver Peak	75c	75c	75c
50	Superior & Pittsburg	14½	14½	14½
	BONDS.			
$5,000	Jones & Laughlin 5s	101	101	101

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Feb. 1.—The following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8⅝	9	Jackpot	7	7¼
Elkton	69⅝	70	McKinney	46½	48
El Paso	67½	68	Old Gold	4	4¼
Findlay	10½	11	Portland	102	105
Gold Dollar	10	11	Vindicator	77	..
Isabella	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

RATE WAR MAY NOT COME.

Belief That Railways Will Reach a Settlement Before Long.

The lines running out of New York are said to be again in a fair way to reach an agreement regarding rail and water and all-rail differential rates, and the hope was expressed in railroad circles yesterday that the threatened rate war among the New York-Chicago lines on Western shipments may be avoided.

The Erie and the Lackawanna, which recently announced their purpose to reduce the basic first-class rate from 75 cents to 69 cents on April 1 have not yet filed notice of this reduction with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and it may be that an adjustment of the whole differential matter will be reached soon enough to cause these roads to abandon their purpose to put these reductions into effect.

The officers of the lines concerned were reticent yesterday regarding the hoped-for adjustment of this differential rate dispute, but it was not denied that the matter might shortly be amicably settled.

"WHITE COAL"

This is the name applied by some brilliant man to water power. The reason for calling it "white coal" is that water power will produce all the results in the way of light, heat and power which can be produced by coal. It has the additional tremendous advantage of being inexhaustible, and when it is once developed it produces light, heat and power at a very small cost and without a serious charge for maintenance, whereas coal is produced with large expenditure of money and the maximum of danger, and in time will be exhausted. The further we have to go for our coal the more expensive it will become.

Attention has been very forcibly directed the last few years to power produced by falling water, and in all parts of the country great power developments have been undertaken. We do not mean to state that all hydro-electric power propositions are sound. It is just as necessary to discriminate in these propositions as in any other form of investment, but a hydro-electric power company which has an adequate supply of water and has not cost too much for development and is located within a reasonable distance of a market for power is one of the most valuable and permanent of investments.

We have made a study for years of this subject and have invested our money in several hydro-electric power companies, which have been very successful. And we can at the present time offer the First Mortgage Bonds of one of the best of these power developments at a price to yield 5¼ per cent. These bonds are an absolute first mortgage on the whole property. The property is thoroughly developed and in running condition and has proved to be one of the most efficient power companies in existence. It has already demonstrated a very large earning power.

Illustrated pamphlet and descriptive circular will be sent on request free of charge. Ask for circular No. 66-W.

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS
43 Exchange Place, New York
BOSTON CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO DENVER
Telephone 7007 Hanover

New York, February 1, 1910.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
First Mortgage Bonds
OF THE
MIDLAND RAILROAD COMPANY
OF NEW JERSEY

DATED APRIL 1ST, 1880. MATURING APRIL 1ST, 1910.

The undersigned, successor by merger to the Midland Railroad Company of New Jersey, offers to extend the above-mentioned bonds so that they shall mature April 1st, 1940, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first days of April and October in each year, at the office or agency of the Company in the City of New York, THE PRESENT FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITY OF SAID BONDS TO REMAIN UNIMPAIRED.

Holders of such bonds are referred to the appended announcement of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. as to the terms of the extended offer.

New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad Company
By F. D. UNDERWOOD, President.

23 Wall Street, New York, February 1, 1910.

Referring to the above notice, the extension offer applies only to the holders of such bonds who deposit the same, together with the April 1st, 1910, coupon, with the undersigned, at their office, 23 Wall Street, New York, ON OR BEFORE MARCH 1ST, 1910, and who make a cash payment at the same time of $95 per $1,000 bond. The April 1st, 1910, coupons will be cashed at the time of such deposit. Copies of the Extension Supplement may be had on application at the office of the undersigned.

Temporary receipts will be issued upon such deposit, exchangeable for bonds with the Extension Supplement and new coupon sheet attached thereto, when prepared.

We are prepared to buy at par and interest at any time prior to March 1, 1910, the bonds of such holders as do not desire to avail themselves of the above privilege of extension.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

Seattle, Wash. 4½s to yield 4.20%
Los Angeles, Cal. 4½s to yield 4.20%
San Francisco, Cal. 5s to yield 4.25%
Circulars on Request.
E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 EXCHANGE PLACE, New York City.
Boston, Chicago, Denver, San Francisco.
TELEPHONE, HANOVER 7000.

WANTED
Hudson River Water Power 5s, 1928
Hudson River Electric 5s, 1931
Hudson River Electric Power 5s, 1944
Kalispell Water & Electric 5s, 1913
Peoria Water Works Con. 4s, 1948
Indiana, Columbus & East. Trac. 5s, 1926
United States Envelope 5s, 1925
New England Investment Sec's Pfd.
American Glue Com. & Pfd.
Hartford Carpet Com.
Pope Manufacturing Com.
Columbian National Life
Pere Marquette 2nd Pfd. & Com.
Union Twist Drill Co.
Kirby Lumber Co. Com. & Pfd.
Douglas Shoe
Regal Shoe
Mass. Lighting Co.

HOTCHKIN & CO.
Investment Securities
STOCK EXCHANGE BLDG., BOSTON
Telephone 3448 Main
(3)

Buffalo & Susquehanna Iron & Steel
First and Debenture 5's
Werner Bros. & Goldschmidt
Tel. 4800-5 Broad. 25 BROAD ST.

Unlisted and Inactive Stocks and Bonds of All Corporations
BOUGHT, SOLD, AND QUOTED.
Gilbert, White & Co.
'Phone 825 Rector. 20 Broad St., N. Y.

TAX EXEMPT BONDS
WRITE FOR OUR LIST.
EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE & CO.,
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

WANTED
30 Safety Car Htg. & Lighting
50 Chicago, Ind. & L'ville Pfd.
BROWN, WILLIAMS & BURBANK
Tel. 2580 Rector. 111 Broadway, N. Y.

GIRARD TRUST CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
CHARTERED 1836.
Capital and Surplus, $10,000,000
E. B. MORRIS, President.
W. N. ELY, First Vice President.
A. A. JACKSON, Second Vice President.
C. J. RHOADS, 3d Vice Pres. & Treasurer.
E. S. PAGE, Secretary.

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company

MANHATTAN TRUST COMPANY
WALL STREET CORNER NASSAU

Windsor Trust Company
NEW YORK.
Uptown Office, Fifth Av. & 47th St.
Downtown Office, Nassau & Cedar Sts.
We Invite Your Deposit Account

Central Trust Company of New York
54 WALL STREET
CAPITAL and SURPLUS - - $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
358 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
100 West 125 St. 3d Ave. & 148 St.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

We beg to announce that Mr. ROBERT L. SMITLEY has this day retired from our firm and that Mr. HARRY D. LOCKWOOD has been admitted to membership in our firm.

C. W. MacQUOID & C.,
52 Broadway, New York City.

We announce the removal of our New York Office from No. 74 Broadway to the National City Bank Building, No. 55 Wall Street.

H. F. BACHMAN & CO.
Members
New York and Philadelphia
Stock Exchanges

We have prepared for distribution a booklet entitled
"Guaranteed Stocks and the Advantage of Their Purchase as Tax Exempt Investments"
which fully explains these Stocks, and shows the increase in Net Income obtainable by their purchase. The Booklet cites and summarizes the Tax Laws of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Maine, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Michigan, prepared by our Attorneys. A list of Stocks and Table showing Income Return are also included. The Booklet is of especial interest to all Investors and Institutions in the above States.

Telephone 1940 Rector
Joseph Walker & Sons
Members New York Stock Exchange
Private Wire to Philadelphia
20 Broad St. New York

STRUGGLE FOR THE NORTHWEST

What is the Financial Position of the Four Great Railroads Seeking the Conquest of the New World's Granary?

For the Earnings, Capitalization and the Market Value of Great Northern, Northern Pacific, St. Paul and Canadian Pacific see Dow, Jones & Co.'s Finanical News Bulletins this morning. Your Banker or Broker has them.

REDEMPTION OF
CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY SINKING FUND
BONDS OF 1879.

The following numbered bonds of the above issue, both Six and Five Per Cent., have been drawn for the Sinking Fund of 1909, in conformity with the mortgage, and will be redeemed by THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, at No. 20 William Street, New York, at 105 and accrued interest to February 1st, 1910, upon surrender of the bonds; interest will cease to accrue on and after that date. Registered bonds require to be assigned on delivery.

Registered bonds in denominations of $5,000 and $10,000, drawn in part for redemption, by numbers representing $1,000 each, must be surrendered and new registered bonds bearing interest from October 1, 1909, will be given for the undrawn portion thereof:

6% COUPON BONDS, $1,000 EACH.
Nos. 151, 975, 1780, 2213, 2430, 2772, 2808, 3018, 3865, 3892, 3963, 4060, 4071.

6% (E) REGISTERED BONDS, $1,000 EACH.
Nos. 0603, 0972, 1134, 1245, 1426, 1588, 1932, 1957, 1980, 1984, 2193, 2360, 2738, 2739, 2774, 2816, 2839, 2995, 3460, 3517.

6% (D) REGISTERED BONDS, $5,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.
Each number drawn representing $1,000.
Nos. 0263, 0294, 0310, 0482, 0492, 0564, 0573.

6% (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $10,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.
Each number drawn representing $1,000.
Nos. 0500, 0549, 0560, 0791, 0798, 0863, 0911, 0956, 01009, 01030, 01051, 01114, 01138, 01144, 01144, 01153, 01155.

5% COUPON BONDS, $1,000 EACH.
Nos. 0109, 0305, 0408, 0434, 0728, 0737, 1358, 1442, 1996, 2009, 2079, 2353, 2441, 2890, 2891, 2984, 3057, 3347, 3426, 3653, 3663, 3719, 3740, 4082, 4222, 4365, 4732, 4885, 4946, 5017, 5213, 5496, 5502, 5739, 5992, 6124.

5% (E) REGISTERED BONDS, $1,000 EACH.
Nos. 0023, 0088, 0257, 0281, 0686, 0867, 1008, 1216, 1648, 1984, 2461, 3016, 3185, 3324, 3338, 3431.

5% (D) REGISTERED BONDS, $5,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.
Each number drawn representing $1,000.
Nos. 0353, 0368, 0386, 0401, 0418, 0448, 0478, 0691, 0718, 0730, 0733, 0737, 0753, 0770, 0784, 0794, 0808, 0832.

5% (C) REGISTERED BONDS, $10,000 EACH, DRAWN IN PART.
Each number drawn representing $1,000.
Nos. 0810, 01190, 01218, 01236, 01245, 01281, 01375, 01421.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
By R. H. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

Cleveland, Ohio, January 25, 1910.

To the holders of the first mortgage 5% gold bonds of The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, dated January 1, 1898, issued under its first mortgage or deed of trust, dated January 1st, 1898, to The State Trust Company of New York, (now Morton Trust Company,) Trustee.

You are hereby notified that The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, pursuant to the provisions of its first mortgage 5% bonds aforesaid, dated January 1st, 1898, and of the aforesaid mortgage or deed of trust under which the same are issued, desires and elects to pay, redeem, and retire on the first day of April, 1910, all of said bonds then issued and outstanding, and said bonds are hereby called for redemption, payment, and retirement on said date through Morton Trust Company (formerly The State Trust Company,) Trustee under said mortgage or deed of trust, and will be paid, redeemed, and retired by this Company on said date at the office of said Morton Trust Company, Trustee, No. 38 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, upon presentation and surrender of said bonds with all unpaid coupons thereto belonging, by the payment of the principal thereof, and in addition 10% premium thereon, together with all interest accrued thereon and unpaid at said date. Each of said bonds shall cease to draw interest after April 1st, 1910, unless upon such date the same shall be presented for payment as aforesaid and default in payment thereof shall be made.

THE CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY.
By S. C. D. JOHNS, Secretary.

6% BONDS OF SOUND VALUE
MORTGAGES OF MERIT
SECURING THEM
COUPON BONDS
IN DENOMINATIONS OF
$100 $500 $1,000
MATURING IN 1914
Secured by tax exempt mortgages on improved real estate in Brooklyn, N. Y.
Send for booklet Series "A"
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

MADISON RIVER POWER COMPANY.

Pursuant to the terms of the sinking fund provisions of the mortgage of the Madison River Power Company to the undersigned, dated February 1, 1905, $36,675 have been deposited with the Trustee.

Proposals for the sale of bonds for the amount of the deposit stated are invited, and will be received by the Trustee at its office, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York, up to 12:00 o'clock noon on February 16, 1910.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.

THE Franklin Society
Saving by mail. State Banking Dept. supervision. Earnings (semi-annually) always higher than ordinary savings banks offer. First mortgages the security. Begin with $1 or more and get a mailing size pass book or write for Booklet A. 1 Beekman St., New York.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

CANADIAN INDUSTRAILS
Many of the Preferred Shares of Canada's leading industrials can be purchased at a price to yield as high as 7%. Circular sent on request.
WARREN, GZOWSKI & CO.,
MEMBERS TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.
TORONTO, 4 Colborne St.
NEW YORK, 25 Broad St.

MEN WANTED TO LEARN BOND BUSINESS
Young men desirous of entering (or those already in the employ of) Bond Houses should write for information to the Office of Roger W. Babson, Wellesley Hills, Mass.

6% INTEREST
From the ownership of valuable, centrally located business real estate.
INTEREST BEGINS IMMEDIATELY.
Amounts, $100—$500—$1,000.
Call or Write for Full Information.
BOND AND MORTGAGE DEPARTMENT,
LACKAWANNA REAL ESTATE CO.
1274 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

6% GOLD BONDS
Secured by 400% net assets.
Endorsed by TRUSTEES, both corporate and individual.
AN ASSURED INCOME FROM AN ASSURED SECURITY.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
Estab. 1896. | 489 5th Ave., New York.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

HENRY ZUCKERMAN & CO.—Whereas, the business of the firm of HENRY ZUCKERMAN & CO., having transacted business in the State of New York for not less than three (3) years last past, contnues to be conducted by some of the partners therein, to wit, by Henry Zuckerman and Harry S. Seeley;

Now, therefore, the undersigned, the said Henry Zuckerman and Harry S. Seeley, together with the said James McVickar, in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, do make and sign this certificate and do hereby declare that the persons intending to deal under such co-partnership name of Henry Zuckerman & Co., with their respective places of residence, are as follows:

HENRY ZUCKERMAN, residing at No. 310 West 73d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

HARRY S. SEELEY, residing at No. 11 Ash Street, Flushing, Long Island, New York.

JAMES McVICKAR, residing at No. 471 Park Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, January 31st, 1910.
HENRY ZUCKERMAN,
JAMES McVICKAR,
HARRY S. SEELEY.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 31st day of January, 1910, before me personally came Henry Zuckerman, Harry S. Seeley, and James McVickar, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Seal.]
WALTER S. DOERNBERG, Notary Public, New York County.

THE FIRM OF MACKAY & CO., DOING business as Bankers and Brokers corner of Nassau & Pine Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y., composed of the undersigned, expired by limitation January thirty-first, 1910.

MR. GEORGE TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER and others form the new firm of HOLLISTER, FISH & CO., to transact business as Bankers and Brokers, corner of Nassau and Pine Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

MR. MALCOLM S. MACKAY with others form the new firm of MACKAY & CO., to transact business as Bankers and Brokers at No. 55 Wall Street, in The National City Bank Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

MR. GEORGE H. BURRITT becomes a general partner in the firm of McCURDY, HENDERSON & CO., Bankers and Brokers, doing business at No. 24 Nassau Street in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

MR. DONALD MACKAY retires from active business.

Dated February 1, 1910.
DONALD MACKAY,
GEORGE TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER,
MALCOLM S. MACKAY,
GEORGE H. BURRITT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a co-partnership under the firm name of MACKAY & CO., to transact business as Bankers and Brokers, at No. 55 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

Dated February 1, 1910.
MALCOLM S. MACKAY,
REGINALD HALLADAY,
ALFRED E. THURBER,
ARTHUR B. GLADWIN,
AUGUSTUS W. KELLEY, JR.,
Member of New York Stock Exchange.

HOLLISTER, FISH & CO.
NOTICE OF FORMATION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the firm name of HOLLISTER, FISH & CO., to transact business as bankers and brokers at corner Nassau & Pine Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

Dated February 1, 1910.
GEORGE TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER,
HAROLD LATHAM FISH,
Member New York Stock Exchange.
HENRY H. HOLLISTER,
Member, New York Stock Exchange.
LIVINGSTON WHITNEY,
E. MORTIMER BARNES,
Special Partner.

H. D. BABCOCK & CO.
17-19 Broad St., New York, Jan'y, 31st, 1910.

The firm of HOLLISTER & BABCOCK is this day dissolved (Henry H. Hollister retiring), and the business will be liquidated by the undersigned remaining partners, who have this day formed a new copartnership under the name of H. D. BABCOCK & CO. and will continue at the above address.

HENRY D. BABCOCK,
SAMUEL D. BABCOCK,
Member of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.
WM. ALDEN PRATT.

McCURDY, HENDERSON & CO.,
24 NASSAU ST.,
NEW YORK.

We beg to announce that Mr. GEORGE H. BURRITT has this day been admitted as a general partner in our firm.

McCURDY, HENDERSON & CO.
February 1st, 1910.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

THIS CERTIFICATE issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the AMERICAN SOLDERLESS CAN COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this Twenty-fourth day of January, 1910, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the [Official Seal.] City of Albany, this Twenty-fourth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

HORACE G. TENNANT,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

BATTLESHIPS RETAIN SPEED.

Seven of the Atlantic Fleet, Some Time in Service, Exceed First Trials.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Admiral Schroeder has reported on the speed trials of the vessels of the Atlantic fleet up to Jan. 23. A naval vessel in the past rarely has equaled her contract speed after her acceptance trial, which is always conducted under the most favorable conditions with specially trained crews.

According to Admiral Schroeder's report no less than seven of the battleships in their recent trials exceeded their contract speeds, although some of them had been commissioned for several years. These ships were the Connecticut, Minnesota, New Hampshire, Kansas, Georgia, Nebraska, and Mississippi.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Powder Puff Boxes Not "Unusual Coverings"—Reclaimed Rubber Free.

In a decision handed down yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers the decision of the Collector was reversed in regard to a recent importation made by Park & Tilford. The merchandise in question consisted of high-grade wool powder puffs, each one of which was incased in a paper box with a glass top. The importation was returned as an entirety, and duty was assessed thereon at the rate of 44 cents per pound and 55 per cent. ad valorem under the Dingley Tariff act. The importers made no claim against the assessment of the powder puffs, but held that the boxes are the "usual coverings," and therefore dutiable at the ad valorem rate of the contents or separately dutiable as "manufactures of paper" at 35 per cent. ad valorem.

The board states that two conditions must exist in order that the merchandise shall be subject to additional duty, the first being that the coverings must be made of some unusual material or in some unusual form or shape, so as to constitute an article not ordinarily used for the transportation of like merchandise to the United States; and secondly, that the nature of the coverings must be such as to justify the inference that they were "designed for use otherwise than in the bona fide transportation of such merchandise to the United States."

The testimony of the importers was to the effect that the reverse of these conditions exists. Although cheaper puffs come packed twelve in a box, the particular kinds of puffs at issue have always been imported in individual containers to protect them from any accumulation of dust or dirt.

The question of duty on reclaimed or recovered rubber was the subject of a protest filed by the Michelin Tire Company, wherein the Collector had assessed some of the merchandise at 30 per cent. ad valorem as "manufactures of rubber" and the remainder at 20 per cent. ad valorem as a "non-enumerated manufactured article." The Board of General Appraisers decided yesterday, however, that the claims for free entry of the rubber should be sustained, as the previous rulings of the board were known to Congress, which had made no practical change or modification in the new tariff law regarding the question at issue. The decision says:

"It was unmistakably disclosed upon the hearing that certain domestic interests engaged in the reclaiming and recovery of rubber are affected by the admission free of duty of this rubber, and that the evidence of the representatives of these interests as given is not to be considered as wholly disinterested. They desire the imposition of a duty on this merchandise as a matter of protection against so-called foreign competition. If crude rubber cleansed and purified is entitled to free entry we think on the same basis of reasoning that reclaimed or recovered rubber which by various processes, chemical or otherwise, has been reduced from old scrap to the crude state, is also entitled to free entry."

BUSINESS TROUBLES

FREDERICK C. BUHRING.—Frederick C. Buhring, bartender, of 2,078 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,260 and no assets. The largest creditor is H. & H. Catherwood, $1,400. The debts were contracted between 1903 and 1907.

PINKUS KOFFLER.—Pinkus Koffler, living at 214 East Fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,116 and no assets. The debts were contracted between October, 1906, and January, 1907, at 157 Sixth Avenue, in the men's furnishing goods business.

KNECHT WINE COMPANY.—The Knecht Wine Company of 1,252 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, has made an assignment to Sol Simmons. The company is a New York corporation, incorporated in December, 1906. Hugo Kawrup is President, and it is capitalized at $10,000.

UNITED STATES BANKING COMPANY OF MEXICO CITY.—Deputy Sheriff McDonnell has received three more attachments aggregating $19,872 against the United States Banking Company of Mexico City in favor of Arthur E. Luther, $15,000; Minatillan Contracting Company, $754, and Robert L. Dean, $4,118, for moneys deposited. They were served on the Chase National Bank and other concerns.

JOHN D. HAFFNER.—John D. Haffner of 18 West 103d Street, formerly a saloon keeper at 501 Sixth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,729 and no assets. Among the creditors are the United Surety Company, $1,820, on a judgment; Moran & Martin, Newark, $1,800, and Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Company, $960. He has been in the liquor line twenty years, and went through bankruptcy once before, in 1900.

JACOB WEINSTEIN.—Judge Hand has refused a discharge from bankruptcy to Jacob Weinstein of Jacob Weinstein & Co., manufacturers of cloaks and skirts, 32 Greene Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on May 8, 1907, on account of the disappearance of the books of the firm a few days before the petition was filed. Mr. Weinstein did not explain the disappearance of the books satisfactorily to Seaman Miller, referee in bankruptcy, who recommended that a discharge be refused, and Judge Hand confirmed the referee's report.

MINERVA PRESS.—Simon Janco, Solomon Rabinowitz, and Adolph Loebelsohn, who did business as the Minerva Press, printers at 36 Bond Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy with firm liabilities of $4,453 and nominal assets of $1,777, consisting of accounts $247 and credit due from sale under foreclosure of chattel mortgages $1,530. The principal creditors are the Union Card and Paper Company, $2,307, and Conner & Fendler Company, $1,682. Each of the three petitioners has individual liabilities of $4,531 as indorsers on notes of the Janco-Rabinowitz Company to the Union Card and Paper Company and Conner-Fendler Company, and each has assets consisting of ten shares of stock of the Janco-Rabinowitz Company.

RUDOLPH BELTH AND JOSEPH M. BERNSTEIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rudolph Belth and Joseph M. Bernstein, individually and as partners, who formerly did business as Belth & Bernstein, manufacturers of bonnet frames, 22 West Fourth Street, and Joseph M. Bernstein, doing business at the same address, as J. M. Bernstein & Co. and Joseph M. Bernstein Company, Incorporated, by two creditors, Pincus Weinberg, $126, and Frank Rosen, $523. It was alleged that they are insolvent, permitted the two creditors above mentioned to obtain judgments, removed a large part of their stock, assigned outstanding accounts, and paid money to Samuel Dangler, father-in-law of Mr. Bernstein. The firm of Belth & Bernstein was formed in November, 1906, and they dissolved partnership on Aug. 1, 1909.

SAM ROTHSTEIN & BROTHER.—Sam and Robert Rothstein, who compose the firm of Sam Rothstein & Brother, manufacturers of picture frames, 20 and 62 Allen Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,923 and business assets of $6,500, consisting of stock, $3,000; machinery, $1,500; good accounts, $2,000. They have stale and uncollectible accounts of $9,000. They also own real estate at 308 and 310 East Twenty-ninth Street, a six-story tenement, which cost $66,000, is mortgaged for $49,375, and the estimated value of the equity is unknown. Among the creditors are Bernard Rothstein, $2,362; Abraham Rothstein, $1,440; Max Sternberg & Co., $1,801; S. Franklin & Co., $977, and Plant Lumber Manufacturing Company, $733. Samuel Rothstein started in business in 1892 and Robert became partner in May, 1908.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Andrews, James D. W.—D. Ross, $776.
Berger, Sab, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Brocco, Alfonso, et al.—Same, $500.
Briggs, Walter J.—E. Fuller, $126.
Baker, Henry and Ottilie C. W.—B. Ferdinand, $585.
Baker, John H., et al.—E. S. De Hierapolis et al., $1,585.
Clinton, Elizabeth S., et al.—S. Riker, $5,416.
Crystal, Israel—A. Rofkin, $102.
Clinton, Elizabeth S., et al.—Chemical National Bank of New York, $2,139.
Dingelman, Johanna, or Mrs. Oscar—M. E. Paterno Realty Co., $343.
D'Argenio, Eduardo, et al.—People, &c., $300.
Evans, John, et al.—People, &c., $200.
Evans, John, et al.—People, &c., $200.
Fischel, Jacob—H. Fischel et al., costs, $219.
Feldstein, Sam and Philip—W. S. Hofstatter, $112.
Fairfield, Mary C.—W. M. Campbell, $119.
Fried, Louis—M. Kerwin et al., $207.
Goldstein, Abraham, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Gross, Benjamin, et al.—Same, $500.
Grill, Samuel—A. Guttfreund, $137.
Hitchcock, Frederick R.—John Dais Co., $393.
Heddendorf, William H.—Lion Brewery of New York City, $1,307.
Huss, Eugene—William A. White & Sons, $170.
Hoye, Stephen M.—O. N. Jacoby, $121.
[illegible], George—Emil Greiner Co., $145.
[illegible], Le Roy M.—F. Lauterbach, $201.
[illegible], Walter—G. Newsam, $117.
Jaeger, Susie M.—M. N. Clement, $1,820.
Jones, George O.—L. Richards, $120.
Koenig, Marcus—A. Greenbaum, $530.
Kallman, Herard, et al.—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $526.
Kronick, Alexander—L. G. Stern et al., $198.
Kanevsky, Jacob—J. C. Webster, $256.
Lurie, Isidore, et al.—Public Bank of New York City, $243.
Lawrence, George E., et al.—J. Popper et al., $115.
Miller, Philip M.—L. Rosenberg, $146.
Manes, Max, et al.—M. Goldstein, $507.
Machenbach, Ernest—H. Schopflocher et al., costs, $137.
Moehring, William H.—M. A. Murphy, $432.
Martin, James F.—G. D. Randall, $3,791.
Maeno, Tony, et al.—People, &c., $300.
Mazentis, Dominick, et al.—Same, $200.
Mayer, George C.—W. S. Damon et al., $104.
Milano, Giuseppe and Mary—People, &c., $300.
Moch, Eugene, et al.—Same, $100.
McCormack, Edward J.—Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., $107.
McLeod, Mary J.—Realty Trust, $123.
McManus, Francis J.—L. Lazarus et al., $131.
Nicholas, George, et al.—S. Riker, $5,416.
Same—Chemical National Bank of New York, $2,319.
Payne, Henry C.—Trust Co. of America, $4,057.
Polster, Ottilie C. W., or Baker—F. Buck, $656.
Rabinowitz, Morris, (not summoned,) et al.—Public Bank of New York City, $242.
Rondeau, George, et al.—Murtha & Schmohl Co., $526.
Rowaht, Barney—People, &c., $500.
Rozuk, Vincent, et al.—Same, $200.
Rockmore, Henry—M. Wielandt, $231.
Same—Same, $283.
Schneider, Ernest E. W., et al.—Mugler's Iron Works, $886.
Spencer, Frederick, et al.—E. Condrava, $169.
Spiess, Max—A. Furrer, $264.
Scher, Louis, et al.—Park & Tilford, $107.
Senberg, Ester, et al.—Same, $107.
Spencer, Stephen L., et al.—J. Popper et al., $115.
Schmidt, Walter J. and Charles C., et al.—Morrisania Realty Co., $3,643.
Somma, Salvatore—Meyer & Lange, $112.
Turner, George, et al.—People, &c., $200.
Unger, Harry—Standard Lime Co., $519.
Vogel, Louis—I. Schaefer, $101.
Wieselthier, Jossef, et al.—A. Grunbaum, $530.
Wolf, Joseph, et al.—People, &c., $500.
Zimmelman, Joseph, et al.—M. Goldstein, $507.
Zweig, William—A. Prince, $101.
Schneider & Herter Building and Construction Co. et al.—Mugler's Iron Works, $886.
Savoy Embroidery Works, Inc.—A. M. Blake et al., $297.
Dillman Fireproof Construction Co.—J. Gensler, $116.
Builders and Craftsmen Co.—Willson & Adams Co., $424.
Christian Natural Food Co.—H. Bridgman Smith Co., $225.
Reich & Plunkett, Inc.—State Bank, $537.
Graebing Automatic Ventilating Co.—J. Schirp, $204.
American Forge and Iron Co., (not summoned,) et al.—E. Condrava, $169.
Great Western Brokerage Co. et al.—E. S. De Hierapolis et al., $1,585.
C. V. Pustau & Co.—R. P. Birdsong et al., $1,192.
W. J. Schmidt & Co. et al.—Morrisania Realty Co., $3,643.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date that when judgment was filed:

Bambach, John H.—L. Miller et al., March 26, 1897, $128.
Deutscher, Bernard B. and Gisa—J. E. Levittan, Jan. 28, 1910, (vacated,) $111.
Katzenstein, Alfred S.—J. Bauer, Sept. 27, 1907, $323.
Liebgold, David, et al.—T. C. Wood, Sept. 8, 1909, $112.
Freiman, Isaac, et al.—Same, Sept. 8, 1909, $112.
Pritchard, John W.—D. Houston et al., Oct. 25, 1894, $263.
Saul, Chas. R.—B. Moore, May 12, 1909, $434.
Waclark Realty Co.—F. A. O'Donnel et al., Commissioners, Feb. 5, 1909, $134.
Bloom, Sol—Philip Hano & Co., Jan. 24, 1909, $538.
Griffin, Joseph T.—F. C. Baker, Dec. 8, 1902, (vacated,) $275.
Joline, Adrian H., and Douglas Robinson, receivers—J. S. Walter, June 10, 1909, (reversed,) $2,176.
Same—M. J. Flynn, Jan. 26, 1909, (reversed,) $10,606.
Yentis, Hyman, et al.—S. Stein, April 16, 1909, $210.
Pepper, Abraham, et al.—Same, April 10, 1909, $210.
New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—E. Fleischauer et al., July 22, 1910, $1,401.
Rosenzweig, Anton and Isidor—I. Kupperman, Dec. 3, 1909, (vacated,) $447.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Martin, J.—Equity calendar. 2—Welsbach v. Cohen.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Admiralty. 43—Gibbs v. Steamboat Maryland.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Ingraham, P. J.; Loughlin, Clarke, Scott, and Miller, JJ.—Enumerated motions. 124—Adams v. Koehler & Co. 66—Stein v. Grand Ice Cream Co. 117—In re Isidor Wormser. 106—Smith v. Anderson. 64—Spring v. James. 131—Snyder v. N Y Press Co. 132—Adams v. Schwartz. 133—Pettis v. Schwartz. 134—Stichel v. Grosberg. 135—Madden v. Gaston. 136—Manny v. Wilson. 137—Welch Lumber Co. v. Norfolk & Western Ry. 138—Garrett v. Nat Fireproofing Co. 139—Dinoin v. Colcard. 141—Same v. same. 143—Thayer v. Schley. 144—Concord Const Co. v. Plaute.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Schmie v. Baker. 1½—Morgan v. City of N Y. 2—Hallwachs v. Hallwachs. 3—Jacobson v. Jacobson. 4—Burrill v. Marcus. 5—In re Public Park. 6—Allison v. United Cloak and Suit Co. 7—In re Boulevard Lafayette, &c. 8, 9—O'Rourke Const Co v. Goodwin Co. 10—Fowler v. N Y Herald Co. 11—Scheifert v. Hand. 12—In re Breunemann. 13—Lowndes v. Qualey. 14—Sperry & Hutchinson Co v. Millstein. 15—Standard Folding Typewriter Co v. Standard Typewriter Co. 16—In re Stokes. 17—Lowndes v. Qualey. 18—Hammerstein v. Mackay. 19—Weinfeld v. Mehler. 20, 21—Scott v. Fenlon. 22—Societe, &c. Du Rhone v. Fries. 23—In re Collino Co. 24—Osterhoudt v. Driggs. 25—Schmohl v. Phillips. 26—Platt v. Lese. 27—Bonar v. Mosher. 28—Lavery v. Wilson. 29—Joline v. O'Brien. 30—Ox v. Eidelman. 31—Pabst Brew Co v. Koenig. 32—Schroff v. Schroff. 33—Putnam v. Putnam. 34—Deener v. Rosen. 35—Brewster v. Brewster Co. 36—In re Lynn. 37—McMichael v. Schneider. 38—Hassey v. same. 39—Dutcher v. Dutcher. 40—Dwight v. Adams. 41—Yale v. N Y Investment Co. 42—Musical Leader Pub Co v. Hudson. 43—Kilmer v. Kilmer. 44 to 46—In re Schultz. 47—Seidl v. Kaempfer. 48—Caracena v. Caracena. 49—De Griviclo v. O'Rourke Co. 50—Sutliff v. Sutliff. 51—Wilson v. Sturges. 52—Seiffert v. Hawkins. 53—Klar v. Dietsch. 54—Scott v. Fenlon. 55—Bremer v. Bremer. 56—In re Malango. 57—Jellenik v. Jellenik. 58—Pecararo v. Pecararo. 59—Bingham vs. Gaynor. 60—Lowndes v. Qualey. 61—Tucker v. Elliott. 62—Hill v. Bishop. 63—Jergens Co v. Woodbury. 64—In re City of N Y. 65—Hauser v. Hauser. 66—Jeffrey v. Dininny. 67, 68—Lowndes v. Qualey. 69—Dale Co v. Salt.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Goff, J.—Criminal Term. 1—Frank B. Webster, &c.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Thomas, S.—Estates: Alex. Lowies, Gertrude H. Noles, Gustav L. Wilmerding, James Kehoe, Philip Ketterer, Joseph Mondy. Wills for probate: Tobie Greenfeld, Morris R. De Leeniv, Solomon Zeman, Margaret Stevenson, Annie Powers, Francis J. Gilmartin, Jane Morrow, Esther Rosenbaum, John Batt, Hugh P. Reilly, Antonia Morgan, Patrick Hanrahan, Delia Cronin.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Geisman & Mushner v. Haber—Charles L. Hoffman.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J.—Marsh v. Margoles—Middleton S. Borland. Met. Bank v. Nicholas—Manfred W. Ehrich.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Dennerlein v. Caucro—N. Taylor Phillips. Rosenstein v. Ritter—Maurice J. McCarthy.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J.—Cohn v. White—Frederick L. Taylor.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J.—Mattie Feldman v. Gotham Investors Co.—Albert Sanders. Marie Verhaeren v. Apartment Const. Co.—Edward T. McCrystal. Leopold Zimmerman v. Albina Klauber—Samuel Marx. Edward H. Bailey v. Isaac Levine—John V. Coggey.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Etta Forgotston v. Carrie Norden—George S. Scofield, Jr. C. G. Gunther's Sons v. Lawrence T. Durant—George S. Scofield, Jr. Isabella Diehl v. John T. Steele—Benjamin F. Maged.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Shortenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; Mr. Flack, dress goods and silks; 75 Spring Street.
Shortenberg & Robinson, Pawtucket, R. I.; Mr. Cote, dress goods and silks; 75 Spring Street.
Denholm & McKay Company, Worcester, Mass.; L. C. Brown, dry goods; C. R. March, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Goldberg, S. L., Los Angeles, Cal.; cloaks and suits; 11 West Seventeenth Street.
Rothschild's, Indianapolis, Ind.; J. J. Rothschild, cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Herzog, L., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; F. J. Herzog and C. Keil, infant's, children's, and juniors' and misses' cloaks and furs; 482 Broome Street.
Stearns, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. I. Wood, millinery and leather goods; R. H. Stearns, Jr., glassware; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; W. H. Bennethum, Jr., cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Owen Moore Company, Portland, Me.; F. O. Palmer, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Seville.
Williams-Smith Dry Goods Company, Pueblo, Col.; Mrs. E. Spier, millinery; The Hermitage.
Penny & Gentles Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. Glaser, laces and handkerchiefs; Hotel Savoy.
Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. A. Russell, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square; Park Avenue Hotel.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; A. Rosenthal, notions and jewelry; Hotel Grand.
Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Norfolk, Va.; C. Walmsley, cloaks and suits; 41 Union Square; Hotel York.
Scase, J. E., Company, Ottumwa, Iowa; C. Greene, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Grand.
Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md.; H. G. Cameron, cloaks and suits; 214 Church Street.
Fair, Chicago, Ill.; Mrs. W. J. Coughlin, millinery; 684 Broadway.
Pittsburg Dry Goods Company, Pittsburg, Penn.; A. E. Dawson, linens; 43 Leonard Street.
Green, W. A., & Co., Dallas, Texas; E. L. Pollock, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel York.
Jones Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; J. E. Rains, notions, laces, and ribbons; E. L. Chamberlain, jewelry and leather goods; 15 East Sixteenth Street.
New York Cloak and Suit House, Los Angeles, Cal.; Miss A. Greisinger, millinery; 129 West Twenty-seventh Street.
Dannenberg Company, Macon, Ga.; L. Irvine, leather goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Alms & Doepke Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. H. Burman, silks; 350 Broadway.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; S. D. Clark, black goods and silks; 2 Walker Street.
Bennett Company, Omaha, Neb.; A. C. Hand, millinery; 41 Union Square.
Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; W. H. Siegler, cloaks, suits, corsets, and muslin underwear; 75 Spring Street.
Nugent, B., & Brothers Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss J. Schultz, waists; 31 Union Square.
Himmelhoch Brothers Company, Detroit, Mich.; Mrs. R. E. Livingstone, cloaks and suits; 129 West 27th St.
McAlpin, G. W., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Goon Lehman, cloaks and suits; M. H. Malley, cloaks; 214 Church Street.
Straus, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. L. Barnard, cloaks; 45 East Seventeenth Street.
Giddings Brothers, Colorado Springs, Col.; Miss J. Hamilton, millinery; 16 East Eighteenth Street.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; G. A. Leiter, dress goods and silks; 2 Walker Street.
Jonas, L., & Co., Nashville, Tenn.; J. W. Stein, notions; 621 Broadway.
Gordon Cloak Company, Muskatine; Mr. Gordon, cloaks and suits; Prince George Hotel.
Goldsmith Dry Goods Company, Dallas, Texas; Mrs. M. Porter, millinery; Mrs. M. H. Godfrey, cloaks and suits; 12 East Ninth Street.
McAtee, Lyddone & Ray, Owensboro, Ky.; George Rankin, ready-to-wear clothing and muslin underwear; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Thompson-Hudson Company, Toledo, Ohio; Miss M. Tea, muslin underwear; G. W. Moch, silks; R. S. Weymouth, millinery; 111 Bleecker Street.
Conrad Company, Boston, Mass.; B. B. Conrad, general merchandise; J. Kanty, waists; Miss A. Doyle, children's wear; Miss E. Doans, costumes; B. Altshuler, cloaks; Miss K. Desmond, suits; H. Cobhan, suits; Prince George Hotel.
Gilchrist Company, Boston, Mass.; C. W. Warnock, corsets and waists; J. Graham, gloves, laces, and ribbons; J. B. Hartford, leather goods and small wares; 57 White Street.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss R. Sperzel, muslin underwear; Miss A. Rickey, H. J. Rohr, millinery; Mrs. L. Nelson, millinery; Miss M. G. Townsend, art embroidery; Mrs. M. E. Watson, toilet articles; Miss J. Zollinghoffer, fancy goods; 31 Union Square.
Hibben, J. H., Dry Goods Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. A. Lowes, woolens; 377 Broadway.
Graff, A., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Hotel Grand.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; C. D. Laubach, housefurnishing goods; F. S. Bucks, hosiery and furnishing goods; 214 Church Street.
McDonnell, Stout & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; E. A. Stout, silks; Hotel Grand.
Sisson Brothers & Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss D. Finley, embroideries and handkerchiefs; Hotel Grand.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville, Penn.; B. N. Eckenrode, furnishing goods; 2 Walker Street.
Rosenthal-Sloan Millinery Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. Black, hats; 621 Broadway.
Moore, William R., Dry Goods Company, Memphis, Tenn.; Mr. MacLong, dress goods; 258 Church Street.
Barney, H. S., Company, Schenectady, N. Y.; Miss E. Ledger, housefurnishing goods; H. A. Miller, infants' wear and corsets; 75 Spring Street.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss N. Berg, laces; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Woodstock.
Snellenberg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss A. M. Day, white goods and laces; Miss S. Walters, fancy goods; 683 Broadway; Hotel Seville.
Williams & Rodgers Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss B. Frewen, leather goods; 33 Union Square; Hotel Seville.
Myers, J. G., Company, Albany, N. Y.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, and waists; 31 Union Square; Hotel Seville.
People's Store Company, Tacoma, Wash.; O. L. Demers, dry goods; 214 Church Street; Hotel Latham.
O'Callaghan Cloak and Suit Company, Boston, Mass.; J. H. O'Callaghan, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Lewis, A. T., & Son Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Mrs. J. M. Holbrook, millinery; 16 East Eighteenth Street; Hotel Brozteli.
Smith-McCord-Townsend Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; P. C. Barbee, dress goods and silks; 72 Leonard Street.
Mould, D., Wilkesbarre, Penn.; cloaks and suits; Hotel Cadillac.
Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. H. Rauh, prints; 377 Broadway.
Robinson, J. M., Norton, Company, Louisville, Ky.; G. P. Walton, linens and laces; 72 Leonard Street.
Siegrist & Fraley, Buffalo, N. Y.; J. A. Broun, domestics; 634 Broadway; Hotel King Edward.
Spokane Dry Goods Company, Spokane, Wash.; E. A. Crosby, dress goods and silks; 260 West Broadway; Hotel King Edward.
Tibbs, Hutchings & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; J. M. McGlashan, notions and fancy woolens; 51 Leonard Street; Hotel Flanders.
Bernheimer, G., Brothers, & Co., Kansas City, Mo.; E. L. Cohen, notions, ribbons, and laces; 683 Broadway; Hotel Longacre.
McAlpin, G. D., Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; J. F. Haffen, piece goods; 214 Church Street.
Whitehouse Company, Spokane, Washington; O. D. Coughlin, dry goods; 214 Church Street.
Filene's, William, Sons, Company, Boston, Mass.; L. L. Rivers, cloaks and suits; Miss Jackson, waists; Miss M. G. Cronin, millinery and infants' coats; Miss M. J. Keegan, infants' dresses; C. V. Cooper, women's and misses' coats and suits, skirts, childrens' and infants' coats; Hotel Imperial.
Hunter-Tuppen Company, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. Sjolberg, laces and ribbons; 192½ Greene Street; Hotel Cadillac.
McAuslan & Wakelin Company, Holyoke, Mass.; Miss K. Dwyer, notions; Hotel Navarre.
Weber, H., Sons & Co., Zanesville, Ohio; S. Weber, cloaks, suits, waists, ladies' and infants' wear; 817 Broadway.
Sanger Brothers, Dallas, Texas; H. H. Croft, carpets; 15 Mercer Street; The Breslin.
Mitchell Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; C. S. Odor, ladies' wear; The Breslin.
Quackenbush, G. V. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; H. Gill, prints; The Hermitage.
Neuhousel Brothers, Toledo, Ohio; M. J. Gilsdorf, cloaks and suits; The Hermitage.
Long, J., Sons, Scranton, Penn.; D. M. Levy, boys' clothing; 817 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Armitage, domestics; Herald Square Hotel.
Jordon, Marsh & Co., Boston, Mass.; R. Mitton, general merchandise; 81 Union Square; Hotel Wolcott.
Peck, G. B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; Miss A. Holden, waists; 2 Walker Street; Hotel Wolcott.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss K. C. Boyle, corsets; Broadway and Tenth Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Zion Cooperative Mercantile Institution, Salt Lake City, Utah; J. W. Zaville, housefurnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Peck, George B., Dry Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; G. W. Bachman, cloaks, suits, and waists; 2 Walker Street.
Cleaver, J. N., Portland, Ore.; ready-to-wear clothing; Hotel Cumberland.
Herbert, W. P., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. P. Herbert, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.
Hills, McLean & Haskins, Binghamton, N. Y.; Miss K. E. Dillon, upholstery goods; Hotel Albert.
Mannig Dry Goods Company, Fort Worth, Texas; G. B. Manning, domestics and rugs; O. E. Wondry, dry goods; Hotel Albert.
Goldberg, M., Washington, D. C.; D. H. Rosen, clothing; St. Denis Hotel.

Guide for Buyers

Directory of Wholesale Merchants and Manufacturers.

For rates for advertising telephone 1000 Bryant.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS.
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
ALUMINUM NOVELTIES AND SIGNS.
Willis-Du Bois Co., 150 Nassau Street.
BRAIDS.
Novelty Braid Mills, "V. N. & T.," 25 E. 20.
The Waitzfelder Braid Co., 101 Fifth Ave.
CHILDREN'S DRESSES, KILTS, & ROMPERS
Bergoffen & Philip, 128 E. 7th St., nr. Av. A.
CROCHET AND KNIT SCARFS.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Blanchard & Price, 142 Fifth Avenue.
Halperin Bros., 74-76 B'way, Brooklyn. (To neckwear manufacturers and jobbers only.)
DOG COLLARS, TRUNK & SHAWL STRAPS
George D. Pine, 104 Chambers Street.
HAIR ORNAMENTS AND BELTS.
Austin Walker Co., 565 Broadway.
KNITTED UNDERWEAR.
American Hosiery Co., 108-110 Franklin St.
LEATHER GOODS.
Weiss M'f'g Co., 419 Broadway, cor. Canal.
MISSES' DRESSES.
A. Adler, 928 B'way. (Also Women's Neckw'r)
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Hano Cravats, 1,161 B'way, at 27th Street.
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
TOYS.
Playmate Mfg. Co., (Lovaloo,) 152 Bleecker.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Keiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

---

200 ladies' and misses' Fall suits to close out. Big bargain to quick buyer.
J. & F. GOLDSTONE & CO.,
1,199 BROADWAY.

LONDON managing director of an important office supplies company, who is interested in all such equipment suitable for the English market, will be in New York from Feb. 1 to Feb. 7. All letters, giving full particulars, addressed to B., care of "Topics," 309 Broadway, New York, will receive consideration.

CLOAK AND SUIT salesman; popular line for Middle Western trade; none but competent, with A1 references. X 97 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—Cloak and suit, popular line, a resident commission man on the Pacific Coast. X 95 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN wanted to cover Western territory for reliable cloak and suit house; large drawing account to right man. Salesman, 48 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN for Middle West with good following; popular line, cloaks and suits. X 96 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—Well known to middle Western trade, wants lines waists, dresses. X 92 Times, Times Square.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, Feb'y 2d, 1910
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.
30 shs. Nassau Trust Co., Brooklyn.
10 shs. Nassau Natl. Bank, Brooklyn.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY.
Policy No. 907,401, New York Life Ins. Co., for $1,000, on life of Clamor H. F. Hettling, dated Dec. 14, 1898.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
20 shs. James Butler Grocery Co. pf.
10 shs. Jenkins Trust Co.
$1,000 Passaic Steel Co. 1st 5s, 1952, Oct., 1908, coupon on.
128 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. pf.
182 shs. Bethlehem Steel Corp. common.
10 shs. Jefferson Bank.
$4,000 Buffalo & Susq. Ry. Co., 1st 4½s, 1953.
50 shs. Ferris Av. Realty Co.
$2,000 N. Y. & Erie R. R. 5th Ext'd 4s, 1928.
5 shs. Van Norden Trust Co.
10 shs. Importers & Traders' Natl. Bank.
10 shs. Astor Trust Co.
10 shs. Title Insurance Co.
$5,000 Atlantic Shore Line Ry. Ref. 4s, 1926.
50 shs. Repetti Co. pf.
41 shs. Repetti Co. common.
5 shs. First National Bank.
$30,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Co. coll. trust s. f. 6% bds., 1956.
10 shs. Union Trust Co.
50 shs. Standard Gas Light Co. common.
10 shs. New Jersey Zinc Co.
25 shs. City Investing Co. common.
180 shs. Lanston Monotype Machine Co. com.
200 shs. Brooklyn City R. R.
200 shs. Savoy Trust Co.
$35,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Co. coll. trust s. f. 6% bds., 1956.
10 shs. Brooklyn Bank free stock.
200 shs. European-American Bank.
$30,000 Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron Co. coll. trust s. f. 6% bds., 1956.
600 shs. Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.
52 shs. Mech. & Trad. Bank Trust Co. receipt.
100 shs. Buffalo & Lake Erie Traction Co. com.
100 shs. Buffalo & Lake Erie Traction Co pf.
96 shs. Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn.
22 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.
50 shs. Alliance Realty Co.
5 shs. Electric Boat pf.
10 shs. European-American Bank.
10 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
$5,000 United New Jersey R. R. & Canal Co. 4% bds., 1929.
100 shs. New Jersey Zinc Co.
10 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
$60,000 La France Copper Co. 1st mtg. 6% bds., January, 1909, coupons on.
1,200 shs. La France Copper Co. pf.
2,400 shs. La France Copper Co. common.
500 Davis-Daly Estates Copper Co.
1 sh. Louisville Property Co.
$34,000 La France Copper Co. 1st mtg. 6% bds., January, 1909, coupons on.
900 shs. La France Copper Co. common.
7 shs. Guaranty Trust Co.
$5,000 Deutscher Verein, N. Y., 1st mtg 5% bds., 1911.
$3,000 Brooklyn, Bath & West End R. R. gen'l mtge. 5% bds., 1933.
20 shs. Carnegie Trust Co.
1,000 shs. Mexico Exploration & Mines Co.
$10,000 Olcott Coal & Iron Co. 1st 5s, July, 1908, Coupon on.
40 shs. Olcott Coal & Iron Co.
200 shs. Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn.
All the right, title, and interest of various estates in all or any part of 46 shares of Swarthmore College stock.

SAMUEL KREISER, Auctioneer.
OFFICE 257 FIFTH AV.,
will sell
To-morrow (Thurs.) 10:30 A. M.
All the magnificent Furniture and Fixtures of
Rector's Restaurant
Broadway & 44th St.
(Building coming down,)

consisting of 1,000 chairs, 350 tables, 150 superb French plate mirrors, 10,000 pieces of silver, 1,500 yards of axminster and royal wilton carpet, rich draperies, immense quantities of china and glassware, beautiful electroliers and sidelight screens, telephone booths, contents of cafe, storerooms, pantries, kitchen, and accessories. Note.—Large deposits required from all purchasers.

LAST DAY, TO-DAY
—of the—
SELIGMAN COLLECTION
WHICH WILL BE SOLD,
AT PUBLIC AUCTION,
This Day, Wednesday,
COMMENCING AT 11 A. M. PROMPT
By
Benj. S. Wise,
Auctioneer,
who has received
POSITIVE INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE EXECUTORS OF THE LATE
Mrs. Jesse Seligman
TO SELL THE ENTIRE MAGNIFICENT CONTENTS OF HER LATE RESIDENCE,
2 East 46th Street,
near Fifth Ave.,
which is completely furnished.
THE COLLECTION OF
OIL PAINTINGS
WILL BE SOLD TO-DAY,
Wednesday at 4 P. M.
NOTE.
DEPOSITS REQUIRED FROM EVERYBODY.
Arrangements can be made for the packing and shipping to country.
BENJ. S. WISE, AUCTIONEER, 21 E. 125TH.

Mortgage Sale.—Josua Weinstock, auctioneer, sells this 2d day of February, 1910, at 9 o'clock A. M., at No. 1,058 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, saloon fixtures. By order of mortgagee.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1910.
Borough of The Bronx.
For furnishing and delivering paints and oils (No. 1, 1910) for parks, Borough of The Bronx.
For full particulars see City Record.
CHARLES B. STOVER, President;
THOMAS J. HIGGINS,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF Parks, Arsenal Building, Fifth Avenue and Sixty-fourth Street, Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York.

SEALED BIDS OR ESTIMATES will be received by the Park Board at the above office of the Department of Parks until 3 o'clock P. M. on
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1910.
Borough of Manhattan.
For furnishing and delivering coal for Parks in the Borough of Manhattan.
For full particulars see City Record.
CHARLES B. STOVER, President;
THOMAS J. HIGGINS,
MICHAEL J. KENNEDY,
Commissioners of Parks.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

ATTRACTIVE COLLECTION OF EXCELLENT PIANOS

offered at reduced prices and on very convenient terms.

THE LIST INCLUDES:
¶ Concert Used Pianos
¶ Exchanged Pianos
¶ Wareroom Samples and
¶ Rebuilt Pianos

STEINWAY KNABE
CHICKERING WEBER
KRANICH & BACH SOHMER
HAINES BROS. WISSNER
BRADBURY FISCHER
IVERS & POND

Mostly uprights, although there are several fine Baby Grands, also a Weber Grand Pianola Piano practically new at a bargain.

Uprights $100 to $350
Grands $400 to $550

General Agents for
Ivers & Pond Pianos
Strich & Zeidler Pianos
Mathushek Pianos

Write for catalogues and prices of New Pianos with terms.

Write for a descriptive price list of all the used Pianos and information concerning our easy payment plan.

THE TEL-ELECTRIC CO.
(Tel-Electric Building)
299 Fifth Ave., cor. 31st St.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 5 West 14th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

Must sacrifice mahogany upright piano, $100, cost $450; perfect condition; also lot other furniture. Owner, 56 E. 76th St., private house.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED 5½¢ PER DAY
3 MONTHS $5.00
$5 FOR 3 MONTHS
Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order and we will keep it so during term of rental.
WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE 1½ Barclay St.
5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
In great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
111 FULTON ST.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

New and second-hand desks, typewriter, bookkeeper, roll and flat top; chairs, tables, partitions, and railings. QUICK & McKENNA, 2 Reade St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, chairs, time stamps, time clocks, cash registers, safes, multigraphs, typewriters, partitions, filing cabinets. Nathan's, 4 White St.

Three men's genuine seal lined overcoats, also seal collars and cuffs, $125, value $300. Geneva Fur Company, 3 West 37th St.

INSTRUCTION.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

WOOD'S SCHOOL
BUSINESS and SHORTHAND
5th Avenue } on 125th Street
7th Avenue }
3d Avenue on 149th Street

3 great schools, educating and placing more students than all the other business schools in New York combined.
That which succeeds best is best.
Day and night sessions.

FRENCH,
GERMAN, ITALIAN, SPANISH, ETC.
Low rates and most efficient instruction. In classes and privately. Native teacher only.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY).
Harlem Branch........343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn "..........218 Livingston St.

BERKELEY SCHOOL,
72d St. and West End Ave., New York.
Founded 1880. Individual Instruction. Prepares Boys Thoroughly for Colleges and Scientific Schools. Second half year begins Feb. 1. A few boys will be received now.

Founded 1879. Stern's School of
LANGUAGES
961 Madison Ave., near 75th Street,
200 West 72d Street.
Languages taught in classes or privately.

Accounting Instruction.—Personal and individual instruction in fact. 80-page catalogue on application. **Geo. E. Beck**, 217 W. 23d St.; **M. J. Davies**, Fulton and Bond Sts., Brooklyn; **Pace & Pace**, 154 Nassau St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY BRENNER and SAMUEL LESSER, and the firm of BRENNER & LESSER, Bankrupts.—No. 13,026.

To the creditors of Harry Brenner and Samuel Lesser, and the firm of Brenner & Lesser, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Harry Brenner and Samuel Lesser were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of their creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 1, 1910.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,153.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAURICE M. McCORMICK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Maurice M. McCormick of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Maurice M. McCormick was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in Bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1910, at 2:15 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Jan. 10th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL KORKEMAS & COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 12,572.—Notice of Sale at Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Sol M. Stroock, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at Nos. 34-40 West Street, in the City of New York, on the 7th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day. A general description of said property is as follows: A stock of linens, print goods, skirts, dry goods, razors, cutlery, jewelry, office fixtures and effects, etc., constituting the stock in trade of the above bankrupt. The property to be sold may be inspected at the above premises between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. as February 3d, 4th, and 5th.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated February 1, 1910.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
SOL M. STROOCK, Trustee, 25 Broad Street, N. Y.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CLAMOR H. F. HETTLING, Bankrupt.—No. 11,160.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that the personal property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt and of his trustee in bankruptcy in a certain policy of insurance on the life of said bankrupt in the New York Life Insurance Company for one thousand ($1,000) dollars, No. 907,401, and dated the 14th of December, 1898, will be sold under the direction of James F. McNaboe, Trustee herein, at public auction, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, Manhattan, New York City, on Wednesday, February 2d, 1910, at 12:30 o'clock P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw said policy from sale unless same shall bring at least 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

New York, January 14th, 1910.
NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
CHARLES J. BRECK, Attorney for Trustee, 27 William Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of BARNETT CHABEROVSKY, individually, and trading as NEW YORK WAIST COMPANY, Bankrupt.

By order of this court the assets of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States auctioneer, at Number 141 Wooster Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on February 2nd, 1910, at 2 P. M.

The property to be sold consists of a complete plant for the manufacture of ladies' waists and dresses, and contains stock of manufactured waists, cut-up material, and a large assortment of laces and other trimmings, and fixtures, machinery, motor, safe, desks, chairs, tables, &c., and can be inspected on the premises on January 31st and February 1st, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.
FRANCIS W. BIRD, Receiver.
OPPENHEIMER & ARNOLD, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MEYER FISHBONE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Feb. 2, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 16 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of linens, laces, manufactured and unmanufactured children's and infants' wear, machines, motor, fixtures, &c.
EUGENE D. ALEXANDER, Receiver.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New Jersey.—In the matter of EDWIN KNUST COMPANY, Bankrupt.—The undersigned receiver in bankruptcy sells at public auction February 2, 1910, at 10 A. M. sharp, at 330 Bergenline Avenue, Union Hill, N. J., the assets of said bankrupt, consisting of a brand new stock of hardware, housefurnishings, crockery, paints, &c., together with store and office fixtures, two horses, two wagons, one sleigh, harness, robes, &c.
ELGIN L. McBURNEY, Receiver,
1 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.
SIEGEL & SIEGEL, Attys. for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PERFECT MODEL CLOAK & SUIT CO., Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 8th, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 43 E. 12th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, linens, coats, suits, capes, silks, trimmings, desks, safe, machinery, motor, fixtures, &c.
WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. CONNOR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Feb. 7, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,333 8th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of boots, shoes, rubbers, slippers, fixtures, &c. Open for inspection Friday and Saturday, Feb. 4th and 5th, from 1 to 4 P. M.
CHARLES H. BROAS, Attorney for petitioning creditors, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of P. EISENSTEIN & CO., Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, February 2d, 1910, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 51 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelers' machinery, safe, desk, fixtures, unset stones, jewelers' supplies, &c.
MARCUS HELFAND,
Attorney for Petitioning Creditors,
320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK WACHTEL, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Feb. 8, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 380 Third Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, safe, fixtures, &c.
GEORGE F. FRANKLIN, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:10 | Sun sets..5:18 | Moon rises..12:34

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:57	10:30	7:12	7:10
Governors Island	1:35	1:26	8:17	8:17
Hell Gate	3:25	8:16	9:52	9:52

Arrived—Tuesday, Feb. 1.

SS Amerika, Hamburg, Jan. 22.
SS Chicago City, Swansea, Jan. 15.
SS Atlas, Cardenas, Jan. 20.
SS Neckar, Bremen, Jan. 20.
SS Strombus, Rotterdam, Jan. 10.
SS El Dia, Galveston, Jan. 26.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, Jan. 29.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Jan. 31.
SS Carib, Georgetown, Jan. 27.
SS Marowijne, Trinidad, Jan. 25.
SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen, Jan. 25.
SS Nancy Lee, Swansea, Jan. 13.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Umbria, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Celtic, Azores	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Bernard, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	—	10:00 A.M.
Italia, Palermo	—	—
Finland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	—	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Bretagne, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tennyson, South Brazil	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Frutera, Belize	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Allianca, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
C. F. Tietgen, Copenhagen	—	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Hugin, Tampico	—	12:00 M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
New York, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Saxonia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Laurentic, Liverpool	10:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oceana, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sibiria, Hayti	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Hostilius, Argentina	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Crown Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Ortona, Jamaica	12:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	—	9:30 A.M.
President Grant, Hamburg	—	2:00 P.M.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	—	2:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Vaderland	Antwerp	Jan. 22
Mar Adriatico	Seville	Jan. 14
Oppurg	Seville	Jan. 14
Louisiana	Christiania	Jan. 14
Ottawa	Sunderland	Jan. 16
Statendam	Rotterdam	Jan. 22
Nicolai II.	Dartmouth	Jan. 17
Zulia	La Guayra	Jan. 22
Argentina	Palermo	Jan. 19
Ucayali	Barbados	Jan. 24
Havana	Havana	Jan. 29
Galicia	Barbados	Jan. 24
Sibiria	Kingston	Jan. 27
Anna	Oran	Jan. 21
American	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 26
Crown of Grenada	Trinidad	Jan. 20
Cherokee	Turks Island	Jan. 27
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 27

DUE TO-MORROW.

Pannonia	Gibraltar	Jan. 23
Roon	Bremen	Jan. 22
Koenig Albert	Gibraltar	Jan. 24
Colon	Cristobal	Jan. 28
Ortona	Colon	Jan. 28
Oceana	Bermuda	Feb. 1
Iroquois	Jacksonville	Jan. 31
Almirante	Colon	Jan. 28
Momus	New Orleans	Jan. 29
San Marcos	Galveston	Jan. 28
El Rio	Galveston	Jan. 28

DUE FRIDAY.

Mauretania	Liverpool	Jan. 29
Lituania	Libau	Jan. 23
Cristobal	Colon	Jan. 29
Prins Willem III.	Hayti	Jan. 30
Vasari	Barbados	Jan. 29
Mexico	Havana	Feb. 1
Bayamo	Cienfuegos	Jan. 27
Calyx	London	Jan. 19
Brazos	Galveston	Jan. 19
City of Savannah	Savannah	Feb. 1

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, incoming from Bremen, was reported by wireless 342 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Statendam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported by wireless 283 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this afternoon.

SS Vaderland, incoming from Antwerp, was reported by wireless 247 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

SS Mauretania, incoming from Southampton, was reported by wireless 1,410 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Friday morning.

SS Adriatic, incoming from Southampton, was reported by wireless 750 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, to-morrow afternoon.

By United Wireless.

City of Savannah, from Savannah for New York, was 626 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Brazos, from Galveston for New York, was 755 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS J. M. Guffey, from Beverly for Port Arthur, was 745 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS San Marcos, from Galveston for New York, was 760 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Ligonier, from Port Arthur for Philadelphia, was 797 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Colon, from Cristobal for New York, was 487 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Cristobal, from Cristobal for New York, passed Watlings Island at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Caracas, from New York for San Juan, was 917 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Almirante, from Colon for New York, was 522 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Feb. 1.

SS Vasari, from Rio Janerio for New York, was 1,165 miles south of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M., Jan. 31.

SS City of Augusta, from Boston for Savannah, was 419 miles south of Scotland at 8 A. M., Feb. 1.

SS Momus, New Orleans for New York, was 500 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M. yesterday.

SS Larimer, New York for Port Arthur, was 541 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M. yesterday.

SS Nueces, New York for Galveston, was 862 miles south of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M. yesterday.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Campania, at Fishguard, Feb. 1.
SS Carmania, at Gibraltar, Feb. 1.
SS Ferndene, at Bahia, Jan. 29.
SS Axenfels, at Malta, Jan. 31.
SS Nile, at Barbados, Jan. 31.
SS Estonia, at Rotterdam, Jan. 30.
SS California, at Glasgow, Feb. 1.
SS Welsh Prince, at Kobe, Jan. 29.
SS Avon, at Trinidad, Feb. 1.
SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, at Bremen, Feb. 1.
SS Zijldijk, at Rotterdam, Feb. 1.
SS Lazio, at St. Michael's, Feb. 1.
SS Sutton Hall, at Port Natal, Feb. 1.

Sailed.

SS Martha Washington, from Trieste, Jan. 27.
SS Brilliant, from Algiers, Jan. 28.
SS St. Nicholas, from Para, Jan. 29.
SS St. Hugo, from Buenos Ayres, Jan. 29.
SS Indrani, from Penang, Jan. 29.
SS Cearense, from Barbados, Jan. 30.
SS Deutschland, (tank,) from Rotterdam, Jan. 30.
SS Paula, from Shields, Jan. 31.
SS Oceana, from Bermuda, Feb. 1.
SS St. George, from Manila, Feb. 1.
SS Dungeness, from Montevideo, Jan. 31.

Passed.

SS Pretoria, New York for Hamburg, passed Brow Head.
SS Mesaba, New York for London, passed Scilly.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii, and specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea, and China, (via San Francisco)—Manchuria	Feb. 3 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) (via Seattle)—Aymeric	Feb. 3 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Empress of Japan	Feb. 4 6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Earl of Elgin	Feb. 6 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Feb. 7 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Feb. 10 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Antilochus	Feb. 13 6:30 P.M.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.)—Makura	Feb. 20 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas and Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mch. 5 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Fair weather was general Tuesday in the Mississippi Valley and the districts east thereof.

In the Northwest there were snows and high winds and much colder weather during the last twenty-four hours.

An extensive area of low barometric pressure covers the Southeast, whence it will move eastward, preceded by rising temperature on Wednesday, and a further rise is indicated for Thursday in Eastern States.

Much colder weather will prevail over the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys by Thursday.

In the Eastern States the weather will be fair Wednesday, followed by unsettled, with rain Thursday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate westerly; Middle Atlantic Coast, light, variable, becoming southerly; South Atlantic Coast, light, variable.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate westerly winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy and warmer, with snow in the extreme north portion; light, variable winds, becoming south.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday increasing cloudiness and warmer, possibly rain by night; light, variable winds, becoming moderate south.

New England—Fair weather and rising temperature Wednesday; Thursday partly cloudy and warmer; light to moderate west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	9	29	4 P. M.	20	34
6 A. M.	5	25	6 P. M.	20	32
9 A. M.	7	27	9 P. M.	17	28
12 M.	13	31	12 P. M.	16	27

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 29; for th corresponding date last year it was 12; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 28; at 8 P. M. it was 30. Maximum temperature, 34 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 24 degrees at 7:20 A. M. Humidity, 33 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 67 per cent. at 8 P. M.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

The Times Acquires the Times Building—Upper Broadway Corner Resold—Third Big Loft Project for West 22d Street—A $300,000 Factory for the Bronx.

The New York Times Company, owners and publishers of THE NEW YORK TIMES newspaper, purchased yesterday of the New York Times Building Company the Times Building, at Forty-second Street and Broadway. The transfer was made and the title passed yesterday afternoon.

Another Loft for West 22d Street.

As the result of a deal closed yesterday another twelve-story loft building is to be erected on West Twenty-second Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. The proposed structure, which is to be built by a prominent contractor and operator, whose name is for the present withheld, is to go up on the plot, 56.3 by 98.9, at 126 to 130 West Twenty-second Street, on the same block as the O'Neill-Adams store.

The present three-story and basement dwellings, each 18.9 by 98.9, are in two ownerships. The two easterly houses, 126 and 128, were sold by the estate of Samuel P. White, and 130 by Celestine Preterre of Paris, France. The latter owner was represented by her New York attorneys, Doughty & Gould. The plot adjoins on the west the 75-foot plot sold recently by two estates to the State Realty and Mortgage Company and resold to the Brunswick Realty Company, of which Robert P. Zobel is President. This plot is also to be improved with a twelve-story mercantile building.

Big Deal in Loft Zone.

Negotiations have been completed by I. Randolph Jacobs for the purchase from the Royal Holding Company of the property 136 to 140 West Thirty-seventh Street, and from the Boyd estate 142, adjoining, comprising a plot 72 by 98.9, at present incumbered with two and three story buildings. The property is situated on the south side of the street, about 200 feet west of Broadway.

Tony Pastor Estate Sells Lot.

An interesting transaction announced yesterday by E. H. Ludlow & Co. was the sale of the property 521 and 523 Broome Street, extending through the block to Watts Street.

This property, which comprises a plot 40 by 60, was sold for the estate of Tony Pastor and the estate of William B. Kip ot James H. Cruikshank for improvement, which will complete the modernization of the small triangular block bounded by Watts, Broome, Thompson, and Sullivan Streets, with the exception of the Thompson Street frontage.

The property at 521 was bought by the late Tony Pastor at auction in 1881 for $6,000.

J. W. Herbert Buys 835 Fifth Ave.

John W. Herbert, an attorney at 31 Nassau Street, is the buyer of 835 Fifth Avenue, sold last week by the estate of Charles A. Gardiner to Albert B. Ashforth and resold by Mr. Ashforth. The house is between Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth Streets, on a lot 25 by 125, and near the Wormser, Sherman, and John Jacob Astor residences.

The sale to Mr. Ashforth was made through Lewis B. Preston, and the sale to Mr. Herbert through Henry D. Winans & May. The house will be altered for Mr. Herbert's occupancy.

Realty Co. Buys Eighth Av. Plot.

The Directors' Realty Company, of which Leopold Brown is President, has purchased from Alfred Gutwillig 612, 614, and 616 Eighth Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of Fortieth Street, three three-story brick and stone buildings on a plot 49.6 by 75. Herman F. Bindsell holds title to the corner.

Upper Broadway Corner Resold.

Klein & Jackson have resold to Samuel Borchardt the large plot at the southeast corner of Broadway and Ninety-eighth Street, recently acquired by them from Antoinette E. Wood. Mr. Borchardt plans to erect a twelve-story elevator apartment house on the site.

The property, which adjoins the Powellton apartment house, has frontages of 100 feet on Broadway and 180 feet on Ninety-eighth Street. The opposite northeast corner was recently purchased from the Astor estate by Thomas J. McLaughlin, who will erect a twelve-story apartment house on the site this Spring.

John H. Scudder, President of the First National Bank of Trenton, N. J., has sold the six-story apartment house 330 to 334 West Fifteenth Street, on plot 50 by 90, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues.

Buying Private Dwellings.

Pease & Elliman have sold for Mrs. E. B. Walton 333 West End Avenue, a four-story high-stoop brownstone building, on lot 25 by 100, to a client for occupancy. The property has been held at $80,000.

Frank L. Fisher Company has sold for Mrs. Curtis the four-story and basement brownstone dwelling 13 West Eighty-second Street, 23 by 60 by 102.2.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Mrs. Ella A. Gray the four-story private dwelling 141 West Sixty-fourth Street, on a lot 17.6 by 50 by 100, to Mrs. Eugenia Wolf, who lately purchased 143 West Sixty-fourth Street, and which now gives her a plot 35 by 100.

Buyer for the Manhattan Apartment.

The Dayton Realty Company has sold to Lorimer A. Cushman, through Miss M. Monahan, as broker, the six-story apartment house at 43 and 45 Manhattan Street, on plot 40 by 100. This completes the sale of a row of four buildings erected at this point by the realty company of which Harris Moran is President.

East Side Tenements in Demand.

M. & S. Simon have sold to Louis Sheiber 1,833 and 1,835 Third Avenue, two five-story tenements, with stores, on plot 50.6 by 90, between 101st and 102d Streets.

Frederick T. Barry has sold for Mrs. Mary Hirschfield the southwest corner of Eighty-second Street and Lexington Avenue, known as 1,204, 1,206, and 1,208 Lexington Avenue, a four-story business building.

Ludwig C. Traube has sold to a client for Herman C. Born the northeast corner of Second Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, known as 1,084 Second Avenue, a five-story brick building, on a lot 20.9 by 78.

J. F. Meehan Sells Bronx Plot.

James F. Meehan, who has been prominently identified with the building up of the Hunt's Point section, where he has erected a number of large apartments, has sold the plot, 75 by 100, at the northwest corner of Southern Boulevard and Tiffany Street, to Robert Podgur, who will improve the property. Preliminary sketches have been prepared for both a five-story apartment house and a six-story house, with elevator.

$100,000 Deal at Floral Park.

George L. Long of the Leonard Moody Real Estate Company has sold for the George West Realty Company, to a syndicate, thirty-six acres of land at Floral Park, Borough of Queens, bounded on the north by Lawrence Avenue, on the east by Tyson Avenue, and on the west by Little Neck Road.

The property is to be developed into plots and opened for sale in the coming Spring market. It is located seven minutes' walk from Floral Park Station, Long Island Railroad. The consideration is $100,000.

Suburban Sales.

Burke Stone has sold for Mrs. Elizabeth B. Custer to A. C. Weinhold three lots in Bronx Manor. Mr. Weinhold intends to erect a residence on the property in the near future.

Rector's Contract and Mortgage.

Contracts have been signed by the Rector Hotel Company with the Thompson-Starrett Company for the tearing down of the building lately occupied by Rector's restaurant and the erection on this site at the southeast corner of Broadway and Forty-fourth Street of the new seventeen-story Rector Hotel. The Rector Company also obtained yesterday from the Title Guarantee and Trust Company a mortgage on the property and new building of $1,600,000 to run to Feb. 1, 1920, bearing 5½ per cent. interest.

The contract for the erection of the new building stipulates that the construction company will have the new hotel completed by Dec. 15, the short time allowed for the erection of the building being necessary to reduce to a minimum inconvenience to the Rector patrons. In order to accomplish this it will be necessary to tear down the present building, excavate rock to a depth of forty feet below grade, and erect a building which, from base to top, will be nearly three hundred feet high. Three stories of the hotel are to be below grade and fourteen above.

The building will be erected from the plans of D. H. Burnham & Co. of Chicago, and will embody the latest ideas in first-class hotel construction.

A $300,000 Plant for Bronx.

The Ward Bread Company of Pittsburg, Penn., is to erect an immense bread bakery plant in the Bronx. The cost of the structure will be $300,000. The building will be six stories high, and will cover the block front on St. Mary's Street, from Southern Boulevard to Wales Avenue, a plot 230 by 203. The architect is C. B. Comstock, through whom plans were filed yesterday.

New Realty Co. Elects Officers.

The Queensboro Investing Company, the recent purchaser of the $1,500,000 Barclay-Dugro tract, has elected the following officers: Edward A. MacDougall, President; H. F. Ambler, Treasurer, and F. G. Randall Secretary.

This company is one of the subsidiary companies of the Queensboro Corporation, of which E. A. MacDougall is Vice President and Managing Director. The large interests of the Queensboro Corporation have caused Mr. MacDaugall to resign from the Vice Presidency of the Woodside Heights Corporation, though he has retained his stock interest in that corporation.

The Paris MacDougall Company, of which Mr. MacDougall was President, has also been recently liquidated. Mr. MacDougall has associated with him in the Queensboro Corporation Messrs. William F. Wyckoff, John D. Crimmins, William H. Williams, Jr., Bryan L. Kennelly, and other prominent men.

Protest Against Brooklyn Court House Site.

A number of protests have been voiced in Brooklyn against the location of the new Court House on the two city blocks bounded by Court, Livingston, Clinton, and State Streets, as recently selected by the Supreme Court Justices. The Brooklyn League has sent a letter to the Board of Estimate, asking for a public hearing on the subject at an early date. Prof. Franklin W. Hooper of the Brooklyn Institute expresses the general opinion of the protesting organizations by saying:

"If the site selected by the Judges is approved by the Board of Estimate it will mark the beginning of the disintegration of our municipal centre," he declared. "The municipal centre should be retained between Court and Fulton Streets, stretching to the eastward from Borough Hall."

Remodel 25th Street Residence for Boarding House.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for enlarging the five-story and basement residence at 43 East Twenty-fifth Street, adjoining the Appellate Division Court House, and converting it into a furnished-room dwelling, the change of occupancy being made for George A. Plimpton as lessee at a cost of $30,000, from designs by Charles A. Rich and Charles M. Sutton.

Notes.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased for Charles E. Barkley to Andrew Davey, a five-story American-basement dwelling, 321 West 105th Street, on lot 23 by 100, for a term of ten years, at an aggregate rental of $35,000.

Prof. E. L. Alberti is the buyer of the apartment house 945 to 951 St. Nicholas Avenue, sold recently by Joseph Burke. Prof. Alberti gave in part payment a three-story dwelling and two bungalows on plot 50 by 200, fronting on Silver Lake and Norwood Avenue, Avon-by-the-Sea, N. J.

Frank J. Sinnott and Joseph L. Ennis have formed a partnership to operate in real estate under the firm name of Ennis & Sinnott, with offices at 156 Broadway.

William S. Patten is the buyer of 139 West Sixty-fourth Street, sold recently. He owns No. 137.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street resulted as follows:

By Herbert A. Sherman.

165th St, 580, n s, 145.5 ft e of Boston Road, 16.4x50x irregular, two-story dwelling; foreclosure sale, to William H. Mount, $4,450.

120th St, 326 and 328, s s, 391.8 ft e of 2d Av, 41.8x99.11, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Feb. 8.

By Joseph P. Day.

At County Court House.

Jackson Av, s e corner of Garfield St, Van Nest Park; sale by order of the Land Commissioners of the State, to the State of New York, $5,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Mott St, e s, 47 ft s of Delancey St, for a six-story brick loft, 42x86.8; R. H. Susswein and O. Herrmann, 105th St and East River, owners; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $35,000.

Fordham Road, s w corner of Biller Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22x50; Herman and Elsie Oetjen, 258 City Island Av, owners; J. J. Vreeland, architect; cost, $5,000.

St. Mary's St, from Southern Boulevard to Wales Av, for a six-story brick bakery, 23x 203¾; Ward Bread Co., Pittsburg, Penn., owners; C. B. Comstock, architect; cost, $300,000.

Brook Av, w s, 141.6 ft n of 163d St, for a one-story brick grain elevator, 10.1¾x10.1¾, 40 ft in height; George N. Reinhardt, 1,343 Franklin Av, owner; M. J. Garvin, architect; cost, $2,000.

Eastburn Av, e s, 388.30 ft n of 174th St, for a four-story brick tenement, 35x24; John Miller, 2,780 Webster Av, owner; Schaefer & Jarger, architects; cost, $30,000.

Decatur Av, e s, 245.42 ft n of 194th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x88; Daniel Houlihan, 2,867 Bainbridge Av, owner; Schaefer & Jarger, architects; cost, $40,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

25th St, 43 East, to a five-story brick boarding house; G. A. Plimpton, 705 5th Av, owner; C. H. Eich and C. M. Sutton, architects; cost, $30,000.

Barclay St, 43 and 45, to a five-story brick loft; Miss E. Redmond, 6 Washington Square, owner; Cross & Cross, architects; cost, $5,000.

Rivington St, 126, to a three-story brick store and dwelling; R. Mintz, 980 Prospect Av, owner; H. L. Young, architect; cost, $7,500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, FEB. 1.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,740 to 1,744, n w corner of 146th St, 74.11x100; Alva S. Walker and another to T. E. S. Realty Co., (mtg $86,000,) $150,000.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 101st St, 60x100; Isabella Mayer, widow, to Simon E. Bernheimer and another, $1.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 101st St, 60x100; Simon E. Bernheimer and another to Edith L. Sayward, (mtg $125,000,) $1.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 101st St, 60x100; Edith L. Sayward to Henry Nassoit, (mtg $185,000,) $1.

BROOK AV, 1,506, 25x100.10; Janis E. J. Martin to Moritz L. Ernst and another, (mtg $20,000,) $1.

CROTONA AV, w s, 104.5 ft s of 182d St, 25.1x100; Salvatori Abruscato and others to Giuseppe Nuccio, $1.

DALY AV, w s, 31.4 ft s of 180th St, 50.1x102.2x50x101.6; Annie Schulmann and others to Rachel Schopp, $100.

DALY AV, s w corner of 180th St, 81.4x101.6x81.3x99.6; John G. Schulmann and others to Arthur C. Butts, Jr., $200.

DALY AV, n w s, at s w s of Samuel St, 45x108x45x103.11; Amelia Schmidlapp, executrix, to Arthur C. Butts, Jr., (mtg $2,000,) $8,500.

FULTON ST, e s, 168 ft s of 237th St, 72x100; Clara R. Demmerle to Rosa Rice, (mtg $1,890,) $100.

FRONT ST, s s, 105 ft e of Broad St, 28.6x119; Alva Realty Co. to David Lippmann and another, (mtg $23,450,) $100.

LOTS 228 to 241, and 250 to 263, map of Adee Park; the Christiane R. & C. Co. to Tommaso Giordano, (mtg $13,360,) $1.

LOT 102, map of Van Nest Park; August Laartz to Maria Curti, (mtg $2,800,) $100.

MADISON ST, 128, 26.8x—; John G. Dyer, referee, to Nathan Cohen, $35,675.

MADISON ST, 128, 26.8x—; Barnet Abramowitz to Nathan Cohen, $1.

MADISON ST, 128, 26.8x—; Mollie Pitkin to Barnet Abramowitz of Brooklyn, N. Y., $1.

MOTT AV, n w corner of 149th St, 31.7x90.11; Hudson Realty Co. to John Haffen and another, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n s, 195 ft w of Brown Place, 75x100; Doll Realty Co. to Jacob Streifler Co., (mtg $4,500,) $100.

WILKINS PLACE, e s, 125 ft s of Jennings St, 50x159.6; the Jacob Streifler Co. to Anthony Doll, Jr., and another, (mtg $53,000,) $100

2D AV, n e corner of 57th St, 20.9x78; Herman Born to Peter Doelger, (mtg $24,500,) $100.

2D AV, 1,248, e s, 25x75; Edward Silberstein to Dora Katzenberg, (mtg $17,000,) $100.

7TH AV, 607 to 619, and Broadway, 1,471 to 1,485, 112.10x20 to Broadway x116.11x51.4; New York Times Building Co. to New York Times Co., (mtg $1,400,000,) $100.

9TH ST, 722 East, 25x93.11; Clara Schwartz to Louis E. Gluck, (mtg $27,000,) $1.

8TH AV, s w corner of 44th St, 25x100; Emil Levy to William Shoemaker and another, $100.

8TH AV, 2,442, e s, 24.11x76.3; Josephine Suessmann to Emily Feder of Elizabeth, N. J., (mtg $20,000,) $100.

9TH AV, s e corner of 216th St, 49.11x100; Max Marx to Adolf H. Landeker, (mtg $6,750,) $100.

10TH ST, 406 and 408 East, s s, 40x92.3; Rebecca Hakoun to Rachel Feinberg, (mtg $34,000,) $1.

13TH ST, 538 East, 25x103.3; J. S. Kane to Julia P. McSwegan, $1.

13TH ST, 538 East, 25x103.3; A. K. Gibbs to Julia P. McSwegan, $1.

13TH ST, 538 East, 25x103.3; M. A. Kane and others to Julia P. McSwegan, $1.

13TH ST, 538 East, 25x103.3; J. K. Anderson to Julia P. McSwegan, $1.

23D ST, 28 to 44 West, s s, 312.6 ft w of 5th Av, 201.5x irregular to 22d St; 30th St, s s, 75 ft e of 7th Av, 115x—; Isaac Stern and others to Isaac Stern and others, (mtg $1,080,000,) $1.

26TH ST, 15 West, n s, 19x irregular; Annie T. L. Atterbury to Realty Holding Co., $100.

27TH ST, s s, 188 ft e of 7th Av, 44.4x98.9; Mathias Makaus to Jennie Weill, (mtg $40,000,) $100

27TH ST, s s, 188 ft e of 7th Av, 44.4x98.9; Mathias Makaus to Samuel Winters, $100.

29TH ST, s s, 300.6 ft w of 7th Av, 16.7x68.3; Alva Realty Co. to David Lippmann and another, (mtg $8,000,) $100.

34TH ST, 120 East, s s, 47.5x117.6; B. J. Greenhut to Edward V. Kaminski, (mtg $100,000,) $100.

40TH ST, 40 West, s s, 18x98.9; Mary F. Noe to Jasper J. Garmany, $1.

73D ST, n s, 82 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x76.8; Louise Veltin to Eva V. C. Hawkes, $100.

91ST ST, 307 East, n s, 25x100.8; Leopold Einhorn to Bertha Hirshfeld and another, (mtg $20,000,) $100.

100TH ST, 331 East, n s, 37.6x100.11; Samuel Leblang to Sol Yarmy, $100.

108TH ST, 116 and 118 East, s s, 51x100.11; Ignatz Stern to Eva E. Weber, (mtg $39,500,) $100.

104TH ST, 210 and 212 East, 33.4x100.11; Samuel Rand to Louis Rand, (mtg $21,000,) $100.

114TH ST, 337 and 339 East, 40x100; 1st Av, 2,042, e s, 25.1x—; Frank Pittelli to Domenica Melillo of Brooklyn, N. Y., $1.

116TH ST., 66 West, s s, 25x100.11; Esther M. Broder to Bessie A. Wilson, (mtg $36,200,) $100.

120TH ST, s s, 72 ft e of Park Av, 18x72; Ellen Murphy to Katharine Jones, (mtg $5,000,) $1.

124TH ST, 428 West, s s, 25x100.11; Louis Levy to Mildred Levy, (mtg $25,500,) $100.

233D ST, 763 and 767 East, n s, 50x100; Elizabeth P. Richter to Henry Hohn, $1.

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5% unless otherwise specified.

L. & S. REALTY CO. to Martha Levy; 4th St, 116 East, prior mtg $26,000, 3 years, 6%..$2,500

T. E. S. REALTY CO. to Alva S. Walker and another, trustees; Amsterdam Av, 1,742 and 1,744, 2 mtgs, each $5,000, 2 prior mtgs, each $24,000, due, &c, as per bond....$10,000

T. E. S. REALTY CO. to Alva S. Walker and another, trustees; Amsterdam Av, 1,740, prior mtg $38,000, due, &c, as per bond $6,500

EHRLICH, William, and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Decatur Av, 3,287, due, &c, as per bond....................$5,000

SHOEMAKER, William, and another to Emil Levy; 8th Av, s w corner of 44th St, 25x100, due, &c, as per bond....................$75,000

MANHATTAN OFFICE BUILDING CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 27th St, 45 and 47, due, &c, as per bond..............$25,000

KAMINSKI, Edward V., to Montefiore Home; 34th St, 120 East, s s, 47.5x117.6, prior mtg $125,000, installments, 6%............$25,000

KAMINSKI, Edward V., to Montefiore Home; 34th St, 120 East, s s, 47.5x117.6, P. M., due Sept. 21, 1912, 4½%.......................$25,000

TAYLOR, Anna P. K., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.; 28th St, s s, 145 ft e of 3d Av, 77x98.9, 5 years...............$48,000

BLAKELY, Gertrude W., to Henry M. MacCracken; Aqueduct Av, w s, 387.8 ft s of 183d St, 50x100, due, &c, as per bond..$12,000

SEGGIE, William, to Caroline Keller; 62d St, 155 West, 25x100.5, due March 15, 1910..$2,000

MINOMA REALTY CO. to William J. Ehrich; Audubon Av, n e corner of 172d St, 94.6x95, prior mtg $132,500, due April 30, 1912, 6%.. $12,500

MINOMA REALTY CO. to William J. Ehrich; Audubon Av, s e corner of 173d St, 100x75, prior mtg $137,500, 3 years, 6%.......$12,500

OLIVIA, John, to Savoy Trust Co.; Hester St., 197 and 199, due June 1, 1910, 6%..$5,000

NEW YORK TIMES CO. to N. Y. Trust Co., Trustees; 7th Av, e s, 25.1 ft n of 42d St., 112.10x; 42d St, n s, extends from 7th Av to Broadway, due Feb. 1, 1930, 6%..$1,200,000

STARRETT, Theo., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 34th St, 332 West, due, &c., as per bond $17,000

CANAVAN INVESTING CO. to Gross & Herbener; Broadway, n e cor of 156th St, 99.11x200, prior mtg $200,000, due, &c., as per bond $50,000

KERN, James P., to Yette Reiss; 16th St, 431 East, prior mtg $16,000, due July 1, 1914, 6% $6,500

GERLAND, Clara, to Savoy Trust Co.; Hoffman St, e s, 225.10 ft n of 184th St, 18x119.1, due June 1, 1910, 6%....................$5,000

HOTEL RECTOR CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; Broadway, e s, 26.2 ft s of 44th St, 76.1x—; Broadway, s e corner 44th St, 26.2x65.6, due Feb. 1, 1920, 5½%...$1,600,000

HOTEL RECTOR CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., Trustee; Broadway, e s, 26.2 ft s of 44th St, 76.1x—; Broadway, s e corner of 44th St, 26.2x65.6, prior mtg $1,600,000, due Feb. 1, 1919, 6%.......................$525,000

GOTTLIEB, Leopold, to David W. Bormel; 5th St, n s, 243 ft w of Avenue D, 21x75, 5 years $9,000

SIFF, Philip, to Abraham Harris; 140th St, n s, 200 ft e of Lenox Av, 41.8x99.11, prior mtg $45,000, due July 1, 1911, 6%..........$3,000

HAMMER, Samuel, to Charles I. Minkoff; Orchard St, 34, due Aug. 1, 1910, 6%.......$1,000

RUDOLPH, Charles E., Jr., and another, to Mary K. Chapin; Davidson Av, e s, 117 ft n of North St, 17x115, 1 year, 6%.........$1,500

PATERNO BROTHERS, corporation, to City Mortgage Co.; Riverside Drive, e s, 107.6 ft n of 116th St, 58.9x123.10, demand, 6%.... $200,000

PATERNO BROTHERS, corporation, to City Mortgage Co.; Riverside Drive, e s, 166.3 ft n of 116th St, 58.9x135.6, demand, 6%..$200,000

LEDERER, Rachel, to J. Eugene McMichael; 9th Av, 573 and 575, prior mtg $35,000, due, &c., as per bond $5,000

LANDEKER, Adolf H., to Max Marx; 216th St, s e corner of 9th Av, 100x49.11, prior mtg $6,755, 2 years..........................$2,000

HORTON, Lydiard, to Edward M. Burghard; 137th St, 461 West, 1 year..................$1,000

DROEGE, William R., to Elizabeth K. Dooling; Lots 52 and 53, map of land of Sisters of Charity, 3 years, 6%......................$1,400

CURTI, Maria, to August Laartz; Lot 102, map of Van Nest Park, prior mtg $2,800, 3 years.. $600

HADDOX, George W., to Frederick H. Palmer; 2d Av, 544, 3 years, 6%..............$2,000

NUGENT, Eliza, to Joseph Deitz; St. Luke's Place, 3, prior mtg $10,000, due, &c., as per bond $1,000

COHEN, Nathan, to East River Savings Institution; Madison St, s s, 86.3 ft e of Market St, 26.8x—, 5 years....................$29,000

BORGER, Carsten D., to City of New York Insurance Co.; Maiden Lane, 65, due, &c., as per bond $15,000

WILSON, Bessie A., to Esther M. Broder; 116th St, 66 West, 4 years, 6%..........$6,300

TANENBAUM, Leon, to Nathaniel Myers; Bond St, 21, prior mtg $50,000, 1 year, 4½%.. $11,000

BONDOR, Nicholas, to Empire State Surety Co.; Post Av, s s, 100 ft e of Academy St, 75x150, due, &c., as per bond.........$1,767

BUTTS, Arthur C., Jr., to Amelie Schmidlapp; Daly Av, s w corner of Samuel St, 95x108, due Jan. 1, 1913, 6%..............$4,500

WISTARIA REALTY CO. to Bertha Gingerich; Union Av, 978, e s, 40x173.9, prior mtg $35,000, 4 years, 6% $3,000

WISTARIA REALTY CO. to Bertha Gingerich; Union Av, 974, e s, 40x173.8, prior mtg $35,000, 4 years, 6%............................$3,000

WISTARIA REALTY CO. to Charles L. Wendel; Union Av, 970, e s, 40.10x173.7, 4 years, 6% $3,000

LESTER, Mary H., to American Mortgage Co.; Broadway, w s, Lots 20, 21, and 24, map of land of Lucino Chittenden, 3 years..$8,000

WEILL, Jennie, to Mathias Makaus; 27th St, s s, 188 ft e of 7th Av, 44.4x98.9, prior mtg $40,000, 5 years.............................$40,000

RUSCHMEYER, Anna and Henry, individually and as Trustees, to German Savings Bank; 105th St, 214 West, s s, 25x100.11, 5 years, 4½% $17,000

CUMMINGS, George P., to Manhattan Savings Bank; 50th St, 158 West, 20x100.5, due, &c., as per bond $18,000

LEVY, Herman and Arthur, to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States; 2d Av, e s, 25.2 ft s of 79th St, 25.6x74.6, 5 years, 4½%...............................$15,000

BROWN, Demetria S., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 77th St, 148 West, s s, 18x102.2, due as per bond $26,000

FOURTH AVENUE AND THIRTIETH Street Realty Co. to Brooklyn Savings Bank; 4th Av, s e corner of 30th St, 74x —, 5 years, 4½%...................................$360,000

LEVY, Benjamin, to American Mortgage Co.; Hudson St, 239 and 241, w s, 25x —, to Renwick St, 10, 5 years, 4½%..................$23,000

RAYNOR, Orson P., and another to Samuel H. Packard; Brenner Av, s w corner of Devoe St, 25.2x200.8 to Nelson Av x25x201.11, 2 years, 6%......................................$3,000

SAYWARD, Edith L., to Simon E. Bernheimer; Broadway, s w corner of 101st St, 60x100, prior mtg $125,000, 5 years, 6%...........$60,000

MIERISCH, Charles H., to Oscar H. Field and another, executors; 3d Av, n w s, 100 ft s w of Villa Place, 25x100, 6% $800

ROSENFIELD, Rosa, to Nassau Mortgage Co.; 123d St, n s, 280 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, 3 years...................................$7,500

CORBY CONTRACTING CO. to Lizzie Van Riper; Hughes Av, s e s, 150 ft n e of 183d St, 25x100, prior mtg —, 2 years, 6%...$2,000

KREMER, John, to Andrew Wisseman; Crotona Av, n e corner of 170th St, 52.2x100x84.11x108.7, prior mtg $12,000, due Sept. 30, 1911 ....$3,000

O'FLAHERTY, Edward, to Henry Grote; 7th St, s s, 130 ft w of Avenue C, 25x108, Unionport, prior mtg $3,300, 1 year, 6%.........$500

GREENBERG, Bernard, to Title Guarantee and Trust Co.; 101st St, 314 West, s s, 17x100.11, due, &c, as per bond.....................$23,000

MIDDLETON, Catherine C., to American Mortgage Co.; Broadway, s e corner of Fairview Place, 74.6x100.3x85.10x100, due Feb. 1, 1911, 5½% $11,000

Mechanics' Liens.

8TH AV, 2,055; Nassau Fireproofing and Construction Co. against Thomas Machinsky, owner and contractor, $190.

IRVINE ST, 886; Morris Silberberg against Mrs. Grannis, owner; Louis Abrashkin, contractor, $40.

142D ST, n s, 350 ft e of 7th Av, 50x100; Standard Damp-Proofing and Roofing Co. against R. & M. Realty Co., owner; Reynolds & McMahon, contractors, $107.

101ST ST, 137 and 139 West; Moses A. Wiener against Herman Gerstein, owner and contractor, $4.

GRAMERCY PARK, 35 to 38; Monroe M. Golding against Gramercy Park Construction Co., owner and contractor, $10,016.

FRANKLIN AV, w s, 229.9 ft s of 170th St, 80.3x205; Charles Schneider against Cohen & Eckman, Inc., owner and contractor, $291.

178TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of Daly Av, 80x81.5; Richard E. Thibaut, Inc., against D. H. Spring Realty Co., owner; Abraham Weingarten, contractor, $282.

47TH ST, s s, 250 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.5; Samuel Rosenberg against Abraham Korn, owner; Gordon & Stein Contracting Co., contractor, $115.

PELL ST, 10; John Rogers against Ernst Plath, owner; Lorenzo Building and Construction Co., contractor, $95.

22D ST, 327 West; Jacob M. Seidenberg against Randall P. Barron and Sarah Rockfeller, owners and contractors; George F. Schlauter, contractor, $40.

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

128TH ST, 58 West; Bauer Brothers against Samuel M. Rosendorf and others, Nov. 25, 1909, $25.

3D AV, 797; Tobias Schwartz against Mary L. Cassidy and others, March 22, 1909, $240.

IRVINE ST, 881 and 883; Manhattan Stair Building Co. against Anna Pease and others, Dec. 8, 1909, $75.

STANTON ST, 50; Louis Baron and others against Morris Bresky and others, Aug. 19, 1909, (by bond,) $605.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s e s, intersection n e s of Tiffany St; Charles Zwerman against Muller Construction Co. and others, Dec. 30, 1909, (by bond,) $150.

Lis Pendens.

130TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 44.2x96x irregular; Rudolph Wallach against Louis Manheim and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

206TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 10th Av, 100x99.11; Rudolph Wallach against James McClenahan and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

WEST END AV, 768; Rudolph Wallach against Robert McWilliam and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

135TH ST, 179 West; Rudolph Wallach against John Bernheimer and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

MANHATTAN AV, n e corner of 115th St, 100x20; Rudolph Wallach against Johnston Livingston and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

10TH AV, 321; Rudolph Wallach against Richard Lawrence and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

HESTER ST, 23; Rudolph Wallach against Mary Leschnick and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

209TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 107x99.11; Rudolph Wallach against Manhattan Real Estate and Building Association and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

149TH ST, 544 West; Rudolph Wallach against Lillie Lowenstein, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys Bridges & Lustgarten.

5TH AV, 1,371; Rudolph Wallach against George Schuster and others, (foreclosure of transfer tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

123D ST, 360 West; Rudolph Wallach against Charles E. Tolman, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

123D ST, 358 West; Rudolph Wallach against Sophie Hayes and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

BOULEVARD LAFAYETTE, w s, 425.4 ft s of Fort Washington Park, 50x100; Rudolph Wallach against Fernando Wood, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

PLEASANT AV, s w corner of 108th St, 93x100.11; Rudolph Wallach against William Rankin and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

STANTON ST, 180; Rudolph Wallach against Jente Ritter and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

131ST ST, 259 West; Rudolph Wallach against Anna E. Valentine and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

123D ST, 262 WEST; Rudolph Wallach against Jacob Steffens and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

8TH AV, s e corner of 116th St, 25.8x100; Rudolph Wallach against Central Park Improvement Co. and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

3D AV, 1,781; Rudolph Wallach against estate of Edward Roberts and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

186TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 11th Av, 50x114.10; Rudolph Wallach against John A. Woolson, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

209TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 107x99.11; Rudolph Wallach against Manhattan Real Estate and Building Association and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

210TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of 9th Av, 200x99.11; Rudolph Wallach against Robert Gordon Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

AVENUE A, 194; Rudolph Wallach against Michael Blinn and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

JANSEN AV, n w s, 106.11 ft n e of Terrace View Av, 100x179.11; Rudolph Wallach against William L. Brown, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

LENOX AV, 247; Rudolph Wallach against William P. Collins and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

PRESCOTT AV, w s, 704.11 ft n of Emerson St, 100x134.5; Rudolph Wallach against James C. Courter and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

DIVISION ST, 60; Rudolph Wallach against Francis Dominick and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,355; Rudolph Wallach against James Deering, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,351 and 1,353; Rudolph Wallach against James Deering, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

VAN CORLEAR PLACE, s e s, 140.8 ft n w of centre line of Jacobus Place, 30x80; Rudolph Wallach against Elizabeth T. Cagney, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

PRESCOTT AV, w s, 704.11 ft n of Emerson St, 100x134.5x irregular; Rudolph Wallach against James C. Courter and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

35TH ST, 423 West; Rudolph Wallach against Ellen M. Hennesy, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

30TH ST, 547 West; Rudolph Wallach against Susan Hamilton and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

98TH ST, 324 East; Rudolph Wallach against James King and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

DYCKMAN ST, s w corner of D St, runs w — to high water line of Hudson River x s — to land of John P. Dodge x e — to w s of D St x n — to beginning, &c.; D St, e s, 116 ft s of Dyckman St, 84x100x irregular; Rudolph Wallach against Samuel McMillan and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

RIVERSIDE AV, e s, 250 ft s of 122d St, runs e 200 to Claremont Av x s 50x w 100x s 45.6x w 101.2x n 111 to beginning; Rudolph Wallach against Adolph Bernheimer, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

123D ST, 527 West; Rudolph Wallach against Minnie Bussel and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

LOT 184, map of Laconia Park, Bronx; John Moyland against A. Shatzkin & Sons, Inc., and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. A. Brown.

52D ST, 507 to 515 West, leasehold F. Mohr & Co. against George C. Flint Co., (action to declare lease valid, &c.;) attorneys, Ivins, Mason, Wolff & Hoguet.

34TH ST, 158 East; John H. Goetschius against Viola B. Corkery, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, A. Summers.

8TH ST, 109; Orphan Society of the City of New York against George B. Hayes and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. D. Elder, Jr.

105TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Charles Wynne against Thomas Hickson and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. D. Elder, Jr.

74TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x102.2; John A. Weekes against Raphael Doreman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. Sutherland.

VERMILYEA AV, n e corner of Academy St, —x—; Rudolph Wallach against Joseph M. Fernandez, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Bridges & Lustgarten.

UNION AV, w s, 25 ft n of 147th St, 275x100; Van Mater Stilwell against Joseph Cucurullo and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, V. M. Stilwell.

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327 Hancock St.—MUST BE SOLD, $500 cash, three-story and basement brownstone house; value $8,500; bargain to right party. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

450 Bay Ridge Av.—MUST BE SOLD, three-story three-family brick house; good condition; well rented; $500 cash will buy it. H. M. Eppes, 185 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Direct from builder; corner Rogers Av. and Fenimore St.; six modern three-story houses, with stores and two apartments; one modern bakery, fully equipped; all sanitary rules; electricity, &c.; also elegant corner store for grocer or any other business; at low price and easy terms. Inquire of janitor.

Block front, best section Park Slope, where $7 to $10 is guaranteed for room; can be bought cheap; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 707.

Plot 40x80, corner Avenue H and East 7th St.; bargain to quick buyer. Dupree, 44 Court St., Room 1,001, Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction
Wednesday, Feb. 16, 1910,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesrooms, 14-16 Vesey Street,
TRUSTEE'S SALES
BY ORDER OF
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company
Trustee,
Estate of WILLIAM G. PARK, Dec'd.
47 Fifth Avenue
The Four story, basement and cellar Dwelling. Size of lot 39.3x125x irreg.
S. E. Cor. 5th Avenue & 97th Street
Vacant, size of plot 100.11x100.
North Side 95th Street
150 Ft. East 5th Avenue, Vacant, Size of Plot, 100x100.8½.
North Side 96th Street
100 Ft. West Park Avenue, Vacant, Size of Plot, 100x100.11
N. E. Cor. 5th Avenue & 107th Street
Vacant, Size of Plot 100.11x110.
Estate of WILLIAM HODSDON, Dec'd.
85-87-89 Broad St.
ENTIRE FRONT, Between South William and Stone Sts.
Size of Plot, 70.1x47.7x76x32.9.
231 Fulton St.
4½ story Brick Business Building, Size of Lot 17.9x47.6x irregular.
244 Fulton St.
4 story Brick Business Building, Size of Lot 20x34.3.
Estate of FRANCIS S. KINNEY, Dec'd.
19 West 54th St.
Magnificent 5 story, fireproof Dwelling. Unrestricted, Size of Lot, 50x100.5.
70% May Remain on Mortgage 1 or 3 Years at 5%
GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN, Attorneys, 22 Exchange Place
Mooyer & Marston, Agents,
26 EXCHANGE PLACE AND 475 FIFTH AVENUE.
Bookmaps and further particulars with attorneys, agents, or auctioneer's office, 156 Broadway. Telephone 1547—Cortlandt.
SAME DAY
213 to 223 East 125th St.
NEAR THIRD AVENUE.
The six three-story and basement brick buildings. Size of plot 100 x 99.11.
235 and 237 West 14th St.
NEAR SEVENTH AVENUE,
The two five-story brick buildings. Size of plot 31.6x132x irreg.
36 Laight Street,
through to
15 Vestry Street,
NEAR HUDSON STREET.
The four-story and basement brick tenement on Laight St., size 23 feet in front, and the two-story brick stable on Vestry St., size 20 feet in front and with a depth of plot 175 feet.
Mooyer & Marston, Agents,
26 EXCHANGE PL. AND 475 FIFTH AVE.
Maps and further particulars with agents, or at auctioneer's office, 156 Broadway. Tel. 1547—Cortlandt.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction
Wednesday, February 9, 1910
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.,

Executors' Sale,
Estate of Nathan E. Clark, Dec'd,
150 & 152 East 91st St.
ADJOINING LEXINGTON AVE.,
the six-story, modern, high-class Apartment House, four families on a floor; two five and six room apartments; steam heat, hot water, open plumbing, electric light; telephone service; up to date; size of plot, 50x100.8½.
70% on mortgage for 2 years at 5%
CLARENCE M. LEWIS, Attorney,
198 Broadway.

Trustee's Sale,
ESTATE OF
JAMES A. RUTHVEN, Dec'd,
252-4 West 55th St.,
ADJOINING AUTOMOBILE CLUB,
the two four-story and basement brownstone Dwellings; 32 rooms and 5 baths; possession; caretaker; size of plot, 33.4x100.5.

Executors' Sale,
Estate of George Barclay Ward, Dec'd,
Choice Plot,
North Side West 152d St.
275 feet east of Amsterdam Ave!
Size of plot, 100x128.9x irregular, with the three-story frame Dwelling thereon.
South Side West 153d St.
Directly in rear of the above plot; size of plot, 100x83.7x irregular.
60% on mortgage 1 year at 5%
388 and 390 Sixth Ave.
and
56 West 24th St.,
the valuable L-shaped parcel, with the four and five story brick Stores and Flats thereon; size of plot, 37½ on 6th Av. x95x61.5x21.6 on 24th St. x irregular; the key to the Sixth Av. corner; a very desirable plot for improvement.
70% on mortgage 1 or 3 years at 5%

Maps and particulars at Auctioneer's office, 156 Broadway.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Mortgage loans
on improved Real Estate will be considered and quickly acted upon by
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
$5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO
Managers of Estates
Brokers, Appraisers,
68 WEST 33D ST., NEAR BROADWAY.
J. Romaine Brown. A. P. W. Kinnan.

Reduce Plumbing Bills
We will tell you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel. 359 Harlem.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 18th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

$8,500 net income for 21 years on an investment of $100,000, choice business property near Herald Square; leased to a responsible tenant. Attorney, X 81 Times, Times Square.

West Side.

SPECULATORS!
$6,000 BUYS 2 5-STORY SINGLE FLATS, STORES, AND BASEMENT STORES IN WEST 133D ST. ALSO 2 6-STORY NEW-LAW HOUSES, SHOWING A RENTAL OF $7,000 EACH, WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS, ON A 100 FOOT WIDE STREET, WITH CROSSTOWN TROLLEY, HALF BLOCK OF SUBWAY STATION, WITH STORES. $9,000 BUYS BOTH. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

NEAR 6TH AV. AND 23D ST.
5-story flat, $26,000; value of land.
AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO.
Will send booklet upon request of their One-Family Stone-Front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address Ave. D and East 25th St., Brooklyn.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

East Side.

FOR SALE
LARGE RESTRICTED PLOT
Madison Avenue
(Between 34th and 42d Streets)
PRICE AND TERMS REASONABLE
Mooyer & Marston
475 Fifth Ave. 26 Exchange Place.

Below 14th St.

Southeast corner Lafayette and 4th Sts. Jay & Candler, 48 Wall St.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale.—A number of farms near Bedford Village, Westchester Co., N. Y. For full particulars address P. H. Kinkel's Sons, Bedford, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

10 ACRES ON SOUND.
800 feet water front; beautiful view; restricted. McClellan & Co., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Business Corner.—7-story, with elevator, 6 stores and 12 apartments; rent, $23,000; price, $225,000. Owner wants nearby country home. Will give an equitable exchange. This is a golden opportunity for the right party. Frank L. Fisher Co., 440 Columbus Av., (81st.)

40-FOOT, 5-STORY DOUBLE, 14 ROOMS; SUBJECT TO ONE MORTGAGE AND CASH FOR THE PROPERTY; ALSO HAVE MANHATTAN FOR BROOKLYN AND BROOKLYN FOR MANHATTAN. JAMES A. JACKSON, 122 WEST 135TH ST.

Equity $100,000 and $10,000 cash; vacant block front, Eighth Av.; free and clear building; $20,000 or $25,000 cash can be raised; exchange for tenements, houses, or second mortgages; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Brooklyn.

St. Mark's Av., cor. Hopkinson, Brooklyn; 140 feet frontage; will exchange for improved; might add cash. Levy Bros., 5 Beekman St., Manhattan.

Bronx.

Six new 2-story, 2-family brick dwellings, West Bronx; equity $18,000; want free and clear country residence. Room 2, 360 West 125th.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

If you want a farm of any kind or nice Summer home, write W. D. Hawkins, Unadilla, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE—OUT OF CITY.

Read our advertisement in The Times on January 30th.

IT appeals to wage earner and to the investor.

IT means a yearly income of $2,000 and more to the worker.

IT may be worth a fortune to you.

IT means independence, freedom from care and worry for the rest of your life.

Our offer is only open to desirable people, as the new colony will even surpass the first one of over 1,000 settlers formed last year in less than three months. $1 per acre cash and $1 per acre per month for 39 months are our terms for 10, 20, and 40 acre tracts of the best land in Florida, adjacent to the great distributing centre at Tampa. The location of our land increases its value many fold.

Write for map and description or call for information.

Johnston & Henderson, Agents,
Tampa Bay Land Company,
115 Broadway, New York.
Room 605.

Bargain!—Farms, acreage; all sections. Write your wants. Williams, 50 Church St., Room 452.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

$4 CASH

Huntington Plaza, Huntington, L. I.
Prices Advance Soon.

Just to advertise, we will sacrifice a few more lots at $53.50 each. High, dry, level; good roads, fine shade; near boating, bathing, fishing; city conveniences. Commutation 16c. a trip. Penn. R. R. improvements will increase values many times over by next season. $4 down, $2 a month. Every shrewd investor will pick up these lots before the big advance. This week $267.50 will buy plot of five lots, 100x100; two years to pay; no interest. Don't delay a single day. Few dollars down secures any location. Write for maps, post-card views and full particulars.
BELLECLAIRE REALTY CORPORATION,
150 Nassau St., City.

LONG BEACH, L. I.
Choice locations for sale.
See what I can offer you.
F. P. JONES, Room 806, 225 5th Av.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

"High and Healthful" Chatham, N. J. Bargains.—Two suburban homes; modern improvements; large lots; only $3,600 and $4,500; Lackawanna Road; hour out; near station; commutation low; excellent train service; be quick. BROKAW, 100 Broadway.

Houses ready, houses building, houses erected after your own plans; easy terms; three beautiful high-grade properties; connecting with McAdoo tubes; 500 satisfied purchasers; improved lots from $250. John N. Falkinburg, 1,133 Broadway.

Account death, owner sacrifice beautiful 9-room house, all improvements; near station; 25 minutes out; large plot; easy terms; price $5,000; worth $6,500. Nicholson Company, Lyndhurst, New Jersey.

East Orange, N. J.—Modern 16-room corner house; two baths; stable; lot 80x200; owner leaving town, will sell for $16,000; principals only. Address for full particulars, Modern, Box 175 Times Downtown.

Free souvenir postcards of Asbury Park sent upon request to any one interested in the growth of Asbury Park and its new bungalows. Secretary, Room 304, 45 West 34th St.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Beautiful country home with city conveniences; nine large rooms, all improvements; gas, electricity; over half acre; $7,500. Inquire owner, R. K., 181 Times Downtown.

FARM Residence, mill, barns, lake, orchards; 80 acres on D., L. & W. R. R.; 1 hour N. Y.; $4,500. J. S. Drake, 42 Broadway.

Houses from $1,500 up; lots from $500 up. To rent: Houses, flats, and rooms from $9.50 up.—Harold C. Baxter, Bloomfield.

Farms, acreage, country homes; all kinds, everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Farms at farmers' prices everywhere in Jersey; special bargains. Osgoodby, 50 Church St., N. Y.

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FOR PARTICULARS WRITE, CALL, OR 'PHONE.
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Chas. Wagner Co. System
'Phone Audubon 2934.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Euclid Hall
Broadway, West Side, 85th and 86th Sts.
9 Rooms, 2 Baths. Very large and light. Every up-to-date convenience. Passenger and servant Elevator Service. Mail Chutes, Telephones, &c.
RENTS, $2,400 A YEAR

Buckingham Court,
312 West 99th St.
All-night elevator service.
Eight large, light rooms and two baths.
RENTS, $1,200 to $1,800 A YEAR

Covent Garden
APARTMENTS.
St. Nicholas Terrace, between 129th & 130th Sts., overlooking Colonial Park.
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC LIGHT,
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms
AND 2 BATHS.
RENTS $40 TO $90.
Finest Location on Washington Heights.

St. Nicholas Court,
746 St. Nicholas Ave.
Elevator service and steam heat.
4-6-7 large, light rooms, $42½ to $60.

Earls Court,
108-116 W. 141st St.
5 and 6 Rooms
ALL-NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.
$32.50 to $50.00 per Month.

APPLY MANHATTAN LEASING CO.,
149 Church St.,
OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

45 5th Avenue
Opposite the First Presbyterian Church.
Apartment of seven rooms and bath.
A sub-lease; possession on or before Feb. 15.
Rent, $1,200. Offer Wanted.
FOLSOM BROS., 835 B'way.
Telephone 423-4-5 Stuyvesant.

WASHINGTON AND JEFFERSON,
324-328 West 51st St.
Beautiful modern apartments, five, six, and eight large, light rooms; electricity, elevator. Apply Superintendent or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

A BARGAIN; 25% OFF.
Fine 8-room corner apartment, one short flight up, to be sublet to October or longer; $75 monthly. 471 Central Park West. 'Phone 5667 River.

25TH ST., 254 TO 8 WEST,
4, 5 rooms, bath; elegant, modern elevator apartment house; every room sunny; lowest rents; decorate suit tenants; concessions. Agent on premises.

14TH, 344 W.—5-6 large, light rooms; all improvements; steam heat. Supt., premises.

If you want a Situation, see Page 17.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Barclay Building
299 Broadway. Corner Duane St.
A Strictly Modern—Absolutely Fireproof Building embodying every up-to-date improvement.
LIGHT OFFICES
Single and en Suite.
LARGE CORNER STORE FLOOR
Also Large, Light and Desirable Basement.
WM. C. WALKER'S SONS.
WRIGHT BARCLAY.
299 Broadway

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EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY

To lease corner factory in the seventies on Avenue A. Contains 25,000 square feet, besides high light cellar. Light on three sides. Partial light on fourth. Heavy mill construction throughout. High power plant in perfect condition. Elevator. For desirable tenant at 27½c per Sq. ft.

Apply J. E. FREDERICKS, Box X 59 Times, Times Square.

TO LEASE

BUILDING TO RENT
Nos. 189 and 191 Sixth Avenue,
NORTHWEST CORNER 13TH STREET
44,000 Square Feet of Floor Space
APPLY TO
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OR YOUR OWN BROKER

Morton Building
116 Nassau St.
Modern Fireproof Building
Desirable Offices
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Also a very attractive suite consisting of a large Reception Room and seven private offices conveniently arranged, suitable for large law firm
Rents Very Moderate
Fred'k Zittel & Sons
Agents on premises

AT 20 CTS. PER SQ. FOOT
Light Corner Loft 100x100
$2,000 PER ANNUM
(SOUTHWEST CORNER COLUMBUS AVENUE AND 101ST ST.)
All kinds of manufacturing facilities; high ceiling, with balcony, three elevators. Make appointment with me to show it to you.
H. MARKOWITZ,
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Stores, Lofts, Buildings TO LET
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Send for List.
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174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

109 BROAD ST.
OFFICES AND FLOORS TO LET.
All modern improvements; newly renovated; suitable for light manufacturing; rents moderate. Inquire janitor, on premises, or at office, 512 W. 42d St.

LARGE CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT
Northeast Corner Lenox Ave. & 114th St.
E. Hoffmann & Co., 61 West 114th St.

House, 31 East 116th St.—Two attractive stores to rent together. 57 East 125th St.

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BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—Store to rent on one of the best business streets; store 50 ft. front, 70 ft. deep, also cellar; suitable for any first-class retail or wholesale business or restaurant. P. O. Box 1,027, Bridgeport, Conn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE CATHEDRAL PLACE
CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
COLUMBUS AVE., 109TH ST.
New 20th century building; just completed.
High-class novel elevator apartments.
2 & 3 Rooms
Bath and Kitchenette
large, light, airy rooms, daintily decorated, overlooking Morningside and Central Parks.
VACUUM CLEANING SYSTEM.
200 feet from 110th St 6th and 9th Av. elevated stations.
Two blocks from Subway and accessible to every surface line on the west side.
A FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT CONNECTED WITH THE BUILDING.
RENTS FROM $32 TO $45.
Open for inspection daily, evenings, and Sunday.

3694 BROADWAY,
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4 rooms and bath, $26.
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Steam heat, hot water supply.
Apply on premises or
J. E. WHITAKER, 2108 Broadway, at West 74th.

East Side.

"Lenox Hill," 937 Madison Av., corner 77th St.; eight-room corner apartment to lease.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $43.
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4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 105.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $65. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

Six new buildings, corner Fenimore St. and Rogers Av.; unexcelled transportation facilities, 5 cent fare; Brighton Beach "L" and three trolley lines; six light, airy rooms, tiled bath; hardwood trim; odorless gas fireplaces; plenty closet room; reasonable rent; janitor on premises.

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NOS. 220-222, AT 26TH ST.
FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY
L. P. HOLLANDER & CO.
Ernestus Gulick Co., 324 5th Av., at 33d St.

810 BROADWAY.
Facing 11th Street.
LOFT 25x117.
All modern improvements. Light on all sides.
FREDERICK A. BOOTH, 360 B'WAY.

Choice corner store and basement on central part of Second Avenue to let, with three large plate glass show windows; possession now; rent only $1,600 to desirable tenant; no liquor. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Offices, large, small, all light, rents reasonable. IMPORTERS & TRADERS BUILDING. Modern 18 story. 24-26 Stone Street to 59-61 Pearl Street, next Broad.

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280 Washington Av., Brooklyn; four-story and basement brownstone and brick dwelling to let; size 20x42x95; has 14 rooms and bath; rent low. Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway, N. Y.

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The Dixie Apartments
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One large, handsome room, private bath; restaurant with Southern cooking attached; meals served to apartments; telephone.

LIVING ROOM and chamber in elevator apartment; all conveniences; reasonable rent; upper 7th Av. driveway. Hampton, X 74 Times, Times Square.

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UNUSUAL COOKING-OLD WINES-GOOD MUSIC

Gilsey House
BROADWAY AND 29TH ST.
SINGLE ROOMS, $1; DOUBLE ROOMS, $2.
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $3 per day up.
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES FOR TRANSIENT GUESTS AND FAMILIES.
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Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 103 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Pianist to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

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Hamilton Hotel
CAPACITY 600.
Enlarged and Improved. Stone and Concrete Construction Throughout
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Cables: ADLONUM BERLIN
Facing Famous Brandenburg Gate
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The Select Home of American Society & European Aristocracy
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These lessons for either Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar, Banjo, Cornet, Mandolin, Cello or Sight Singing, will be given absolutely free to any reader of The Times.

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Please send free tuition offer and further information, as I wish to learn the instrument before which I have marked X.

Piano	Violin	Mandolin	Cornet	Cello
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Musical Instruments supplied when needed. Cash or credit.
If more convenient, telephone Madison Square, 5192.

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Hotels, boarding houses and accommodations at prices to suit the purse of every class: One dollar a day and up.

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243 Fifth Ave., New York 130 Adams St., Chicago
GENERAL OFFICES AT ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA.

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HOTEL TRAYMORE
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Open Throughout the Year
Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.
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One of the largest and most modern beach-front hotels. American and European plans. No extra charge for sea or fresh water baths. Orchestral concerts. Special Winter rates now in effect.
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THE WESTMONT Hotel and Sanitarium.
Rhode Island Av. and the Beach. Excellent table; homelike; always open. Reservations for Lenten season. Booklet and rates on request. W. H. MOORE, Manager.

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So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. & Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. Entirely refurnished and under personal supervision of MR. WIENER of Phila. catering fame.

New Holland New York Av., near beach; homelike; $8.00 up weekly; booklets. M. J. LEE.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

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Among the Pines of New Jersey
Season October to June.
Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.
LAUREL HOUSE
NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.
LAUREL IN THE PINES
NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.
These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.
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NASSAU, B. W. I.

NASSAU BAHAMAS
The land of perpetual June and Roses. Less than 3 days from New York; 12 hours from Florida. Temperature 68 to 78 degrees during winter months. The famous Colonial Hotel is here.
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Tourists going South can be entertained in elegant private home; furnace and open fires if required; large, sunny rooms; magnificent view; near Bon Air Hotel; no consumptives entertained. Address Mrs. Chas. B. Patterson, The Hill, Augusta, Ga.

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We hear enthusiastic praise for the resort pleasures found in
AGWI THE AMERICAN MEDITERRANEAN

Florida
the enchanted land of Ponce de Leon, with all the interesting attractions of the Riviera, Spain and Italy, with no only the most fashionable hotels in the world, but desirable family homes and cottages, or where one may camp under "summer" skies in winter, enjoy the finest bathing, fishing, yachting, automobiling, golf, tennis and a multiplicity of other outdoor sports, no matter how great or how limited one's income.

The Only Direct Routes to Florida are by the
CLYDE LINE
Without change from New York,
Every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday & Saturday, calling at historic old Charleston, where connections are made for all Carolina Resorts, and reaching Jacksonville on the third day, where the journey through Florida may be continued via the beautiful **St. Johns River** thro' the heart of the South.

MALLORY LINE
Special Weekly Sailings
From New York every Wednesday.
To Key West (for Havana, Miami, Palm Beach), Tampa, St. Petersburg and West Gulf Coast Points

PORTO RICO—NASSAU—CUBA—MEXICO—YUCATAN—TEXAS—ALABAMA
are all directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century Steamers of the
ATLANTIC, GULF & WEST INDIES STEAMSHIP LINES
Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico & Ward Lines.

Write for Copy of AGWI NEWS, a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region and outlining some exceptionally attractive tours.

Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details and render invaluable service in all travel matters.

Address: Tour Bureau AGWI Lines, 290 Broadway, New York.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 5:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M. Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

If you want high-class office Help, see Page 17.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE
CRUISE OF 28 DAYS TO THE WEST INDIES
By the Steamship **MOLTKE**
Largest Vessel Ever Sent to the Caribbean, Leaving New York
FEB. 22, $150 AND UP
For VENEZUELA, NASSAU and PANAMA CANAL
EASTER CRUISE of 16 days leaves on MARCH 24.
Also Summer Cruises to Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, etc.
Send for Travel Books, fully illustrated.

REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
S. S. AMERIKA 23,000 TONS
Leaving New York, Feb. 12, 11 A. M.
†All the latest features, including Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Elec. Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
Accommodations at Attractive Rates.

*Pres. Grant....Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | *Kais'nAug.Vic.Mar.5
†Amerika ....Feb. 12 | *Pres. Lincoln, Mch.12
§Pennsylvania. ....Feb. 19 | *Pres. Grant. Mch. 19
§Graf Waldersee......Feb. 26 | †Amerika...Mch. 26
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.

ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.
S. S. HAMBURG, FEB. 15, 1 P. M.
S. S. BATAVIA.........................March 15
S. S. HAMBURG.........................March 29
S. S. MOLTKE.........................April 19
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Arizona-California
FARMS TO BE OPENED TO PUBLIC ENTRY IN MARCH.
Fertile Soil
Favorable Climate
Large Crop
Yields.
Low Rates
During March and April.
CHOICE OF WATER OR RAIL ROUTES FROM EASTERN POINTS TO NEW ORLEANS.
Southern Pacific Sunset Route
SUPERIOR SERVICE ALL THE WAY
L. H. NUTTING, G. E. P. A., 1, 366, 1158 B'WAY, NEW YORK.

American Line From Pier 15, N. R. at 10 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
New York.....Feb. 5 | St. Louis.....Feb. 19
*Adriatic .....Feb. 12 | *Oceanic.....Feb. 26
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 48, N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct—Pier 29, N. R.
NEW S. S. MINNEWASKA
Completely and Luxuriously Equipped
Feb. 12 9:30 A. M. **London Direct**
Minnetonka, Feb. 5, 3 PM | Minnehaha, Feb. 19
Min'waska, Feb. 12, 9:30 AM | Min'tonka, Mar. 12

Red Star Line From Pier 14, N. R. at 10 A. M.
New York—Antwerp—Paris
Finland ....Feb. 2 | Zeeland ....Feb. 16
Vaderland ....Feb. 9 | Lapland (new).Feb. 23

White Star Line From Piers 48 & 49, N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New Triple-Screw S. S. **LAURENTIC, Feb. 5**
Combination Turbine-Reciprocating Engines.
Superb Appointments—Elevator—Orchestra.
Laurentic (new), Feb. 5, 2 P. M. Baltic, Feb. 19
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
MAMMOTH S. S. **ADRIATIC** 25,000 TONS.
February 12, 10 A. M.
†NewYork.Feb.5,10AM | †St.Louis.Feb.19,10AM
Adriatic.Feb.12,10AM | Oceanic.Feb.26,10 AM
†American Line Steamer from Pier 15, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO **ITALY & EGYPT**
Via Azores, Madeira, and Gibraltar.
Celtic (20,904 tons)..Feb. 2, 11 A. M.; Mar. 16
Cedric (21,035 tons)..........Feb. 16........
Romanic ....Feb. 26; Apr. 2
Cretic ....Mar. 12; Apr. 16
Canopic ....Mar. 24; May 4
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

$30.00 AND UP ROUND TRIP to Bermuda
New Weekly Service by 6,000 Ton
R. M. S. P. "OROTAVA"
From New York every Wednesday
Pier 50, North River
From Bermuda every Saturday
High Class Cuisine—Orchestra—Electric Fans in all rooms.
Wireless Telegraphy—Bilge Keels.
Jamaica, Panama Canal, Trinidad, Barbados.
Tours of 12 to 25 days from $85 up.
CRUISES DE LUXE
TO THE WEST INDIES
18 to 54 Days, $85 to $350 up
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
Sanderson & Son, 22 State St., N. Y.

PANAMA CANAL JAMAICA
Central and South America
Comfortably, frequently, and economically reached by the two new 5,000-ton steamships of the
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
Private Suite with bath. Staterooms en suite with bath. Artificial cold air in rooms.

FROM NEW YORK: Pier 59 N. R., W. 18th St., 10 A. M. Thursdays for Kingston and Colon, "SS. Zacapa" Feb. 3.

FROM NEW ORLEANS: 10 A. M. Saturdays for Colon, 10 A. M. Tuesdays for Belize, Barrios, Guatemala, Limon, Costa Rica, Bocas del Toro, Panama.

OTHER SHIPS: Weekly: Boston to Costa Rica, Philadelphia, and Baltimore to Jamaica, New Orleans, to Honduras.

21 Day Cruise, $125.00.
Low round trip and one way rates.
Booklets and further information upon application to United Fruit Co., 17 Battery Place, New York, or above ports, or City Steamship Ticket Agents.

SAFETY and COMFORT
Go To Bermuda
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S.Oceana, 8000 Tons
Sailing every Saturday from N. Y., 10 A. M.
S.S.Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Sailing every Wednesday from New York. Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels. Forty hours from frost to flowers.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbados and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York. THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

Fortnightly Service to HAITI, CURACAO, VENEZUELA, TRINIDAD & SURINAM
ROYAL DUTCH WEST INDIA MAIL
Weekly Service to Trinidad and Surinam. Fortnightly to Barbados, Demerara.
Apply—17 State St., New York City

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5 P. M., from Pier 19, East River.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
Quickest Route to London and Continent via Fishguard.
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Umbria.........Feb. 2 | Umbria.........Feb. 23
Mauretania....Feb. 9 | Mauretania ....Mar. 2
Campania......Feb. 16 | Lusitania ......Mar. 9

To Italy & Egypt
TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
CARMANIA & CARONIA
Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Strs.
Feb. 19—March 5.
Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
ALSO TWO SPECIAL CRUISES
SAXONIA TO ITALY, Feb. 5—Mch. 19.
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE
TO FIUME, VIA
GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
Saxonia..Feb. 5, noon | Caronia.......Feb 19
Pannonia Feb. 12, noon | Carmania.......Mar. 5
BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
Fast twin-screw mail passenger steamers.
IVERNIA..Feb. 3, March 15, April 12, May 10
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships
Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
K. Wm. der Gr..Feb. 8 | Cecilie ....Mar. 22
K. Wm. der Gr.Mar. 8 | Kaiser Wilh. II.Apr. 5
BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Roon...........Feb. 10 | Rhein..........March 3
*G.Washington.Feb.24 | Zieten ....Mar. 10
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
†Gr. Kurfuerst..Feb. 5 | Barbarossa....Feb. 26
K. Albert.....Feb. 12 | P. Irene.......Mar. 5
†Orient Cruise.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

24 DAYS' TRIP TO WEST INDIES $135
LEAVES NEW YORK **Feb. 4,** 2 P. M.
By NEW S. S.
PRINZ SIGISMUND 5,000 TONS
Calls at Montego Bay and Kingston, (Jamaica,) stay 2 days; Savanilla and Cartagena, (Colombia,) Jacmel, Aux Cayes, and Jeremie, (Hayti.) Stop over allowed at Jamaica.
These delightful trips (alternating with a 25-day cruise at $140) leave New York every week.
SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO JAMAICA.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York.

CLARK'S 12th ANNUAL CRUISE
Feb. 5 to April 19.
TO THE ORIENT
By S. S. Grosser Kurfuerst
THE ONLY ORIENT CRUISE THIS WINTER
Under the Able Management of
FRANK C. CLARK.
Seventy-three days, including 24 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions, Hotels, &c. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Constantinople, Athens, Rome, the Riviera, &c. Tickets good to stop over in Europe, to include Passion Play, &c.
Europe-Oberammergau Tours, $270 up.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS NEW YORK DIRECT TO NAPLES, NICE, MARSEILLES. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECKS.
1ST CLASS .... $70 & UP
ROMA, FEB. 5TH; VENEZIA, FEB. 19TH.
MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES.
ALL EXPENSES INCLUDED..... $299.50 UP
BOOKLETS, INFORMATION FROM
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Columbia, Feb. 5, 2 P. M. | California, Feb. 19, 3 P. M.
Caledonia, Feb. 12, 10 A. M. | Furnessia, Feb. 26, 10 A. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours,
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.,
from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.
La Bretagne.......Feb. 3 | *La Touraine....Feb. 24
*La Savoie.........Feb. 10 | La Bretagne....Mch. 3
*La Provence.....Feb. 17 | *La Savoie......Mch. 10
*Twin screw steamers.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Statendam...Feb. 8, 9 AM | Noordam..........Mar. 8
Potsdam.....Feb. 22, 9 AM | Statendam........Mar. 15
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

CALIFORNIA
Independent 30-Day Tour. "Invisible Courier System." Starting any time, including Hotels, Pullmans, Transfers, etc., $280.35.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396-398 Broadway, N. Y.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF CENTRAL OF Georgia Third Income Mortgage Bond Scrip No. 501, for $300, in the name of Anna C. Robertson, or bearer, has been lost and its transfer has been stopped. All persons are hereby called upon to show cause why a new certificate, in place of the one lost, should not be issued. MARIE B. TURNER, Administratrix of Estate of Anna C. Robertson, deceased.

LOST—Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, a fraternity pin, set with pearls and diamonds; initials "A. G. and R. I. A." engraved on back; suitable reward. Call or write, Alexander Graham, care Everybody's Magazine, 31 E. 17th St.

LOST—Will the person who took sterling silver mesh bag in ladies' room, Cafe Madrid, Sunday evening, Jan. 30, return same to Times Office, keeping money? No questions asked. Initials on bag, A. E. P. X 75 Times, Times Square.

LOST—On Saturday, Jan. 28, between West 56th St. and 59th St. Subway station, silver watch with initials "J. H. M." on case. Reward if returned to Magee, 534 West 56th St. 'Phone 3820—Columbus.

LOST—In a taxicab on Saturday evening at 8:15, in going from 42d St. to Colonial Theatre, a baum marten muff of five skins. Please return to Hotel Marlton, 3 West 8th St. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday, pointed fox muff, in New York Cab Co. cab or on sidewalk, West 59th St.; $10 reward. Return to Nevada, Apartment 3E, 2,025 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond and pearl pendant at Hotel Knickerbocker on Saturday, Jan. 29; reward $50. Return to Room 32, Aberdeen Hotel, 17 West 32d St.

LOST—In Franklin Simon's, Friday, Jan. 28, lady's open-face gold watch; monogram "M. A. H."; reward. William L. Pierce, 100 Broadway.

LOST—Reward offered for return of ruby bracelet lost in Plaza Hotel ballroom on the evening of Jan. 31. Mrs. E. R. Ladew, Plaza Hotel.

LOST.—Night of Jan. 24, between 24 East 38th St. and Hotel Knickerbocker, fur neck piece, (silver fox;) $25 reward. 24 East 38th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 1,807 Yorkville Bank, Special Deposit Department, issued to Hattie Wall; payment stopped; return to bank.

LOST—Scarfpin, diamond and ruby in square setting; finder liberally rewarded; no questions asked. Martin, 1,657 Broadway.

LOST—Late Saturday afternoon, string large silver beads; reward $8. Return to L. Coleman, Hotel Latham, East 28th St.

LOST—Child's open faced watch, in or near Bryant Park, Monday, about 11. Reward. Dr. Forbes, 96 Park Avenue.

LOST—Thursday, black and white enamel watch, initials "I. S. W." Room 106, Hotel Seymour, 50 West 45th St.

LOST—Lady's diamond and pearl pin, Tuesday evening, Jan. 4; suitable reward. Box 83, North Side News.

LOST—Cameo brooch Monday night, between Times Square and Brooklyn. Reward. X 79 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Monday night, mink neckpiece, Broadway, near 180th St.; liberal reward. Return to 4,241 Broadway.

LOST—Gold eyeglass lorgnette, Sunday morning, All Angels' Church; reward. Whybrew, 203 West 95th St.

LOST.—Chinchilla scarf, between 45th and 57th Sts., 5th Av. Wertheim, 1,261 Madison Av. Reward.

LOST.—Green scarab ring, inscribed; reward. C. F. O'Brien, 46 East 25th St. Phone 4889 Madison.

LOST—Pony skin neckpiece, Harlem Opera House; liberal reward. Tierney, 515 West 178th St.

LOST.—Beaded handbag, in Subway, 42d St. Liberal reward. 625 West End Av.

LOST—Agate ring, Jan. 31, N. Y. C. Train 58; reward. Jelinek, 18 West 184th St.

LOST.—Gray belt with large silver gilt buckle. Reward if returned to 63 East 52d St.

LOST—Gold chain fob; liberal reward for return. D. S., 611 West 40th St.

LOST—In Cafe Madrid, Sunday night, in washroom, gentleman's ring of platinum, set with round, grayish blue cabochon cut stone in centre, and a square sapphire on each side; reward of $50 and no questions. Ring has no value except personal associations. A. M. Lockridge, Hendrik Hudson Apartments, 110th St. and River.

LOST—While traveling Los Angeles to New York, Santa Fe Limited to Chicago, Twentieth Century Chicago to New York, manuscript entitled "Waste"; $1,000 reward if returned within six days to Frederic Thompson, New Amsterdam Theatre Building, New York.

LOST—$200 reward; Sunday, 23d, walking from West 70th St. to West 93d St., a pearl and diamond pin, one large pearl set round with diamonds. Will be identified and reward paid by Theodore B. Starr, jeweler, 206 5th Av.

LOST—Gold watch, Non-Magnetic Co., makers; initials "W. C. R." on case; name engraved inside; Riverside Drive or Subway; suitable reward. No questions if returned to 166 West 72d St.

LOST—Lady's open-faced gold watch, monogram on back, "E. A. K.," black velvet fob, Odd Fellow pin; 59th St. Subway Station; reward. Kissenger, 40 West 127th St., 9-12 A. M.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Black French poodle on Park Av. and 84th St., last Thursday night between 11 and 12; reward. 997 Park Av.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Photo, glove, rags. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, 3 purses, pin, books, gloves, satchel, nightgown, bibs, neckties, milk bottle, &c., chart, cap, photo, overalls, newspapers, stencils, barrette, pipe, molding, demijohn. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—2 umbrellas, blue print, receipt, parcel check, gloves, key, shoes and rubbers, furnace, lunch, mittens, cigars, eyeglass case, satchel, under vest, book, card case. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, spectacles, gloves, pouch, shirts and collars, clothing, lamp fixtures, mouse trap, handle, money. SUBWAY—3 umbrellas, pass case, purses, handbags, chain, cuff button, fob, brooch, cigars, school books, music, gloves, 2 collars, envelopes, neckpieces, drawings, razor books, cap, photo, jars, rubber, beads, knife, key, strap.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—L. I. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, L. I. City: Camera, muff, case.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City: Umbrella, book, package.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Pair glasses, umbrella, two pocketbooks.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City: R. R. TRAINS—Roll, 1 cuff, bracelet, pair glasses, 2 pair rubbers, package, muff, handbag. JERSEY CITY STATION—Card case, purse. 23D ST BOAT—Hat.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, Grand Central Station: Pair gloves, 2 overcoats, 2 packages, 3 umbrellas, dress suit case, pair eyeglasses, pair rubbers, muff.

FOUND, Feb. 1.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Key, part of watch fob, shaving brush, pipe, 2 pairs pajamas, pair rubbers, lady's jacket, cane.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ART EMBROIDERY.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require experienced saleswomen for their Art Embroidery Department. Only those having a thorough experience need apply. Apply at office of General Manager.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

COOK to go to country; wages $25. 43 West 74th St., Wednesday morning, 10 to 12.

GOVERNESS.—Lady or girl of neat appearance to govern 7-year-old child; must speak German and French. Apply 139 West 41st St., after 2 P. M.

MODELS WANTED—STYLISH YOUNG LADIES TO TRY ON COSTUMES IN SHOWROOM; LONG SEASON. FABER & HEIN, 15 WEST 27TH ST.

NURSEMAID.—German; experienced; boy 4; girl 1 year old; must be refined, good education; $25. Apartment 43, 508 West 114th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—In general office of Brooklyn manufacturing concern in vicinity Pratt Institute; must be accurate, rapid operator, understand subject filing; neat personal appearance; resident of Brooklyn preferred; good opportunity for advancement if thoroughly competent; state previous experience, references, and salary desired. Address G 137 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Competent young woman stenographer and office assistant in the office of a large manufacturing company. Reply with full particulars as to education, business experience, age, and nationality. No attention will be given to replies unless these particulars are mentioned; salary, $15 per week. York, P. O. Box 645.

WANTED—Girl, German or Finn, for general housework in apartment; family of three. Apply before 11 A. M., sixth floor, west, 50 Central Park West.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG LADIES WANTED for clerical work in office of wholesale waist house. Apply after 9 A. M., J. & M. Cohn, 189 Greene St., near Bleecker.

YOUNG WOMAN, experienced, to care for infant; city reference required; $25 to $30. Apply between 10 and 2, Apartment 7D, 215 West 101st St.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Wanted young man, neat and accurate. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary required and previous experience. G 135 Times Downtown.

A.—SALESMAN.—Long Island suburban real estate salesman; only high-class need apply. Address Development, Box 29 Times Downtown.

BOND SALESMEN—Experienced, on commission basis; real estate title bonds, guaranteeing 6 per cent. plus half the profits. Room 415, 25 West 42d St.

FURNITURE.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require experienced salesmen for their Furniture Department. Apply at office of General Manager.

MEN, any nationality, over 25, speaking and writing English, to work on legitimate proposition; special inducements to intelligent workers and men who speak foreign languages. Address, stating age and experience, Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

MEN WANTED.—To prepare for railway mail examinations; commencement salary $800; preparation free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 260 L, Rochester, N. Y.

NIGHT MANAGER.
The requirements: Settled man, 35 to 40 years old, willing to do, and preferably one having done, night work; 11 hours nightly week days and alternate Sundays; must be clean-cut man of good appearance, common sense and judgment, and able to carry on intelligent business conversation with outsiders; experience in handling force of mechanical men and some general knowledge of electricity.
The position: Inside and permanent to right man at good salary; men in similar position for over 20 years; we mean business and need a good man who will appreciate a steady position at a good salary and in return will devote his entire effort to the best interests of the company. In applying state salary customarily earned and experience. N. M., G 143 Times Downtown.

NIGHT MANAGER WANTED.
A man not under 35 years of age, with some knowledge of electricity and the ability to handle a force of men, and with common-sense judgment, can obtain a permanent position as night manager with an old-established firm; moderate salary to start; $100 per month when competent to take charge. In applying state experience in detail. N. M. W., G 144 Times Downtown.

PHONOGRAPHS.
R. H. MACY & CO.
require experienced salesmen for phonographs and talking machines; only those thoroughly experienced need apply. Apply at office of General Manager.

SALESMEN.—No experience needed; hundreds of positions now open paying from $100 to $500 monthly; if you want a good position our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to get it. Write (or call) for it to-day. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 810 D. Flat Iron Bldg., New York. Branches, Chicago, Kansas City, Minneapolis, San Francisco, Atlanta.

SALESMAN and general office man, 25 to 30; American; must possess good personal appearance, pleasing address, and manner; industrious and correct in habits; the right man will find a promising future by addressing, with full particulars, past experience, &c.; only those dependent upon their personal energies need apply. Address by letter, Box X 78 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—A well-known cloak and suit house desires services of a salesman for the Middle West and East; must have good record and large established trade; splendid opportunity for a live, wideawake man; all communications treated strictly confidential. X 99 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN.—ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE ON LADIES' NECKWEAR IN NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY; EXTRAORDINARY GOOD PROPOSITION TO RIGHT PARTY. X 98 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

STENOGRAPHER, capable of taking court proceedings, rapid on Remington typewriter, permanent, in the South. V 169 Times, Times Square.

SALESMEN with automobile experience to sell Hupmobiles, Everitt's. Call Koehler's, 1,709 Broadway.

SALESMAN—Experienced, on cloaks, suits, for office and city trade. X 94 Times, Times Sq.

SWITCHMEN WANTED—EXPERIENCED RAILROAD SWITCHMEN FOR YARD WORK WHERE STRIKE IS IN PROGRESS; ONLY COMPETENT MEN, PHYSICALLY SOUND, ACCEPTED. APPLY ONE FLIGHT UP, NO. 129 CEDAR ST.

WANTED.—Able bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 W. 42d St., 101 Park Row, 79 Cortlandt St., 252 Third Ave., New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn; or 288 Market St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED—COMPETENT CORRESPONDENT WITH SPECIAL FITNESS FOR BUSINESS GETTING BY MAIL; MUST UNDERSTAND PSYCHOLOGY OF THE SUBJECT AND BE ABLE TO ASSIST IN PREPARING CIRCULAR MATTER ON INVESTMENTS. ADDRESS WITH REFERENCES "WORKER," BOX X 93 TIMES, TIMES SQUARE.

WANTED—Young man good at figures who can tabulate on Oliver broad carriage machine; stenography not essential; state references, age, nationality, experience, and salary. G 148 Times Downtown.

WANTED—By a city bank, a bright young man; must be a Christian, well educated, and a good penman; salary to start, $40 per month. Address G 142 Times Downtown.

Watch Restored to Owner.

The New York Times:

I have had the pleasure to-day (January 27) of restoring to the owner an open-face gold watch through an advertisement which was inserted this morning in the Lost and Found Column of The New York Times.

Jesse W. Uppercu, Attorney at Law,
68 William Street.

If you lose anything telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED—Intelligent young man, Protestant, age 17-18, for stock work in wholesale carpet house. A. E. K., 45 East 17th St.

WANTED—Night watchman for bank; best of written references required. X 82 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN to sell ladies' suits; experienced only; call on office trade and city; capable of assisting manager for showroom. Apply 16 East 18th St., Room 703.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Agents Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

TEA AND COFFEE AGENTS wanted; experience not necessary. Apply by letter or personally, Burns & Reed, 209 Hudson St., New York City.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

LEVERS LACE.
WANTED—LEVERS LACE OPERATIVES, EFFICIENT, SKILLED, AND EXPERIENCED IN DESIGNING, DRAFTING, CARD PUNCHING, WARPING, WEAVING, STARCHING, BLEACHING, FINISHING, &c.; COMPETENT IN ALL CLASSES AND GRADES OF GO-THROUGH LACE MACHINE WORK, INCLUDING THOSE QUALIFIED BY EXPERIENCE TO TAKE CHARGE OF ANY OR ALL DEPARTMENTS OF A LEVERS PLANT OF GO-THROUGH MACHINES. ANSWER BY LETTER, GIVING FULL INFORMATION, INCLUDING REFERENCES, UNIVERSAL EXCHANGE, 110 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, office help, furnished free. 4470 Murray Hill. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

STENOGRAPHERS.—When in need of stenographers, typewriters, bookkeepers, or office assistants for permanent or temporary positions write or telephone Miss S. M. Gahagan, 233 Broadway. Tel. 7035—Barclay.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, all kinds first-class commercial help wanted. Universal Exchange, 110 West 34th.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 720 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4036—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY
EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.
Competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

MRS. DICKINSON'S
Co-operative Employment Bureau,
331 Madison Avenue.
'Phone 3734 Murray Hill.
Bureau supplies high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks supplied for dinners, luncheons, and children's parties.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1011-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944—Murray Hill.
Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds. Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av., Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

THE WALDORF BUREAU,
12 West 33d St.,
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria Hotel,
Requires immediately for waiting situations cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, Sweedish, German, and every other nationality; also housekeepers, houseworkers, nurses, lady's maids, parlormaids, kitchenmaids, couples, butlers, &c.; no fee till engaged.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.
Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington, (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.
TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

COOK.—Competent; institution, club, school, or boarding house; personal references; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel. 486 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—By neat young woman; excellent references; city or country. Call Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av., (38th St.)

LAUNDRESS, North of Ireland Protestant; shirts, cuffs, and collars, ladies' and children's linen; city or country. Mrs. Cooper's Bureau, 657 6th Av. (38th St.)

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 88 West 134th St.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1,119 Harlem.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A CAPABLE YOUNG LADY
is desirous of obtaining suitable employment as companion, chaperon, secretary, or invalid's attendant, and understands housekeeping perfectly; will travel; best references. X 85 Times, Times Square.

BARNARD STUDENT desires work for afternoons; stenographic or tutoring or any kind of clerical work. Address Box W 39 Times, Times Square.

DRESSMAKING.—Home or out; good fit, stylish; $2.50 day. Address J., 64 Col. Av.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A position as housekeeper in a private family; experienced and best of references. S 11 Times, Times Square.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl wants position. Office, 483 Willis Av. 'Phone 4463—Melrose.

MASSAGE.—Graduate masseuse, Swedish method, desires patients in their own homes, or situation in institute or sanitarium; good references; charges reasonable. Address Masseuse, X 83 Times, Times Square.

REFINED, competent woman, sew, care invalid and house, day, hour. Capable, 153 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; several years' experience in various lines; willing to work; best references; $15. Qualified, 114 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience fire insurance; fully competent and familiar with work; $16 week. Competent, X 69 Times, Times Square.

STENOGRAPHER, Remington operator of experience and ability, desires position with reliable firm; salary $15 to $18. Miss M., 706 Union Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, clean-cut, ambitious girl; willing worker; good education; permanent position; references; $6. Miss M., 118 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, experienced, well educated, capable, wishes permanent position. Robson, 548 West 156th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Limited experience, capable touch operator; high school education; references. Christian, 121 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—SECRETARY.—Exceptional ability; earned $20 weekly; desires responsible position. G 140 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; responsible; anxious to secure desirable position; $12. G 136 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, quick, accurate, painstaking, takes special business interest. Efficient, P. O. 1,045.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent stenographer, 6 years' experience, desires position. M. T., G 145 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wishes position; two years' practical experience. Box X 87 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT — BOOKKEEPER. — Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. Christie, 860 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT offers expert services, your terms. Commercial Accounting Co., 302 Broadway. Telephone 1544 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway. Telephone 2471—Worth.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, general mercantile experience; satisfaction guaranteed; best recommendations; accurate. Intelligent, 1,418 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, desires position with chance of advancement. Address J. Chelsea, 50 West 18th St.

BOY, with knowledge of drawing, wishes position in architect's office. Bender, 329 East 83d.

BOY, 18, in office; 2 years' High School. A. T. Emersen, 620 West 122d St.

BUILDERS' and contractors' general office man seeks position; understands single entry bookkeeping, typewriting, attending to and answering correspondence, payrolls, taking quantities from plans and specifications, &c.; has been in present position ten years; desires to make a change; references furnished, if requested. X 34 Times, Times Square.

CHAUFFEUR.—24; good appearance; lately worked in garage; can take care of any gasoline car; references. H. Serra, 310 East 34th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent all around man; reference; private family preferred. Apply Manchester, 321 West 57th St.

CONSTRUCTIVE ACCOUNTANT.
Thorough, progressive, reliable; specialist in system and simplifying methods; a firm believer in the accounting department as a business getter and a business keeper. R. H., 343 West 58th St.

ESTIMATOR desires position with good builder; highest references as to ability, honesty, &c.; 14 years' experience. William James, X 64 Times, Times Square.

EVENING BOOKKEEPING position wanted; also translations made English, German, French. X 91 Times, Times Square.

FUR SALESMAN desires to make a change with a first-class house. Address X 77 Times, Times Square.

HAVING OBSERVED VARIOUS EDITORIALS and articles, also heard it mentioned quite often that "it is hard to get good men nowadays," and desirous to find out what there is in it, what is considered a "good man," how much "good men" are really wanted; am 24 years old, with 10 years' business experience, honest, good habits, and good references; request an opportunity to qualify as a "good man." If really interested address G 138 Times Downtown.

IF YOU WANT estimate on carpenter work, telephone 6175—Columbus.

MANAGER.—American, 36, as manager or Superintendent of gentleman's estate; executive ability, thorough electrical and mechanical knowledge; understands automobiles; A1 credentials. American, 157 East 125th St.

OIL.
Gentleman for the last three years dept. manager in Europe for Vacuum Oil Co., just returned, seeks position in New York; fine correspondent and bookkeeper; first-class recommendations. Address X 84 Times, Times Sq.

SALESMAN, &c.—Young man (30) seeks position as salesman or assistant to administrative head in manufacturing concern; capable, energetic, and trustworthy. Thorough, Box X 88 Times, Times Square.

VALET, COURIER.—Who understands his business thoroughly, speaking several languages; honest and quick; first-class traveler. Emil J. B., 100 West 54th St.

VALET, &c.—By Japanese valet, attendant; understands all about office work; willing, useful. R., 203 East 58th St.

WANTED—Situation by young man thoroughly acquainted with the paper business. G 129 Times Downtown.

WATCHMAN.—Man wishes position as watchman in any business house; can furnish best references. 3,138 Decatur Av., Bronx.

WATCHMAN.—Nights; age 40; reliable; references and bond. W. Ransom, 257 8th Av.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wants position with real estate firm; uptown preferred. G 128 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COLORED MAN desires to clean barroom four hours mornings. G 141 Times Downtown.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Handsomely furnished large back parlor bedroom, bath, suitable gentleman; other rooms.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elegant surroundings; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

21ST ST., 350 WEST.—Single rooms, airy and well furnished, with board; high-class cooking; modern conveniences. Call or telephone, 3066—Chelsea.

37TH ST., 64 WEST.—Large room, private bath; couple; three gentlemen; single rooms; excellent table.

46TH, 369 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms, well heated parlor; good board; reasonable; 'phone.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

48TH ST., 103 WEST.—Under new management; large room, well furnished; superior board; table guests.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room; table guests; first class; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 351 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms; splendid table; all conveniences; reasonable.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Southern exposure large room with private bath; hot and cold water; open fire; good table.

58TH ST., 336 WEST.—Medium-sized room; good location; board optional.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant, second story front room, southern exposure; excellent table; moderate.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; private bath; single room; steam heat; table guests.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Desirable room, with board; table guests; $5 and $6; home cooking; references.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Table guests; home cooking specialty; best food; also nicely furnished room.

82D ST., 129 WEST.—Neatly furnished third-story front room; private bath; moderate price.

82D ST., 121 WEST.—Front furnished rooms; private bath; superior board; parlor dining room; reasonable.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

94TH ST., 138 WEST.—Single room; also large skylight room; excellent table; telephone; table board.

95TH ST., 146 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, private house; board optional; all conveniences.

96TH ST., 54 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations; Southern cuisine; parlor dining; table guests. Telephone 429—Riverside.

104TH ST., 83 WEST.—Room, board; all conveniences; parlor dining room; table guests; telephone; references.

111TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms; good board; private family; "L" and Subway.

114TH ST., 606 WEST.—Newly furnished; near Subway; large and small rooms; German cooking. Pincus.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; highest references; first-class accommodations; exceptional table; convenient neighborhood.

156TH, 540 WEST.—Large front room, well furnished, hot and cold running water, suitable one or two gentlemen; meals optional; one block from Subway express station; private house.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; 'phone.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Desirable rooms, with board; exceptionally good table; table board; telephone.

48TH ST., 211 EAST.—Nice rooms; all improvements; excellent Swedish table board; private house.

51ST, 159 EAST.—Rooms and excellent Swedish table board; private house. Mrs. Landin.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 759.—Homelike, first-class table board with private Scandinavian family. Anderson.

MADISON AV., 839, (70th St.)—Large and small connecting rooms with board, in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,122 Broadway.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Board Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

YOUNG MAN desires room, board in private American or German family; "L" or Subway; references exchanged. X 80 Times, Times Square.

ROOM and board for elderly woman, $20 per month; references. X 86 Times, Times Sq.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Country Board Wanted.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Country board wanted for Summer months for young girl who has been advised to go to the country for the Summer, but cannot afford it unless board is free; excellent references. X 66 Times, Times Square.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,460.—Nicely furnished light rooms, all conveniences; telephone; refined and homelike; references.

9TH ST., 39 WEST.—Large room, one flight; private bath; single rooms; telephone.

18TH ST., 26 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms to let, single and double; heated; all conveniences. S. Addieg & Co.

19TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large room, heat, bath, for one or two gentlemen. Mrs. Doty.

22D ST., 449 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, southern exposure, well heated; reasonable; reference. Owner.

28TH ST., 310 WEST.—Nicely furnished back parlor, with or without board; private house.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; one, two men; breakfast optional; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Exceptionally cheerful rooms; large and small; near Hotel Astor; quiet home.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Comfortable, homelike room; abundant hot water; quiet; central; references.

46TH ST., 301 WEST.—Large sunny front room with bedroom and bath; southern exposure; suitable for two; near Broadway. Apartment 1. Telephone.

52D ST., 229 WEST.—Large room, second floor; private house; every convenience; $5-$6.

63D ST., 127 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large parlors, rooms; telephone; suitable for two; $3-$5.

64TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms; private baths, hot water supply; reasonable; 'phone.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, warm, homelike room; attractively furnished; all improvements; central; moderate.

67TH ST., 140 WEST.—Front room and bedroom, furnished; also hall bedroom. Ross.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH, 74 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; board optional; references exchanged; table guests accommodated.

70TH ST., 126 WEST.—Room with private bath; southern exposure; references; 'phone.

72D, 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; convenient "L," Subway; references. Telephone 8380 Columbus.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room, with private bath; references; telephone.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large room and bath; also smaller, newly, elegantly furnished; suitable doctor, dentist, or private; accessible; telephone; moderate.

77TH ST., 309 WEST.—Large, small, handsomely furnished rooms; refined home; convenient Subway, all cars.

81ST ST., 106 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private house; near Subway and "L."

82D ST., 120 WEST.—Large room; suitable two; running water; large back parlor; private bath.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful sunny room; suitable for one or two; private house; references.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Private house; desirable; warm, sunny; large, small; plenty hot water; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful, sunny room; private house; references.

88TH ST., 71 WEST.—Dainty, light room; running water; private family; gentleman; reasonable; references. Hayden.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large sunny front room; running water; refined surroundings; private family; Subway.

90TH ST., 108 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; steam heat and hot water. Walsh.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; near Subway and "L."

91ST, 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, large room; private bath; also small room; conveniences; telephone.

93D ST., 35 WEST.—Large alcove room, lavatory; also pleasant room; business couple; $8; telephone.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Well furnished room; board optional; private family; conveniences.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Single, connecting rooms, running water, adjoining bath, one flight; elevated. Corwin.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Clean, attractive rooms; near Subway "L" express; breakfast optional; reasonable. Muir.

96TH ST., 35 WEST.—Bachelors; attractive rooms, high-class apartment; breakfast; "L," Subway express station.

101ST ST., 6 WEST.—Bright, well-furnished room near Central Park; refined private family. Moran.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; bath; Subway; 'phone service. Mrs. Buckley.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High class rooms; elevator, electric light, steam heat. Kenyon.

143D ST., 518 WEST.—Unusual outside room; quiet; elevator; telephone; Subway; Christian family. Apartment 26.

152D, 557 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; near Subway; private family; references.

A.—A.—A.— Newport Court.
111-117 West 104th St.
Telephone, 5420—Riverside.
Single rooms, $3-$6 week.
Two rooms, kitchen, $10, $15 per week.
Elevator service day and night.
Restaurant on premises.
Special rates for resident guests.

Absolutely select, noiseless residential neighborhood; overlooking Central Park; luxuriantly heated; reasonable. K 193 Times Downtown.

CHARLES ST., 10.—6th Av. Elevated; large room, heated; hot water; southern exposure; gentlemen.

LENOX AV., 210, (121st St.)—Two desirable rooms, one small, in private house; gentlemen.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (Corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished four, five rooms, high-class elevator apartments; silver, linen; $12.50 weekly upward; beautifully furnished rooms, bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly.

East Side.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, near 5th Av.—Front parlor for manicuring or beauty parlor.

24TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large adjoining rooms, back parlor, studio, doctor's office; central location; Subway.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters, swimming pool, &c.; $3 and up; inspection invited.

29TH ST., 138 EAST.—Well furnished large heated room, suitable for one or two.

37TH ST., 6 EAST.—Second floor front, alcove room, kitchenette, bath; meals optional; six months from April 1st. Chaffee Studio.

43D ST., 4 EAST.—Desirable room to permanent party; men only; references exchanged.

49TH ST., 227 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; porcelain bath; heated; reasonable; gentlemen; no housekeeping.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms, tiled bathrooms; beds box spring; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,018, Near 72d St.—Rooms, suites; furnished, unfurnished; steam heat; electricity.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 41.—Do you want a beautiful suite, second floor, five windows, running water, everything comfortable, homelike, and refined? References.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3, Heights.—Newly renovated rooms; hot and cold water, with and without private baths; convenient Wall St., Subway, bridge.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Unfurnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

High School teacher will share her modern apartment with responsible woman. X 73 Times, Times Square.

65TH ST., 156 WEST.—Two large rooms, with bathroom, closet; newly decorated; sunshine.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—County of New York—IDA TAYLOR, plaintiff, against JOSEPH ROBERTS et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, bearing date the 31st day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 25th day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx of the City of New York, in the County and State of New York, being part of a lot of land designated by the number four as the same is laid down on a map entitled "Map of building lots in the Village of Morrisania, easterly of Morse Avenue, Westchester County, New York, made by Andrew Findlay, Surveyor," dated October 3rd, 1853, and filed in the Register's Office of Westchester County, October 19th, 1853, and more particularly bounded and described as follows:

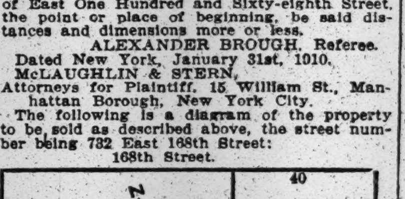
Beginning at the most northerly corner of said lot No. 4 as laid down on said map; running thence southeasterly along the southerly side of East 168th Street, (called East Sixth Street) on said map; forty feet to the westerly side of Forest Avenue; running thence southerly along said westerly side of Forest Avenue, eighty-two feet; thence northwesterly on a line parallel with East 168th Street, forty feet more or less, to the northwestern boundary line of said lot No. 4 as laid down on said map; thence northeasterly along said boundary line eighty-two (82) feet to the southerly side of East One Hundred and Sixty-eighth Street, the point or place of beginning, be said distances and dimensions more or less.

ALEXANDER BROUGH, Referee.

Dated New York, January 31st, 1910.

McLAUGHLIN & STERN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, 15 William St., Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 732 East 168th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold, is Thirteen thousand two hundred sixty and 91-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 28th day of January, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to Three hundred sixty-six and 22-100 dollars, with interest from January 31st, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $685.54 and interest.

ALEXANDER BROUGH, Referee.

Dated New York, January 31st, 1910.

DON'T GIVE UP.

Because you have lost some article of value, do not give up hope. Just telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The Times. The chances are some one has found the article you lost, and is watching the Lost and Found column of The Times for its owner.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

New Saw and Planing Mill in the South for Sale.—Owner of business not being a practical lumberman, having come to him through unforeseen circumstances, will sell at big sacrifice; mill is equipped with a large band mill and all other necessary machinery, recently purchased of leading machinery manufacturers; 2 boilers, 3 engines; all new buildings; splendid lumber district; high, healthful climate; excellent water; all free and clear; principals only; no agents. Bargain, Box G 139 Times Downtown.

Wanted—A few reliable men with moderate capital to invest in wheat land cultivation in Canadian Northwest; investment guaranteed by real estate and 20 to 50 per cent. returns in profits on crops; New York references for twenty years. Address or call. Joseph Smith, 18 East 17th St.

Wanted—Reliable parties of means to organize large corporation to install patent process of harnessing the enormous power of the in and out, flowing tide water to bays, which will give a steady delivery of electricity every minute of the year at a very low cost. Stephen M. Smith, Hotel Belmont, New York City.

DETECTIVE.
If you want to know the absolute truth about anything or anybody anywhere, call, 'phone, or write Berry, R439 Marbridge Bldg., 34th St. and Broadway. 'Phone 1875-6—Murray Hill. Cable, "Elderberry."

Railroad engineer, large construction and office experience, would undertake the preparation of plans, &c., for consulting engineers. W 132 Times, Times Square.

Money advanced merchants or manufacturers on book accounts, notes, or good security; lowest interest rates. Private Bankers, Room 1,107, 198 Broadway.

Perfect duplication typewritten letters; $2 first thousand, $1 each additional. New York Letter Co., 23 Park Row. 'Phone 5748—Cortlandt.

Bills discounted, merchants and manufacturers financed, companies organized; legal papers drawn. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

Johnson Press, successors to Call Press, 143 Fulton St.; good printing; low prices; 1,000 letter heads, $2; billheads, $1.50; booklets, $10.

Color and commercial printing of all descriptions. Eagle Press, 202 West 34th St. Union label.

Partner, take half interest manufacturing business; only those meaning business call. 547 West 21st St.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ISAAC J. BROWN, Plaintiff, against THERESA DeROSA et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 17th day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

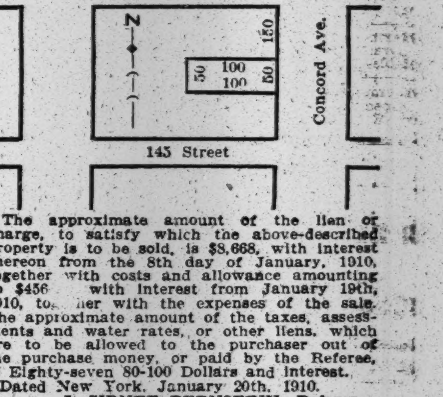
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, and to be erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx, of the City of New York, County and State of New York (formerly of the Town of Morrisania), being known and designated as lot number one hundred and forty-two, on a certain map entitled "Map of East Morrisania, lying easterly of the branch railroad," being part of the farm of Gouverneur Morris of the Town of West Farms, Westchester County, New York, dated Westchester, October, 1851, made by Andrew Findlay, Surveyor, filed in the office of the Clerk, now Register, of Westchester County, by the number three hundred and fourteen, and being bounded as follows: On the North by lot number one hundred and forty-three, one hundred (100) feet; on the East by Concord Avenue, fifty (50) feet; on the West by lot number one hundred and sixty-one, fifty (50) feet, and on the South by lot number one hundred and forty-one, one hundred (100) feet; be said distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1910.

J. SIDNEY BERNSTEIN, Referee.

HENRY FLUEGELMAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 299 Broadway, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. Its street No. is 469 Concord Avenue.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $8,668, with interest thereon from the 8th day of January, 1910, together with costs and allowance amounting to $456 with interest from January 19th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is Eighty-seven 80-100 Dollars and interest.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1910.

J. SIDNEY BERNSTEIN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—CAROLINE B. SELLEW, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH BENDFELDT and others, defendants.

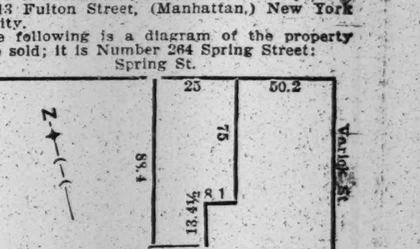
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 27th day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the twenty-third day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Spring Street distant fifty feet and two inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Spring and Varick Streets; running thence southerly parallel with Varick Street, seventy-five feet; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street, eight feet and one inch; thence southerly thirteen feet four and one-half inches to a point distant fifty-seven feet and four inches more or less westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street seventeen feet and ten inches more or less to a point distant seventy-five feet and two inches westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence northerly parallel with Varick Street, eighty-eight feet and four inches to the southerly side of Spring Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Spring Street twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning; being known by the Street Number Two Hundred and Sixty-four Spring Street.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.

PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.

STITT & PHILLIPS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 113 Fulton Street, (Manhattan,) New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; it is Number 264 Spring Street:



The amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is thirty-five thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the 13th day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and thirteen 42-100 dollars, with interest from January 27th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is seven hundred and fifty dollars and interest.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.

PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE DICKINSON PROCESS COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House in the County and City of New York, on the 10th day of February, 1910, at ten thirty o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to LITHO & OFFSET ENGRAVING COMPANY.

Dated New York, January 17, 1910.

DICKINSON PROCESS COMPANY.
By EDWARD K. BAIRD, President.
EDWARD KELLOGG BAIRD, Attorney for Petitioner, 299 Broadway, New York City.

PERSONAL.

Witnesses of accident, 67th St. and 8th Av., about 8 P. M. January 27, when lady was run down by automobile, please communicate with Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, 40 Wall St.

For Adoption—Bright, healthy boy of 6; American parentage. Address L. M., 71 Times, Times Square.

BARON KIKUCHI TELLS OF JAPAN'S PROGRESS

Head of Imperial University Comes 7,000 Miles to Lecture Before the Civic Forum.

JUSTICE PRESENTS HIM

Japan Is Now Approaching a Crisis Owing to the Clashing of the Old Order with New Ideas.

Baron Dairoku Kikuchi, President of the Imperial University of Kioto, Japan, and a former Minister of Education in the Japanese Cabinet, lectured to the Civic Forum in Carnegie Hall last night. An audience that comfortably filled the main auditorium and every box in both the first and second tiers greeted the Japanese educator. He was introduced by Associate Justice David J. Brewer of the United States Supreme Court as a man occupying in Japan a place similar to that held by ex-Presidents Eliot and Angell in this country.

Baron Kikuchi came 7,000 miles to deliver his lecture on "The New Japan" in response to an invitation extended the Japanese Government by the Civic Forum. He said that just before he left Japan he held an audience with the Mikado concerning his mission.

Among those who were seated on the stage or in the boxes were Jacob H. Schiff, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Helen Gould, Mrs. Russell Sage, Otto H. Kahn, V. Everit Macy, Prof. John Bates Clark, Isaac N. Seligman, Dr. Louis L. Seaman, Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Cross, Charles R. Flint, Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. Charles MacVeagh, Dr. and Mrs. Elgin R. L. Gould, Archer M. Huntington, Consul General Yamsaki, and M. Tanaka.

In introducing Baron Kikuchi, Justice Brewer referred to the war talk, that crops out every now and then, with reference to a possible conflict between the United States and Japan, and declared that this country could not for one moment think of war with any nation, least of all with Japan. He said in one part of his speech that ex-President Roosevelt had said before the departure of the Atlantic fleet, on its around-the-world voyage, that the purpose of the journey was "to put an ironclad into the eyes of the Orientals" in order to impress upon them the greatness of America. Then he added with a smile that the idea of putting an ironclad into the eyes of Togo, seemed a bit comical.

Baron Kikuchi's speech was very long, and contained a history of the educational and moral development of Japan. A notable trait of the Japanese, he said in beginning, was their eagerness "to find out what other people have got to teach us," adding:

"Whenever we think that the adoption of new methods, material or intellectual, is conducive to the progress of our country, we do not hesitate to adopt them, wherever we may find them; we have always been eager to learn, and the present age is not the only time that we have deliberately introduced an alien and, as we considered, a superior civilization."

Baron Kikuchi then went on to point out the influences that the Chinese literature, Buddhism, among other influences, had had upon the national development of the Japanese.

"What I want to emphasize," he said, "is that amid all those radical changes we have preserved unchanged the essential characteristics of our nationality. Of course, our thoughts and ideas have been most deeply influenced by the Chinese literature and philosophy and by Buddhism, but at the same time there is something peculiar to our people which has persisted through all these changes unaffected either by the Chinese influence or by Buddhism, and that is what we call "Yamato Damashii," or the Japanese spirit.

He again referred to the eagerness of the Japanese for foreign knowledge and then recited the famous "Imperial Oath of Five Articles," which has so much to do in the development of the Japan of to-day. In conclusion he said:

"At the present moment we are perhaps approaching another critical stage; there are many important problems arising from the clashing of old-established order and new ideas. Thus, for instance, our social system is built upon family as units, and not individuals; many young men, and women, too, are beginning to chafe under it and are no longer willing to submit quietly without questioning to restraints imposed upon them by such a system. There seems to be a need of readjustment of the old systems and new ideas, so as to retain the best of the old and introduce what is good in the new.

"In fact, there is a general restiveness against old authorities and doubts about their raison d'etre. I cannot say anything as to the future, except that it is our belief and trust that as we have preserved the characteristics of our nationality during so many centuries, through so many changes, and under such different influences, adapting to our own needs alien civilization and its methods, and assimilating them to our own national spirit we may still continue to do so in the face of those new problems, and find a solution of them in accordance with our old traditions, and 'the fundamental character of our empire.'"

Sir Ernest H. Shackleton, the British antarctic explorer, will deliver the next lecture before the Civic Forum a few weeks hence.

At the close of Baron Kikuchi's speech some of those in the audience asked questions, which the Baron did his best to answer and generally succeeded. One question had to do with the growth of the suffragette sentiment in Japan. He answered by saying that the Japanese women, as a rule, knew very little about "suffragettes or suffrage movements."

Another question had to do with the influence of Christianity on the development of the modern Japan. Christianity, he said, had not exercised a great influence, although the missionaries, many of whom he mentioned by name, as a result of their splendid characters had made a deep impression upon the Japanese. In answer to another question the Baron said he did not think the Japanese had derived their moral teachings from the West, although many of the moral lessons taught young Westerners are also taught the young Japanese, among the lessons being that told in the famous story of George Washington and the cherry tree.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC MERGER.

Its Arizona Properties to be Taken Over Into One Company.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 1.—Articles of incorporation of the Arizona Eastern Railroad Company were filed here to-day. The company is capitalized for $40,000,000, divided into 400,000 shares. The new company is to take over all the Arizona properties of the Southern Pacific and to add mileage.

The incorporators are Robert S. Lovett, President of the Southern Pacific; Epes Randolph, Eugene S. Ives, Charles Walker, and Gibson Taylor of Tucson, Benjamin Titus, D. H. Kedsie, M. M. Crocker, and O. S. Lordsburg.

The properties to be taken over are the Arizona Eastern, Maricopa & Phoenix, Arizona & Colorado, Phoenix & Eastern, and the Gila Valley, Globe & Northern.

HARLEM WOMEN ORGANIZE.

Mrs. Belmont Opens Suffrage Headquarters She Presented.

Mrs. Belmont's Suffrage Settlement House, at 84 East 111th Street, was opened last night. There was a large audience present. Miss Mary Coleman said that Mrs. Belmont would have to pull down the partitions to the end of the block to make room for all those who wanted to come.

In her speech Mrs. Belmont said:

"This house is here to ask you to help spread the knowledge of the woman suffrage movement, first in the home, then in the city, and then in the State. The true insight of this great question that will come to you after you have become one of us and studied for yourselves the doctrine of the equality of woman with man will make you, as we are, workers in this endless field."

"Neighborhood work is the natural heritage of womanhood," said Miss Nettie A. Podell, House Mother of the Settlement. "Her duty is to provide a clean home and clean streets, a clean moral and physical atmosphere. To succor delinquent youth, help the wayward girl, and plead for the widow and deserted woman. This is an unlimited sphere for her and not for the petty politician. The sphere of a political settlement has a clear and defined future. It will not make, as the antis say, hysterical wives, mothers, and daughters anxious to shirk their duties, but conscientious women who extend their home duties to include the neighborhood."

At a meeting of the William Lloyd Garrison Equal Rights Association, held yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, Mrs. Henry Villard pointed out the effect votes in the hands of women would have upon the sale of alcohol. Mrs. Villard said that she was the second largest taxpayer of Dobbs Ferry, and that she had no voice whatever in the running of the municipal affairs. She said that in Dobbs Ferry there were twenty-six saloons, and that as the second largest taxpayer of the town had no right in the regulation of these places.

Mrs. Villard also said that if women had the right to vote there would be no further need of an army or navy, as the influence of women would make war unnecessary.

LITTLE GIRL ACCUSES ACTOR.

Arrest of William Law Follows Her Story of a Brooklyn Taxicab Ride.

Eight-year-old Mildred Perry, the daughter of an engineer in the Brooklyn Fire Department, ran crying into her home shortly after 6 o'clock last night, saying that a man had taken her to ride in a taxicab, and had frightened her by his actions. The Perry home is at 267 Cooper Street, Williamsburg, near the Queens County line, and the child said that she had been put out of the cab a block or so from her home when her screams so alarmed the chauffeur that he stopped and asked the man in the cab what was the matter. Then the cab went on.

John Perry, the father, went to the Hamburg Avenue Police Station and Capt. Becker sent Detectives Drum, O'Hara, and Robertson out on the case. They learned from the child that the taxicab was a red one and finally located the garage in Manhattan from which it had been hired. In the same way they learned that its occupant had been William Law, a vaudeville actor living at 246 Quincy Street, Brooklyn.

It was 11 o'clock when they learned these things. They went to Law's home, where they found him in bed. They made him dress and took him to the Perry home, where, according to the detectives, the little girl identified him as her assailant in the cab.

Law was locked up in the Hamburg Avenue Station. He denied the child's charge.

FOR THE JEWISH PROTECTORY.

Mischievous Boys Are Now Treated Like Felons, Schiff Says.

President Mortimer L. Schiff, at the third annual meeting of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society, held last night in the Young Men's Hebrew Association Building at Lexington Avenue and Ninety-second Street, said that $65,000 was needed to pay off the mortgage on the protectory property at Hawthorne, N. J.

It was difficult, said Mr. Schiff, to raise money for the institution because many people think the boys should go to penal institutions. Most of the boys, he said, were street youngsters who were taken to the Children's Court and then sent to the protectory for doing things of about the same degree of heinousness as a college boy's larceny of a street sign to decorate his room.

There are accommodations at Hawthorne for 310 boys, he went on, and last year 277 boys in the home there had been carefully looked after. Judge Rosalsky, appealing for money, said the work at Hawthorne should be pushed vigorously. Some 300 were present at last night's meeting.

TRAINMEN MAKE NO GAIN.

Conference with New York Central Ends Without an Agreement.

The conference between the officials of the New York Central Railroad and the Joint Committee of the trainmen and conductors over their demand for higher wages ended yesterday without an agreement.

General Supt. Bradfield represented the railroad at the conference. The committee would yield nothing of its demands.

Vice President Smith of the New York Central gave out the following statement:

"The committee had nothing new to submit and the company had nothing further to offer them. Meeting adjourned, the matter being held in abeyance subject to call for another meeting at a later date; however, we don't know just when that will be."

One of the rules adopted at the convention in Boston, where the demands were formulated, was that if they were not granted in full at first the Conference Committees of the trainmen and conductors could not again take up the matter with the railroads without the sanction of the grand officers.

M. J. Slattery, General Chairman of the Conference Committee of the Central trainmen and conductors, said:

"We half expected our conference to break up the way it did. We do not despair, however, of coming to an agreement. We will notify the two Grand Masters of what has occurred, and they will come here when they finish their conference in Baltimore with the officials of the Baltimore & Ohio.

STEAMSHIP QUICKLY BUILT.

Builders Celebrate the Event by a Reception on Board the Bear.

A reception followed by an informal luncheon was given yesterday by the Newport News Shipbuilding Company to a number of steamship men, on board the new steamship Bear, which has been built for the San Francisco and Portland Steam Navigation Company. She has accommodations for 350 passengers.

C. B. Orcutt, the President of the shipbuilding company said that the building of the Bear was a record of American shipping annals, as it was only seven months and two days from the time the keel was laid until the steamship was ready for the owners at Pier 38, North River.

The Bear will leave this port on Saturday for San Francisco via the Straits of Magellan, and will be commanded by Capt. Harry Goodall, who has been in command of the Pacific liner Minnesota.

WOMEN THIEVES ROBBED IN DAYLIGHT

Walked Past a Janitress with the Davidsons' Jewels and Plate Under Cloaks.

FAMILY CALLERS SUSPECTED

Two Who Introduced Themselves as "Sister's Friends from Baltimore" Sought by Police.

The police of the West 152d Street Station and of the Harlem Branch Detective Bureau are searching for two women who, they believe, may have committed a robbery in the home of Moses Davidson, a retired furrier, at 441 West 151st Street, last Saturday. The thieves got away with $150 in cash, some jewels, and a set of antique silver table service valued, together with the jewelry, at more than $2,000.

The women have been described by Mrs. Catherine De Maile, the janitress of the house, and by Mrs. Maguire, a tenant, each of whom saw a couple, believed to be one and the same, on different days. They appeared to be Jewesses, one about 50 and the other 30 years old, each slender and clothed in a long military cloak. Mrs. Catherine De Maile saw two women in the house a month ago, while Mrs. Maguire encountered a couple on the front steps last Saturday just before the burglary was discovered.

At the time of Mrs. De Maile's encounter with the women they descended to her apartments in the basement to ask if she knew when Mrs. Davidson would return home. They were anxious to see her, they said, having a message to her from her sister in Baltimore. Mrs. De Maile said afterward that when the women had gone she realized that they had drawn considerable information from her about the Davidsons.

She did not give this a thought until she learned later that the women had left her and had ascended immediately to the Davidson apartment, where Mrs. Davidson had been at home all the time. Mrs. Davidson received the women, who explained that they were acquaintances of her sister, and entertained them at tea, at which she used several pieces of the antique service.

Nothing more was heard of the women until last Saturday, when Mrs. Maguire, standing on the steps, saw two women exactly answering the description of Mrs. Davidson's callers leaving the house.

This was at about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. A few moments before Mr. Davidson had returned from a trip downtown, and had found that he could not turn the key in the lock on his front door. The janitress was unable to make a passkey work, and so Mr. Davidson descended to the cellar, where he placed a ladder at the bottom of the airshaft and ascended it to the windows of his apartment on the first floor.

Usually, according to Mr. Davidson, these windows are left open for ventilation, but on Saturday they were locked, and so he abandoned the effort to get in and went to the home of a married daughter at 148th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue. On the way from the house he encountered Mrs. Maguire and spoke laughingly to her about the carelessness of his wife in locking up the house so that he could not get in.

Mrs. Maguire was still on the steps a few minutes later when two women opened the front door and stepped out. Mrs. Maguire did not pay especial attention to them, although she remarked later that both looked like Jewesses and that both wore long military cloaks. As the women descended the steps and started east on 151st Street these cloaks attracted Mrs. Maguire's attention.

They seemed to swell out on all sides of the women, as though the women were exceedingly large. The slender hands and feet of the women and their cleanly outlined features made an astonishing contrast with the apparent size of their bodies. They looked as though they should be slim and slender. Their cloaks made them look almost gross. Mrs. Maguire remarked this appearance, and she recalled it vividly when, a few moments later, young Benjamin Davidson returned from business downtown and found the door of his apartment open.

He hurried through the apartment and found it in disorder. Things were thrown about and the contents of shelves and bureau drawers lay about the floors. It was to the dining room, however, that Davidson hastened. There the family had had a special lock put upon a closet in which were kept the family jewelry and the silver service. The young man found that this lock had been jimmied open and that the closet had been ransacked. The silverware was kept in separate drawers, each one of these with a special lock. All these locks had been forced, as had that of the closet.

Mr. Davidson notified the police, and detectives were sent to the house. They questioned the janitress and Mrs. Maguire, and immediately started a search for the two women.

Neither Mrs. Davidson nor her husband would tell about the robbery last night. Their daughter, however, said that one of the two women who called upon her mother a month ago might have been a former neighbor of her aunt in Baltimore.

CHAUFFEUR HELD ON CHARGES

He Is Supposed to be One Whose Auto Dragged a Girl.

Frederick Haaker, a chauffeur living at 324 West Fifty-third Street, was up for examination before Magistrate Breen in the West Side Court yesterday afternoon on a charge of felonious assault, it being alleged that he was the driver of a limousine that knocked down Miss Alice R. Mohen of 612 West 135th Street on the evening of Nov. 23.

Miss Mohen, after being knocked down, was dragged for a block along Broadway, from 137th to 138th Street, the chauffeur paying no heed to shouts to stop, and escaping after the woman's clothing was torn so that she was freed from the automobile and lay unconscious in the street. Magistrate Breen adjourned Haaker's examination until to-day, after hearing several witnesses, to give the prosecution more time for investigation.

LAKE CHAMPLAIN MEN DINE.

Justice McLaughlin Made President of the Association.

Justice Chester B. McLaughlin of the Supreme Court, Appellate Division, was chosen President of the Lake Champlain Association last night at the second annual dinner of the organization in the Hotel Astor. Some 175 men who formerly lived in the Champlain Valley, but who now live in New York, attended the dinner, and there were several speeches in which the beauties of the lake region were extolled in glowing terms.

Francis Lynde Stetson, the retiring President, was toastmaster. Among the speakers were Attorney General O'Malley, Richard L. Hand, and the Rev. Dr. John M. Thomas, President of Middleburn College.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:41—1,075 1st Av.; Bessie Cohen	$600
12:30—104 E. 108th St.; H. Hustedt	Slight
6:20—26 and 28 Montgomery St.; Jacob Greenblat	$100
8:00—34 E. 52d St.; G. H. Brown	$150
8:00—88 Horatio St.; Chas. Smith	Trifling
8:00—236 E. 13th St.; Ruth & Hector	None
10:00—201 Chrystie St.; W. Silverman	$5
11:40—318 E. 122d St.; Wm. Ostross	$1,000
11:50—188 Avenue A; Joseph Allise	$50
P. M.	
12:30—315 and 317 E. 95th St.; Morris Jacobson	Trifling
12:39—139 Bowery; Tony Landorfi	$25
1:15—18 E. 14th St.; M. J. Michaels	$15
1:30—188 W. 137th St.; unknown	Trifling
2:30—46 W. 132d St.; Ida Ehlert	$20,000
4:40—1,626 Madison Av.; S. Schwartz	Trifling
4:40—154 Lenox Av.; Geo. Gideon	$150
6:00—212 W. 80th St.; Joseph Peter	$50
6:25—162 W. 44th St.; Charles Rector & Co.	Trifling
7:35—74 Allen St.; Mrs. Schriber	$25
7:25—2,097 3d Av.; George Shapiro	$500
10:45—214 3d Av.; Charles Stern	$500

TELLS HOW IT FEELS TO FLY.

Glenn Curtiss Starts to Break Wright's Talking Record and Does It.

Glenn Curtiss, the aviator, and ex-Controller Metz were the chief speakers at the annual dinner of the Steuben County Association, which was held last night at the Waldorf-Astoria. About 100 former citizens of the county were there. The President of the association, George R. Sutherland, presided.

"I understand that Orville Wright spoke to the extent of 100 words at a recent dinner," Glenn Curtiss said. "I'm going to make a good try to break the record by speaking to the extent of 101 words. There are several questions that come to the minds of the general public about aviation:

"Question 1—What does it feel like to fly?

"Answer—What does it feel like to walk?

"You learn by such easy stages that you don't notice it. First you run along the ground; that corresponds to creeping. Then you go by jumps, then by longer jumps, and when at last you come to fly it seems like second nature.

"For the second question—the future of aviation. I think the aeroplane will be in twenty years what the automobile is now. There are greater possibilities in the navigation of the aeroplane than there are in the navigation of the seas or in the running of railroads.

"By the way, I believe I have broken that record." [Laughter.]

There are 116 words in the talk.

Ex-Controller Metz, speaking of the difficulties of city government here, said:

"Out of the $1,600,000,000 expenditures during my term $1,000 only was stolen from the treasury. That is better than any previous record. I have heard that the present Controller has said hard things concerning my occupancy. It is funny how much more a man can learn in four weeks than in four years.

"The trouble with this city is that it is five cities; and when we are supposed to have one Mayor we have five Mayors."

The other speakers were Edson S. Lott, Capt. Jack Crawford, the poet-scout, and Commissioner Edwards of the Street Cleaning Department.

NEW MOVE AGAINST BISHOP.

Aero Club Directors Want Him Restrained from Revising Constitution.

The thirteen minority members of the Aero Club of America have applied to the courts for an injunction restraining President Cortlandt Field Bishop and the Board of Directors from revising the club's constitution at a meeting to be held at the clubhouse, 12 East Forty-second Street, next Monday evening. President Bishop is ordered to show cause why such an injunction should not be granted.

The members behind the application include Thomas A. Hill, William J. Hammer, and Gutzon L. M. Borglum, the same insurgents in the club who tried to restrain the Directors from voting by proxy at the annual election last November. That injunction was dismissed by Justice McCall of the Supreme Court.

These "certain members of the club" say that the election of the present Board of Directors was illegal inasmuch as the voting was by proxy. They also say that at the annual election some of the members were refused admittance to the clubrooms and were not allowed to vote.

REWARD FOR RUBY BRACELET.

Lost in Plaza Ballroom at Mrs. Ladew's Dance for Her Daughter.

Mrs. Edward R. Ladew, who entertained on Monday night with a large dance at the Plaza for her débutante daughter, Miss Elise Ladew, is offering a reward in THE TIMES's lost column for the return of a costly ruby bracelet, which was lost in the ballroom at the hotel on that evening.

The lost bracelet is said to have belonged to Mrs. Howard Cowperthwait, a guest at the dance. As soon as its loss was discovered the fact was reported to the hotel management, and a thorough search of the hotel was made without result.

Animal Picture Talk by A. R. Dutmore.

A. Radcliffe Dutmore, a member of the British Schools and Universities Club, who made a trip to British East Africa a year ago to get photographs of wild animals, gave an illustrated lecture before members of the club at the Hotel Astor last night, showing some of the views he took. Mr. Dutmore traversed practically the same territory which Theodore Roosevelt has been over. Before the lecture Mr. Dutmore was dined by the Directors of the club.

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SHIRTMAKERS
34 WEST 34TH STREET

The character and individuality of a man are reflected in his apparel.

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A Smart Shoe For Flat Feet and Weak Arch

No breaking in.

ARCH SUPPORT
STEEL SHANK

3.98 pair. Elsewhere 6.00
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A clearance—Rounding up of small lots from our stock

Now 3.69 & 4.45—were 5.00 & 6.00

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MEN'S SHOP
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Balance of High Grade Stock of hand-tailored Clothing must be disposed of at once.
Your chance to obtain a
FULL DRESS SUIT OR TUXEDO
At Less Than ½ Former Prices.
$20.00 Suit or Overcoat, $7.50.
$25 Suit or Overcoat, $10.
$30.00 Suit or Overcoat, (silk lined,) $12.00.
$100 Fur Lined Coat, $35.
$50 Fur Lined Coat, $20.
English Slip-ons, Trousers, Fancy Vests, Bath Robes, Raincoats, etc.
LESS THAN HALF PRICE
YOUNG'S, 38 NEW ST.,
Half block from Wall St. Subway Station.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. To-day Mat. 50c. to $1.50.
GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Eve. 8:15. Good Reserved Seats 50c.
Last Week—Augustus Pitou Presents
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in Ragged Robin.
Popular Prices. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2.
Next Week | SOTHERN & MARLOWE
1st week—ROMEO & JULIET. Seats on sale

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
Popular Matinee To-day, 50c. to $1.50.
"Here's The Real Thing!"—Town Topics.
H. B. WARNER in ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
Silver Water Set on Exhibition in Lobby.

NEW THEATRE.
SYMPHONY SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor.
Next Sunday Aft., Feb. 6, at 3, at the NEW THEATRE.
Berlioz Program
Symphony, "Harold in Italy"; Overture, "Benvenuto Cellini"; Excerpts from "Damnation of Faust" (Mr. Marcus Kellerman), and next Tuesday Evg., Feb. 8, at 8:15, at CARNEGIE HALL.
Berlioz-Debussy Program
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. & Box Offices.

Carnegie Hall. Thurs. Eve., Feb. 10, at 8:15. 4th Subscription Concert. Seats 50c. to $2.00.
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY SOCIETY
MODEST ALTSCHULER, Conductor.
BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE
BEN GREET PLAYERS
SHAKESPEARE'S TEMPEST With Music by TSCHAIKOWSKY GLAZUNOW ARTHUR SULLIVAN.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sunday Aft., Feb. 6, at 3, 3d Subscription Concert.
VOLPE SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
50c. to $1.50. Soloist: MME. KIRKBY-LUNN

CARNEGIE HALL.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY of New York.
To-morrow Ev. at 8:15 & Friday Aft. at 2:30 Sixth Concerts of the First Series.
GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor
Soloist: TILLY KOENEN, Contralto.

Scuola d' Industrie Italiane
Under Patronage of H. M. Queen Margherita, exhibition of ITALIAN LACES and EMBROIDERIES, copied from old designs, adapted to modern uses by Young Women of the Italian Colony of New York, 10 to 5, 59 West 39th Street.

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Cutaway Coats and Vests, $18 up.
Trousers, $5 to $10.

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Full Dress Suits, $33 to $50.
Dinner Suits (Tuxedo), $31 to $48.
Separate Garments if you wish.

Evening Waistcoats
white and gray, $8, $5, $7.50.
Ties to match them, 50c, 75c, $1.00.

Silk and Opera Hats, $4, $5 and $6.
Half Hose, Gloves, Studs, Cuff Buttons, Fobs—Everything for Dress Wear.

Replenish Your Wardrobe
by ordering from our remnant sale. We guarantee you a saving of at least 50%. Suits to measure $18.00, overcoats $20.00, fancy waistcoats $5.00 or trousers $5.00. All fancy materials sold regardless of former prices.
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Reduction of 20%
Diamond and Gold Jewelry
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Old English and Modern Silver
Howard & Co
Fifth Avenue and Forty-Seventh St.
This offer is for a limited time, and made in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate of the late Mr. J. P. Howard.

THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West. 62-63 Sts. Tel. 2800 Col.
NON-SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES
THIS WEEK:
THURS. & SAT. EVES., SAT. MAT.
SEATS IN ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE NOW ON SALE.
Tickets for All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy
TWELFTH NIGHT
Never Better Played in New York.—Tribune.
Edw. Sheldon's THE NIGGER A Drama of the South of To-day. | In Preparation THE WITCH A Play of the Salem Witchcraft Period.
To-day at 2:15.........Twelfth Night
To-night at 8:15.........Twelfth Night
Thurs. Mat., 2 (Opera).........Manon
Thurs. Eve., 8:30.........The Nigger
Fri. Eve., 8 (Opera)...Elisir d'Amore
Sat. Mat., 2:15. The School for Scandal
Sat. Eve., 8:30.........The Nigger
NEXT WEEK.
Mon. & Wed. Evgs., The Nigger; Thurs. & Sat. Mats. & Fri. Evg., Twelfth Night; Thurs. Evg., The School for Scandal; Sat. Evg., Don. PRICES: Drama, $2 to 50c. Opera, $5 to $1.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Tues. Evg., Feb. 8, School for Scandal.

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Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. 25c to $1.50
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
HACKETT 42d, W. of B'way. To-morrow Night
Seats Now on Sale. JOHN MASON in NONE SO BLIND
Next Week: Special Mats. Mon., Tues., Wed. & Fri., The Watcher
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.
COMEDY 41st St., Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
A Modern Psychic Drama, The Watchers by Cora Maynard
To-morrow—Special Ministers' Matinee.
Beginning Tues. Eve., Feb. 8 Seats on Sale To-morrow
MARY MANNERING IN A MAN'S WORLD By Rachel Crothers.
Broadway Thea., B'way, cor. 41st. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee To-day, 2:15.
The Jolly Bachelors with Nora Bayes
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8.15. $1.50 Matinee To-day. 2:15.
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av.
Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day. 2:15.
WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
To-night, Mystic Shriners' Night.
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. $1.50 Matinee To-day. 2:20.
CYRIL SCOTT in THE LOTTERY MAN
LEW FIELDS' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. Only. 2.15
LAST WEEK LEW FIELDS AS OLD DUTCH
Beginning THURSDAY, FEB. 10 Seats To-morrow
BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL
WEST END $1 Mat. To-day | Andrew Mack in The Prince of Bohemia, with Christie Macdonald

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night at 8:30, Don Pasquale. Mme. de Pasquali; MM. Bonci, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Tecchi. Cond., Tango.
Thurs. Evg. at 7:45, Tristan und Isolde. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer; MM. Burrian, Amato, Blass, Muhlmann. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Evg., Alessandro Stradella and Ballet.
Sat. Mat. at 2:30.........La Boheme
Sat. Evg.......Fra Diavolo and Ballet
Sun. Evg. at 8:30, POPULAR PRICES,
VERDI'S REQUIEM.
Soloists: Mmes. Destinn, Homer; MM. Martin, Witherspoon. Augmented Orchestra and Chorus. Conductor, Toscanini.
Next Week: Mon. Evg., Germania. Wed. Evg., Faust; Mmes. Farrar, Maubourg; MM. Bonci, Gilly, Didur. Cond., Podesti. Thurs. Evg., Alessandro Stradella and Ballet.
AT THE NEW THEATRE.
Thurs. Aft., Manon. Mmes. Alda, Dubois; MM. Clement, Dutilloy, de Segurola. Cond. Podesti.
Fri. Evg.........Elisir d'Amore
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
One block from the Flatbush Av. Sub. Sta.
Mon. Evg., Feb. 7, Alessandro Stradella. Mme. Gluck; MM. Slezak, Reiss, Goritz, Muhlmann. And Ballet Divertissement. Cond., Bendix.
WEBER PIANO USED.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TUES. EVE., FEB. 8
NATIONAL TESTIMONIAL TO COMMANDER ROBERT E.
PEARY
GOVERNOR HUGHES presiding
FIRST COMPLETE ACCOUNT IN NEW YORK BY PEARY OF HIS DISCOVERY, WITH PICTURES NOT BEFORE SEEN IN PUBLIC. ORIGINAL POEM BY PERCY MACKAYE.
Reserved Seats $1 up, at Box Office, also Tyson's, McBride's, & Bullman's.

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BENEFIT CONCERT
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 6, AT 3:30,
For the Sufferers from the
GREAT FLOOD IN PARIS
ALL THE ARTISTS of the Metropolitan Opera Company will appear. Detailed Program appears in the news columns of to-day's paper.
Boxes: Parterre, $100; Grand Tier, $60; [illegible] Orchestra and Orch. Circle Chairs, $5. Balcony, $2.50 and [illegible] Admission to Family Circle, $1.00. [illegible]
SALE THIS MORNING.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night at 8, THAIS, Mme. Garden; MM. Renaud, [illegible]
Fri. Evg., GRISELIDIS, Mlle. Garden [illegible]
[illegible] DELILAH, Mlle. D'Alvarez, [illegible]
BOHEME, Mmes. Cavalieri, [illegible]
Next Sunday Eve., BUSONI.
NEXT WEEK.
MON. ELEKTRA [illegible] Regular Prices.
WED. TRAVIATA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco.
[illegible] RIGOLETTO, Mmes. Tetrazzini, Miss Gentle, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, Gilibert, Vallier.
SAT. ELEKTRA [illegible]
Sat. Eve. (pop. prices), HERODIADE, [illegible]
Next Week's Sale Opens Thurs. 9 A. M.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE—Special MONDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 7th.
MONSTER OPERATIC CONCERT for the Benefit of the Paris Flood Sufferers. [illegible] Maud Allan, [illegible]
Tickets Now on Sale, $5 to $1.

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY.
"New Laurels for Ethel Barrymore."—Times.
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL
"A Powerful and Thoughtful Drama."—Post.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
"Held the audience captive."—Sun.
BILLIE BURKE in MRS. DOT
by W. Somerset Maugham.
SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
"A WINNING PLAY."—Sun.
"KEENAN SINCERE AND EFFECTIVE."—Herald.
"'THE HEIGHTS' HERE TO STAY."—Commercial.
"FRANK KEENAN GIVES VIVID IMPERSONATION."—Times.
"ADMIRABLE ACTING OF FRANK KEENAN."—Ev. Telegram
FRANK KEENAN in THE HEIGHTS
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale.
WM. COLLIER in his new farce, A LUCKY STAR
HUDSON THEATRE—Special Matinees
LAST WEEK TO-MORROW (THURSDAY) also FRIDAY at 3
RUTH ST. DENIS in HINDOO DANCES
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
"As lovable as Rip Van Winkle."—Telegram.
OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant
By Booth Tarkington & H. L. Wilson.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Sat. Only, 2:15.
"As tender as Little Lord Fauntleroy and 3 times as funny."
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THE BACHELOR'S BABY.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38 St. Evs. at [illegible] Mat. Sat. at 2.
THE DOLLAR PRINCESS
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE BROADWAY & 46th St. Ev. 8:15. To-day & Sat. Mat. 2:15. | Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE. 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15.
FIRST MATINEE TO-MORROW, 2:15.
TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
HENRY W. SAVAGE will offer
MADAME X
The Drama That Thrilled All Paris. By Alexandre Bisson.
New York Theatre. B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
MAX ROGERS and Maud Raymond
In the New Musical Play, THE YOUNG TURK
3 BIG SENSATIONS TOOTS PAKA and THE HAWAIIANS THE "HULA HULA" The PARISIAN GLIDE
LIBERTY W. 42d St. Eves. at 8. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2.
"Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun.
The Fantastical Musical Comedy
THE ARCADIANS
WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY THEATRE. 46th St. & B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:15.
THE FORTUNE HUNTER with JOHN BARRYMORE.
JOE WEBER'S B'way, 29 St. Evs. 8.15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2.
HENRY LEE'S LIFE OF THE WORLD

R. E. Johnston announces
Owing to Her Tremendous Success
MAUD ALLAN
will again dance and interpret
The Vision of Salome
Also
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Assisted by
THE RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
MODEST ALTSCHULER .....Conductor
AT CARNEGIE HALL
THIS AFTERNOON AT 2:30
Prices 75 cts. to $2.50. Boxes (seating eight) $20 & $24. At Box Office, also Johnston's office, St. James Bldg., [illegible] Also at Tyson's and McBride's Agencies.

THE BELASCO STUYVESANT 44th St. nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
[illegible] GERALDINE MORGAN [illegible]
BELASCO [illegible] First Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLOTTE WALKER in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE
ALHAMBRA [illegible] GERTRUDE HOFFMANN [illegible]
BRONX [illegible] PARIS BY NIGHT [illegible]
COLONIAL [illegible]
PLAZA [illegible]
AMERICAN [illegible]
CARNEGIE HALL, Wed., Feb. 9, at 3.
BUSONI
[illegible]
IRVING PLACE THEATRE [illegible]
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. [illegible]
EDEN WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH [illegible]
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ONE OF NEW YORK'S ODD SIGHTS.
MINER'S AMATEUR NIGHTS EVERY FRIDAY.
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